

*Most - Often - Needed*

1961

Volume R-21

**RADIO  
DIAGRAMS**

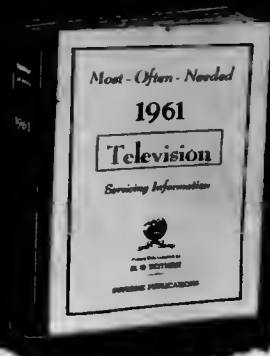
*and Servicing Information*



Compiled by

**M. N. BEITMAN**

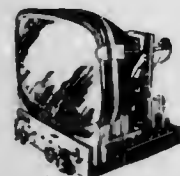
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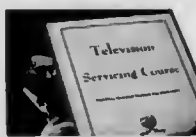
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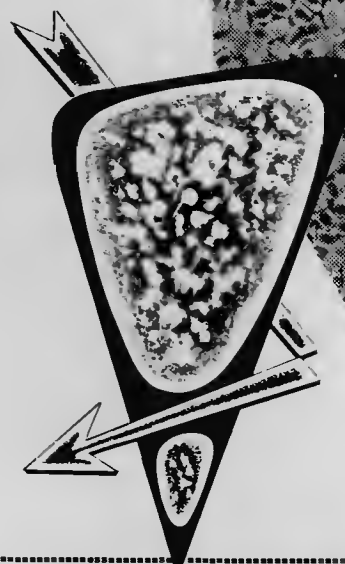


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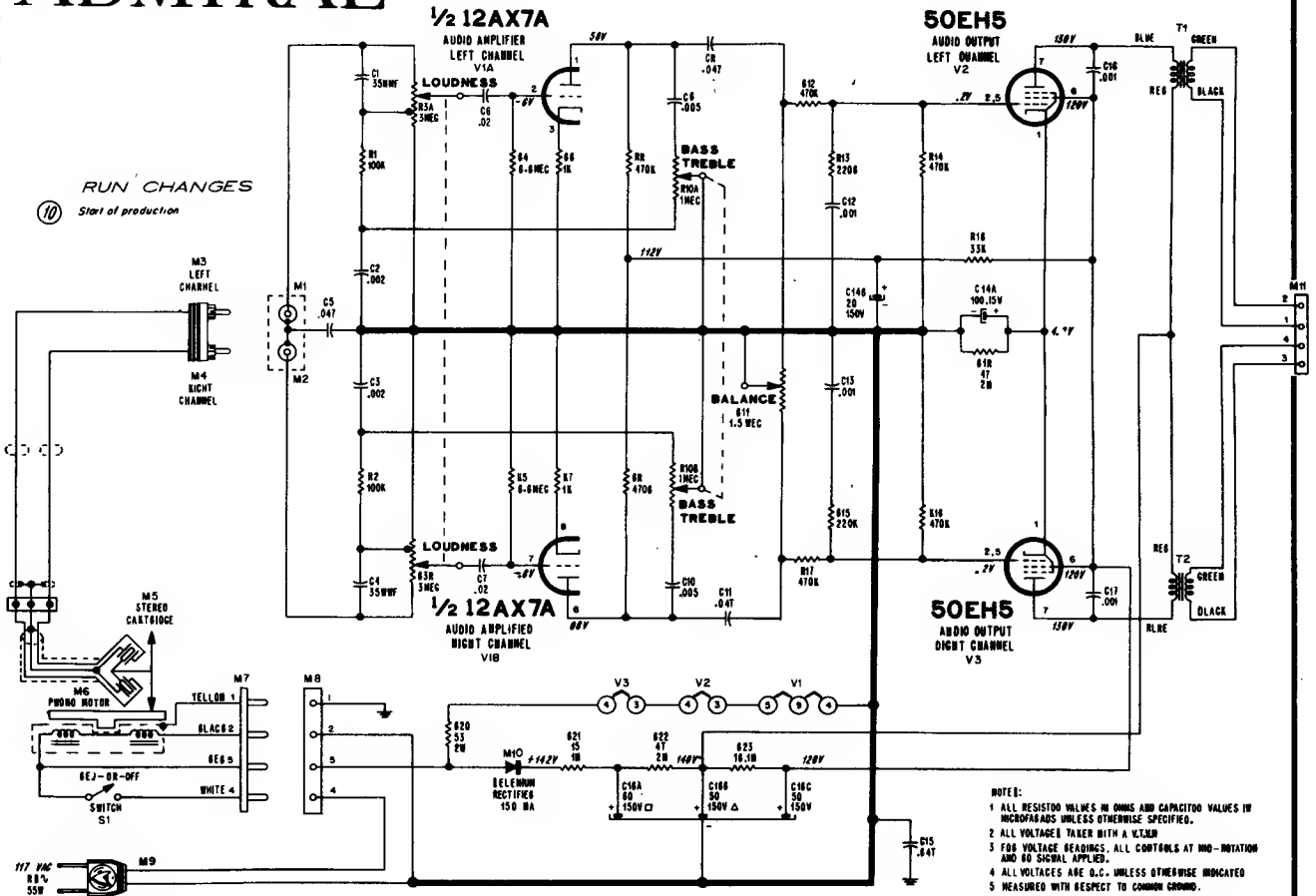
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# ADMIRAL CHASSIS 3N1A, MODELS Y4049, Y4071, Y4072, Y4073



Schematic of 3N1A Stereophonic High Fidelity Amplifier Stamped Run 10.

**RUN 11 In All Sets**  
To improve performance (tonal quality) at low volume level, resistors R1 and R2 were changed from 100,000 ohms to one megohm, one-half-watt.

## CHASSIS REMOVAL

**Model Y4049:** Remove the metal grille by removing the screws along the top and side of the grille.

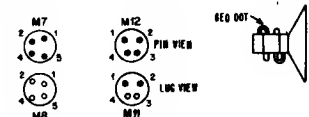
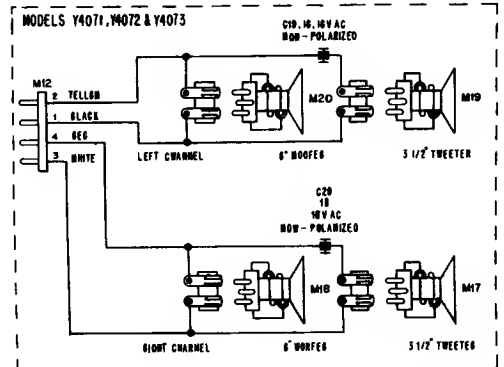
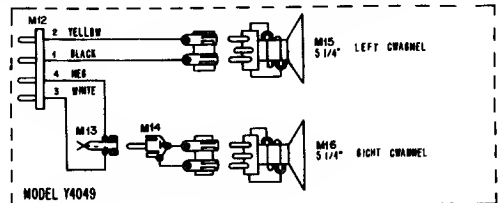
Disconnect the phono motor plug (M7), the two channel input plugs (M3 and M4), and speaker plug (M12). Remove the three control knobs by pulling them straight out from the control shafts.

Remove the screws holding the phono motor board. Lift the board with the record changer out of cabinet. To avoid marring the cabinet or damaging the record changer, do not allow the bottom of the record changer to scrape across the cabinet when removing.

Remove the four nuts holding the chassis to the cabinet. Remove chassis from cabinet.

**Models Y4071, Y4072 and Y4073:** Disconnect the phono motor plug (M7), the two channel input plugs (M3 and M4), and speaker plug (M12). Remove the three control knobs by pulling them straight out from the control shafts.

Remove the four nuts holding the chassis to the cabinet. Remove chassis from cabinet.



# ADMIRAL

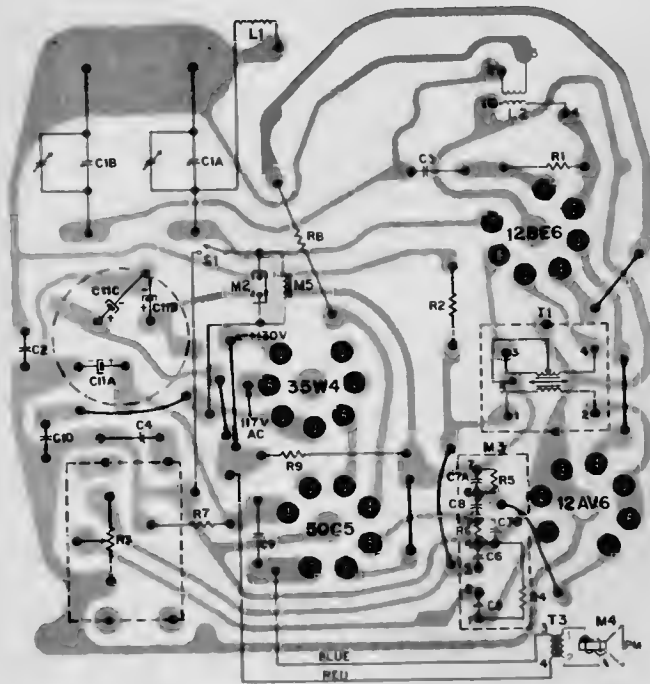
## TABLE CLOCK RADIO

MODEL	COLOR	CHASSIS
Y1189A	Grey-Green	4E3A

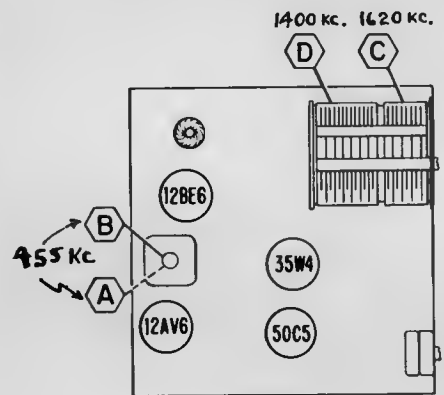
## CLOCK RADIO

MODEL	COLOR	NAME	CHASSIS
Y3037	Beige and White	Sinclair	4N3
Y3038	Turquoise and White		

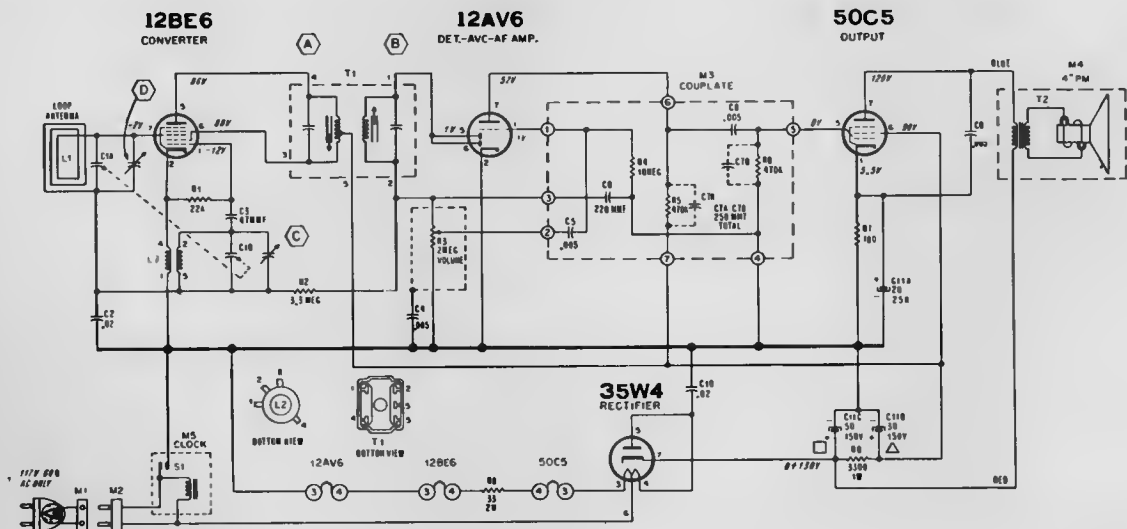
The tube complement, tube locations and etched wiring board of the 4N3 chassis, is identical to that of the 4E3A chassis.



Rear View of Etched Circuit Board, Used in 4E3A Chassis.



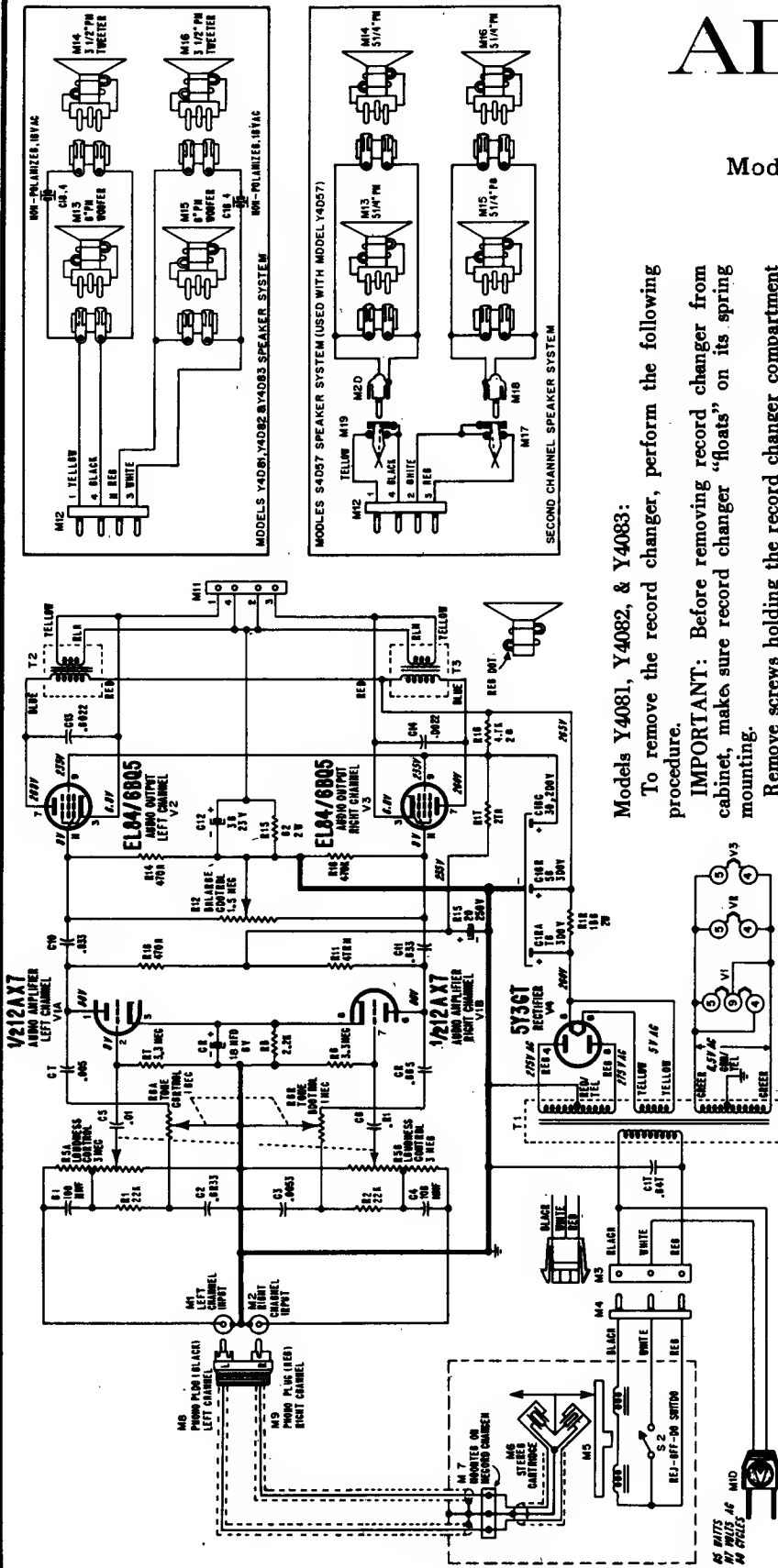
Tube and Alignment Point Locations.



# ADMIRAL

Chassis 4F3A

Models Y4057, Y4081,  
Y4082, and Y4083



Models Y4081, Y4082, & Y4083:

To remove the record changer, perform the following procedure.

**IMPORTANT:** Before removing record changer from cabinet, make sure record changer "floats" on its spring mounting.

Remove screws holding the record changer compartment panel back and record changer bottom cover.

Speed clips (at bottom of each changer hold down screw) extend through holes in panel under changer. Press clip until it is perpendicular to the changer pan. Remove changer from cabinet for servicing. Disconnect all leads.

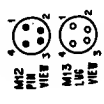
## CHASSIS REMOVAL

- Disconnect line cord.
- Remove three (3) amplifier control knobs. (Pull knobs straight off from control shafts.)
- Remove record changer compartment back panel by removing screws. Lift out panel.
- Disconnect changer phono output plug, speaker and changer power plug.
- Remove two hexnuts to dismount interlock plug.
- Remove four hexnuts mounting the chassis.
- Lift entire assembly carefully from cabinet.

## CHANGER REMOVAL

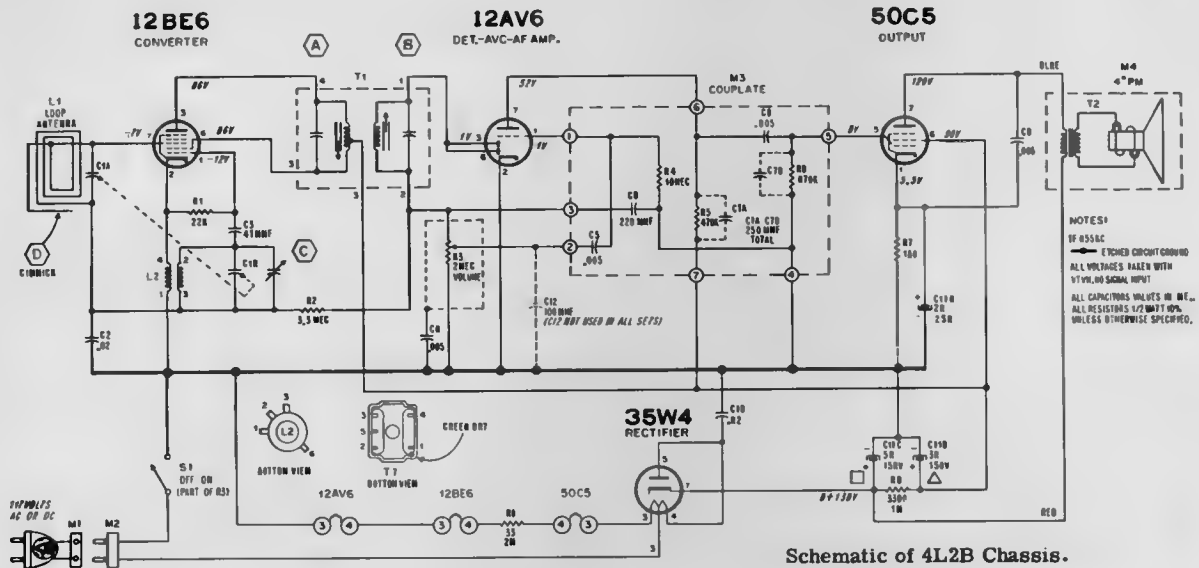
- Model Y4057:
- Disconnect line cord. Remove record changer compartment back panel by removing five (5) screws. Lift out panel.
  - Remove six motor board mounting screws.
  - Disconnect changer phono output plug and changer power plug.
  - Remove changer and motor board from cabinet.

- WIRE COLORS
1. ALL RESISTOR VALUES IN OHMS UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.
  2. ALL CAPACITORS UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.
  3. ALL VOLTAGE RATINGS UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.
  4. ALL WIRE COLORS ARE N.E.C. UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED.
  5. WIRE GAUGES ARE IN RESPECT TO GROUND.
- \* CHASSIS GROUND



# Admiral

CHASSIS 4L2B, MODELS 4L26B, 4L27B, 4L28B, 4L29B



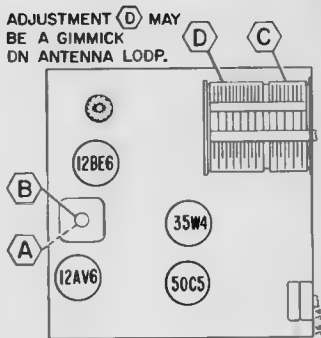
Schematic of 4L2B Chassis.

After start of production of the 4L2B chassis, two components were added to provide better shielding and better RF by-passing in the audio stages.

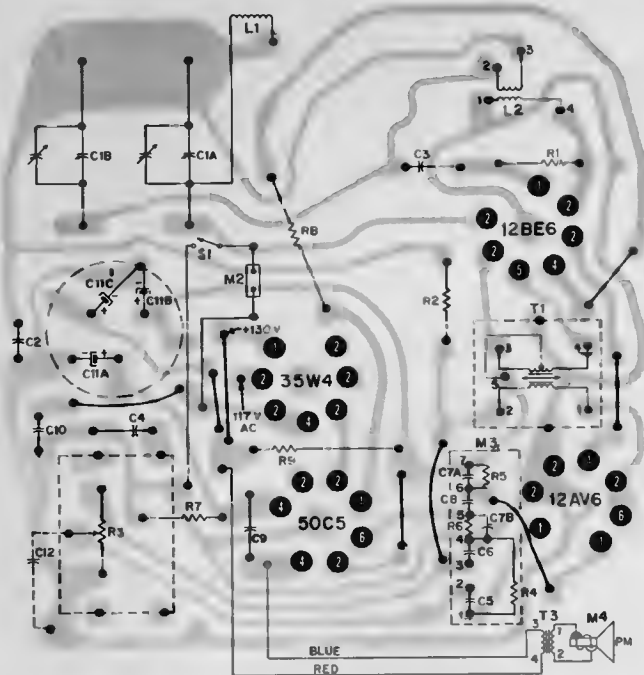
A metal shield (Admiral part number 15A2267-1) was installed over the audio couplate (M3) with one point soldered to pin No. 4 on the couplate. A 100 mmf capacitor (part number 65D10-154) was added from the center-tap of the volume control (R3) to the etched foil ground.

In some cases this capacitor was installed on the rear of the board and in other cases it was added on component side of board on the Volume control terminals.

The 4L2B chassis is a completely new design of the very popular 4L2 and 4L2A chassis.



Tube and Alignment Point Locations.



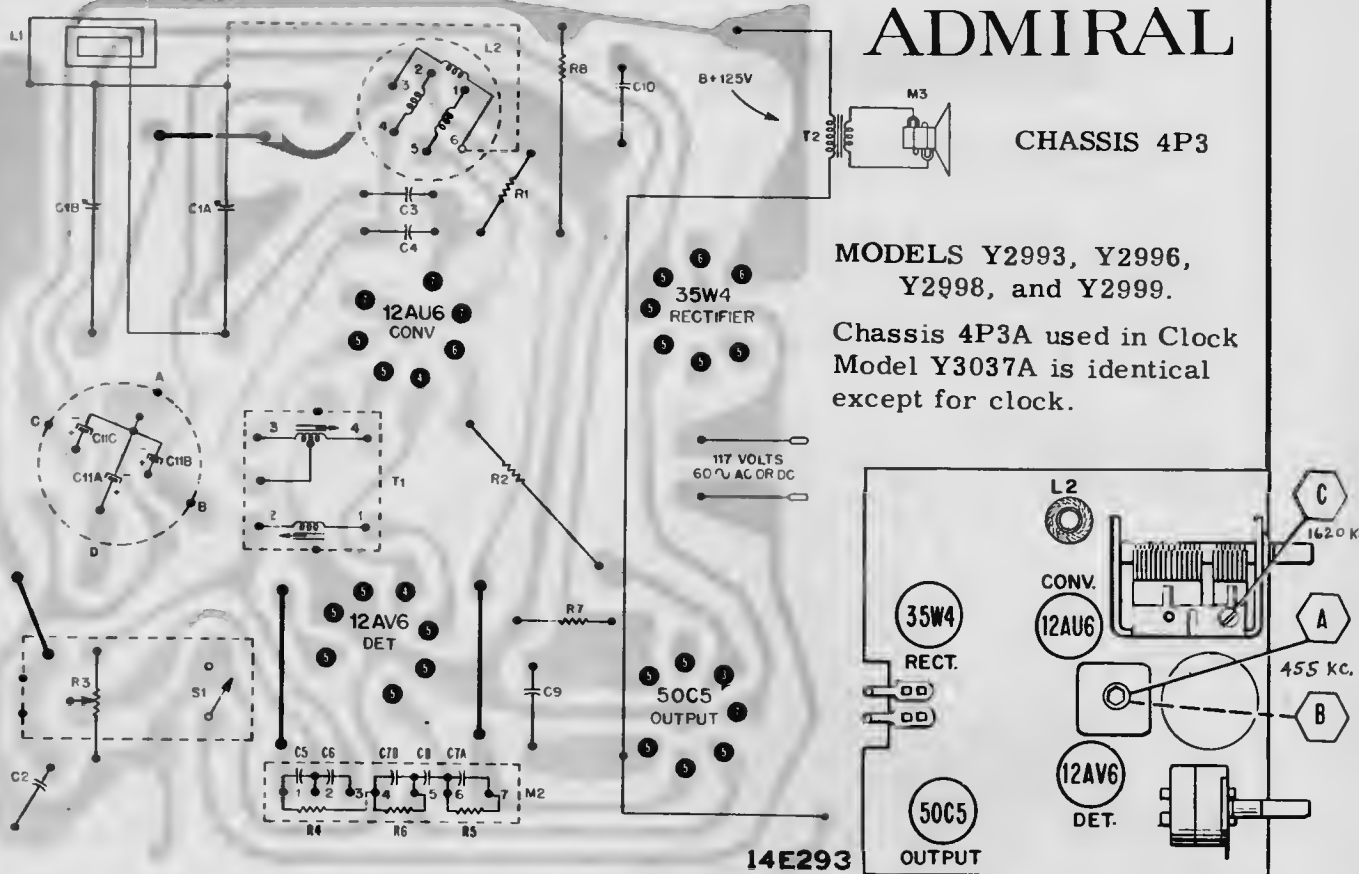
Rear View of Etched Circuit Board, Used in 4L2B Chassis.

# ADMIRAL

CHASSIS 4P3

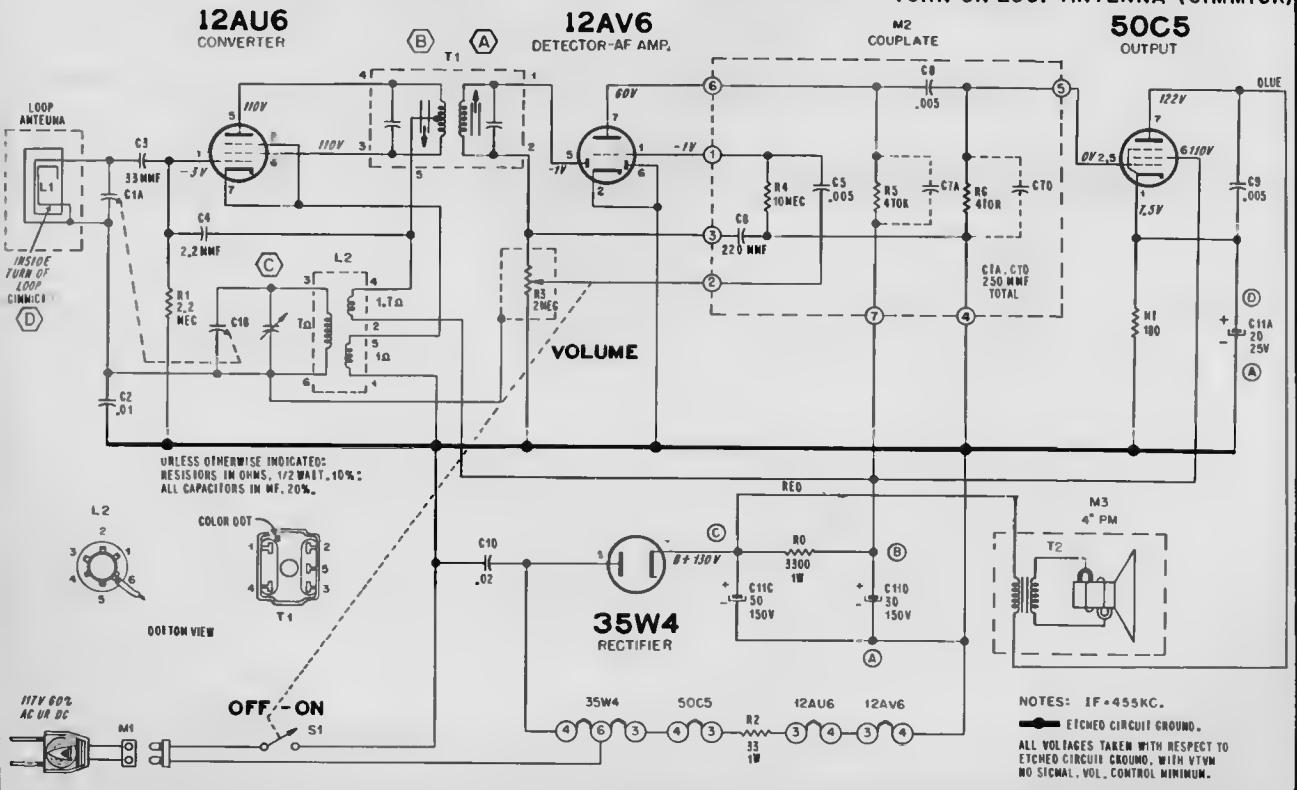
MODELS Y2993, Y2996,  
Y2998, and Y2999.

Chassis 4P3A used in Clock  
Model Y3037A is identical  
except for clock.



Rear View of Etched Circuit Board. Gray Area represents etched wiring; black symbols and lines represent components and connections on opposite side.

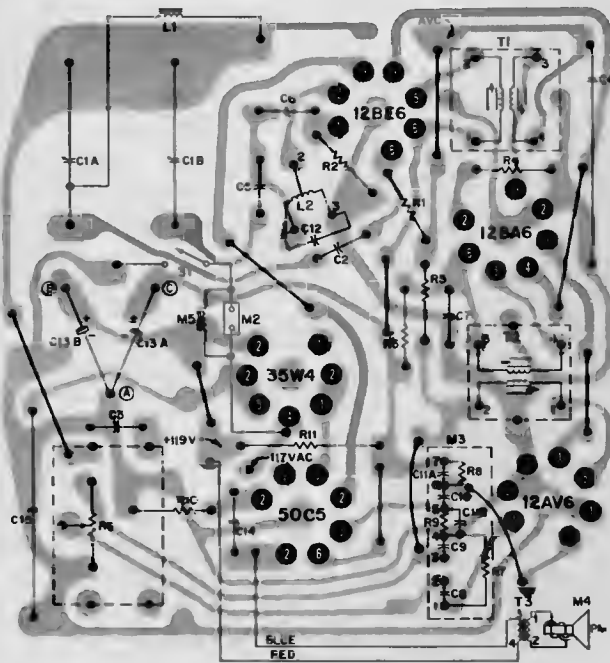
ALIGNMENT 1400 KC, **D** IS AN INSIDE TURN ON LOOP ANTENNA (GIMMICK)



# Admiral

## CORRECTION IN COMPONENT SYMBOLS ON THE ETCHED CIRCUIT BOARD

In some chassis C3 is shown alongside the electrolytic capacitor (C13). This C3 should be deleted. C8 shown on opposite side of C13 should be read as C3. (C8 is part of couplate M3 and should therefore not show on the board.)



## TABLE CLOCK RADIO

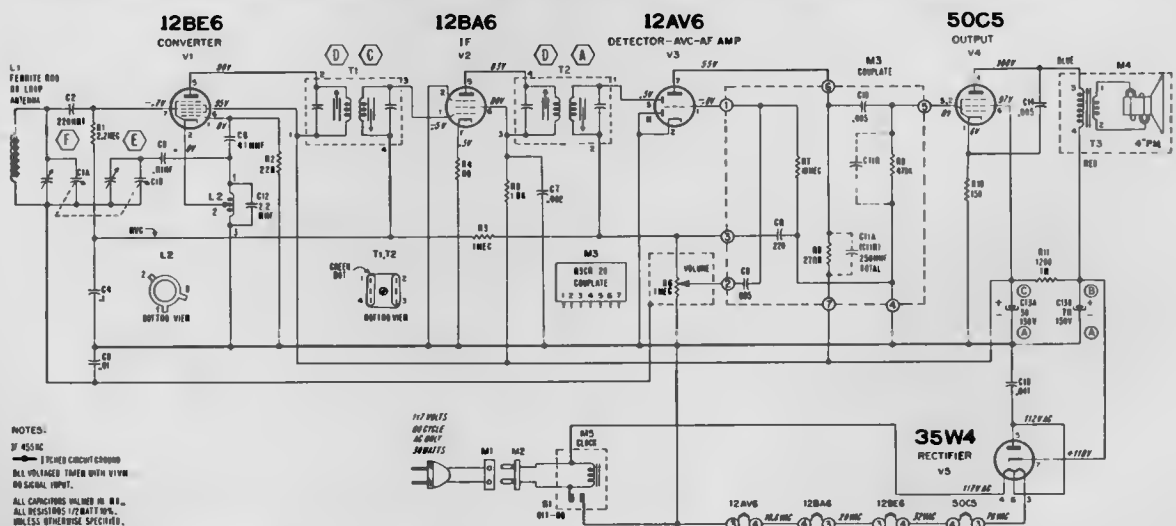
MODEL	COLOR	CHASSIS
Y853C	White	5B5C
Y865B	Melon & White	5B5B
Y866B	Yellow & White	

Both 5B5B and 5B5C chassis are very similar to Chassis 5B5, which is covered on page 5, of Vol. 20, 1960 Radio Diagrams manual, and these instructions may be used for alignment and chassis removal.

The 5B5B and 5B5C chassis differ from the 5B5 chassis in the following respects: The RF input is now shunt fed to the converter to reduce the loading effect and noise pickup of the antenna. The tuning gang and oscillator coil have been redesigned and also the IF amplifier bias and screen bypassing have been increased to reduce, to a minimum, any tendency toward IF regeneration.

There are no electrical circuit differences between the 5B5B and 5B5C chassis. The 5B5B chassis is equipped with a clock having the Snooze Alarm and Sleep Switch features while the 5B5C clock does not. The etched circuit board has been changed to comply with the new circuit changes, plus a few relocations of components, etc.

Rear View of Etched Circuit Board in Chassis 5B5B and 5B5C. Gray area represents etched wiring, black symbols and lines represent components and connections on opposite side.



Schematic of 5B5B and 5B5C Chassis.

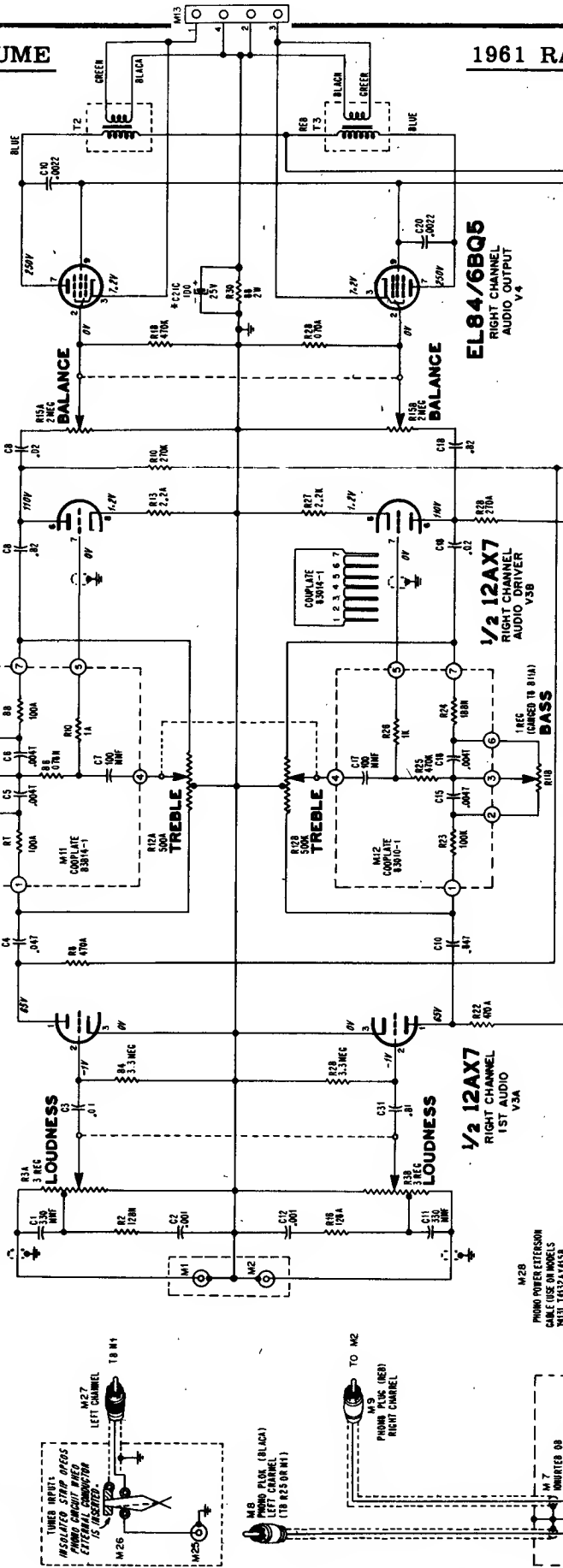


# ADMIRAL

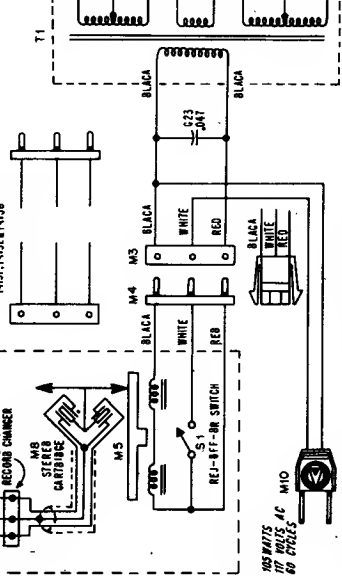
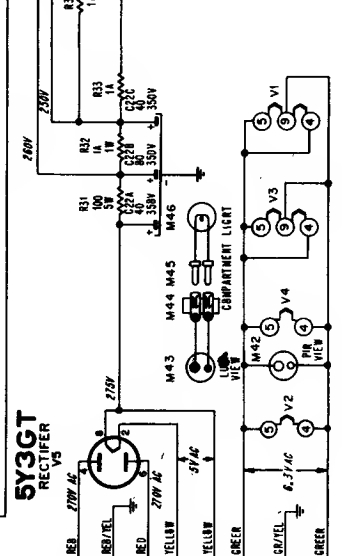
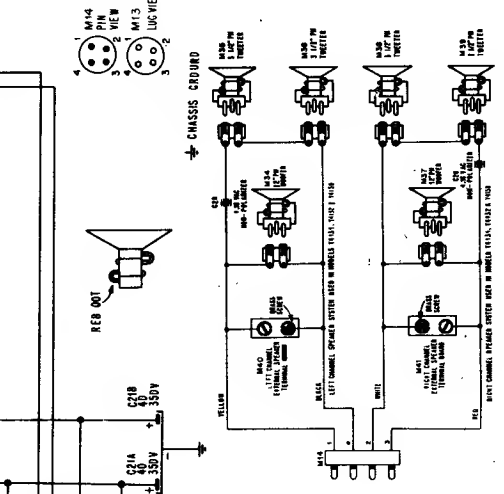
1/2 12AX7  
LEFT CHANNEL  
1ST AUDIO  
V1A

1/2 12AX7  
LEFT CHANNEL  
AUDIO DRIVER  
V1B

EL84/6BQ5  
LEFT CHANNEL  
AUDIO OUTPUT  
V2



## 1961 RADIO SERVICING INFORMATION



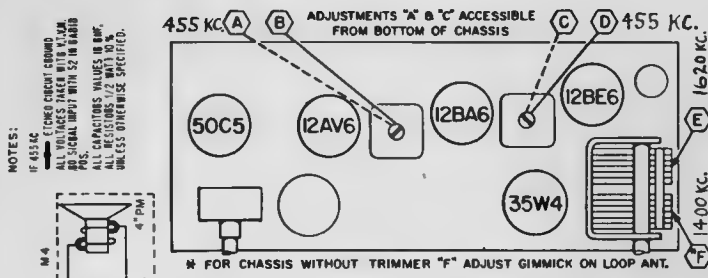
# ADMIRAL

Stereophonic Amplifier Chassis 5K5A, 5K5B,  
used in Models Y979, Y1002, Y1009, Y1021,  
Y1022, Y1023, Y4067, Y4131, Y4132, Y4159

- NOTES:
1. ALL RESISTOR VALUES IN OHMS AND CAPACITOR VALUES IN MICROFARADS UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.
  2. ALL VOLTAGE READINGS TAKE WITH A 470M. ALL CONTROLS AT MID-POSITION AND NO SIGNAL APPLIED.
  3. ALL VOLTAGES ARE DC, UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED.
  4. VOLTAGES MEASURED WITH RESPECT TO CHASSIS.
  5. VOLTAGE READINGS TAKE WITH 117V AC LINE INPUT.
  6. \* C21C IN EARLY PRODUCTION WAS TWO 500P IN PARALLEL.

# Admiral

CHASSIS 5M5  
MODEL Y4017

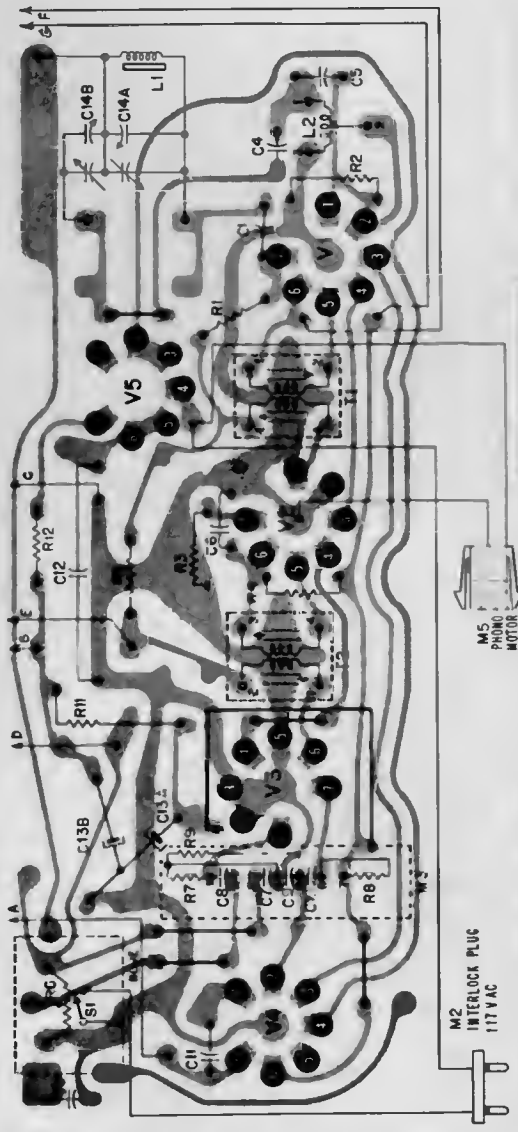
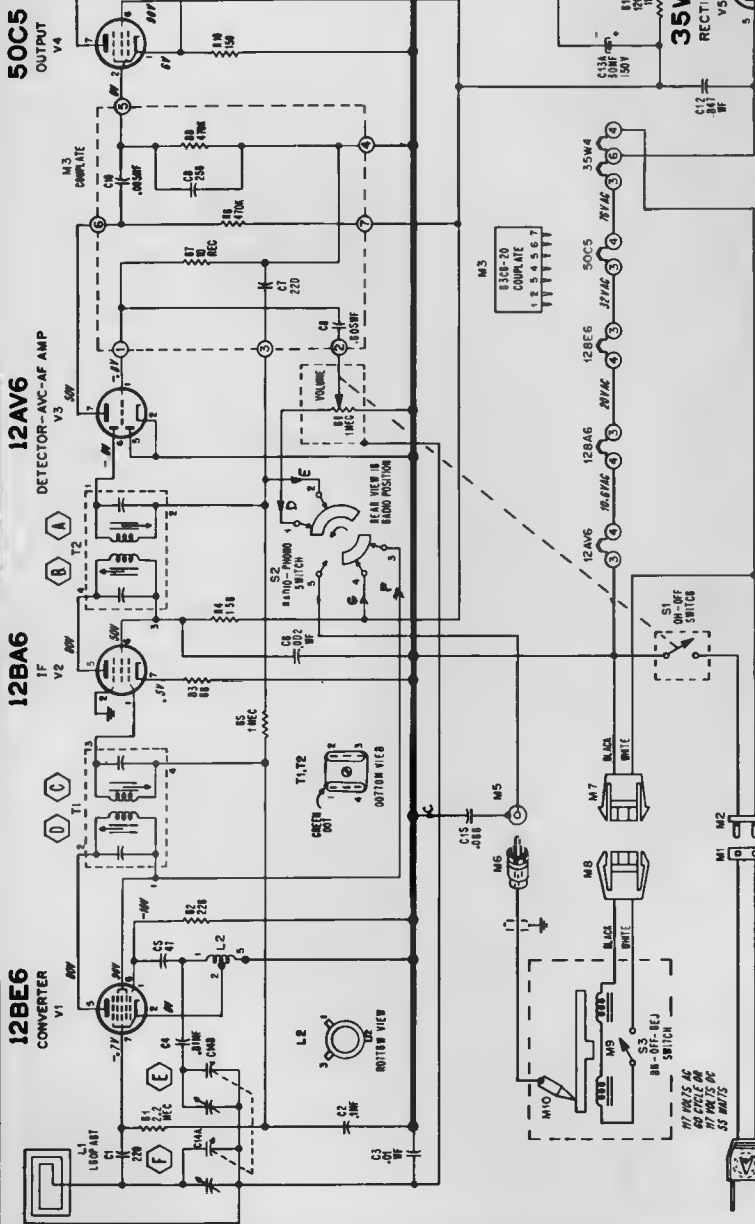


### CHANGER REMOVAL

- Disconnect line cord. Remove record changer compartment back panel by removing five (5) screws. Lift out panel.
- Remove six motor board mounting screws.
- Disconnect changer phono output plug and changer power plug.
- Remove changer and motor board from cabinet.

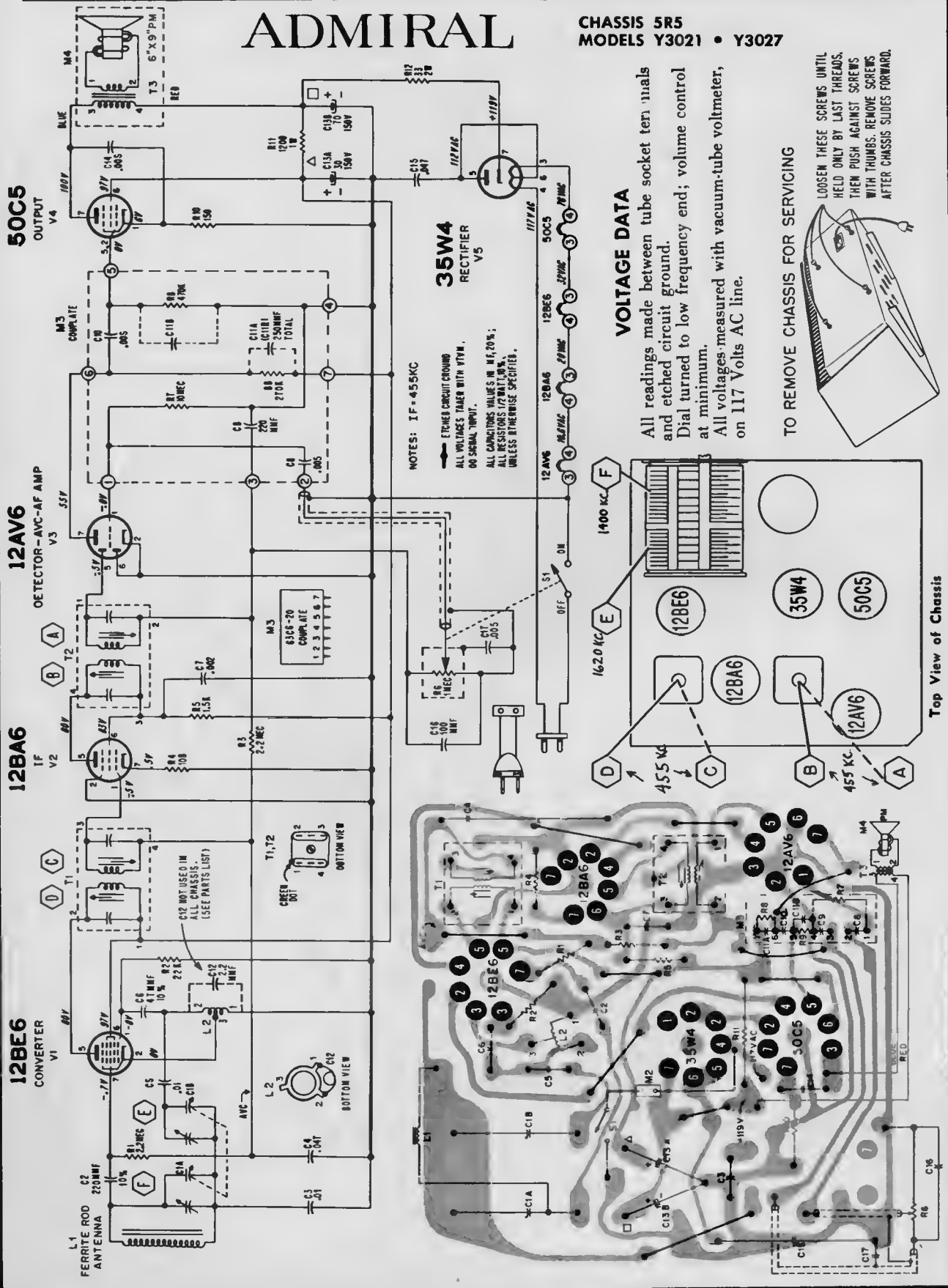
### CHASSIS REMOVAL

- Remove three (3) amplifier control knobs. (Pull knobs straight off from control shafts.)
- Remove record changer compartment back panel by removing five (5) screws. Lift out panel.
- Disconnect changer phono output plug and changer power plug.
- Remove two hexnuts to dismount speaker.
- Remove two hexnuts to dismount interlock plug.
- Remove four (4) hexnuts mounting the chassis; located on the antenna mounting board.
- Lift entire assembly carefully from cabinet.



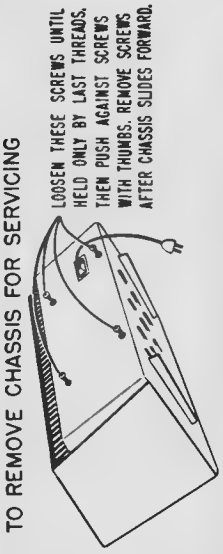
# ADMIRAL

CHASSIS 5R5  
MODELS Y3021 • Y3027



NOTES: IF=455KC  
 ETCHED CIRCUIT BOARD  
 ALL VOLTAGES TAKEN WITH 470MΩ  
 Ω SIGNAL INPUT.  
 ALL CAPACITOR VALUES IN MFD. 20%;  
 ALL RESISTOR VALUES IN WATT. 10%;  
 UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.

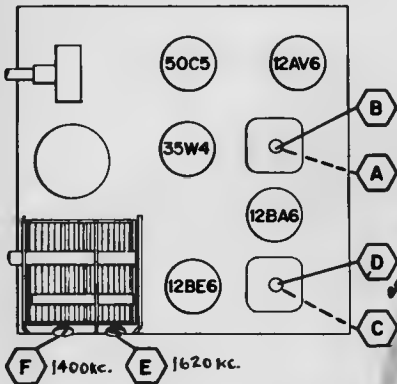
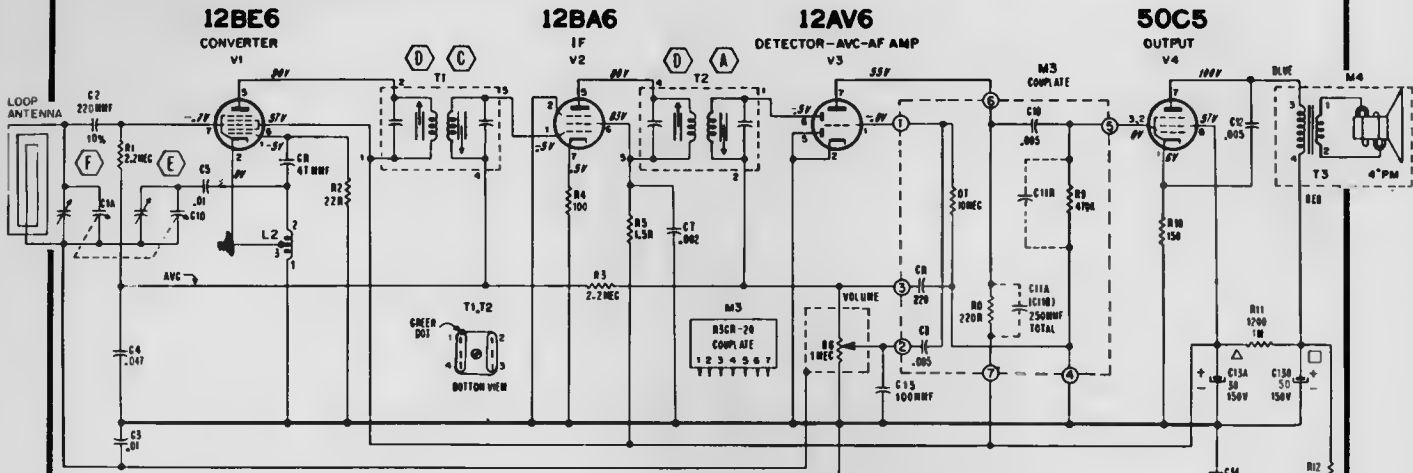
**VOLTAGE DATA**  
 All readings made between tube socket terminals and etched circuit ground.  
 Dial turned to low frequency end; volume control at minimum.  
 All voltages measured with vacuum-tube voltmeter, on 117 Volts AC line.



Rear View of Etched Circuit Board. Gray area represents etched wiring; black symbols and lines represent components and connections on opposite side.

# ADMIRAL

CHASSIS 555  
MODELS Y3046 - Y3048 - Y3049

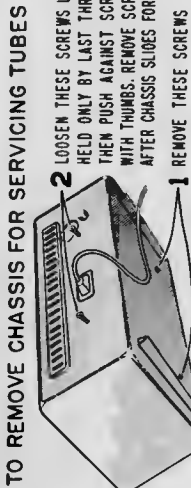


Top View of Chassis Showing Tube and Alignment Point Locations.

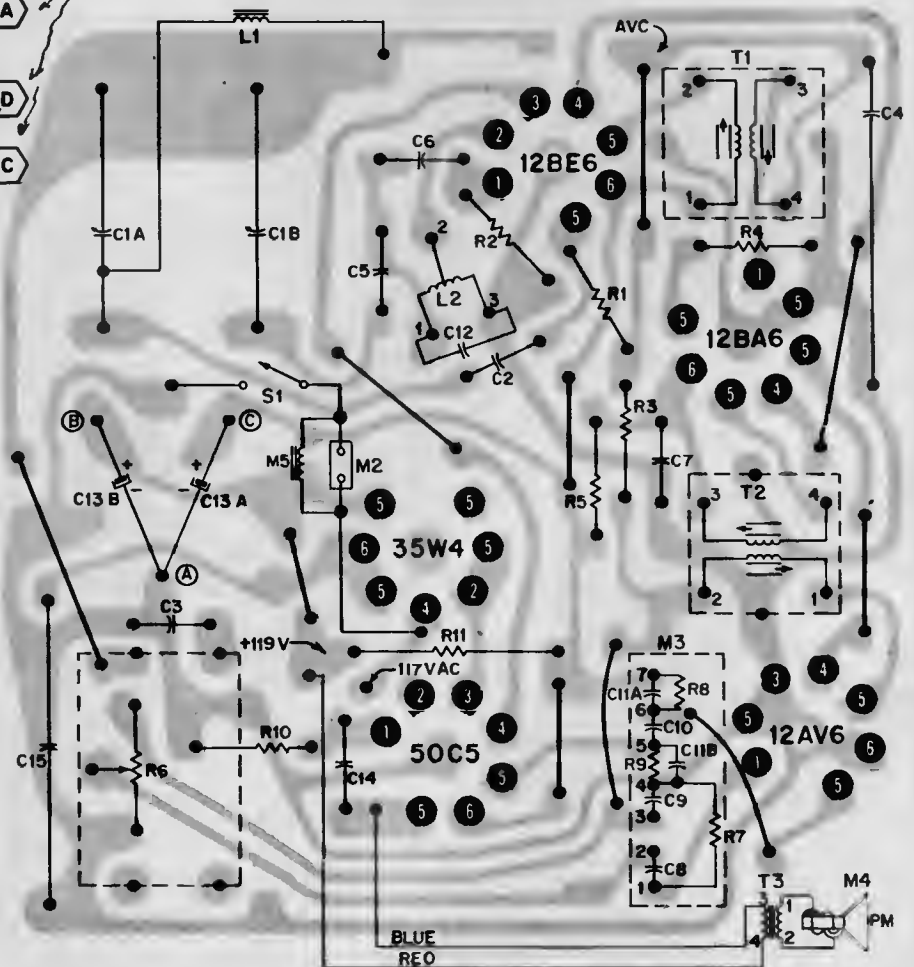
NOTES: IF = 455KC

ETCHED CIRCUIT BOARD  
ALL VOLTAGES TAKEN WITH VTVM.  
NO SIGNAL INPUT.

ALL CAPACITORS VALUES IN  $\mu F$ , 20%;  
ALL RESISTORS  $\frac{1}{2}$  WATT, 20%.  
UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.



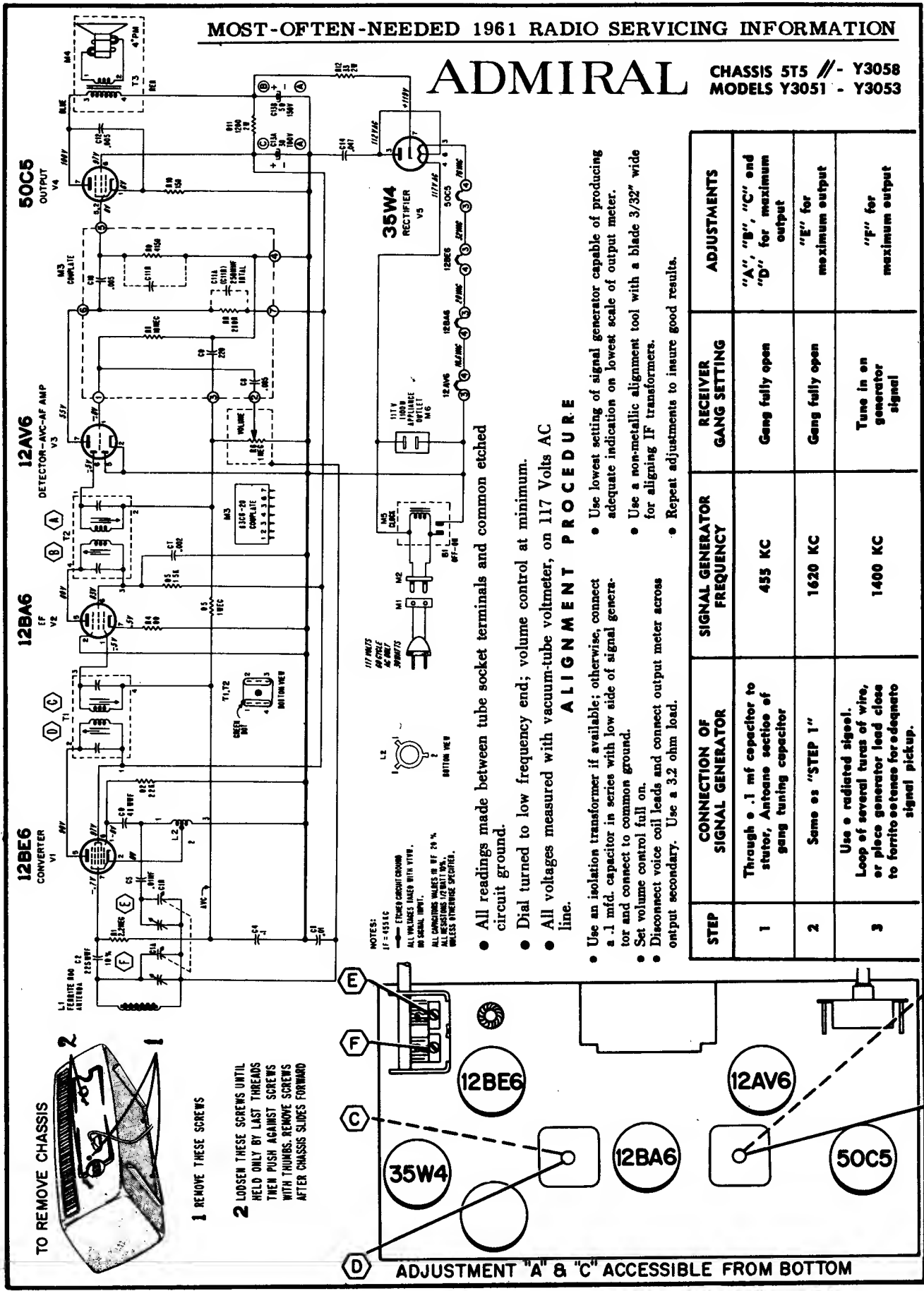
Rear View of Cabinet Showing Chassis Mounting Screws.



Rear View of Etched Circuit Board. Gray area represents etched wiring; black symbols and lines represent components and connections on opposite side.

# ADMIRAL

CHASSIS 5T5 // - Y3058  
MODELS Y3051 - Y3053



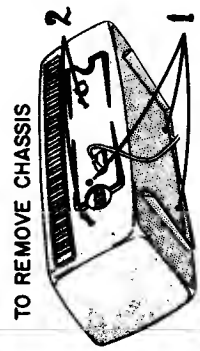
STEP	CONNECTION OF SIGNAL GENERATOR	SIGNAL GENERATOR FREQUENCY	RECEIVER GANG SETTING	ADJUSTMENTS
1	Through .1 mf capacitor to stator, Antenna section of gang tuning capacitor	455 KC	Gang fully open	"A", "B", "C" and "D" for maximum output
2	Same as "STEP 1"	1620 KC	Gang fully open	"E" for maximum output
3	Use a radiated signal. Loop of several turns of wire, or piece generator lead close to ferrite antenna for adequate signal pickup.	1400 KC	Tune in on generator signal	"F" for maximum output

- Use an isolation transformer if available; otherwise, connect a .1 mfd. capacitor in series with low side of signal generator and connect to common ground.
- Set volume control full on.
- Disconnect voice coil leads and connect output meter across output secondary. Use a 3.2 ohm load.
- Repeat adjustments to insure good results.

### ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

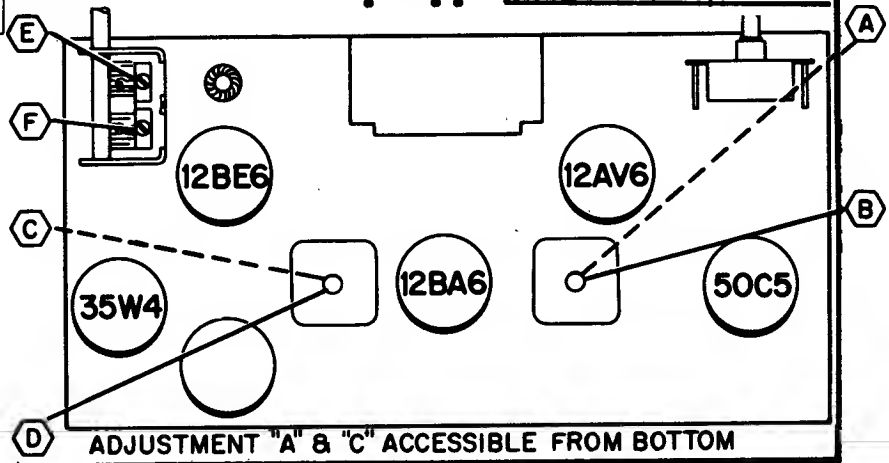
- All readings made between tube socket terminals and common etched circuit ground.
- Dial turned to low frequency end; volume control at minimum.
- All voltages measured with vacuum-tube voltmeter, on 117 Volts AC line.

NOTES:  
IF = 455 KC  
EITHER CIRCUIT COIL OR ALL WINDINGS IN SERIES WITH WIRE, IN SERIAL IMPED.  
ALL CONDENSER VALUES IN P.F. 20 %  
ALL RESISTOR VALUES IN OHMS, UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.

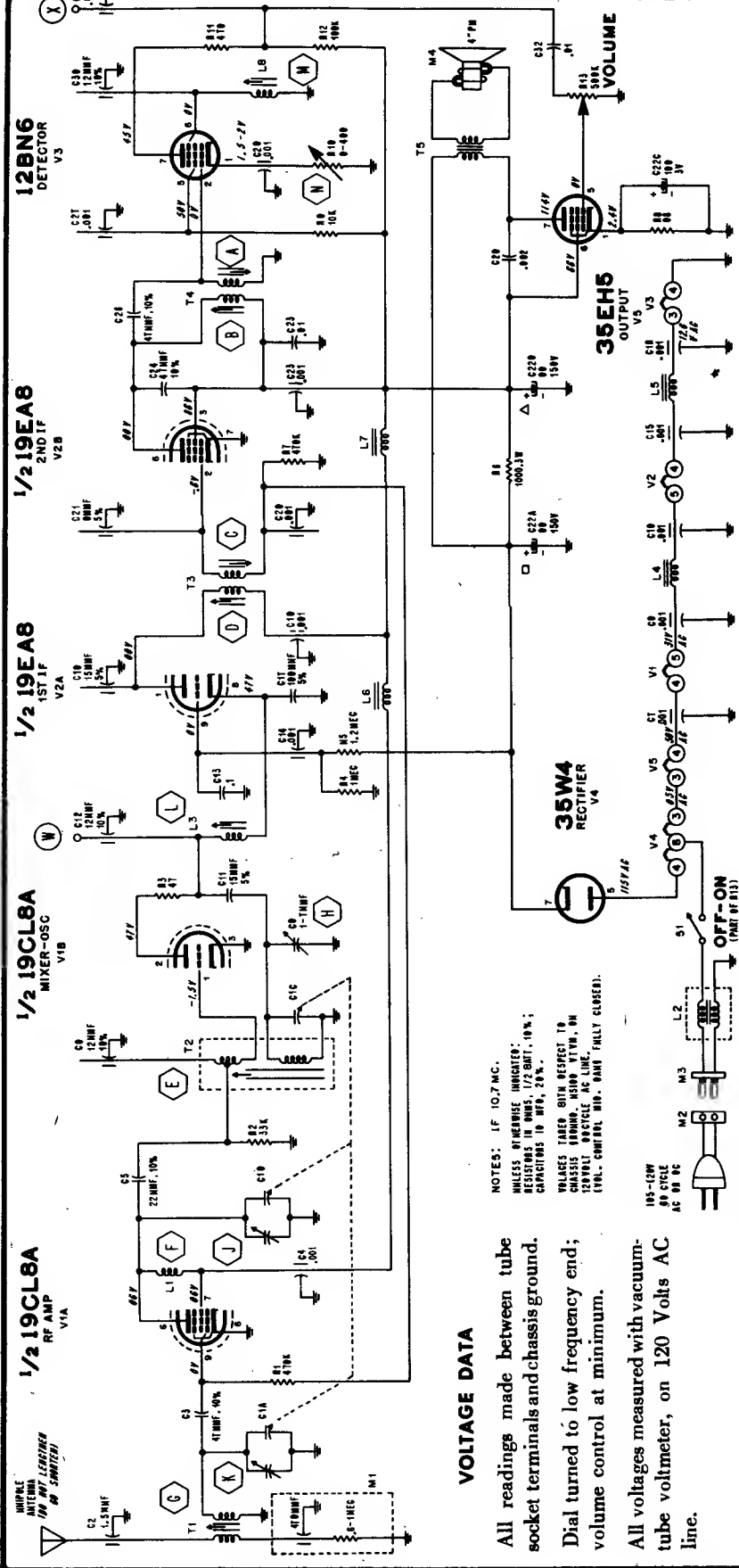


TO REMOVE CHASSIS

- 1 REMOVE THESE SCREWS
- 2 LOOSEN THESE SCREWS UNTIL HELD ONLY BY LAST THREADS THEN PUSH AGAINST SCREWS WITH THUMBS. REMOVE SCREWS AFTER CHASSIS SLIDES FORWARD



ADJUSTMENT "A" & "C" ACCESSIBLE FROM BOTTOM



**VOLTAGE PRECAUTION**  
 Do Not Connect an Earth Ground To This Receiver  
 The chassis is connected directly to one side of the power line. To avoid possibility of damage to test equipment or to receiver, do not place the chassis directly on a metal service bench, tools, or other metal objects.

**ADMIRAL**  
 CHASSIS 5V5  
 MODEL Y3083

(Alignment continued on the next page)

**VOLTAGE DATA**

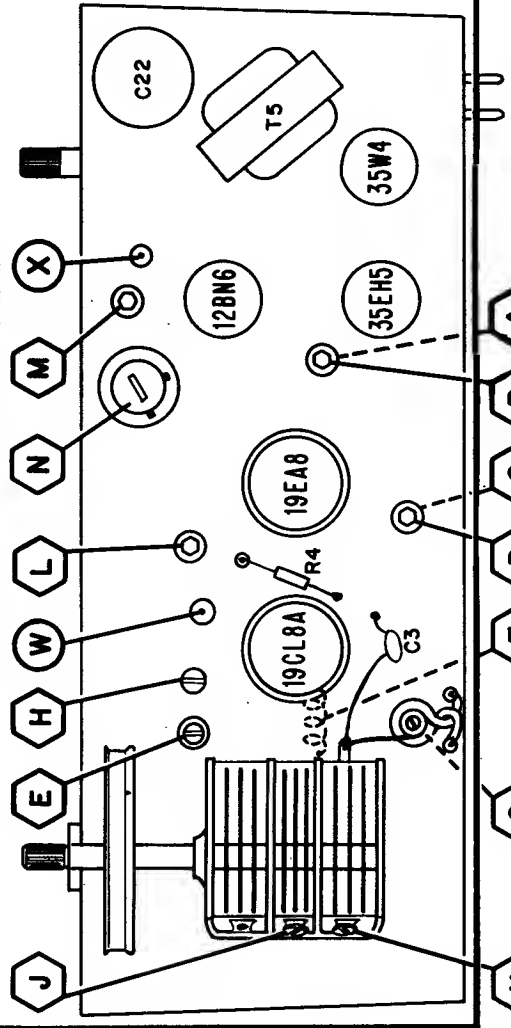
All readings made between tube socket terminals and chassis ground. Dial turned to low frequency end; volume control at minimum.

All voltages measured with vacuum-tube voltmeter, on 120 Volts AC line.

NOTES: IF 10.7 MC.  
 VALUES AT VARIOUS INDICATED RESISTORS IN OHMS, 1/2 BKT., 10%; CAPACITORS IN MFD., 20%.

VOLTAGES TAKEN WITH RESPECT TO POSITIVE BATTERY TERMINAL, ON 120 VOLT, 60 CYCLE AC LINE (VOL. CONTROL SW. BAKT. FULLY CLOSED).

105-120W 50 CYCLE AC OR DC



DASHED LINE INDICATES ADJUSTMENT FROM UNDERSIDE OF CHASSIS

# ADMIRAL

CHASSIS 5V5, MODEL Y3083  
Alignment Procedure, Continued

## ALIGNMENT USING AM. SIGNAL GENERATOR AND VTVM

- Allow set and test equipment to warm up for approximately 15 minutes before alignment.
  - Use an isolating transformer or insert a .01 mfd capacitor in series with the high side of signal generator. **DO NOT CONNECT AN EARTH GROUND TO THIS RECEIVER.**
  - Connect a short wire jumper from the center point of C30 to chassis. (To short L8 to chassis ground.)
  - Set signal generator for 400 or 1000 cycle modulation, 30%. Set volume control full on. Keep signal generator output low to prevent overloading.
  - Turn bias control, (R10) to full counterclockwise position (maximum bias point).
  - Connect the VTVM across output transformer secondary (voice coil leads). Use the 1.5 volt AC scale for output readings.
- NOTE: If available, a commercial output meter is more desirable for this purpose. Disconnect voice coil leads and use a 3.2 ohm load.
- Use nonmetallic alignment tools. Use hex tool (Admiral part no. 98A30-7) for transformer adjustment slugs.

STEP	SIGNAL GENERATOR CONNECTION	SIGNAL GENERATOR FREQUENCY	RECEIVER GANG SETTING	ADJUSTMENT FOR MAXIMUM
1	Test Point W (Center Point of C12)	10.7 MC	Fully open	A, B, C, and D
2	Set trimmers J and K one turn from tight. Set adjustment screw (H) 1/2 inch above chassis.			
3	Antenna. (Center point of C2 through 75 ohm resistor.)	87.5 MC	Fully closed (set indicator dial on end mark)	E, *F, and G
4	Same as step 3	108 MC	108 MC	H, J, K and L
5	Same as step 3	87.5 MC	Fully closed	Touch-up E
6	Same as step 3	108 MC	108 MC	Touch-up H, J and K
7	a. Set up equipment as in step 1 above. b. Remove short across L8 and adjust M for maximum output. c. Adjust N (R10, starting from full clockwise position) to the first point of maximum sound. Use weakest signal possible.			
7 op.	<b>OPTIONAL METHOD FOR STEP 7</b> a. Disconnect signal generator from receiver. b. Remove wire jumper from across L8 (C30 to chassis ground). c. Tune in a very weak signal, or reduce signal level, until a strong hiss is heard in the sound. (If necessary coil up antenna in a ball or short antenna lead to chassis or both.) d. Adjust M (quadrature coil, L8) for maximum output. e. Adjust N (R10) for maximum output and clearest tone.			

## IF ALIGNMENT CHECK USING SWEEP GENERATOR AND OSCILLOSCOPE

- a. Use the same equipment setup as in step 1 but add the oscilloscope (vert. input) connected to test point "X".
- b. Use a wideband sweep, unmodulated for response check, except the final adjustment given in step e.
- c. Sweep generator signal injected at the same points as given in steps above.
- d. Oscilloscope pattern should be a typical response curve. Adjust as in step 1 for best symmetry as well as maximum gain.
- e. Final Adjustment: With generator connected as in step 4, and dial set to 108 MC; use ±75 KC sweep and 400 cycle modulation. Remove short from across L8. Adjust M and N for maximum output, using minimum signal input.

\*Coil (L3) is adjusted by squeezing or spreading turns of the coil.

## CHASSIS REMOVAL

To remove the chassis from the cabinet it is necessary to remove only the rear cabinet section, since the front panel and knobs are attached to the chassis.

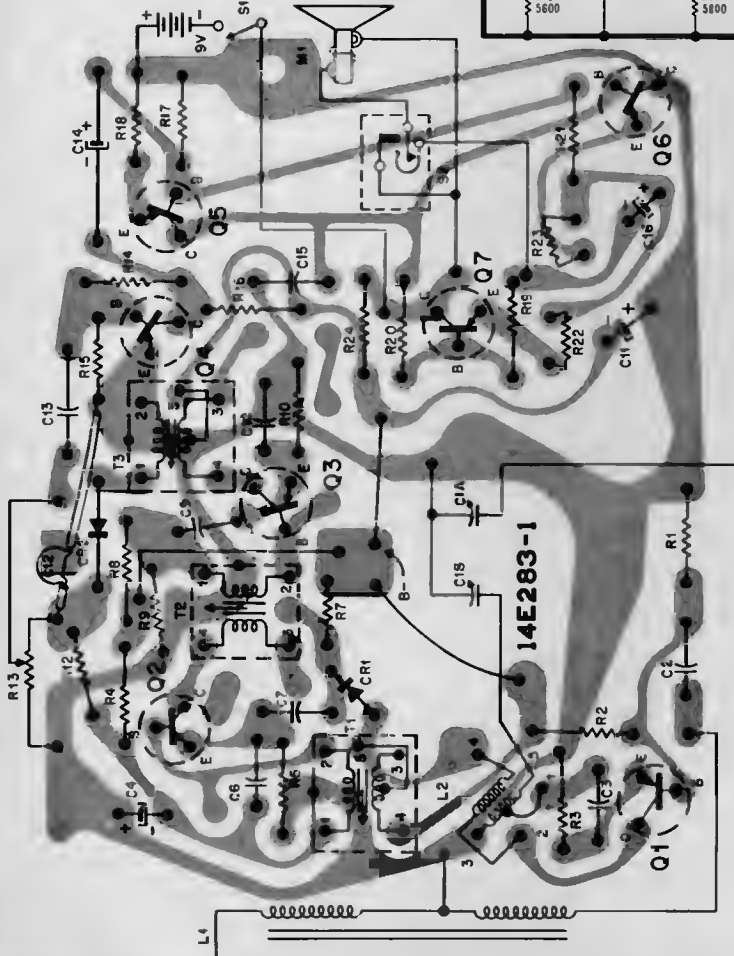
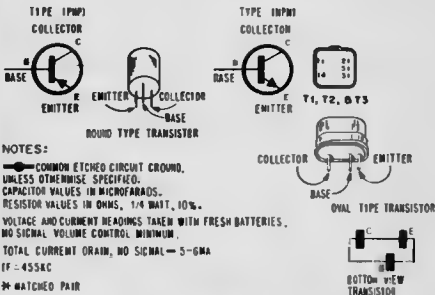
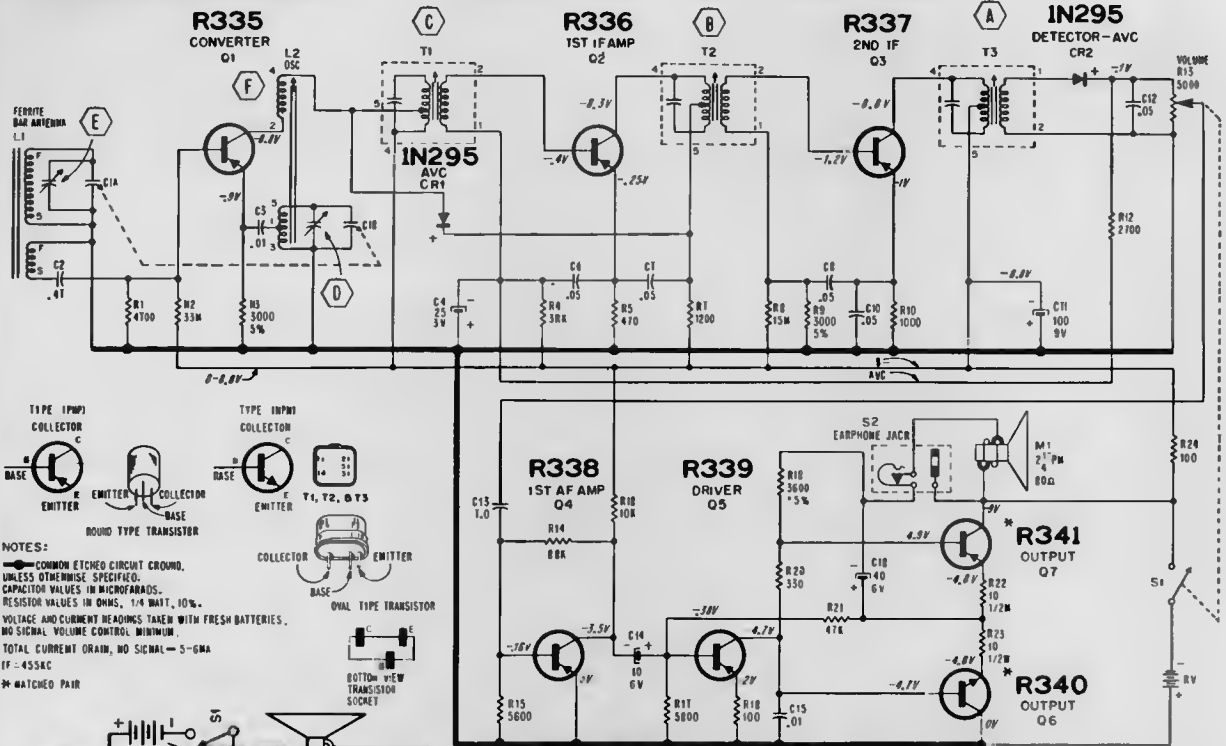
1. Turn set bottom side up and using a screw driver,

force chassis forward by pushing on the front panel section visible through the elongated chassis mounting holes. A small elevation is provided on the section of the panel inside this slot for this purpose. After the AC interlock connection has been broken, the chassis with the front panel attached will slide forward easily and out of the rear section.

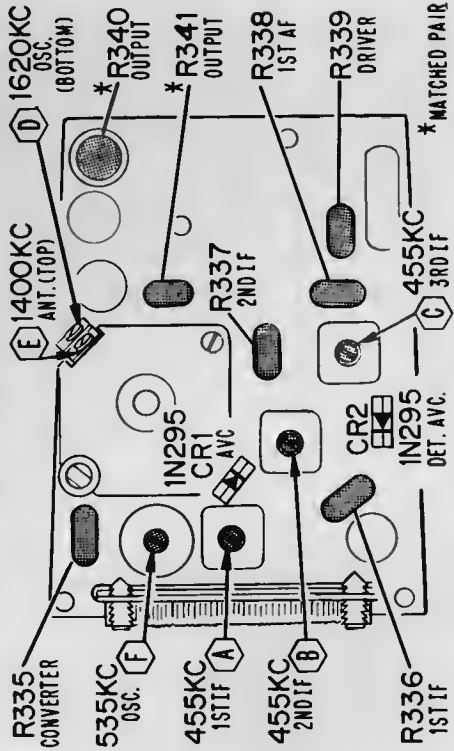
# Admiral

CHASSIS 7A2

MODELS Y2061 · Y2063 · Y2067 · Y2068



Rear View of Etched Circuit Board. Gray area represents the etched wiring; block symbols and lines represent components and connections on opposite side.



## REMOVING CHASSIS FROM CABINET

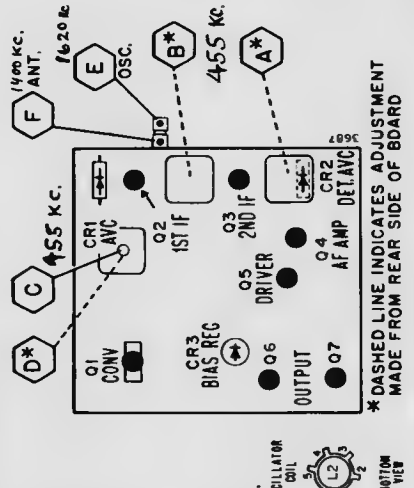
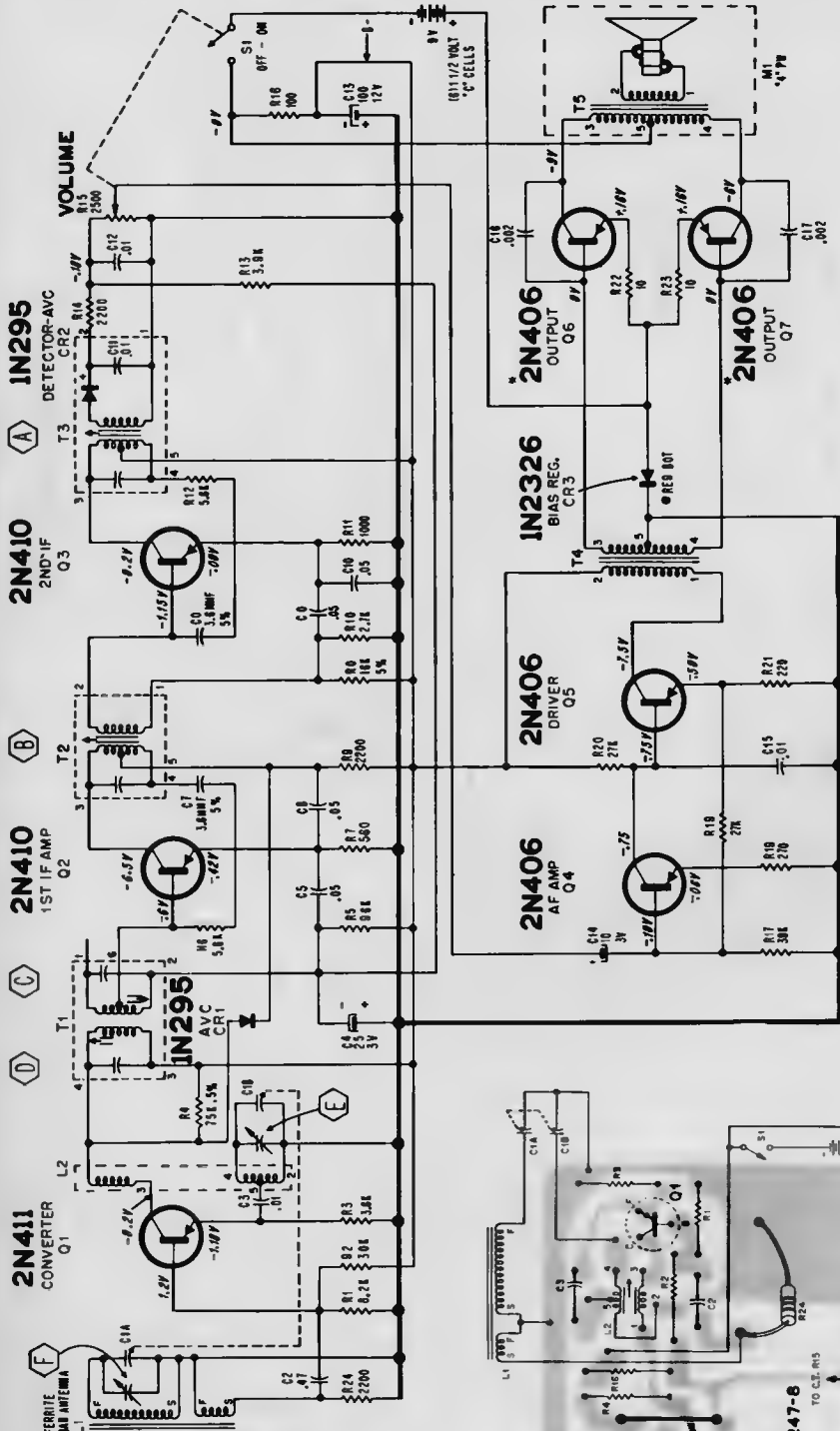
Remove the three Phillips head screws securing the etched circuit board to the front case.

Transistor and Alignment Point Locations



# Admiral

CHASSIS 7D2  
MODEL Y2119



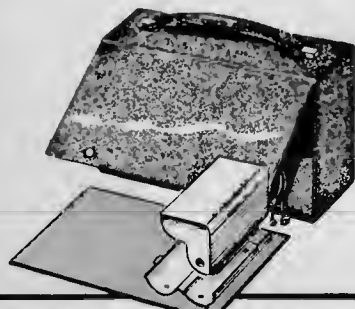
TRANSISTOR TYPE (NPN)  
 C COLLECTOR  
 B BASE  
 E EMITTER

WIRE IN TYPE TRANSISTOR  
 NOTES: IF = 455 KC  
 COMMON Emitter CIRCUIT GROUND  
 UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED  
 CAPACITOR VALUES IN MICROFARADS  
 RESISTOR VALUES IN OHMS, 1/2 WATT, 10%  
 WATTAGE RATINGS TAKEN WITH VOLUME USING FRESH BATTERIES.  
 NO SIGNAL, VOLUME CONTROL, MINIMUM  
 TOTAL CURRENT DRAIN (NO SIGNAL) = 10-12 MA  
 BY ANY GROUNDING

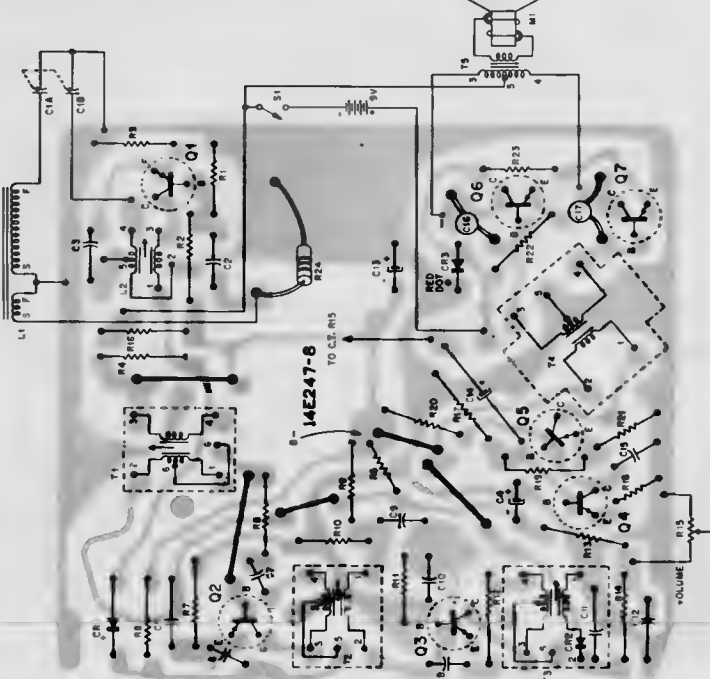
COLOR CODE  
 1 RED  
 2 ORANGE  
 3 YELLOW  
 4 GREEN  
 5 BLUE  
 6 VIOLET  
 7 BROWN  
 8 BLACK  
 9 GREY

W SWITCHED PAIR  
 OSCILLATOR COIL  
 BOTTOM VIEW TRANSISTOR SOCKET

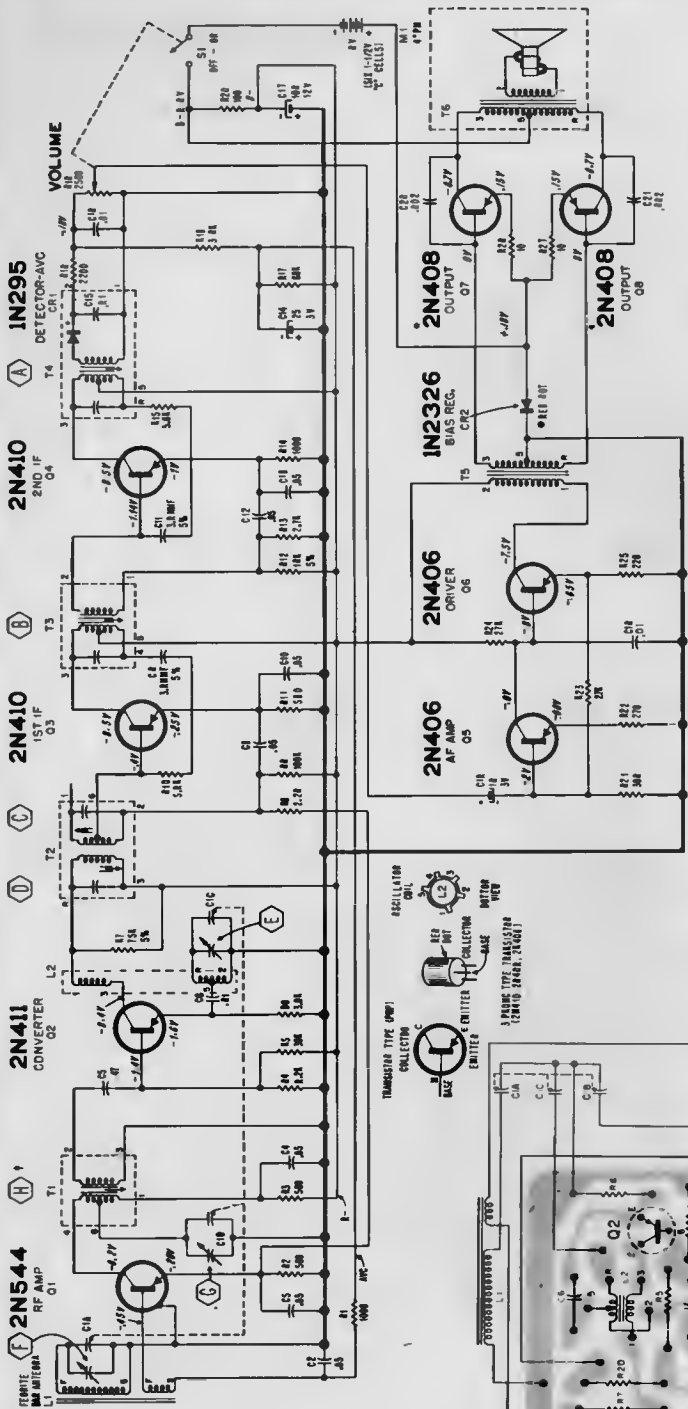
\* DASHED LINE INDICATES ADJUSTMENT MADE FROM REAR SIDE OF BOARD



Rear View Showing Battery Case Removed.



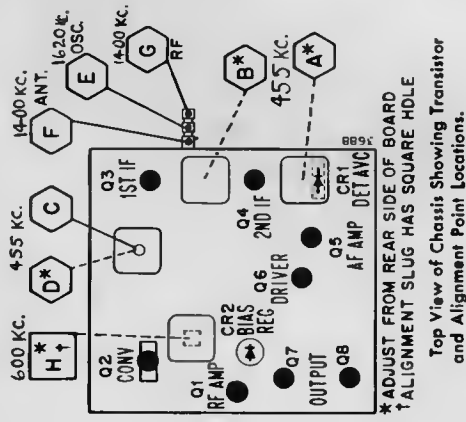
Rear View of Etched Wiring Board. Gray area represents etched wiring, black symbols and lines represent components on opposite side.



**REMOVING CHASSIS FROM CABINET**

1. Remove the two knobs plus the two chassis mounting screws at the bottom of the cabinet, if used.
2. Unsnap back cover and remove battery case.
3. Remove the two nuts at the right corners of the chassis.
4. Keeping one hand on front escutcheon, slide chassis to right to remove from cabinet.

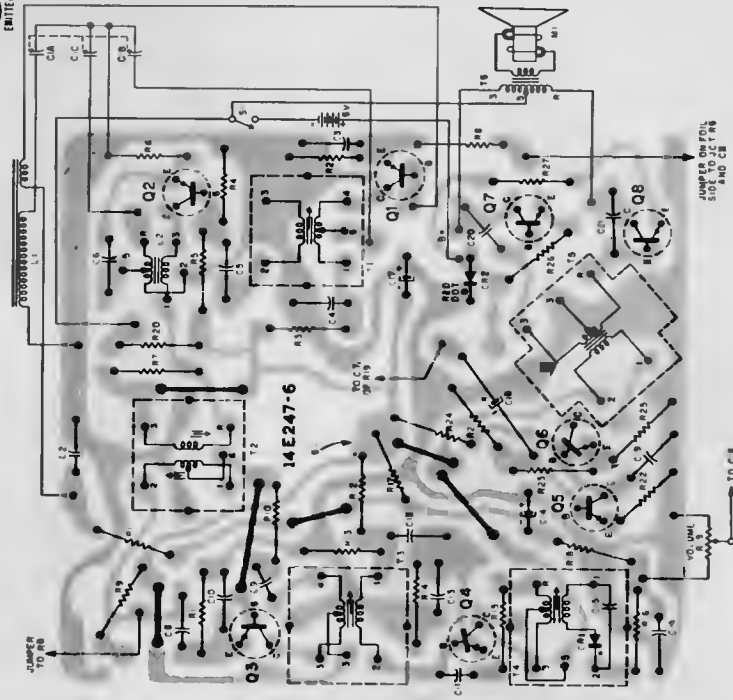
**NOTE:** The left side of the chassis (from rear) is held only by two flanges on the escutcheon.  
**WARNING: NEVER ALLOW THE BATTERY CONNECTORS ON BATTERY HOLDER TO COME IN CONTACT WITH THE METAL CHASSIS.**  
 The contact of the negative clip to the metal chassis, even with the set turned off, can damage the "Battery Miser" diode.



\* ADJUST FROM REAR SIDE OF BOARD  
 † ALIGNMENT SLUG HAS SQUARE HDLE  
 Top View of Chassis Showing Transistor and Alignment Point Locations.

**NOTES:**

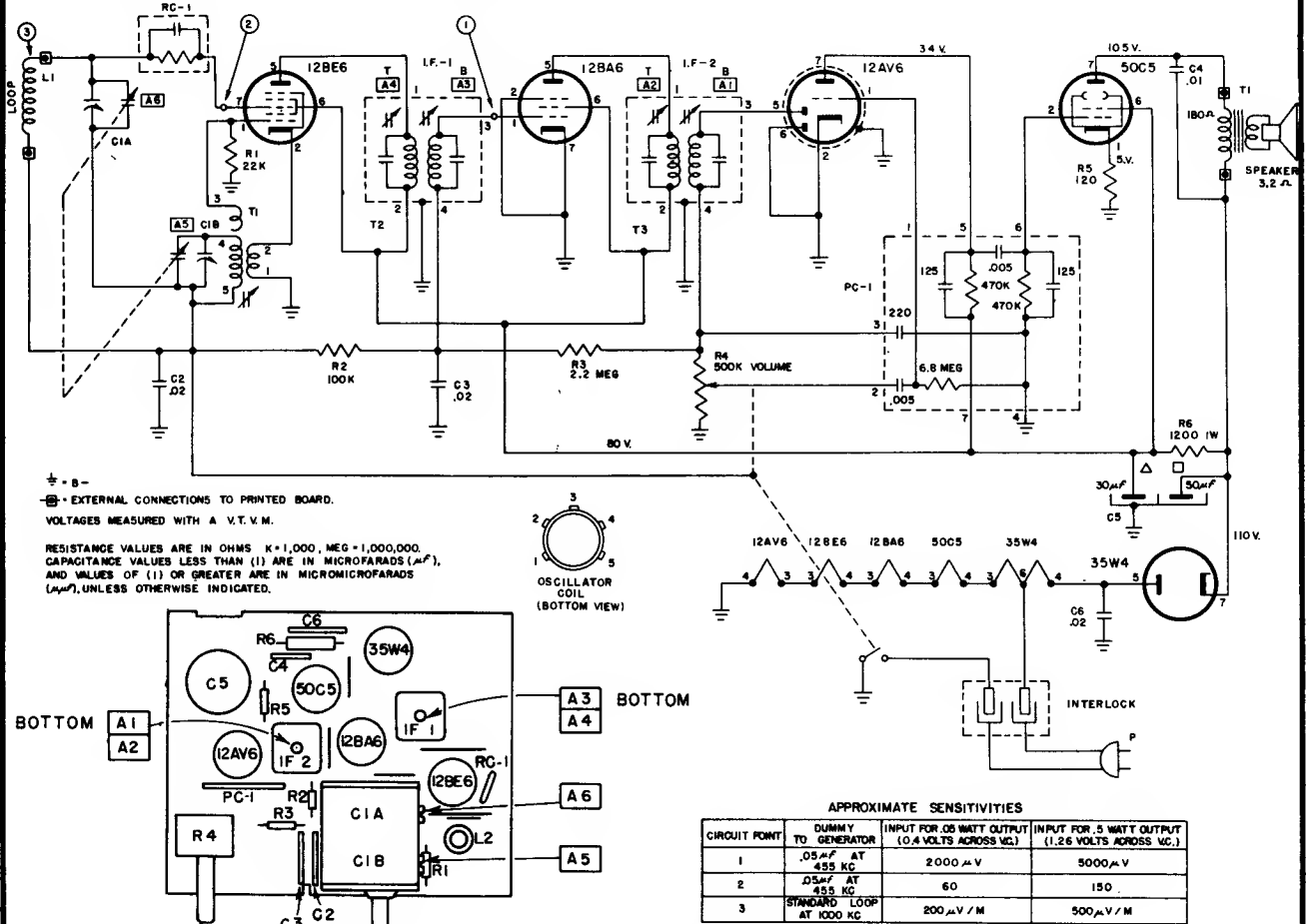
1. USE SHIELDING FOR ALL HIGH FREQUENCY COMPONENTS.
2. USE CAPACITORS WITH DIELECTRIC LOSS TANGENT VALUES IN ORDER OF 0.001.
3. USE RESISTORS WITH TOLERANCE VALUES IN ORDER OF 1%.
4. USE 1/2 WATT RESISTORS.
5. USE 1/4 WATT RESISTORS.
6. USE 1/8 WATT RESISTORS.
7. USE 1/16 WATT RESISTORS.
8. USE 1/32 WATT RESISTORS.
9. USE 1/64 WATT RESISTORS.
10. USE 1/128 WATT RESISTORS.
11. USE 1/256 WATT RESISTORS.
12. USE 1/512 WATT RESISTORS.
13. USE 1/1024 WATT RESISTORS.
14. USE 1/2048 WATT RESISTORS.
15. USE 1/4096 WATT RESISTORS.
16. USE 1/8192 WATT RESISTORS.
17. USE 1/16384 WATT RESISTORS.
18. USE 1/32768 WATT RESISTORS.
19. USE 1/65536 WATT RESISTORS.
20. USE 1/131072 WATT RESISTORS.
21. USE 1/262144 WATT RESISTORS.
22. USE 1/524288 WATT RESISTORS.
23. USE 1/1048576 WATT RESISTORS.
24. USE 1/2097152 WATT RESISTORS.
25. USE 1/4194304 WATT RESISTORS.
26. USE 1/8388608 WATT RESISTORS.
27. USE 1/16777216 WATT RESISTORS.
28. USE 1/33554432 WATT RESISTORS.
29. USE 1/67108864 WATT RESISTORS.
30. USE 1/134217728 WATT RESISTORS.
31. USE 1/268435456 WATT RESISTORS.
32. USE 1/536870912 WATT RESISTORS.
33. USE 1/1073741824 WATT RESISTORS.
34. USE 1/2147483648 WATT RESISTORS.
35. USE 1/4294967296 WATT RESISTORS.
36. USE 1/8589934592 WATT RESISTORS.
37. USE 1/17179869184 WATT RESISTORS.
38. USE 1/34359738368 WATT RESISTORS.
39. USE 1/68719476736 WATT RESISTORS.
40. USE 1/137438953472 WATT RESISTORS.
41. USE 1/274877906944 WATT RESISTORS.
42. USE 1/549755813888 WATT RESISTORS.
43. USE 1/1099511627776 WATT RESISTORS.
44. USE 1/2199023255552 WATT RESISTORS.
45. USE 1/4398046511104 WATT RESISTORS.
46. USE 1/8796093022208 WATT RESISTORS.
47. USE 1/17592186044416 WATT RESISTORS.
48. USE 1/35184372088832 WATT RESISTORS.
49. USE 1/70368744177664 WATT RESISTORS.
50. USE 1/140737488355328 WATT RESISTORS.
51. USE 1/281474976710656 WATT RESISTORS.
52. USE 1/562949953421312 WATT RESISTORS.
53. USE 1/1125899906842624 WATT RESISTORS.
54. USE 1/2251799813685248 WATT RESISTORS.
55. USE 1/4503599627370496 WATT RESISTORS.
56. USE 1/9007199254740992 WATT RESISTORS.
57. USE 1/18014398509481984 WATT RESISTORS.
58. USE 1/36028797018963968 WATT RESISTORS.
59. USE 1/72057594037927936 WATT RESISTORS.
60. USE 1/144115188075855872 WATT RESISTORS.
61. USE 1/288230376151711744 WATT RESISTORS.
62. USE 1/576460752303423488 WATT RESISTORS.
63. USE 1/1152921504606846976 WATT RESISTORS.
64. USE 1/2305843009213693952 WATT RESISTORS.
65. USE 1/4611686018427387904 WATT RESISTORS.
66. USE 1/9223372036854775808 WATT RESISTORS.
67. USE 1/18446744073709551616 WATT RESISTORS.
68. USE 1/36893488147419103232 WATT RESISTORS.
69. USE 1/73786976294838206464 WATT RESISTORS.
70. USE 1/147573952589676412928 WATT RESISTORS.
71. USE 1/295147905179352825856 WATT RESISTORS.
72. USE 1/590295810358705651712 WATT RESISTORS.
73. USE 1/1180591620717411303424 WATT RESISTORS.
74. USE 1/2361183241434822606848 WATT RESISTORS.
75. USE 1/4722366482869645213696 WATT RESISTORS.
76. USE 1/9444732965739290427392 WATT RESISTORS.
77. USE 1/18889465931478580854784 WATT RESISTORS.
78. USE 1/37778931862957161709568 WATT RESISTORS.
79. USE 1/75557863725914323419136 WATT RESISTORS.
80. USE 1/151115727451828646838272 WATT RESISTORS.
81. USE 1/302231454903657293676544 WATT RESISTORS.
82. USE 1/604462909807314587353088 WATT RESISTORS.
83. USE 1/1208925819614629174706176 WATT RESISTORS.
84. USE 1/2417851639229258349412352 WATT RESISTORS.
85. USE 1/4835703278458516698824704 WATT RESISTORS.
86. USE 1/9671406556917033397649408 WATT RESISTORS.
87. USE 1/19342813113834066795298816 WATT RESISTORS.
88. USE 1/38685626227668133590597632 WATT RESISTORS.
89. USE 1/77371252455336267181195264 WATT RESISTORS.
90. USE 1/154742504910672534362390512 WATT RESISTORS.
91. USE 1/309485009821345068724781024 WATT RESISTORS.
92. USE 1/618970019642690137449562048 WATT RESISTORS.
93. USE 1/1237940039285380274899244096 WATT RESISTORS.
94. USE 1/2475880078570760549798488192 WATT RESISTORS.
95. USE 1/4951760157141521099596977384 WATT RESISTORS.
96. USE 1/9903520314283042199193954768 WATT RESISTORS.
97. USE 1/19807040628566084398387909536 WATT RESISTORS.
98. USE 1/39614081257132168796775819072 WATT RESISTORS.
99. USE 1/79228162514264337593551638144 WATT RESISTORS.
100. USE 1/158456325028528675187103276288 WATT RESISTORS.



Rear View of Etched Wiring Board. Gray area represents etched wiring, black symbols and lines represent components on opposite side.

**Admiral** MODEL Y2127 CHASSIS 8D2

# ARVIN RADIO MODELS 10R16 10R18 CODE 1.42202



## ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

### PRELIMINARY:

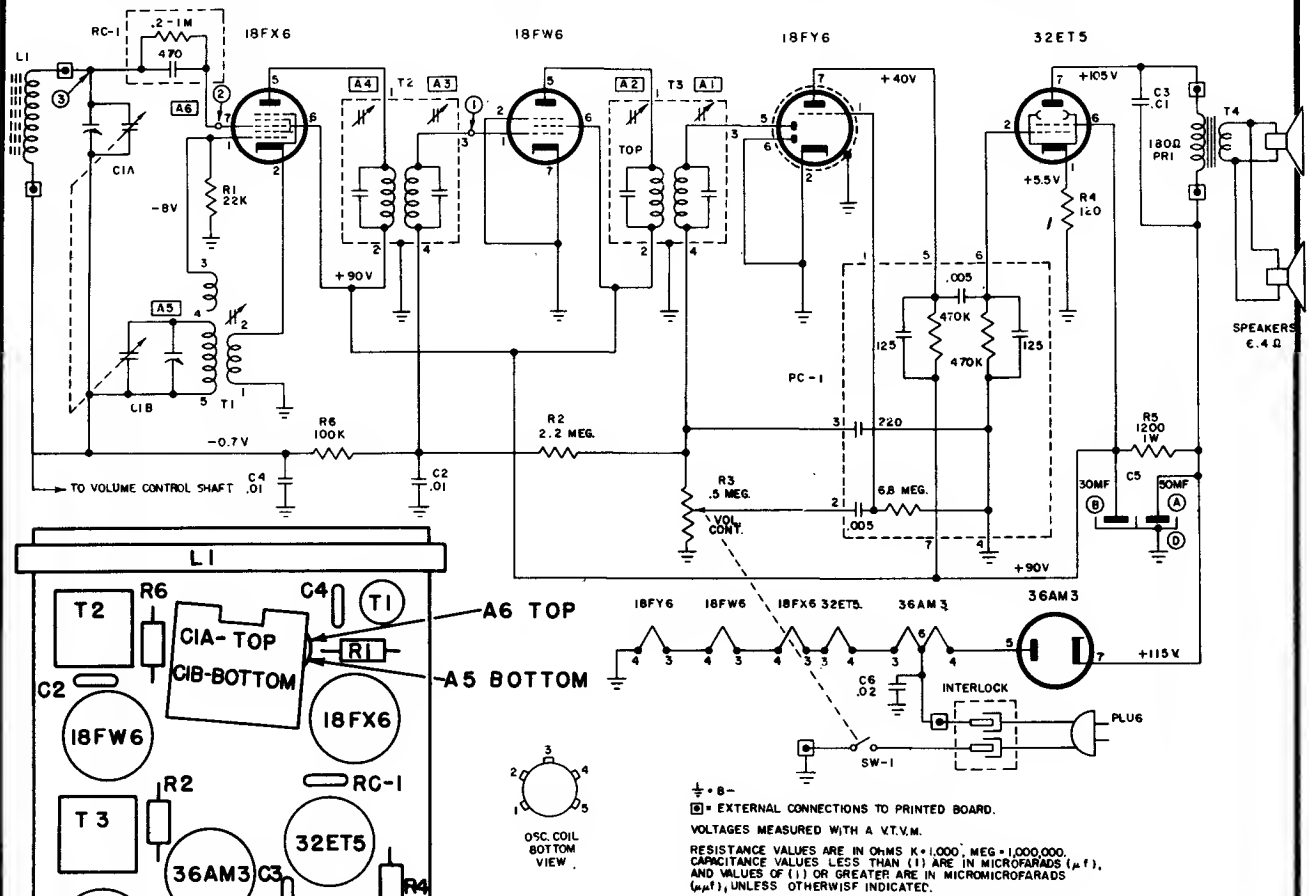
- Output meter connection ..... Across speaker voice coil
- Output meter reading to indicate 500 milliwatts (standard output) ... 1.26 volts
- Connection of generator ground lead ..... Floating ground
- Generator modulation ..... 30% 400 cycles
- Position of Volume Control ..... Fully clockwise

Position of Variable	Frequency of Generator	Dummy Antenna	Generator Output Connection	Trimmers Adjusted in Order Shown for Maximum Output	Function of Trimmer
Open	455 Kc	.05 $\mu$ fd	Pin 7 12BE6	A1, A2, A3, A4	I. F. Oscillator Antenna
Open	1670 Kc		* Test Loop	A5	
1400	1400 Kc		* Test Loop	A6	
1000	1000 Kc		* Test Loop	Fan C1A Plates	
600	600 Kc		* Test Loop	Fan C1A Plates	

\* Standard Hazeltine Test Loop Model 1150 or 3 turns of wire about 6" in diameter placed about one foot from the set loop.

The alignment procedure should be repeated in the original order for greatest accuracy. Always keep the output from the signal generator at its lowest possible value to make the AVC action of the receiver ineffective.

**ARVIN MODELS 10R32 10R38 10R39 CHASSIS 1. 49801**



**ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE**

Output meter connection ... Across speaker voice coil  
 Connection of generator ground lead .. Floating ground  
 Generator modulation ..... 30% 400 cycles  
 Position of Volume Control..... Fully clockwise

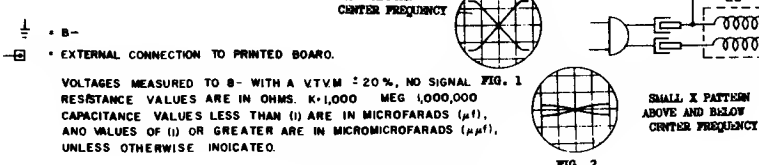
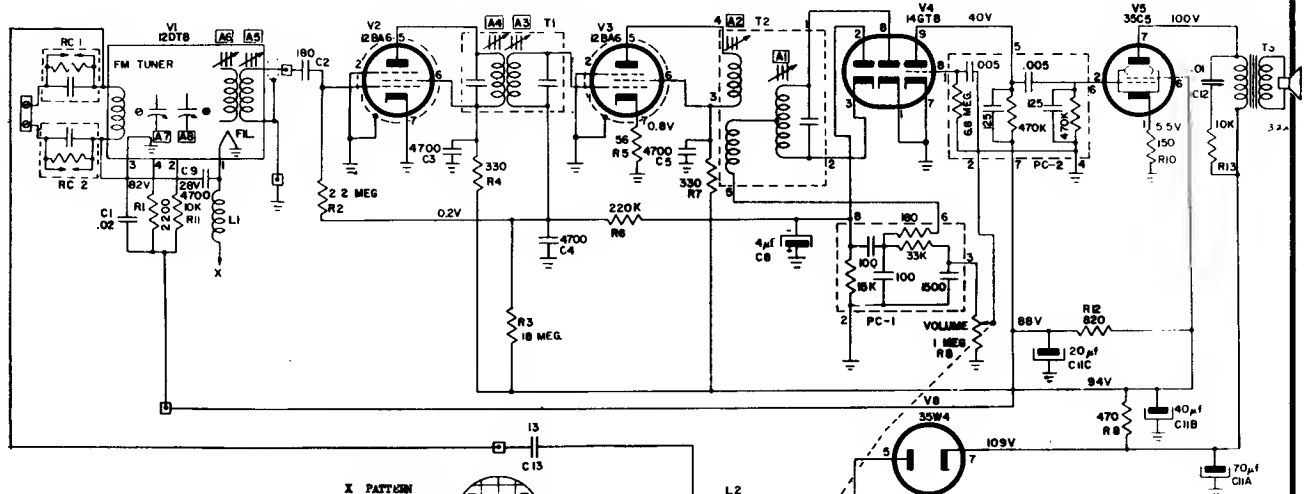
Position of Variable	Frequency of Generator	Dummy Antenna	Generator Output Connection	Trimmers Adjusted in Order Shown for Maximum Output	Function of Trimmer
Open	455 Kc	.05 $\mu$ fd	Pin 7 18FX6	A1, A2, A3, A4	I. F. Oscillator Antenna
Open	1670 Kc		* Test Loop	A5	
1400	1400 Kc		* Test Loop	A6	
1000	1000 Kc		* Test Loop	Fan C1A Plates	
600.	600 Kc		* Test Loop	Fan C1A Plates	

\* Standard Hazeltine Test Loop Model 1150 or 3 turns of wire about 6" in diameter placed about one foot from the set loop.  
 The alignment procedure should be repeated in the original order, for greatest accuracy. Always keep the output from the signal generator at its lowest possible value to make the AVC action of the receiver ineffective.

ARVIN

MODELS 30R12 30R18

CODE 1. 48101  
CODE 1. 48102

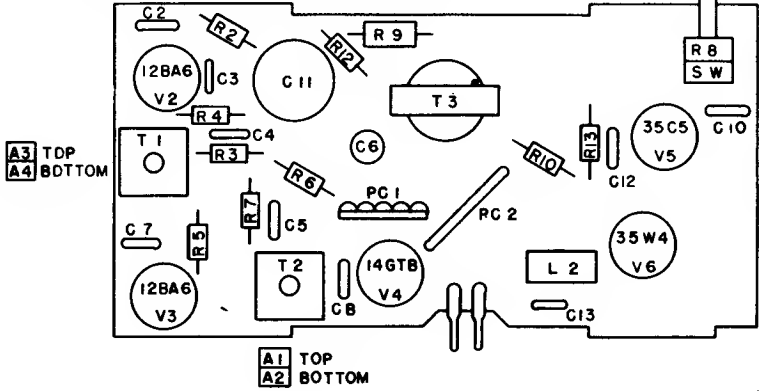
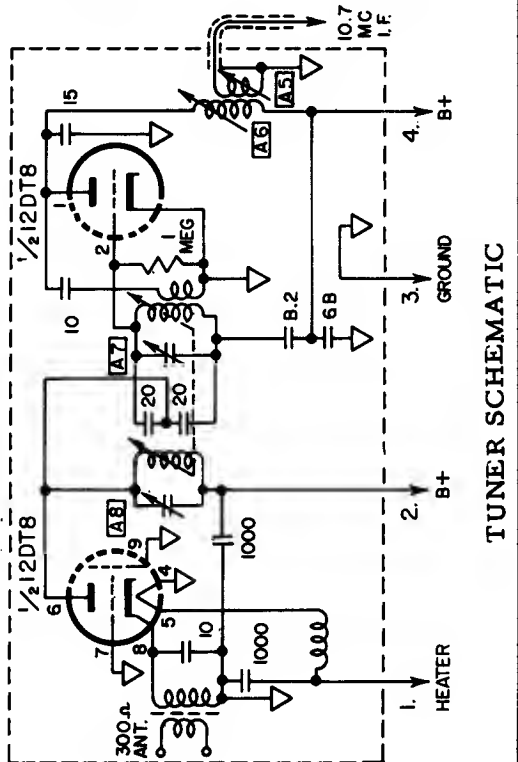
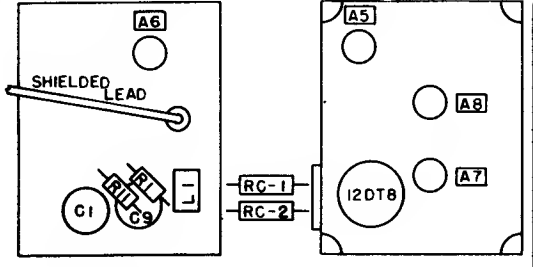


• B-  
• EXTERNAL CONNECTION TO PRINTED BOARD.

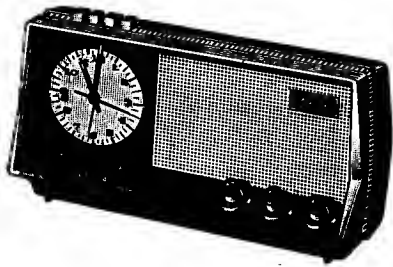
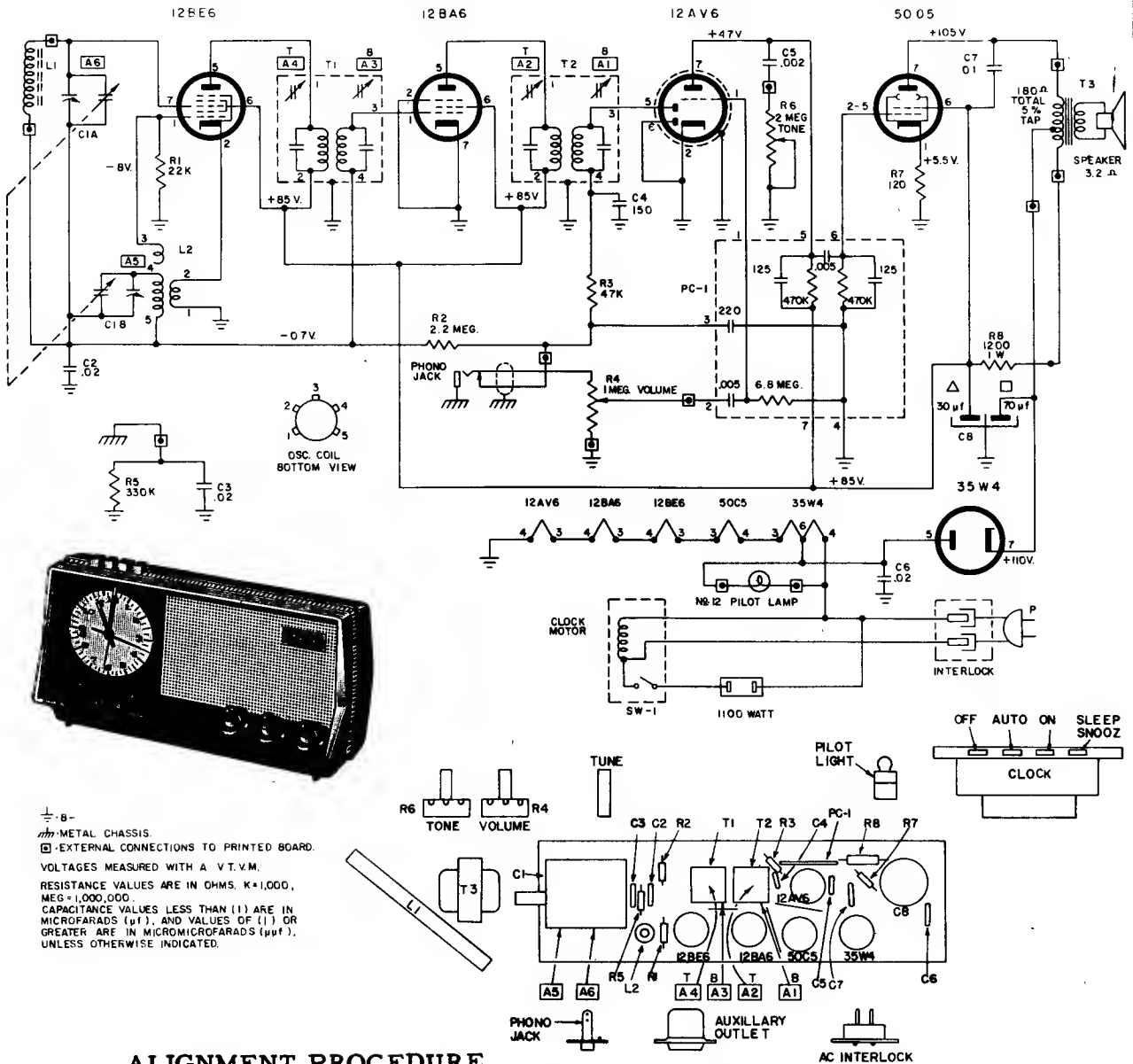
VOLTAGES MEASURED TO B- WITH A VTVM  $\pm 20\%$ , NO SIGNAL FIG. 1  
RESISTANCE VALUES ARE IN OHMS, K=1,000, MEG=1,000,000  
CAPACITANCE VALUES LESS THAN (1) ARE IN MICROFARADS ( $\mu$ f),  
AND VALUES OF (1) OR GREATER ARE IN MICROMICROFARADS ( $\mu\mu$ f),  
UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED.

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

- Detector and I. F. alignment using signal Generator and Oscilloscope.
1. Connect FM Generator, High Side, to grid (pin 1) of 12BA6 2nd I. F. tube through .01 mfd. dummy.
  2. Set generator frequency to 10.7 Mc. modulated either 60 cycles or 400 cycles, 480 Kc sweep (240 Kc deviation)
  3. Connect vertical input of scope across volume control of receiver (grounded terminal to B-, ungrounded terminal to high side of control).
  4. Set scope switch for internal synchronization and set horizontal oscillator to 2X frequency of modulating voltage of generator. (120 or 800 cycles)
  5. Tune FM to high end of band.
  6. Adjust frequency vernier of horizontal oscillator on scope until the pattern becomes stationary.
  7. Adjust ratio detector primary slug No. A2 (outer peak) for maximum vertical sweep of the scope pattern.
  8. Adjust ratio detector secondary slug No. A1 (outer peak) to center the cross-over point of the pattern. Pattern should look like Figure 1, with the same amount of curve on both ends, and the cross-over point in the center.
  9. Adjust I. F. slug A3, A4 (outer peak) for greatest vertical sweep of the pattern, consistent with linearity. If the I. F. slug are adjusted for maximum sweep of the pattern, the pattern may become non-linear. Therefore, adjustment should be made for the greatest sweep which can be obtained and still have all four ends of the "X" pattern similar in size and shape.
  10. Connect generator to antenna screws on the back of the chassis.
  11. Adjust tuner slug A5, A6 for greatest vertical sweep consistent with linearity.
  12. Check the alignment of the I. F. and detector circuits by varying the signal generator frequency above and below the center frequency of 10.7 Mc. If the receiver is perfectly aligned, two small "x" patterns of similar size and shape will result, one on either side of the center frequency. See Figure 2.



# ARVIN RADIO MODELS 50R65 50R67 CODE 1.47001



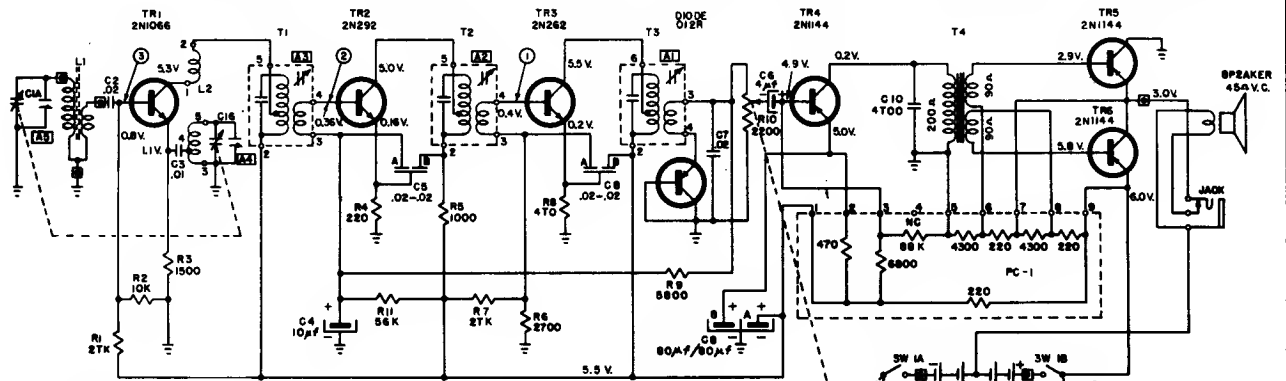
⊕ - B -  
 METAL CHASSIS.  
 □ - EXTERNAL CONNECTIONS TO PRINTED BOARD.  
 VOLTAGES MEASURED WITH A V.T.V.M.  
 RESISTANCE VALUES ARE IN OHMS, K=1,000,  
 MEG=1,000,000.  
 CAPACITANCE VALUES LESS THAN (1) ARE IN  
 MICROFARADS (μf), AND VALUES OF (1) OR  
 GREATER ARE IN MICROMICROFARADS (μμf).  
 UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED.

## ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

Position of Variable	Frequency of Generator	Dummy Antenna	Generator Output Connection	Trimmers Adjusted in Order Shown for Maximum Output	Functions of Trimmer
Open	455	.05 μf	Pin 7 12BE6	A1, A2, A3, A4	I.F. Oscillator Antenna
Open	1670		* Test Loop	A5	
1400	1400		* Test Loop	A6	
600	600		* Test Loop	Check Point	

\* Standard Hazeltine Test Loop Model 1150 or 3 turns of wire about 6" in diameter placed about one foot from the set loop.  
 The alignment procedure should be repeated in the original order for greatest accuracy. Always keep the output from the signal generator at its lowest possible value to make the AVC action of the receiver ineffective.

# Arvin MODELS 60R23 60R28 60R29 CHASSIS 1.49201

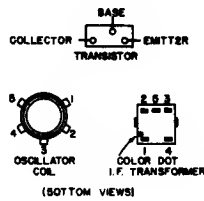


CAPACITANCE VALUES LESS THAN 1.0 ARE IN MICROFARADS ( $\mu$ F), AND VALUES GREATER THAN 1.0 ARE IN MICRO-MICROFARADS ( $\mu$ M) EXCEPT WHERE NOTED.

VOLTAGE READINGS TO COMMON GROUND ARE MEASURED WITH VACUUM TUBE VOLTMETER UNDER NO SIGNAL CONDITIONS WITH TUNING CAPACITOR CLOSED AND VOLUME CONTROL AT MAXIMUM CLOCKWISE ROTATION.

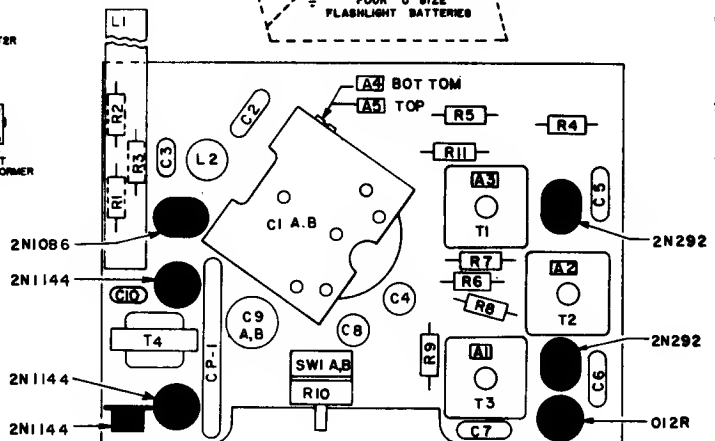
RESISTANCE VALUES ARE IN OHMS, K=1000.

⊕=COMMON GROUND SYMBOL.  
⊗=EXTERNAL CONNECTION TO PRINTED CIRCUIT.  
TOTAL BATTERY CURRENT DRAIN UNDER NO SIGNAL CONDITIONS, 5 TO 8 MA.

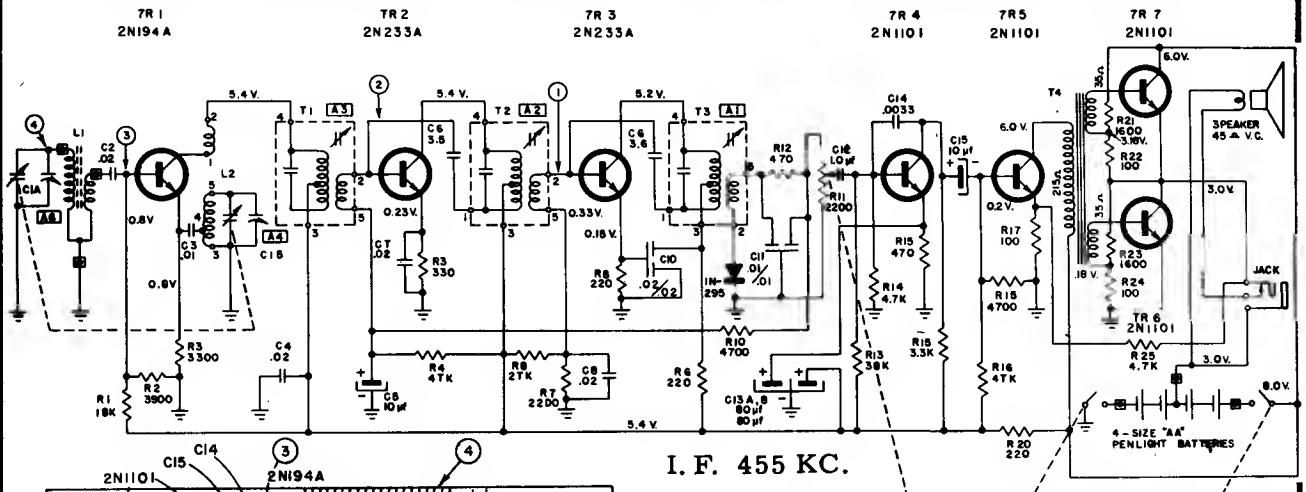


I. F. 455 KC.

SIGNAL TEST POINTS	T88T FREQUENCY	SERIES CAPACITOR TO GENERATOR	INPUT FOR 8MM OUTPUT (ATV ADDRESS 45A)
①	455 KC	.05 $\mu$ F	2000 $\mu$ V
②	455 KC	.05 $\mu$ F	110 $\mu$ V
③	455 KC	.05 $\mu$ F	4 $\mu$ V
④	1000 KC	STANDARD LOOP	300 $\mu$ V M



# Arvin MODELS 60R47 & 60R49 CHASSIS 1.50401



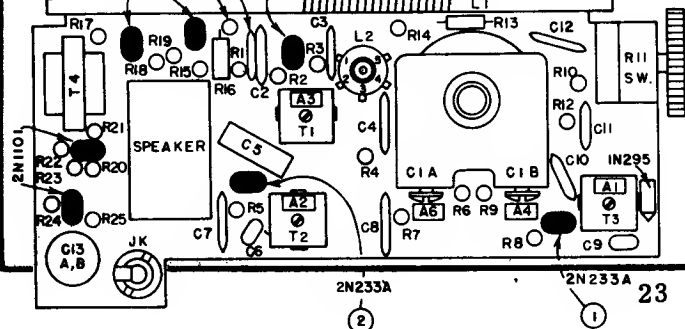
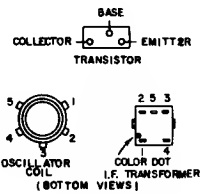
I. F. 455 KC.

CAPACITANCE VALUES LESS THAN 1.0 ARE IN MICROFARADS ( $\mu$ F) AND VALUES GREATER THAN 1.0 ARE IN MICRO-MICROFARADS ( $\mu$ M) EXCEPT WHERE NOTED.

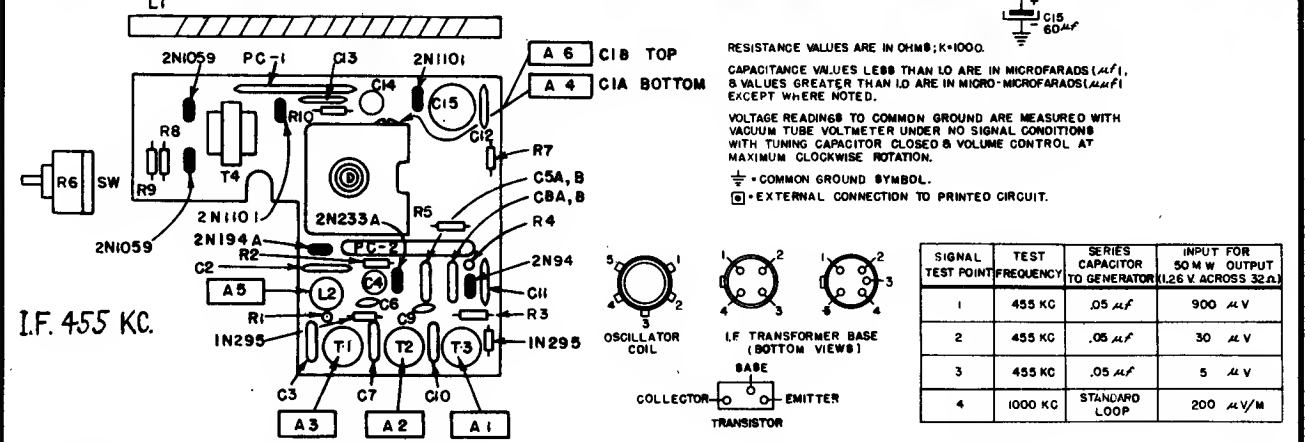
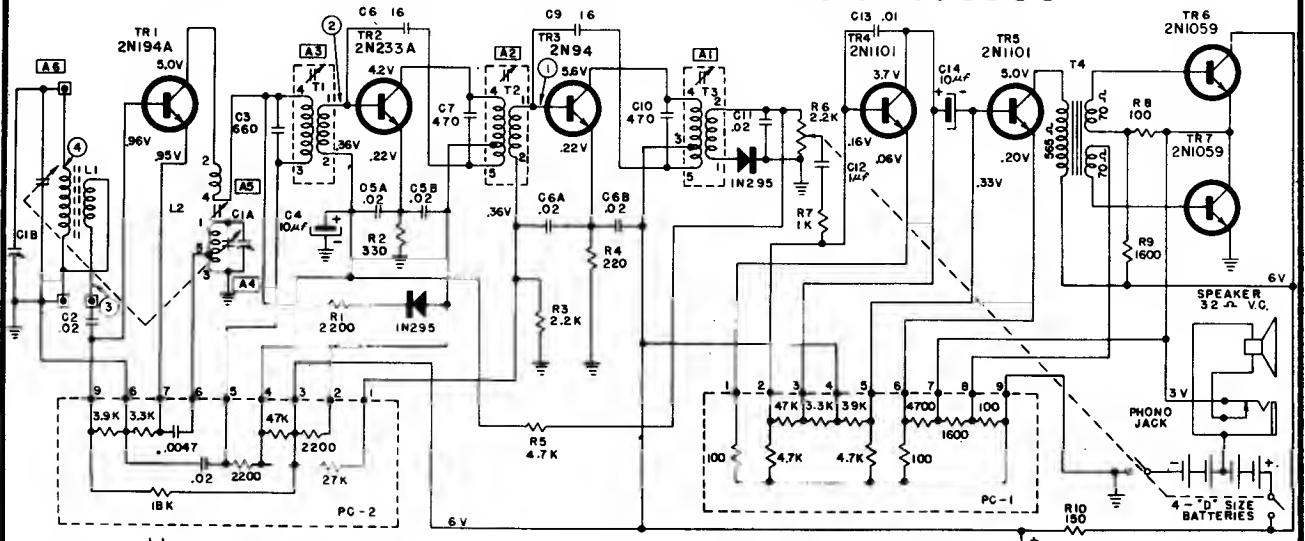
VOLTAGE READINGS TO COMMON GROUND ARE MEASURED WITH VACUUM TUBE VOLTMETER UNDER NO SIGNAL CONDITIONS WITH TUNING CAPACITOR CLOSED AND VOLUME CONTROL AT MAXIMUM CLOCKWISE ROTATION.

RESISTANCE VALUES ARE IN OHMS, K=1000.

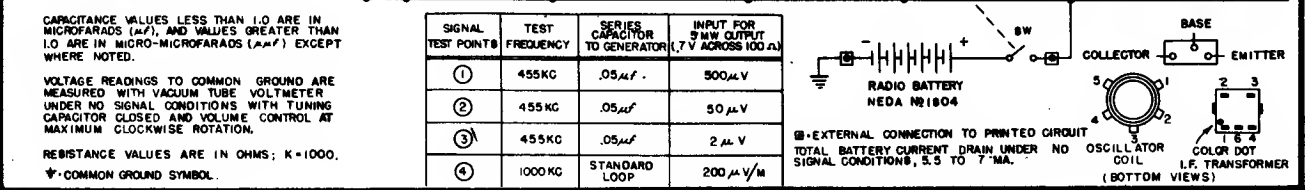
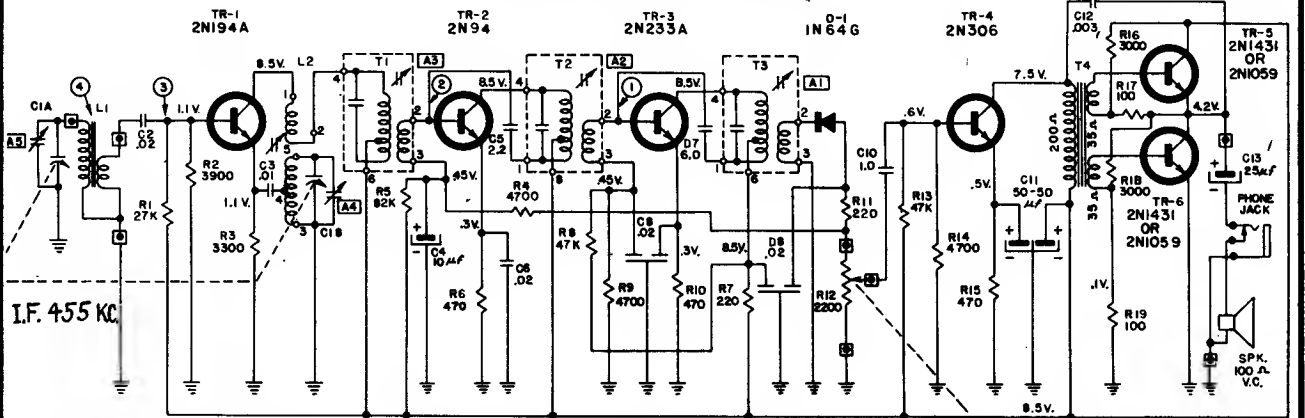
⊕=COMMON GROUND SYMBOL.  
⊗=EXTERNAL CONNECTION TO PRINTED CIRCUIT.  
TOTAL BATTERY CURRENT DRAIN UNDER NO SIGNAL CONDITIONS, 7 TO 11 MA.



# Arvin MODEL 60R58 CHASSIS 1.50300



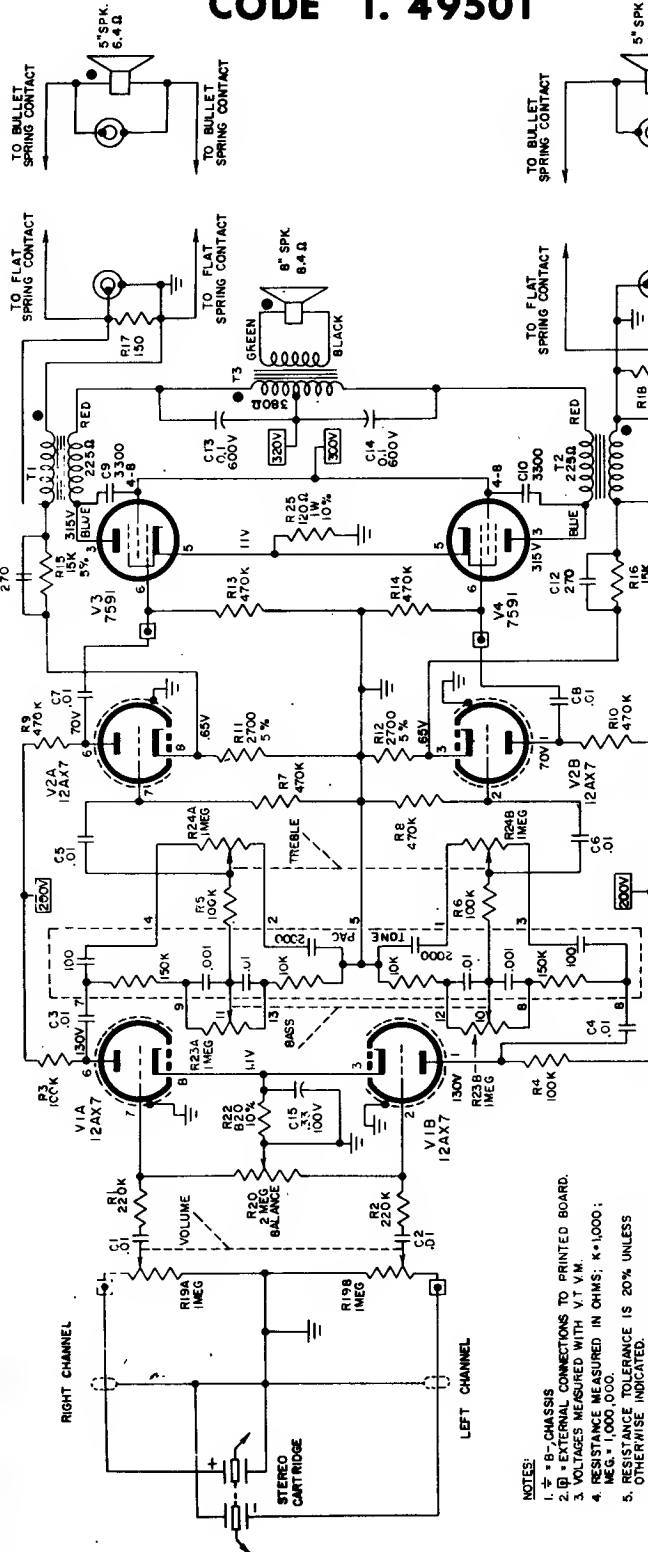
# ARVIN MODELS 60R63 & 60R69 CHASSIS 1.50101 60R73 & 60R79



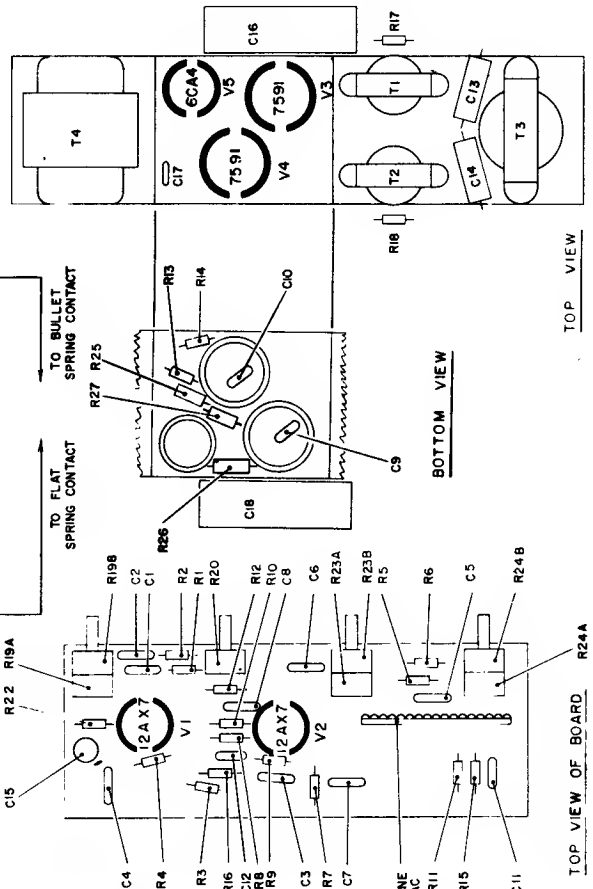
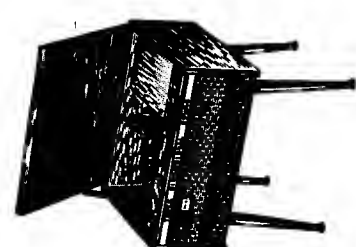


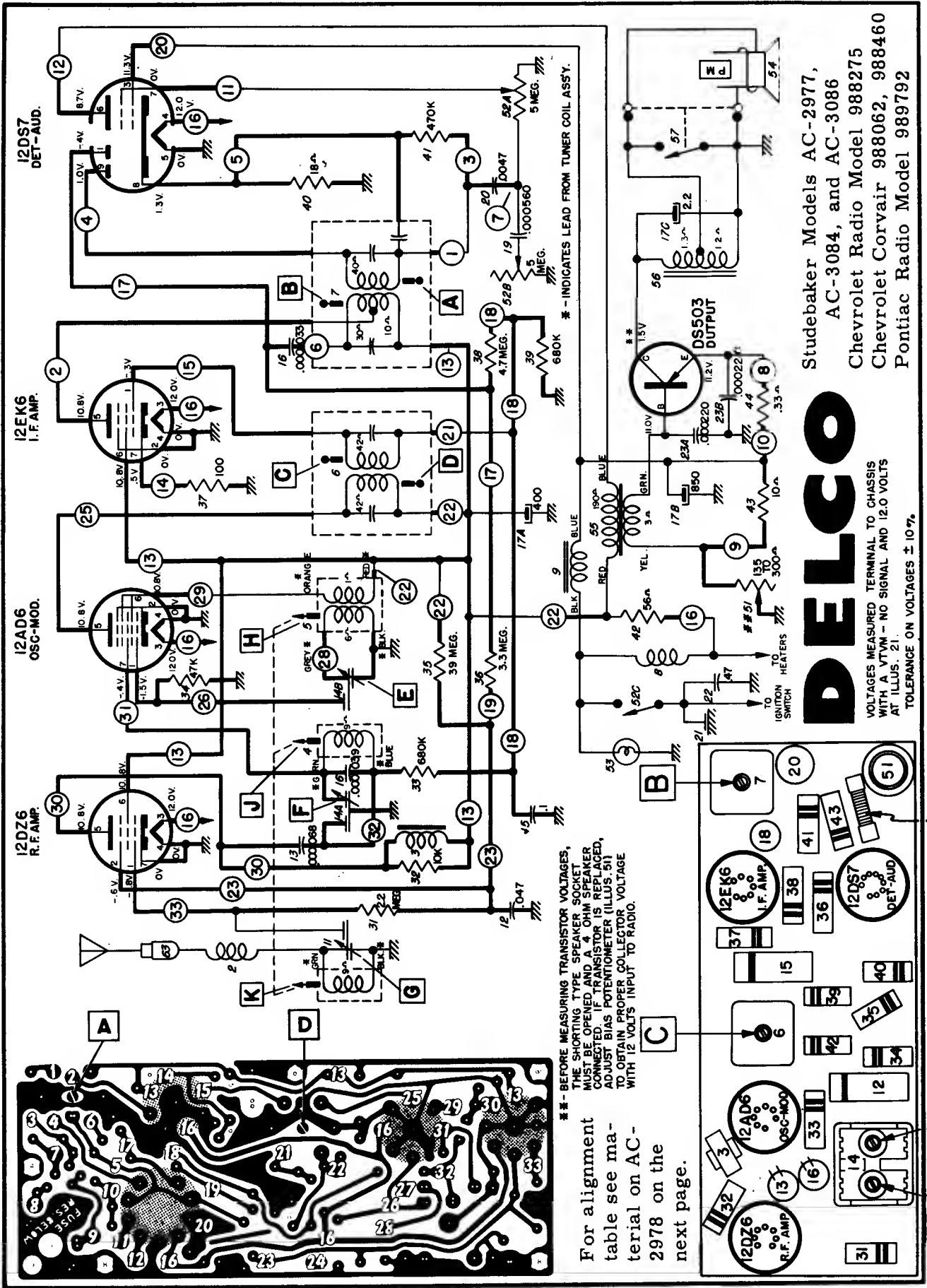
# ARVIN PHONOGRAPH

MODEL 90P53  
MODEL 90P58  
CODE 1. 49501



- NOTES:
1.  $\nabla$  - B - CHASSIS
  2. B - EXTERNAL CONNECTIONS TO PRINTED BOARD.
  3. VOLTAGE MEASURED WITH V.T. V.M.
  4. RESISTANCE MEASURED IN OHMS; K=1,000; MEG.=1,000,000.
  5. RESISTANCE TOLERANCE IS 20% UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED.
  6. CAPACITANCE VALUES LESS THAN ONE (1) ARE IN MICROFARADS ( $\mu$ F), AND VALUES OF ONE (1) OR GREATER ARE IN MICRO-MICROFARADS ( $\mu\mu$ F) UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED.
  7. COMPONENTS IN THIS AMPLIFIER ARE INTERCONNECTED TO RESULT IN A CONSISTANT PHASE RELATION BETWEEN APPLIED VOLTAGE AND VOICE COIL MOVEMENT (I.E. A POSITIVE VOLTAGE MOVES VOICE COIL OUTWARD, AND A NEGATIVE VOLTAGE MOVES VOICE COIL INWARD) AND NOT DISTURB THIS PHASE RELATIONSHIP DURING SERVICING
  8. ● PHASING DOT
  9. TRANSFORMER T1/T2 (IN PHASE WITH RED LEAD); T3 (IN PHASE WITH GREEN LEAD); SPEAKERS (POSITIVE VOLTAGE MOVES VOICE COIL OUTWARD)





12DS7  
DET.-AUD.

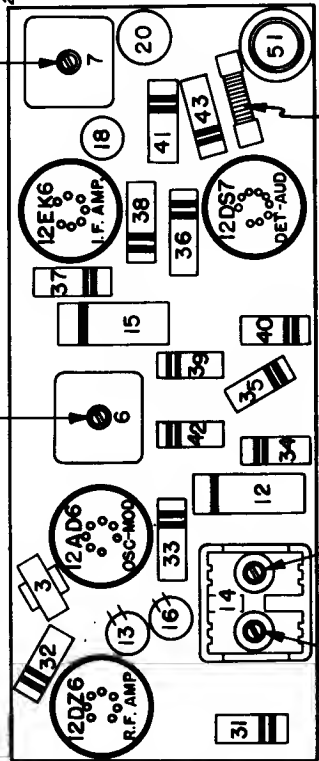
12EK6  
I.F. AMP.

12AD6  
OSC.-MOD.

12DZ6  
R.F. AMP.

\* - BEFORE MEASURING TRANSISTOR VOLTAGES, THE SHORTING TYPE SPEAKER SOCKET MUST BE OPENED AND A 4 OHM SPEAKER CONNECTED. IF TRANSISTOR IS REPLACED, ADJUST BIAS POTENTIOMETER (ILLUS. 51) TO OBTAIN PROPER COLLECTOR VOLTAGE WITH 12 VOLTS' INPUT TO RADIO.

For alignment table see material on AC-2978 on the next page.



Studebaker Models AC-2977,  
AC-3084, and AC-3086  
Chevrolet Radio Model 988275  
Chevrolet Corvair 988062, 988460  
Pontiac Radio Model 989792

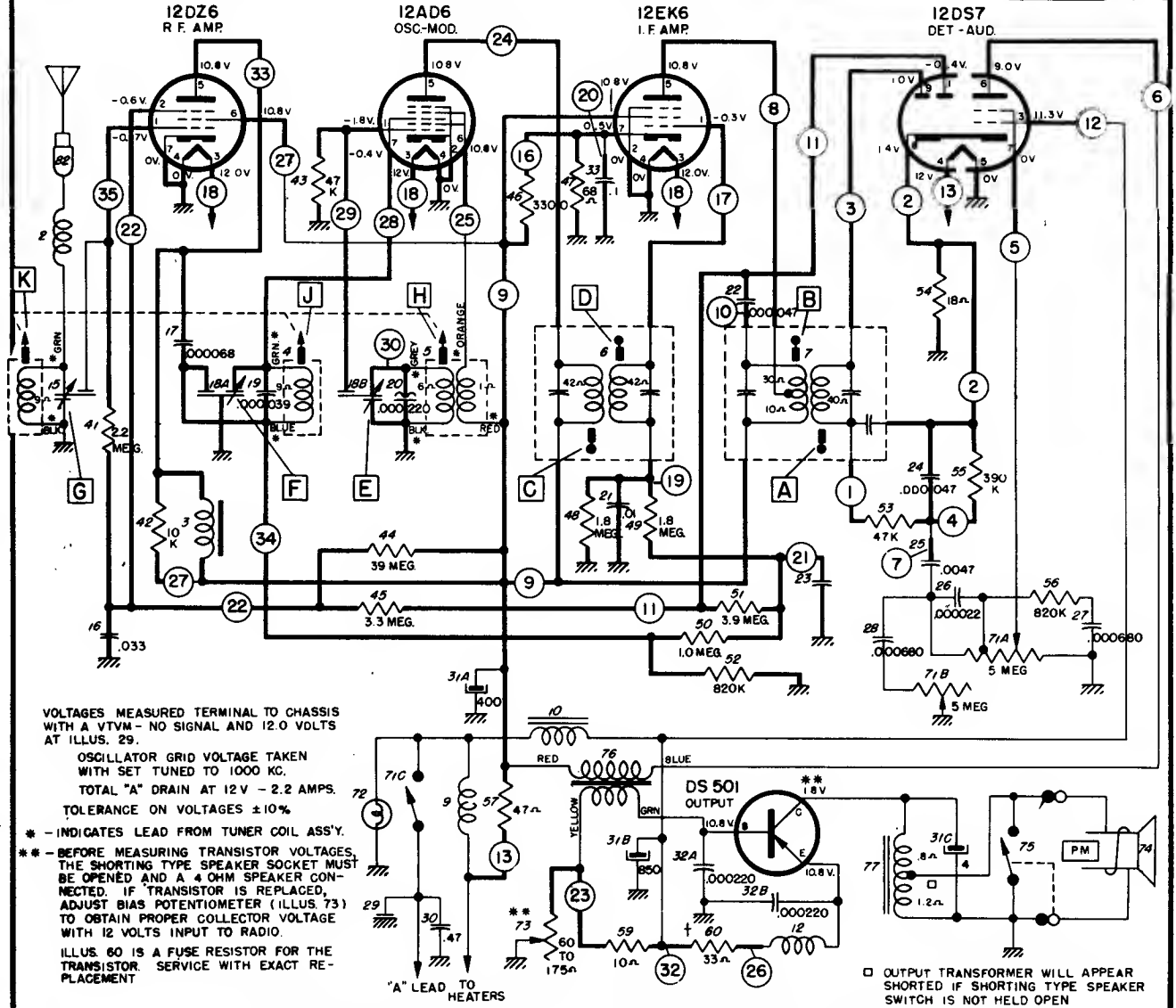
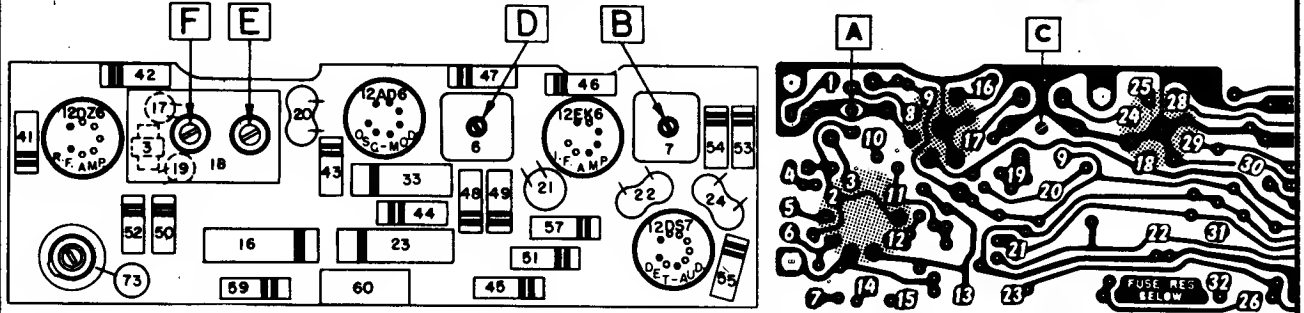
**DELCO**

VOLTAGES MEASURED TERMINAL TO CHASSIS WITH A VTVM - NO SIGNAL AND 12.0 VOLTS AT ILLUS. 21.  
TOLERANCE ON VOLTAGES ± 10%.

# VOLUME R-21, MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED 1961 RADIO SERVICING INFORMATION

## DELCO Studebaker Radio Models AC-2978, AC-3085, AC-3087

STEPS	SERIES CAPACITOR OR DUMMY ANTENNA	CONNECT SIGNAL GENERATOR TO	SIGNAL GENERATOR FREQUENCY	TUNE RECEIVER TO	ADJUST IN SEQUENCE FOR MAX. OUTPUT
1	0.1 Mfd.	12AD6 Grid (Pin #7)	262 KC.	High Frequency Stop	A, B, D, C,
2	0.000068 Mfd.	Antenna Connector	1615 KC.	High Frequency Stop	*E, F, G
3	0.000068 Mfd.	Antenna Connector	600 KC.	Signal Generator Signal	J, K
4	0.000068 Mfd.	Antenna Connector	1615 KC.	High Frequency Stop	F, G



VOLTAGES MEASURED TERMINAL TO CHASSIS WITH A VTVM - NO SIGNAL AND 12.0 VOLTS AT ILLUS. 29.

OSCILLATOR GRID VOLTAGE TAKEN WITH SET TUNED TO 1000 KC.  
TOTAL "A" DRAIN AT 12V - 2.2 AMPS.  
TOLERANCE ON VOLTAGES  $\pm 10\%$

\* - INDICATES LEAD FROM TUNER COIL ASS'Y.  
\*\* - BEFORE MEASURING TRANSISTOR VOLTAGES, THE SHORTING TYPE SPEAKER SOCKET MUST BE OPENED AND A 4 OHM SPEAKER CONNECTED. IF TRANSISTOR IS REPLACED, ADJUST BIAS POTENTIOMETER (ILLUS. 73) TO OBTAIN PROPER COLLECTOR VOLTAGE WITH 12 VOLTS INPUT TO RADIO.  
ILLUS. 60 IS A FUSE RESISTOR FOR THE TRANSISTOR. SERVICE WITH EXACT REPLACEMENT

"A" LEAD TO HEATERS

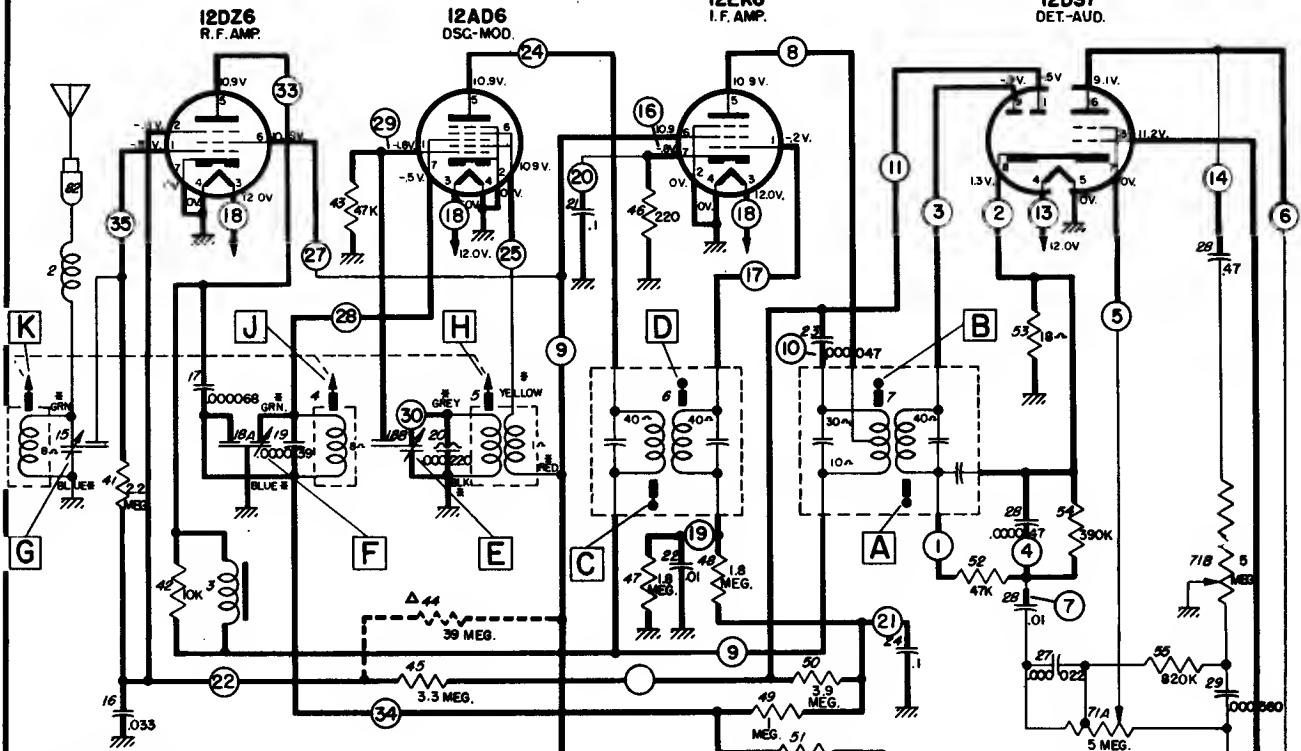
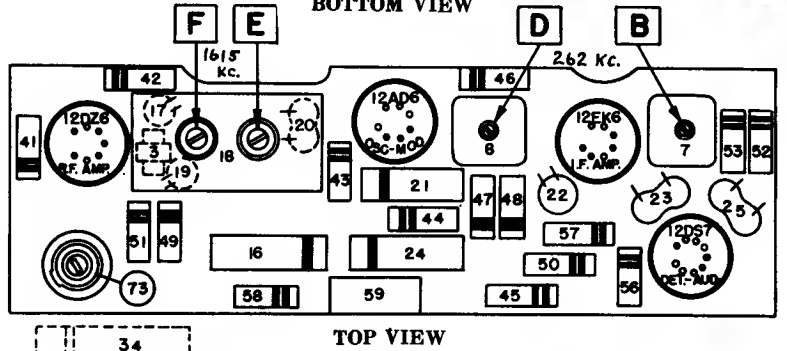
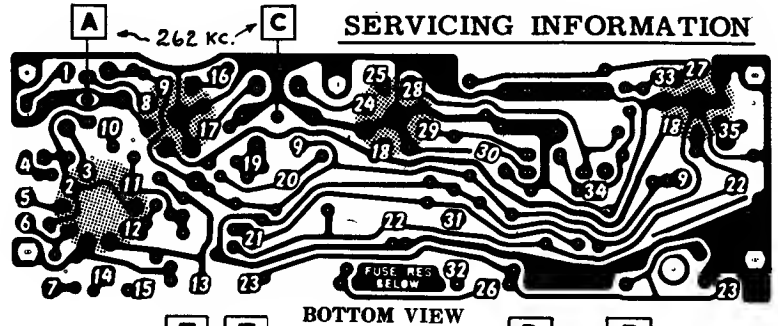
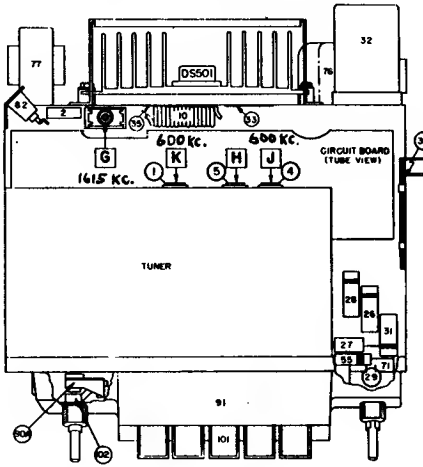
□ OUTPUT TRANSFORMER WILL APPEAR SHORTED IF SHORTING TYPE SPEAKER SWITCH IS NOT HELD OPEN

STUDEBAKER AC-2978—PRINTED CIRCUIT SHOWN IN HEAVY LINES.

# DELCO

BUICK MODEL 980051

## SERVICING INFORMATION



VOLTAGES MEASURED TERMINAL TO CHASSIS WITH A VTVM - NO SIGNAL AND 12.0 VOLTS AT ILLUS. 30.

OSCILLATOR GRID VOLTAGE TAKEN WITH SET TUNED TO 1000 KC.

TOTAL "A" DRAIN AT 12V. - 2.2 AMPS.

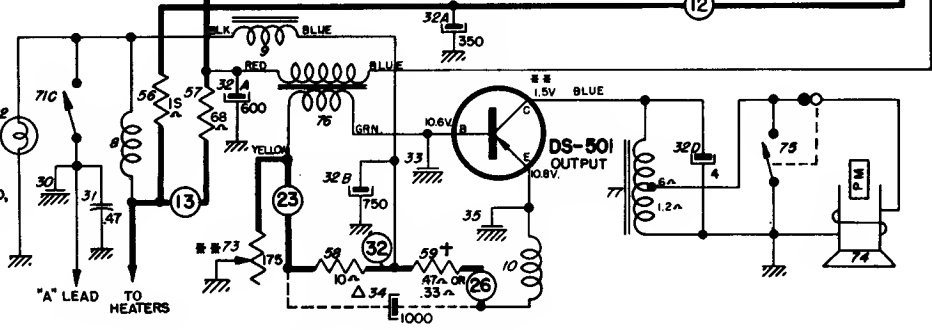
TOLERANCE ON VOLTAGES ± 10%

\* - INDICATES LEAD FROM TUNER COIL ASSY.

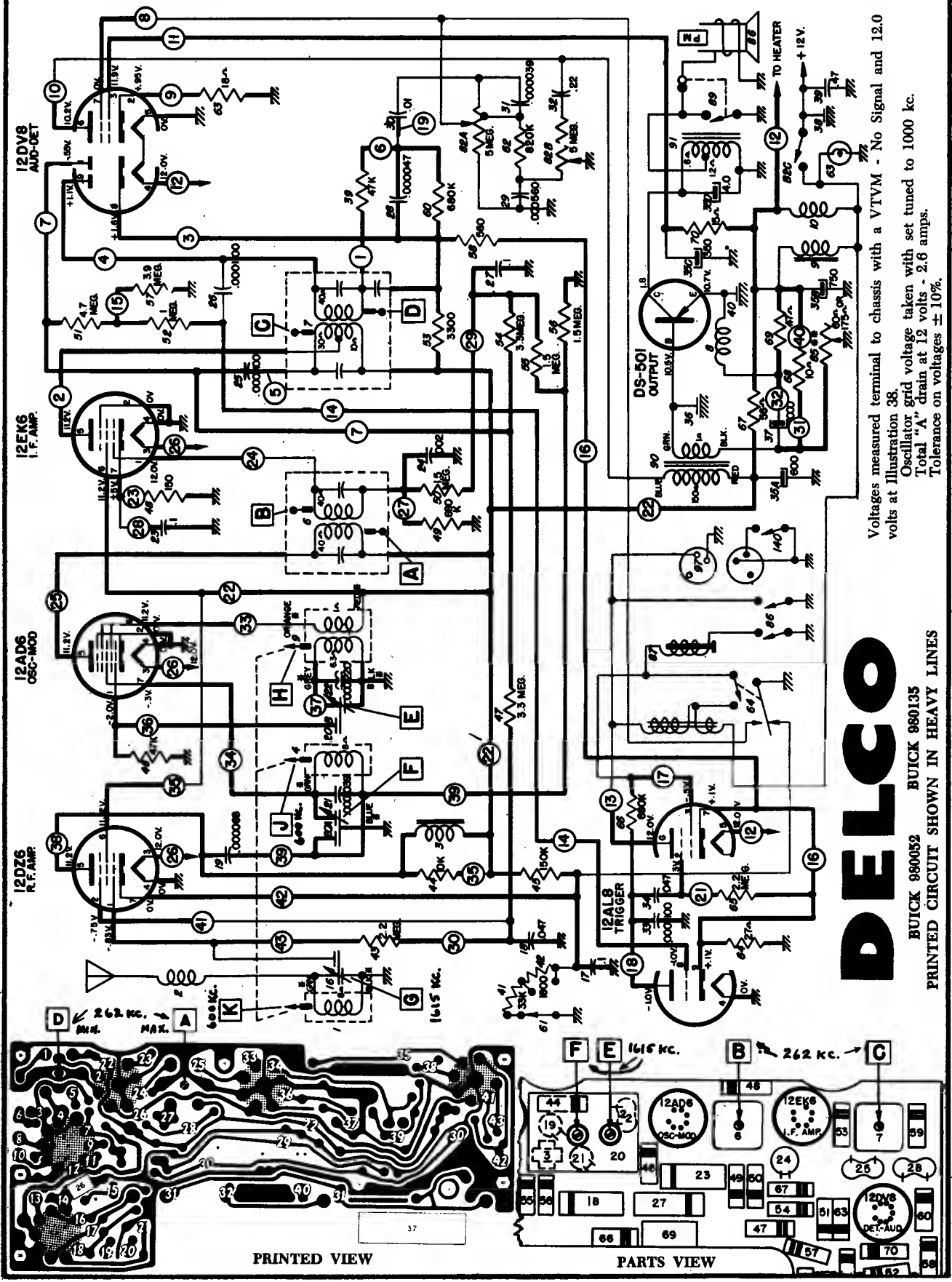
\*\* - BEFORE MEASURING TRANSISTOR VOLTAGES THE SHORTING TYPE SPEAKER SOCKET MUST BE OPENED AND A 4 OHM SPEAKER CONNECTED. IF TRANSISTOR IS REPLACED, ADJUST BIAS POTENTIOMETER (ILLUS. 73) TO OBTAIN PROPER COLLECTOR VOLTAGE WITH 12 VOLTS INPUT TO RADIO.

+ - ILLUS 59 IS A FUSE RESISTOR FOR THE TRANSISTOR.

Δ - THIS PART WILL NOT APPEAR IN ALL RADIOS.



VOLUME R-21, MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED 1961 RADIO SERVICING INFORMATION



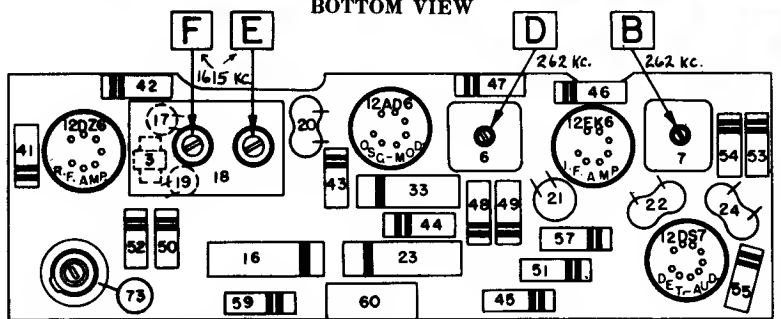
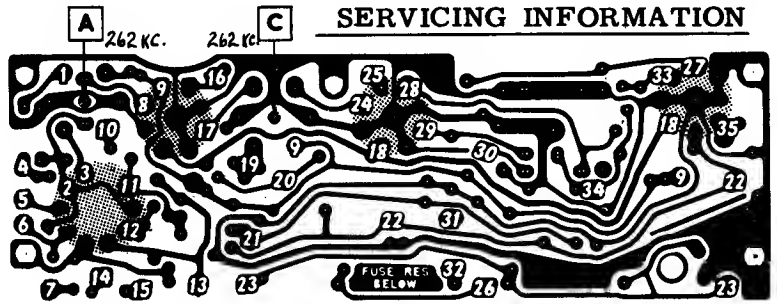
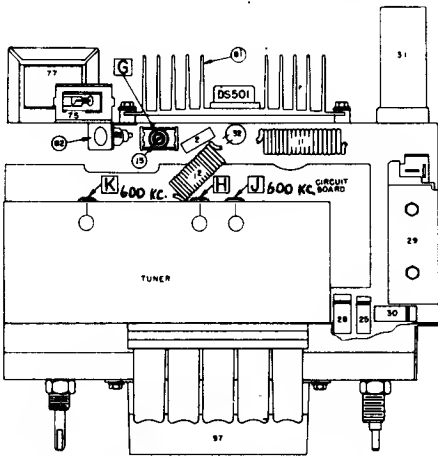
Voltages measured terminal to chassis with a VTVM - No Signal and 12.0 volts at Illustration 38.  
 Oscillator grid voltage taken with set tuned to 1000 kc.  
 Total "A" drain at 12 volts - 2.6 amps.  
 Tolerance on voltages ± 10%.

**DELCO**  
 BUICK 980052 BUICK 980135  
 PRINTED CIRCUIT SHOWN IN HEAVY LINES

# DELCO

CHEVROLET MODEL 988276

SERVICING INFORMATION

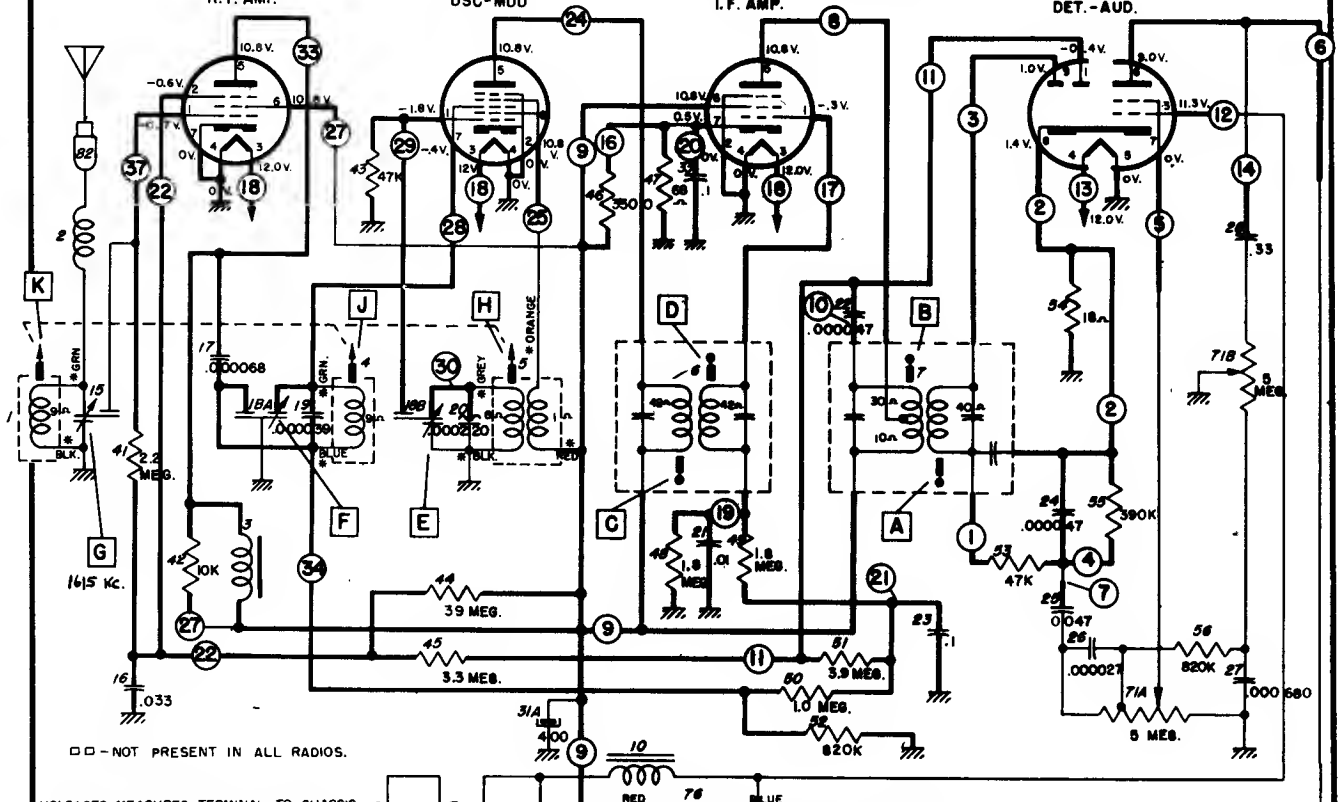


**12DZ6**  
R. F. AMP.

**12AD6**  
OSC-MOD

**12EK6**  
I. F. AMP.

**12DS7**  
DET.-AUD.



□ □ - NOT PRESENT IN ALL RADIOS.

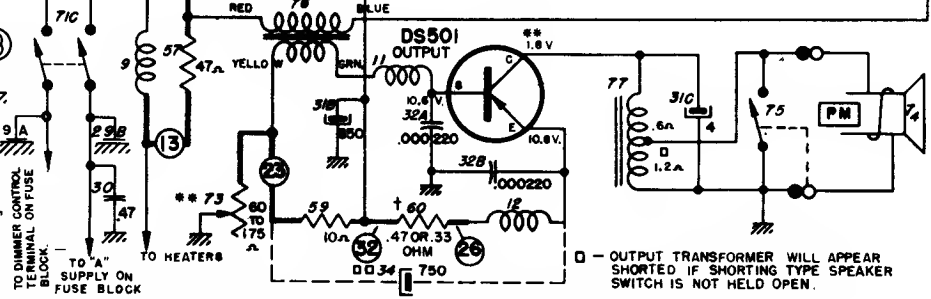
VOLTAGES MEASURED TERMINAL TO CHASSIS WITH A VTVM - NO SIGNAL AND 12.0 VOLTS AT ILLUS. 29.

OSCILLATOR GRID VOLTAGE TAKEN WITH SET TUNED TO 1000 KC.  
TOTAL "A" DRAIN AT 12 V. - 2.2 AMPS.  
TOLERANCE ON VOLTAGES ±10%

\* - INDICATES LEAD FROM TUNER COIL ASS'Y.

\*\* - BEFORE MEASURING TRANSISTOR VOLTAGES, THE SHORTING TYPE SPEAKER SOCKET MUST BE OPENED AND A 4 OHM SPEAKER CONNECTED. IF TRANSISTOR IS REPLACED, ADJUST BIAS POTENTIOMETER (ILLUS. 73) TO OBTAIN PROPER COLLECTOR VOLTAGE WITH 12 VOLTS INPUT TO RADIO

† - ILLUS. 60 IS A FUSE RESISTOR FOR THE TRANSISTOR. SERVICE WITH EXACT REPLACEMENT.

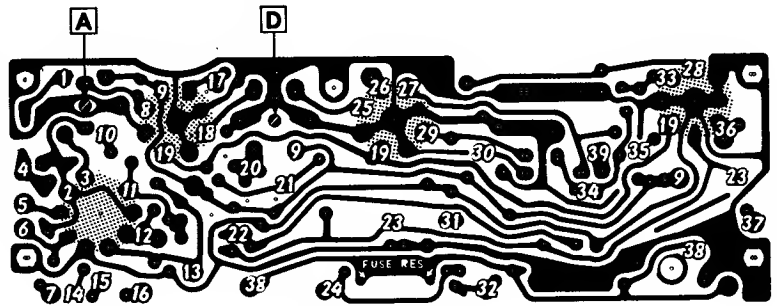


□ - OUTPUT TRANSFORMER WILL APPEAR SHORTED IF SHORTING TYPE SPEAKER SWITCH IS NOT HELD OPEN.

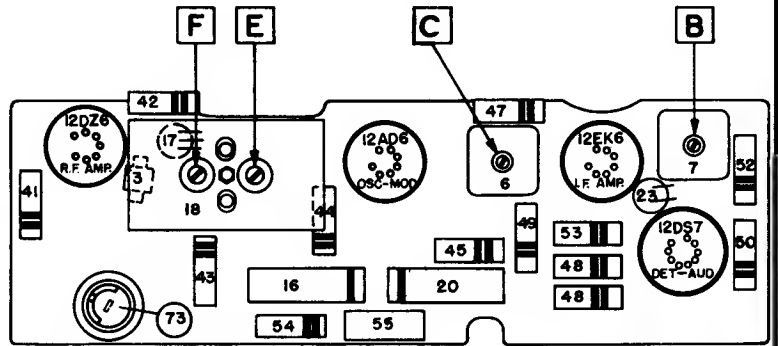
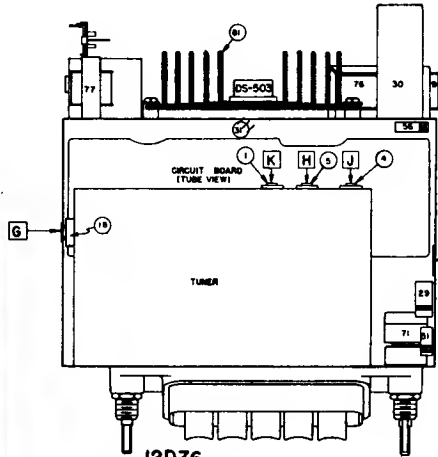
CHEVROLET 988276—PRINTED CIRCUIT SHOWN IN HEAVY LINES.

# DELCO

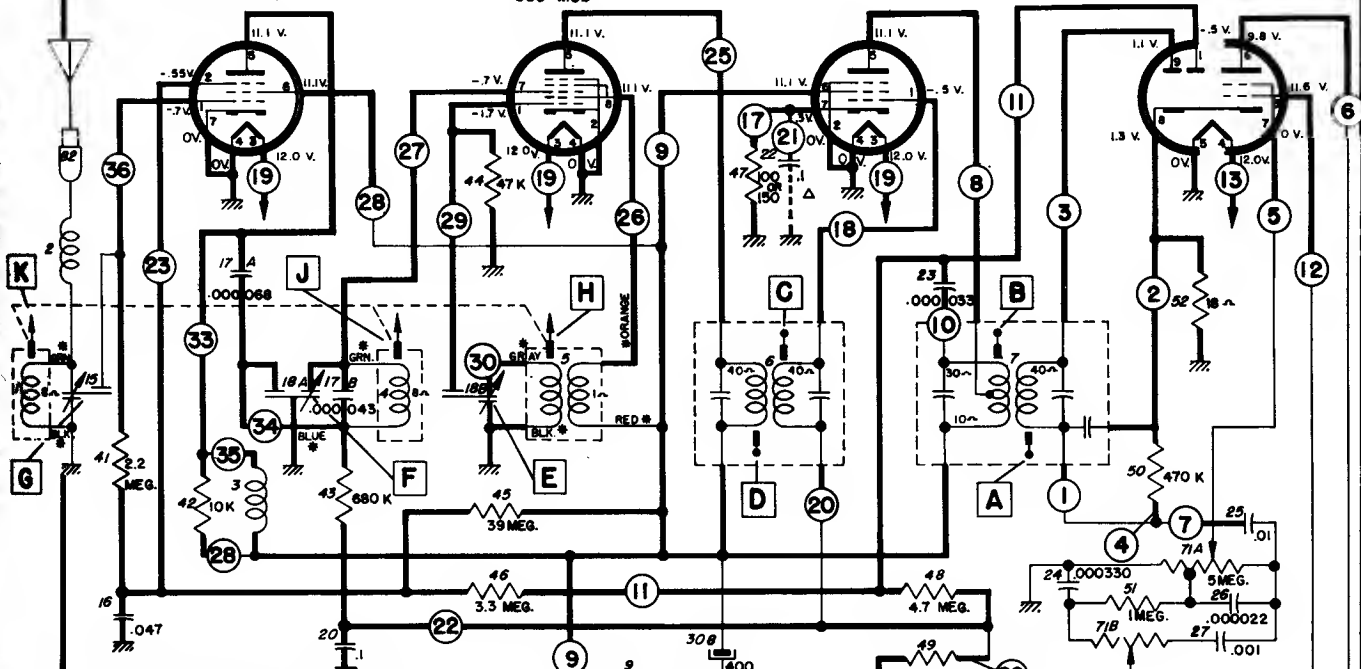
BUICK MODEL 980132  
 OLDSMOBILE MODEL 989387  
 Alignment in Table 3, Page 38



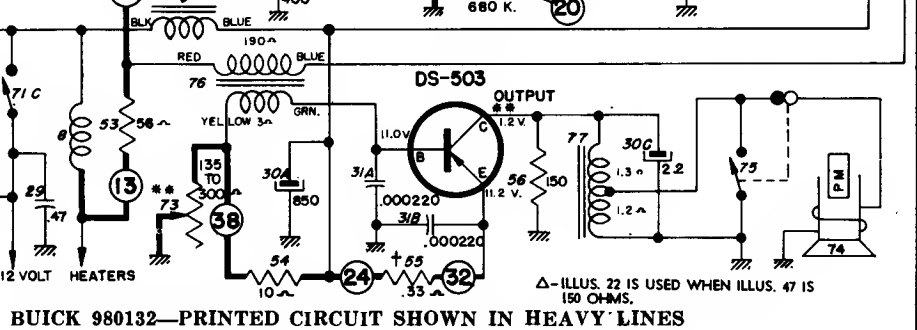
BOTTOM VIEW



TOP VIEW



VOLTAGES MEASURED TERMINAL TO CHASSIS WITH A VTVM - NO SIGNAL AND 12.0 VOLTS AT ILLUS. 28.  
 OSCILLATOR GRID VOLTAGE TAKEN WITH SET TUNED TO 1000 KC.  
 TOTAL "A" DRAIN AT 12V.-1.6 AMPS.  
 TOLERANCE ON VOLTAGES ±10%.  
 \* - INDICATES LEAD FROM TUNER COIL ASS'Y.  
 \*\* - BEFORE MEASURING TRANSISTOR VOLTAGES, THE SHORTING TYPE SPEAKER SOCKET MUST BE OPENED AND A 4 OHM SPEAKER CONNECTED. IF TRANSISTOR IS REPLACED, ADJUST BIAS POTENTIOMETER (ILLUS. 73) TO OBTAIN PROPER COLLECTOR VOLTAGE WITH 12 VOLTS INPUT TO RADIO.  
 † - ILLUS. 55 IS A FUSE RESISTOR FOR THE TRANSISTOR. SERVICE WITH EXACT RE-PLACEMENT.  
 ⊕ - OUTPUT TRANSFORMER WILL APPEAR SHORTED IF SHORTING TYPE SPEAKER SWITCH IS NOT HELD OPEN.

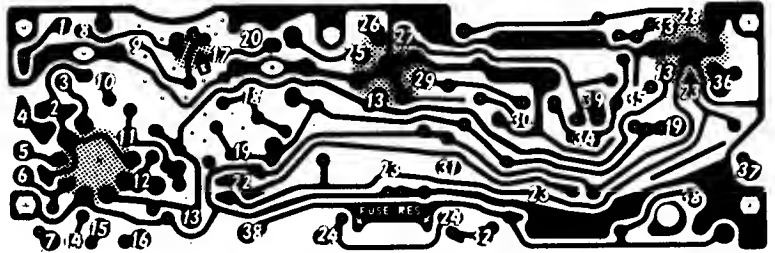


BUICK 980132—PRINTED CIRCUIT SHOWN IN HEAVY LINES

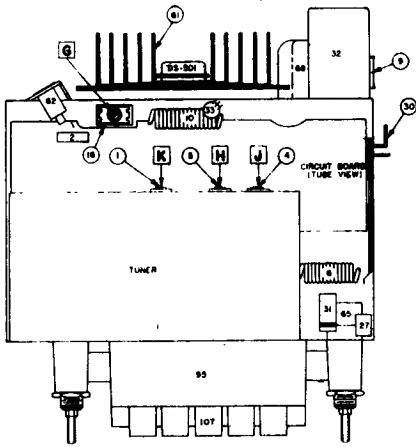
# DELCO

## NEEDED 1961 RADIO SERVICING INFORMATION

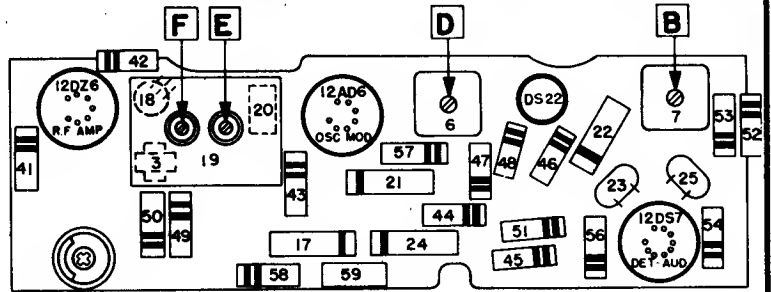
BUICK MODEL 980134  
Alignment in Table 1, Page 38



BOTTOM VIEW



TUBE VIEW



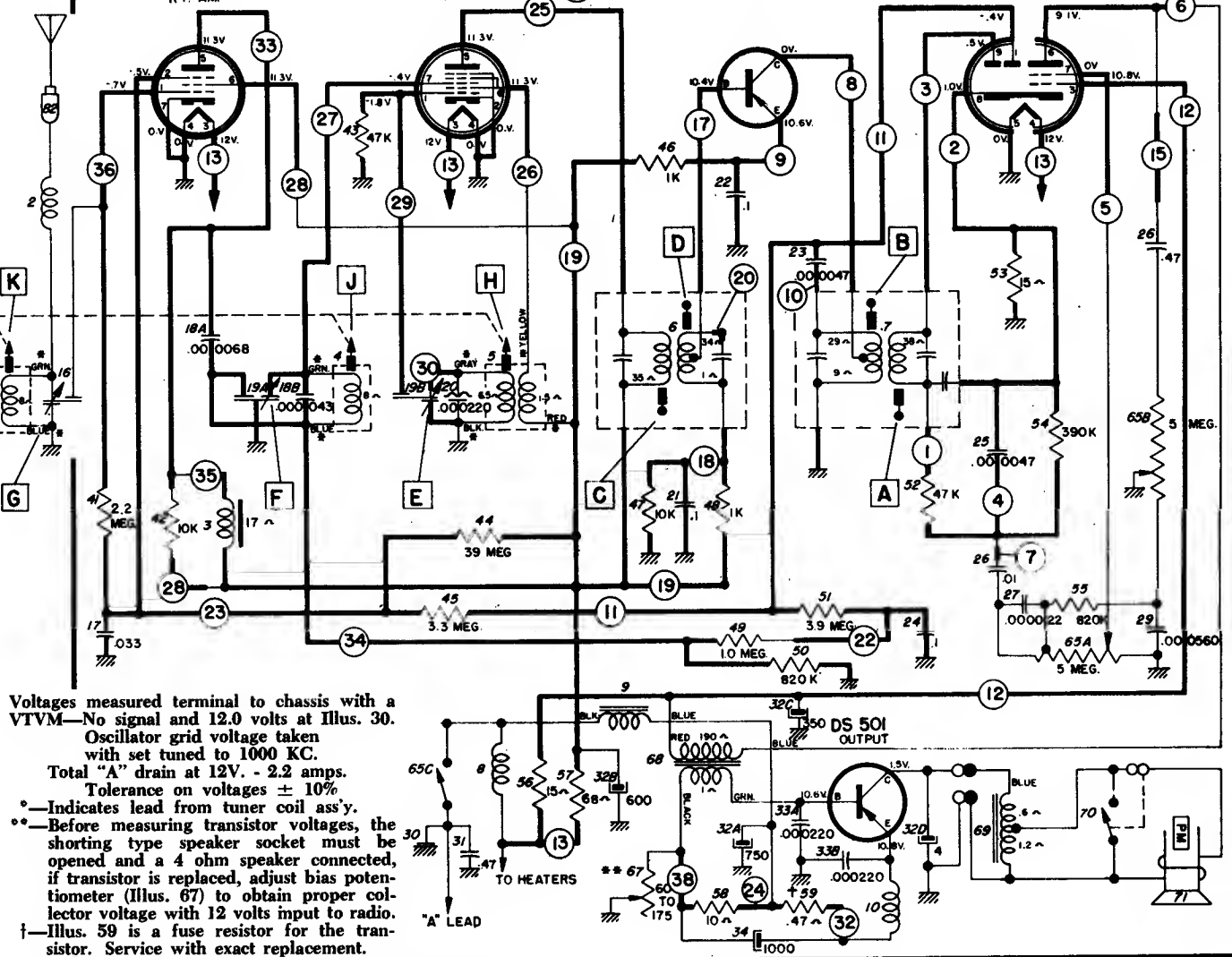
TOP VIEW

12DZ6  
R.F. AMP.

12AD6  
OSC. MOD.

DS 22  
I.F. AMP.

12DS7  
DET.-AUD.



Voltages measured terminal to chassis with a VTVM—No signal and 12.0 volts at Illus. 30.  
Oscillator grid voltage taken with set tuned to 1000 KC.  
Total "A" drain at 12V. - 2.2 amps.  
Tolerance on voltages  $\pm 10\%$   
—Indicates lead from tuner coil ass'y.  
—Before measuring transistor voltages, the shorting type speaker socket must be opened and a 4 ohm speaker connected, if transistor is replaced, adjust bias potentiometer (Illus. 67) to obtain proper collector voltage with 12 volts input to radio.  
†—Illus. 59 is a fuse resistor for the transistor. Service with exact replacement.

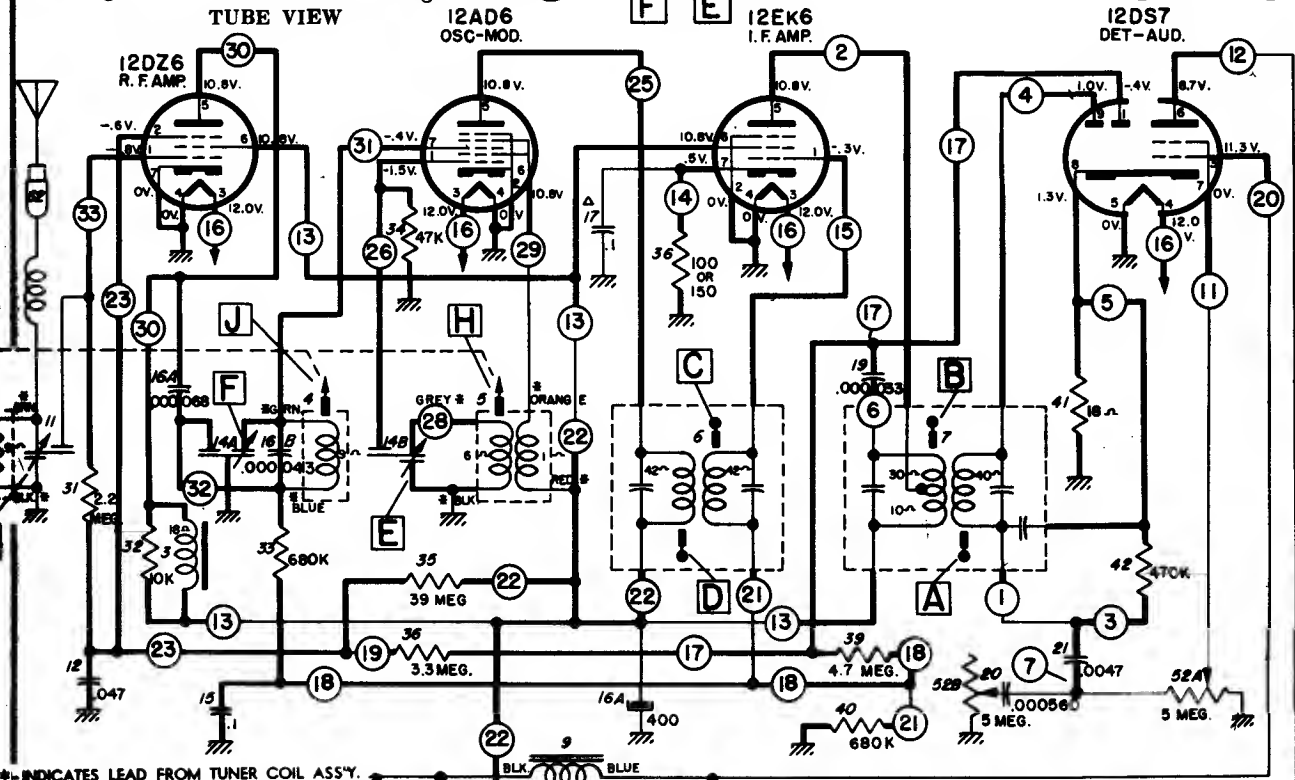
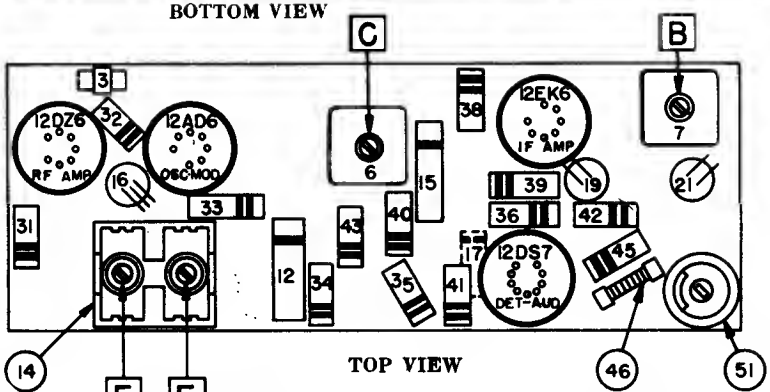
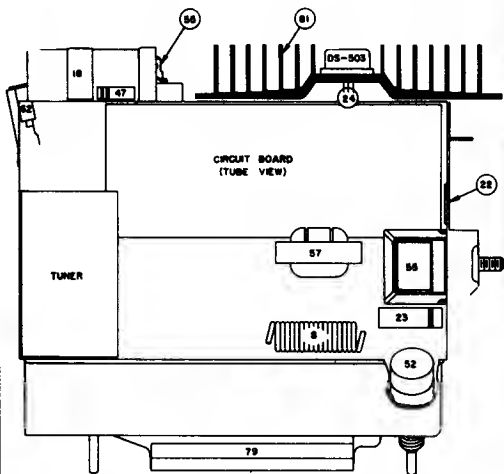
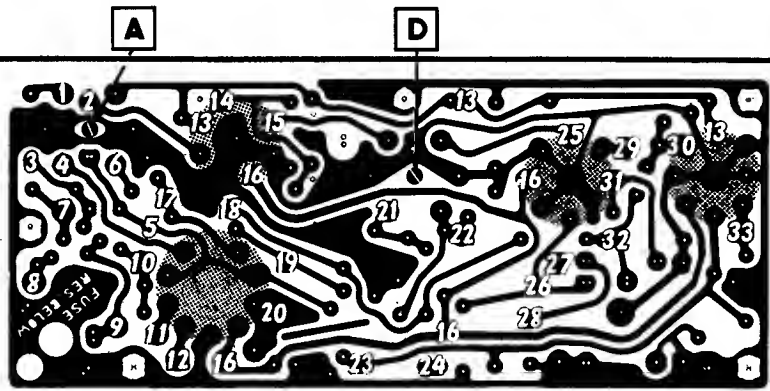
NUMBERS ON PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD CORRESPOND WITH NUMBERS IN CIRCLES ON SCHEMATIC

PRINTED CIRCUIT SHOWN IN HEAVY LINES

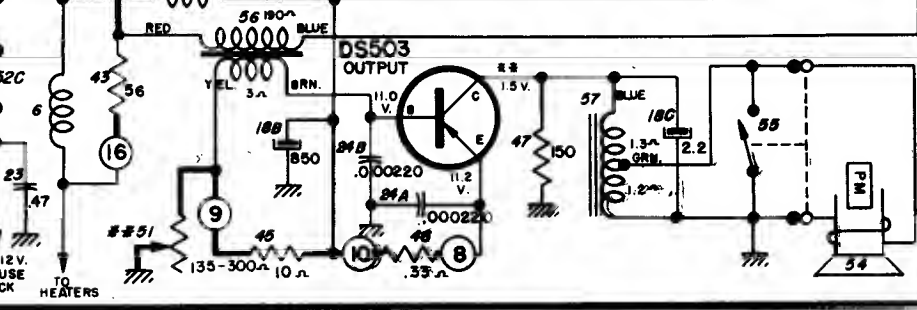


# DELCO

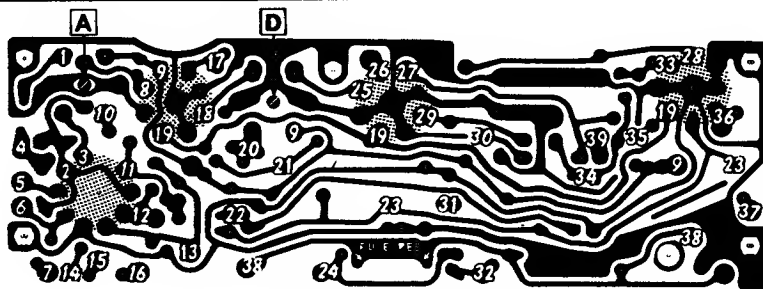
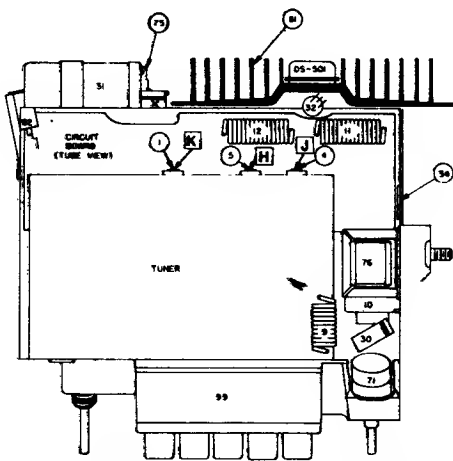
CHEVROLET MODEL 988413  
Alignment in Table 4, Page 38



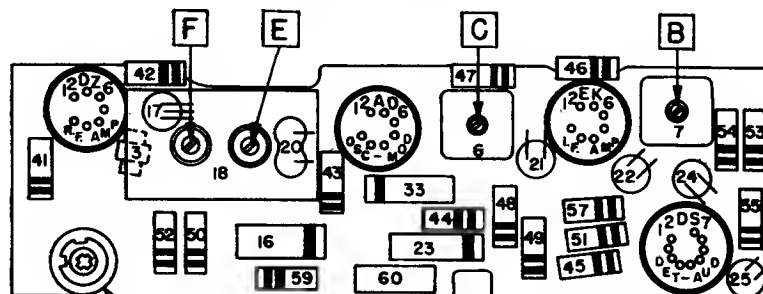
\*- INDICATES LEAD FROM TUNER COIL ASS'Y.  
 Δ- THIS CAPACITOR WILL NOT APPEAR IN ALL RADIOS. (USED WHEN ILLUS. 38 IS 150 OHMS)  
 VOLTAGES MEASURED TERMINAL TO CHASSIS WITH A VTVM-NO SIGNAL AND 12.0 VOLTS AT ILLUS. 22.  
 OSCILLATOR GRID VOLTAGE TAKEN WITH SET TUNED TO 1000 KC.  
 TOTAL "A" DRAIN AT 12V. -1.6 AMPS.  
 TOLERANCE ON VOLTAGES ± 10%  
 \*\*- BEFORE MEASURING TRANSISTOR VOLTAGES, THE SHORTING TYPE SPEAKER SOCKET MUST BE OPENED AND A 4 OHM SPEAKER CONNECTED. IF TRANSISTOR IS REPLACED, ADJUST BIAS POTENTIOMETER ILLUS. 51 TO OBTAIN PROPER COLLECTOR VOLTAGE WITH 12 VOLTS INPUT TO RADIO.



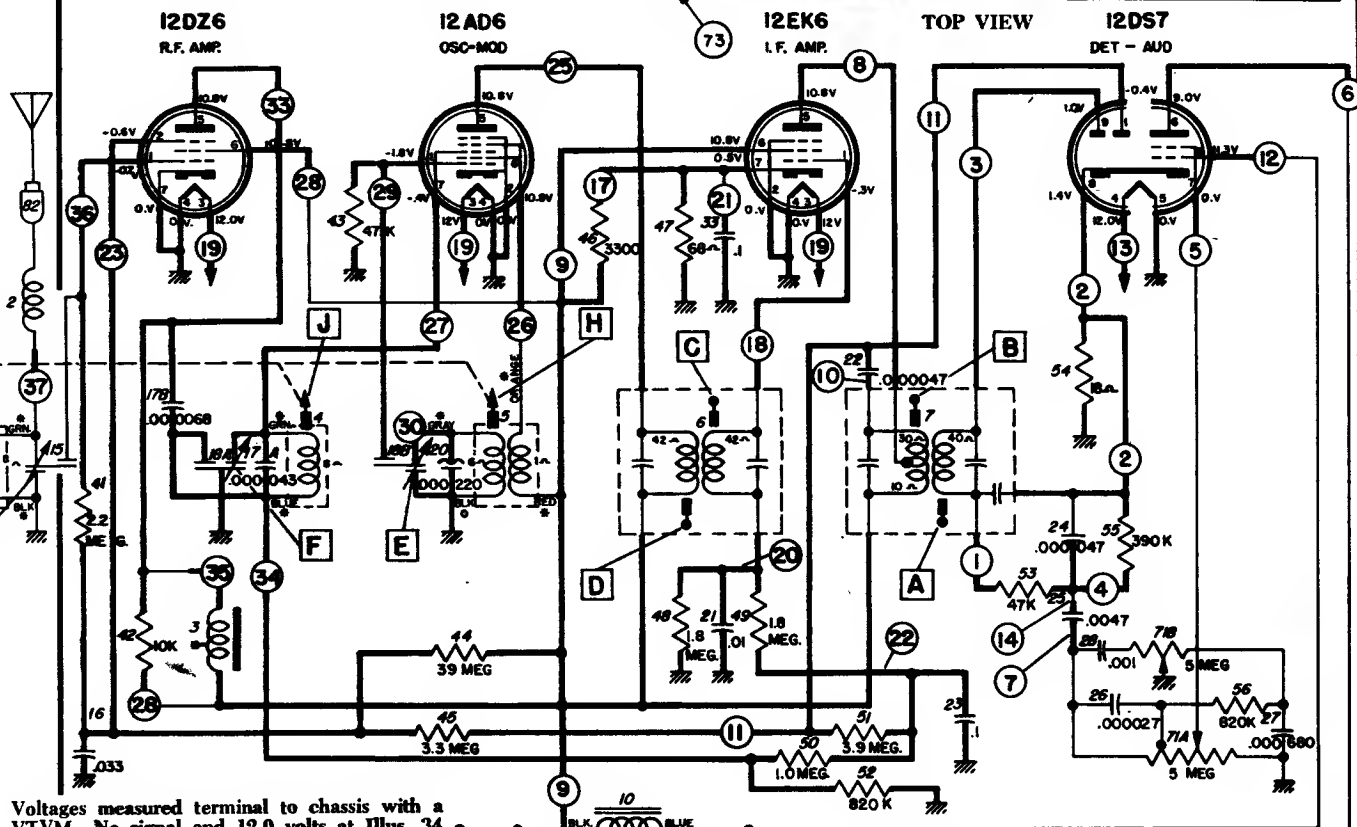
**DELCO**  
**CHEVROLET MODEL 988414**  
 Alignment in Table 1, Page 38



BOTTOM VIEW

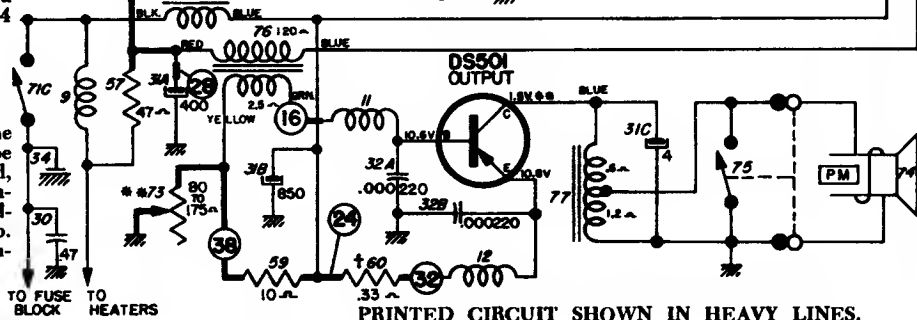


TOP VIEW



Voltages measured terminal to chassis with a VTVM—No signal and 12.0 volts at Illus. 34  
 Oscillator grid voltage taken with set tuned to 1000 KC.  
 Total "A" drain at 12V. - 2.2 amps.  
 Tolerance on voltages  $\pm 10\%$   
 ° Indicates lead from tuner coil ass'y.  
 ° Before measuring transistor voltages, the shorting type speaker socket must be opened and a 4 ohm speaker connected, if transistor is replaced, adjust bias potentiometer (Illus. 73) to obtain proper collector voltage with 12 volts input to radio.  
 † Illus. 60 is a fuse resistor for the transistor. Service with exact replacement.

CHEVROLET 988414

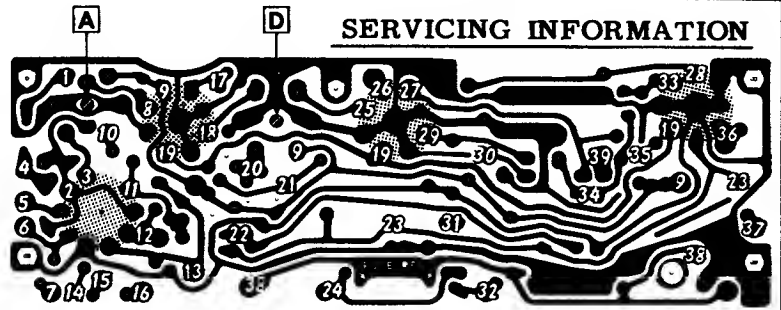


PRINTED CIRCUIT SHOWN IN HEAVY LINES.

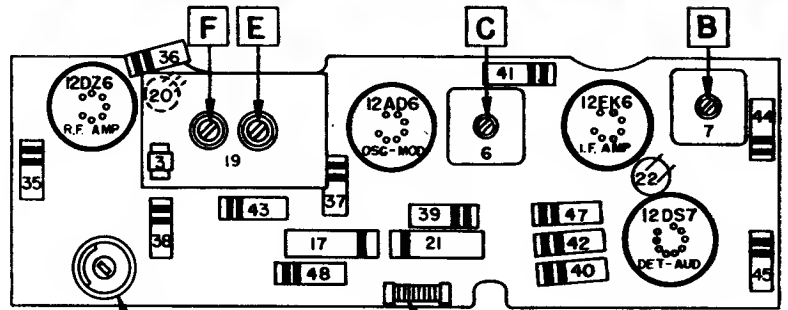
VOLUME R-21, MOST-OFTEN

DELCO  
CHEVROLET CORVAIR 988468  
Alignment in Table 1, Page 38

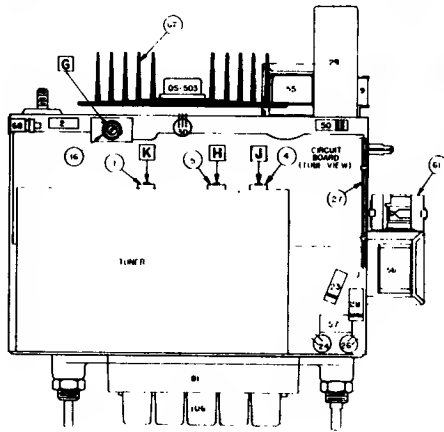
SERVICING INFORMATION



BOTTOM VIEW



TOP VIEW  
12DS7  
DET-AUD

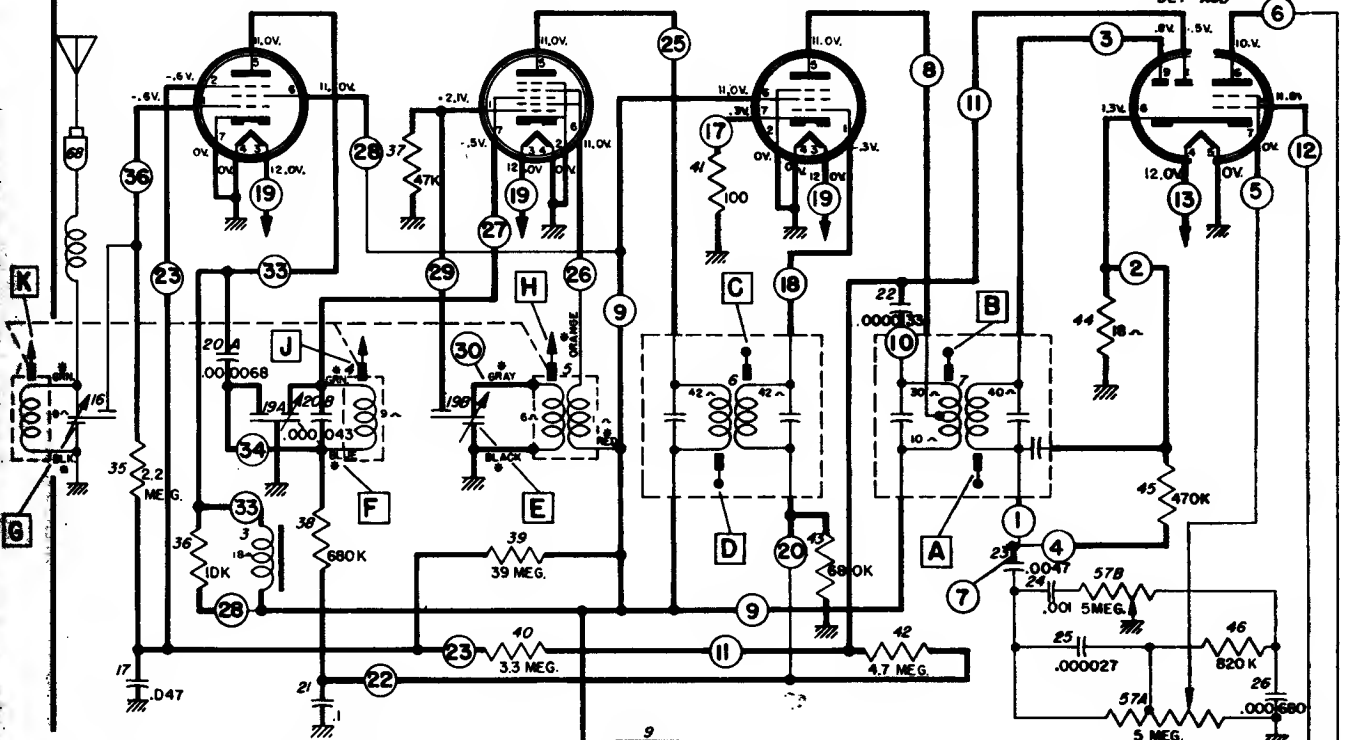


TUBE VIEW

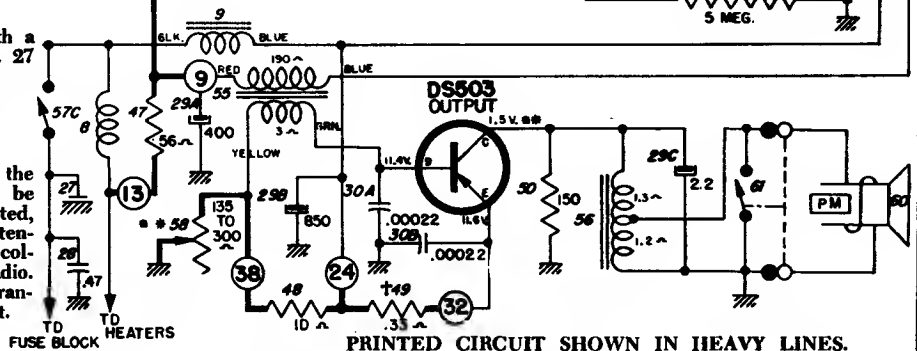
12DZ6  
R.F. AMP.

12AD6  
OSC-MOD

12EK6  
I.F. AMP.



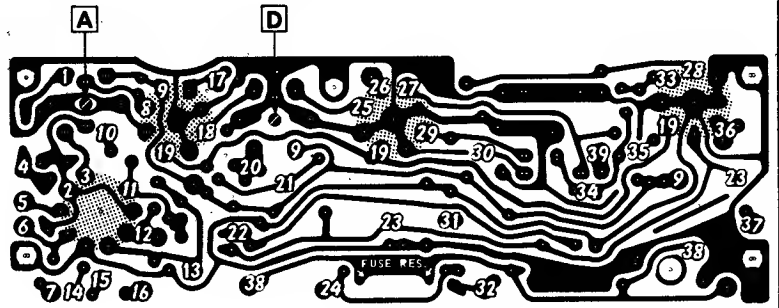
Volts measured terminal to chassis with a VIVM—No signal and 12.0 volts at illus. 27  
Oscillator grid voltage taken with set tuned to 1000 KC.  
Total "A" drain at 12V. - 1.6 amps.  
Tolerance on voltages  $\pm 10\%$   
Indicates lead from tuner coil ass'y.  
Before measuring transistor voltages, the shorting type speaker socket must be opened and a 4 ohm speaker connected, if transistor is replaced, adjust bias potentiometer (illus. 58) to obtain proper collector voltage with 12 volts input to radio.  
illus. 49 is a fuse resistor for the transistor. Service with exact replacement.  
CHEVROLET CORVAIR 988468



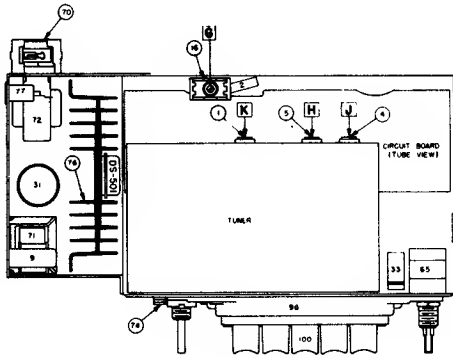
PRINTED CIRCUIT SHOWN IN HEAVY LINES.

# DELCO

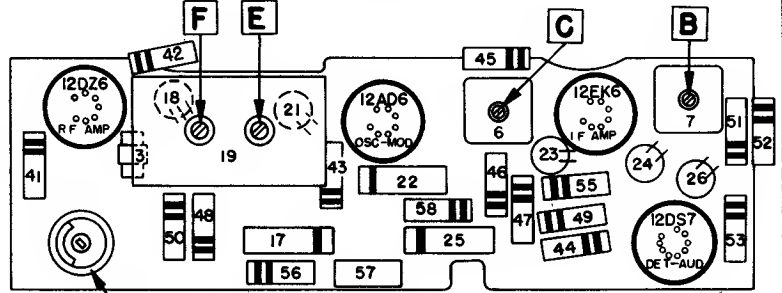
OLDSMOBILE MODEL 989392  
Alignment in Table 2, Page 38



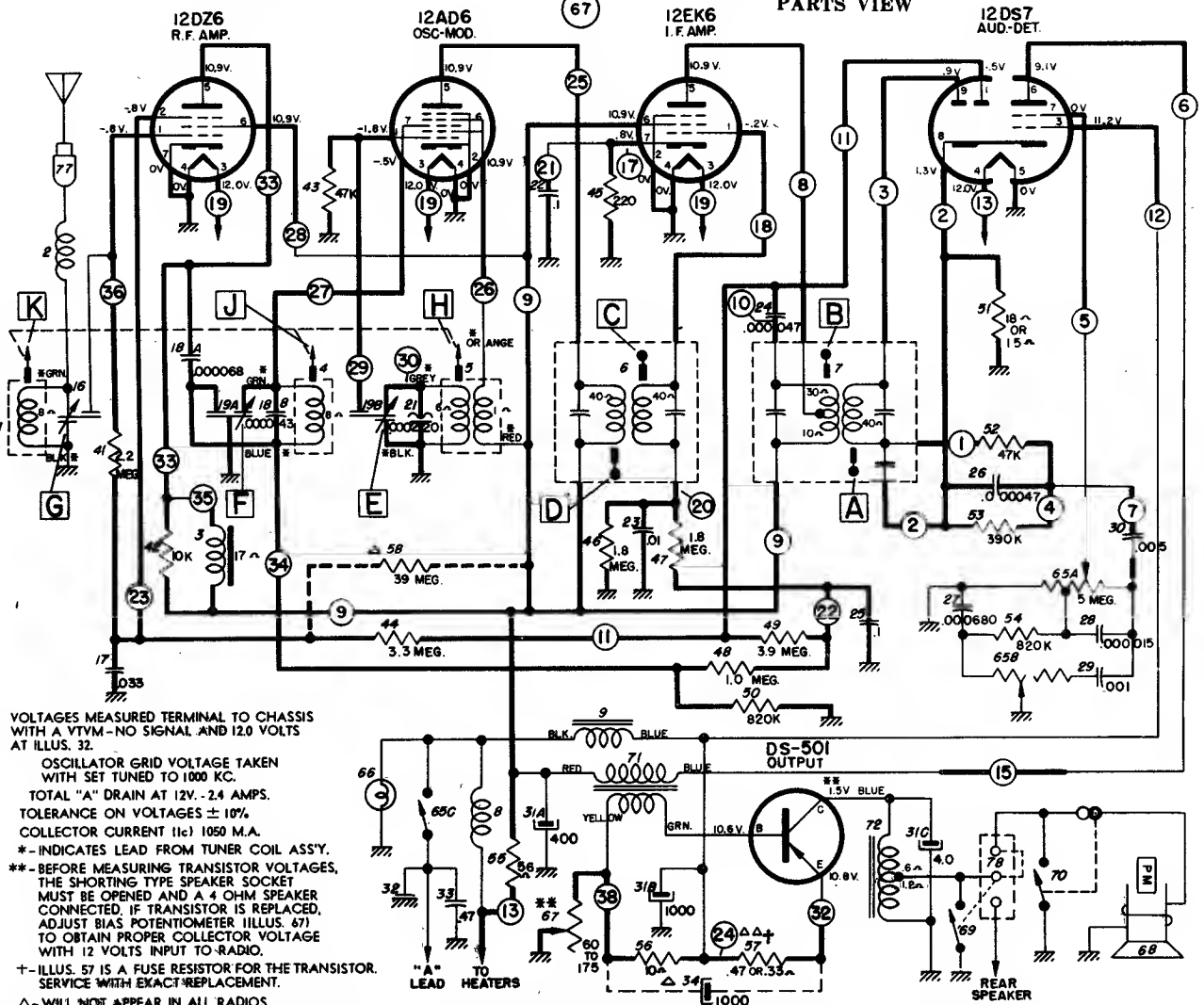
PRINTED VIEW



TUBE VIEW



PARTS VIEW



VOLTAGES MEASURED TERMINAL TO CHASSIS WITH A VTVM—NO SIGNAL AND 12.0 VOLTS AT ILLUS. 32.

OSCILLATOR GRID VOLTAGE TAKEN WITH SET TUNED TO 1000 KC.

TOTAL "A" DRAIN AT 12V.—24 AMPS.

TOLERANCE ON VOLTAGES ± 10%.

COLLECTOR CURRENT 11c) 1050 M.A.

\*—INDICATES LEAD FROM TUNER COIL ASS'Y.

\*\*—BEFORE MEASURING TRANSISTOR VOLTAGES, THE SHORTING TYPE SPEAKER SOCKET MUST BE OPENED AND A 4 OHM SPEAKER CONNECTED. IF TRANSISTOR IS REPLACED, ADJUST BIAS POTENTIOMETER ILLUS. 671 TO OBTAIN PROPER COLLECTOR VOLTAGE WITH 12 VOLTS INPUT TO RADIO.

+—ILLUS. 57 IS A FUSE RESISTOR FOR THE TRANSISTOR. SERVICE WITH EXACT REPLACEMENT.

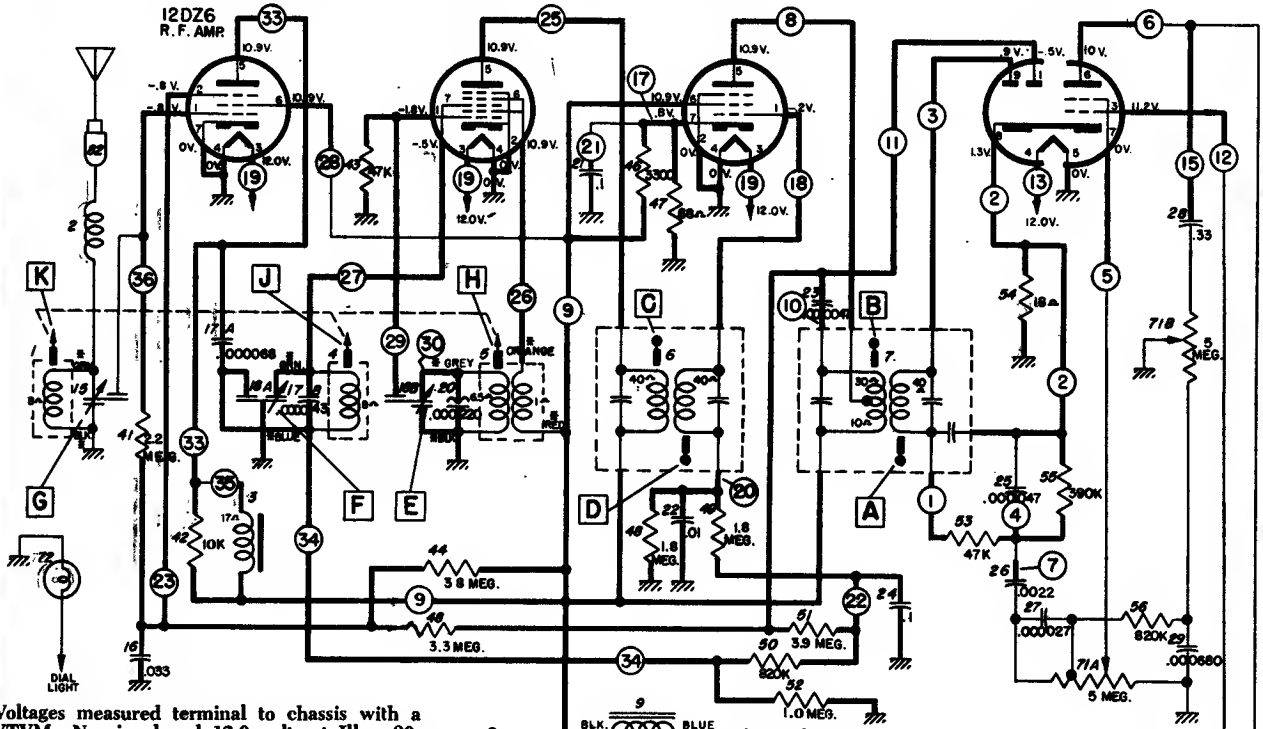
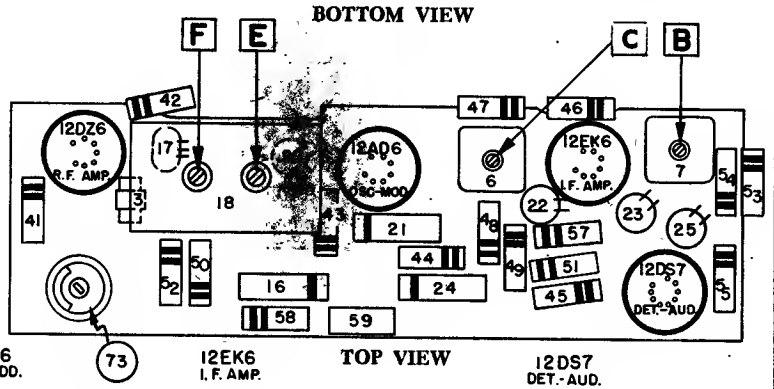
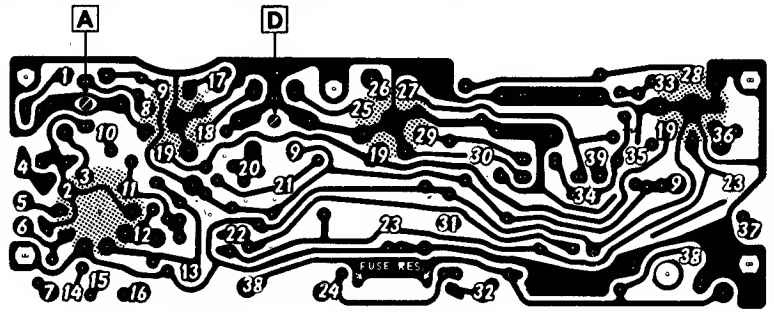
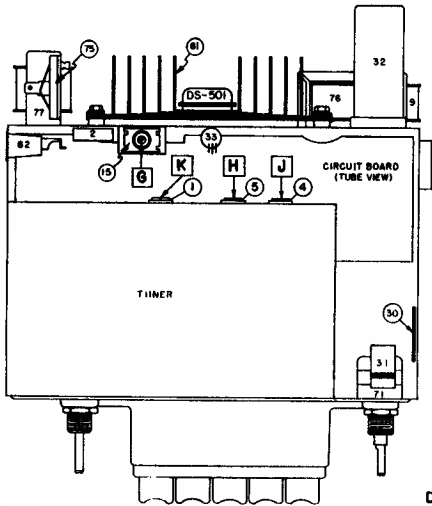
△—WILL NOT APPEAR IN ALL RADIOS

△△—33 OHM MUST BE USED WHEN ILLUS. 34 IS NOT PRESENT.

OLDSMOBILE 989392—PRINTED CIRCUIT SHOWN IN HEAVY LINES

# DELCO

PONTIAC MODEL 989693  
Alignment in Table 2, Page 38



Volts measured terminal to chassis with a VTVM—No signal and 12.0 volts at Illus. 30.  
Oscillator grid voltage taken with set tuned to 1000 KC.  
Total "A" drain at 12V. - 2.2 amps.  
Transistor collector current—1 amp.  
Tolerance on voltages  $\pm 10\%$   
\*—Indicates lead from tuner coil ass'y.  
\*\*—Before measuring transistor socket voltages, the shorting-type speaker must be opened and a 4 ohm speaker connected, if transistor is replaced, adjust bias potentiometer (Illus. 73) to obtain proper collector voltage with 12 volts input to radio.  
†—Illus. 59 is a fuse resistor for the transistor. Service with exact replacement.

PONTIAC 989693—PRINTED CIRCUIT SHOWN IN HEAVY LINES.

**VOLUME R-21, MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED 1961 RADIO SERVICING INFORMATION**

**DELCO Alignment Procedure for Various 1961 Auto Radios**

Output Meter Connections ..... Across Voice Coil  
 Generator Return ..... To Receiver Chassis  
 Dummy Antenna ..... In Series With Generator  
 Volume Control Position ..... Maximum Volume  
 Generator Output ..... Minimum for Readable Indication

**TABLE 1, Alignment for Buick 980134, Chevrolet 988414, Chevrolet Corvair 988468**

STEP	SERIES CONDENSER OR DUMMY ANTENNA	CONNECT SIGNAL GENERATOR TO	SIGNAL GENERATOR FREQUENCY	TUNE RECEIVER TO	ADJUST IN SEQUENCE FOR MAX. OUTPUT
1	0.1 Mfd.	12AD6 Grid (Pin #7)	262 KC	High Frequency Stop	A, B, D, C
2	.000082 Mfd.	Antenna Connector	1615 KC	High Frequency Stop	*E, F, G
3	.000082 Mfd.	Antenna Connector	600 KC	Signal Generator Signal	J, K
4	.000082 Mfd.	Antenna Connector	1615 KC	High Frequency Stop	F, G
5	.000082 Mfd.	Antenna Connector	1100 KC	Signal Generator Signal	L**

**TABLE 2, Alignment for Oldsmobile 989392 and Pontiac Model 989693**

STEPS	SERIES CAPACITOR OR DUMMY ANTENNA	CONNECT SIGNAL GENERATOR TO	SIGNAL GENERATOR FREQUENCY	TUNE RECEIVER TO	ADJUST IN SEQUENCE FOR MAX. OUTPUT
1	0.1 Mfd.	12AD6 Grid (Pin #7)	262 KC	High Frequency Stop	A, B, C, D
2	0.000068 Mfd.	Antenna Connector	1615 KC	High Frequency Stop	*E, F, G
3	0.000068 Mfd.	Antenna Connector	600 KC	Signal Generator Signal	J, K
4	0.000068 Mfd.	Antenna Connector	1615 KC	High Frequency Stop	F, G
5	0.000068 Mfd.	Antenna Connector	1100 KC	Signal Generator Signal	L**

**TABLE 3, Alignment for Buick 980132 and Oldsmobile Model 989387**

STEPS	SERIES CONDENSER OR DUMMY ANTENNA	CONNECT SIGNAL GENERATOR TO	SIGNAL GENERATOR FREQUENCY	TUNE RECEIVER TO	ADJUST IN SEQUENCE FOR MAX. OUTPUT
1	0.1 Mfd.	12AD6 Grid (Pin #7)	262 KC	High Frequency Stop	A, B, D, C
2	.000082 Mfd.	Antenna Connector	1615 KC	High Frequency Stop	*E, F, G
3	.000082 Mfd.	Antenna Connector	600 KC	Signal Generator Signal	J, K
4	.000082 Mfd.	Antenna Connector	1615 KC	High Frequency Stop	F, G
5	.000082 Mfd.	Antenna Connector	900 KC	Signal Generator Signal	L***

**TABLE 4, Alignment for Chevrolet Model 988413**

STEPS	SERIES CAPACITOR OR DUMMY ANTENNA	CONNECT SIGNAL GENERATOR TO	SIGNAL GENERATOR FREQUENCY	TUNE RECEIVER TO	ADJUST IN SEQUENCE FOR MAX. OUTPUT
1	0.1 Mfd.	12AD6 Grid (Pin #7)	262 KC	High Frequency Stop	A, B, C, D,
2	0.000082 Mfd.	Antenna Connector	1615 KC	High Frequency Stop	*E, F, G,
3	0.000082 Mfd.	Antenna Connector	600 KC	Signal Generator Signal	J, K
4	0.000082 Mfd.	Antenna Connector	1615 KC	High Frequency Stop	F, G

\*Before making this adjustment check mechanical setting of oscillator core "H." The rear of the core should be 15/16" from the mounting end of the coil form. (This measurement is readily made by inserting a suitable plug in the mounting end of the coil form.) Core adjustment should be made with a non-metallic screw driver.

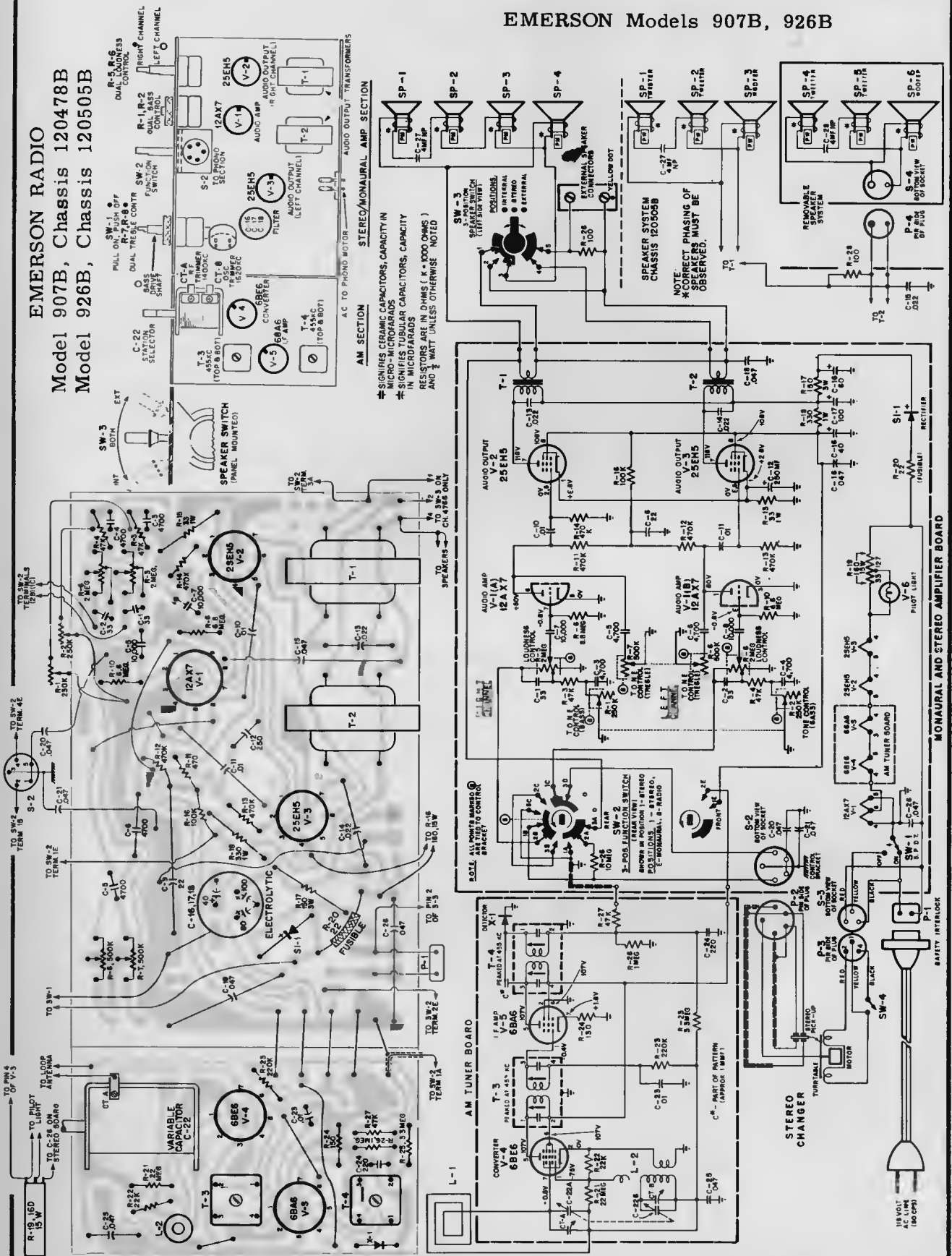
\*\*L is the pointer adjustment screw which is on the connecting link, between the pointer assembly and the parallel guide bar. It should be adjusted so that the dial pointer corresponds with the 1100 K.C. mark on the dial.

\*\*\*L is the pointer adjustment screw which is on the connecting link, between the pointer assembly and the parallel guide bar. It should be adjusted so that the dial pointer corresponds with the 900 KC mark on the dial.

With the radio installed and the car antenna plugged in, adjust the antenna trimmer "G" for maximum volume with the radio tuned to a weak station between 600 and 1000 KC (see sticker on case.)

EMERSON Models 907B, 926B

EMERSON RADIO  
Model 907B, Chassis 120478B  
Model 926B, Chassis 120505B



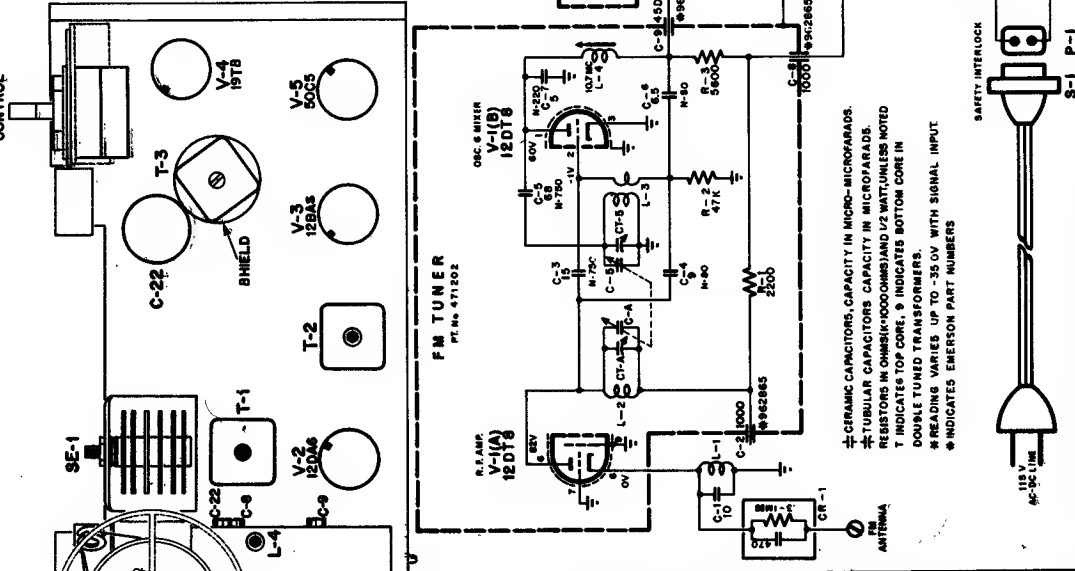
**EMERSON RADIO**  
**Models 920 and 925**  
**Chassis 120494B**

1. Voltages indicated are positive DC, resistances in ohms, unless otherwise indicated.
2. Measurements made with Voltchymyst or equivalent.
3. All measurements taken between pin and chassis ground.
4. All voltage measurements taken under the following conditions:
  - a) Line voltage maintained at 117 volts.
  - b) Tuning control turned fully counterclockwise (low end)

**I.F. ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE**  
**USING R.F. GENERATOR AND VTVM**

Use of this method requires balancing of the ratio detector output before attempting alignment. To accomplish this, construct a voltage divider network by placing two 100 k resistors in series and wire them across C-17 (2 mfd. stabilizer capacitor). Be sure to remove this network after completion of the alignment procedure.

STEP	SIGNAL GENERATOR		DIAL SETTING	VTVM	ADJUST	REMARKS
	COUPLING	FREQUENCY				
1.	High side to ant. input, low side to chassis through a .25 mfd. capacitor.	10.7 MC (unmod.)	Extreme CCW pos. (low end)	Across C-17 (near V-4). Use negative scale.	T-3 bottom, T-2 bottom, T-1 (1st IF), L-4 mixer coil.	Adjust in order given for max. neg. voltage. Maintain sig. gen. output for readings under 2 volts.
2.	" "	" "	" "	" "	T-1 (1st IF)	Retune for max. neg. voltage.
3.	" "	" "	" "	One side of meter to center-top of voltage divider network across C-17, other side to junction of R-8, C-14.	T-3 Top	Adjust for 0 volts output between pos. and neg. meter swing.

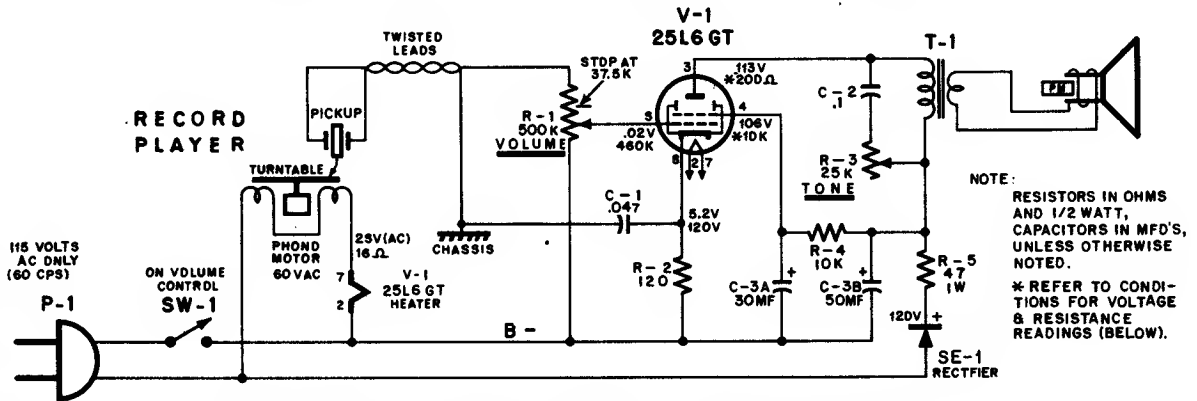


- ⊕ CERAMIC CAPACITORS, CAPACITY IN MICRO-FARADS.
- ⊖ TUBULAR CAPACITORS CAPACITY IN MICRO-FARADS.
- ⊕ RESISTORS IN OHMS/K/Ω/10K/100K/1M/2M/5M/10M/100M/1K/10K/100K/1M/2M/5M/10M/100M
- T INDICATES TOP CORE, ⊕ INDICATES BOTTOM CORE IN DOUBLE TUNED TRANSFORMERS.
- \* READINGS VARIES UP TO -35.0V WITH SIGNAL INPUT.
- ⊕ INDICATES EMERSON PART NUMBERS

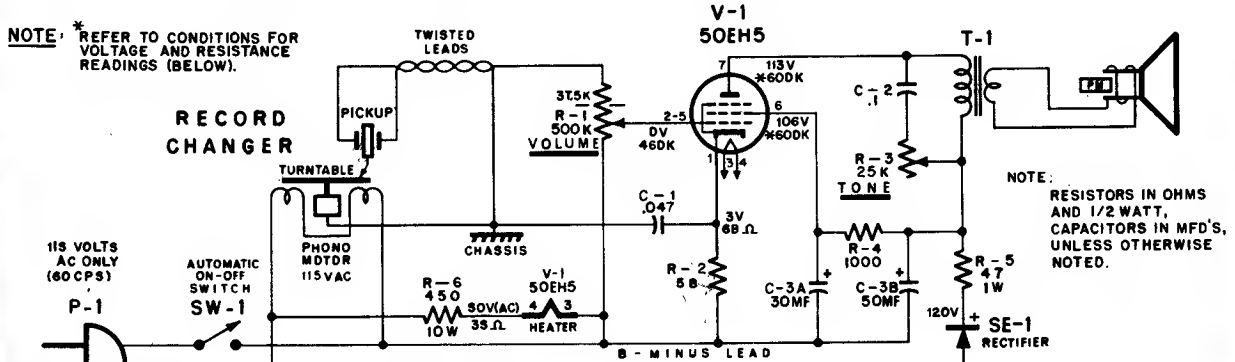


VOLUME R-21, MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED 1961 RADIO SERVICING INFORMATION

EMERSON RADIO Model 933B, Chassis 120547B



EMERSON RADIO Model 935B, Chassis 120548B



CONDITIONS FOR VOLTAGE AND RESISTANCE READINGS

1. Voltages indicated are positive d.c., resistances in ohms, unless otherwise indicated.
2. Measurements made with voltahmyst or equivalent.
3. All measurements taken from pin to B minus unless otherwise indicated.
4. Voltage measurements taken with:
  - a) Line voltage maintained at 115 volts a.c.
  - b) Volume control set for maximum volume.
5. Resistance measurements taken with:
  - a) Power line cord disconnected from outlet.
  - b) Volume control set for maximum volume.
6. Nominal tolerance on component values makes possible a variation of  $\pm 15\%$  in voltage and resistance readings.
7. N.C. denotes no connection, K is kilohms, Meg. is megohms.
8. Resistances marked with \* vary due to capacitor charge. Allow about 30 seconds for meter to settle.

EMERSON RADIO Model 937B, Chassis 120558B

DISASSEMBLY INSTRUCTIONS

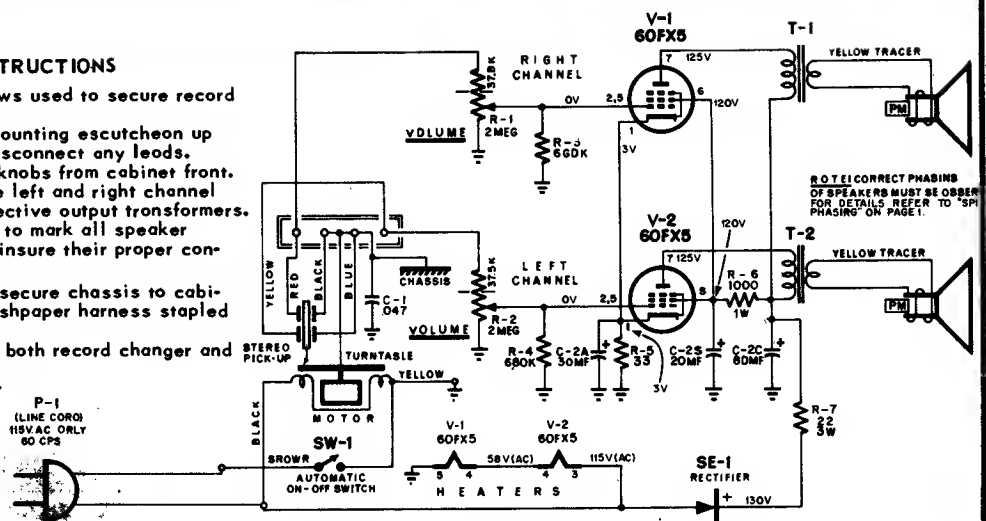
1. Remove 2 Phillips head screws used to secure record changer to cabinet.
2. Lift changer and cardboard mounting escutcheon up and tilt backwards. Do not disconnect any leads.
3. Remove both volume control knobs from cabinet front.
4. Disconnect leads for both the left and right channel loudspeakers from their respective output transformers. **NOTE:** Care should be taken to mark all speaker leads before disassembly to insure their proper connection during re-assembly.
5. Remove two nuts used to secure chassis to cabinet and free line cord from fishpaper harness stapled to cabinet.
6. Slide chassis to rear and lift both record changer and chassis from cabinet.
7. Re-assemble in reverse order.

CHASSIS

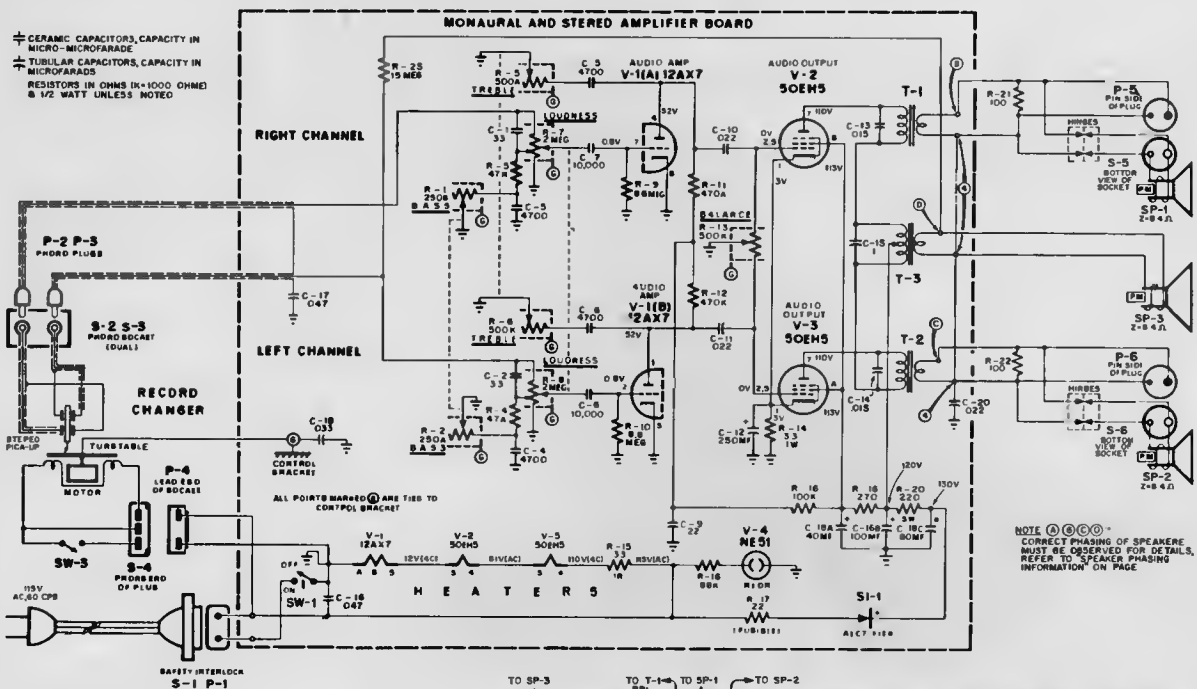
B - (NEVER TO BE SHORTED TO CHASSIS)

RESISTORS IN OHMS (K = 1000) AND 1/2 WATT UNLESS NOTED.

CAPACITORS IN MICROFARADS



EMERSON RADIO Model 938B, Chassis 120559B



Voltage measurements taken with:  
 A) Line voltage maintained at 115 volts A.C.  
 B) Loudness control set for minimum volume.  
 C) Record changer in "off" position.

MODEL: 938-B

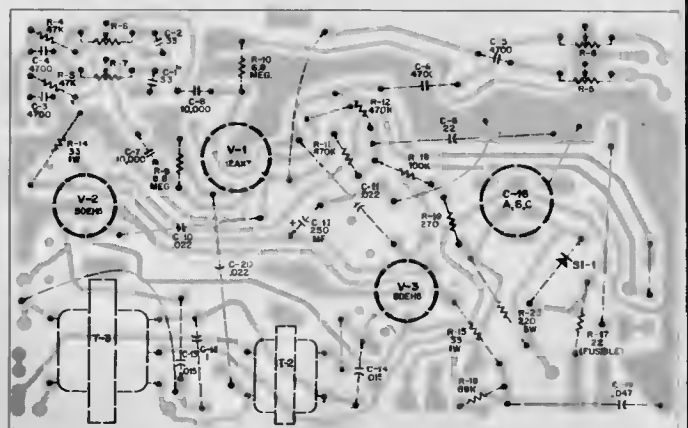
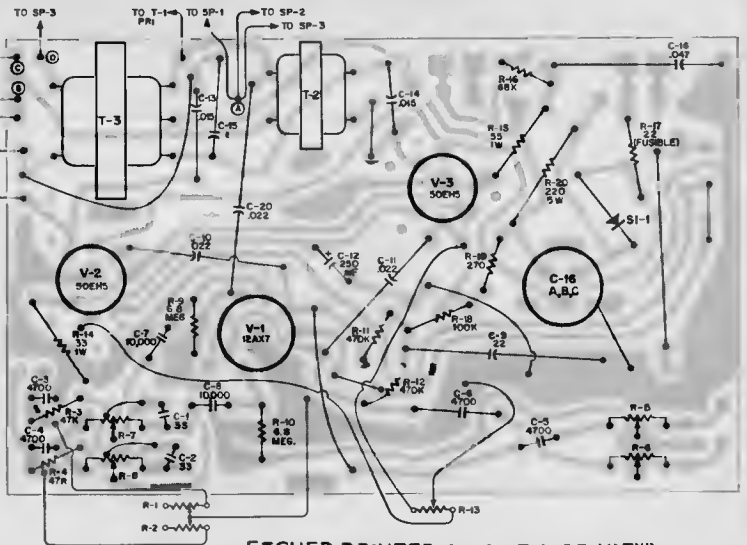
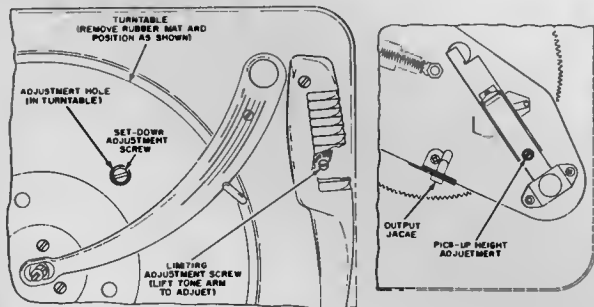
CHASSIS 120559-B

TO REMOVE CHASSIS

- Remove record changer and mounting board assembly as outlined above.
- Remove knobs from amplifier control panel at front of cabinet.
- Remove screws used to secure AC interlock bracket to cabinet.
- Slide pilot light and socket assembly from its holder.
- Unclip connectors for the right channel, center channel and left channel loudspeakers from their respective terminals.

NOTE: Care must be taken to mark all speaker leads in some manner before disconnecting, to assure proper re-connection of each during re-assembly.

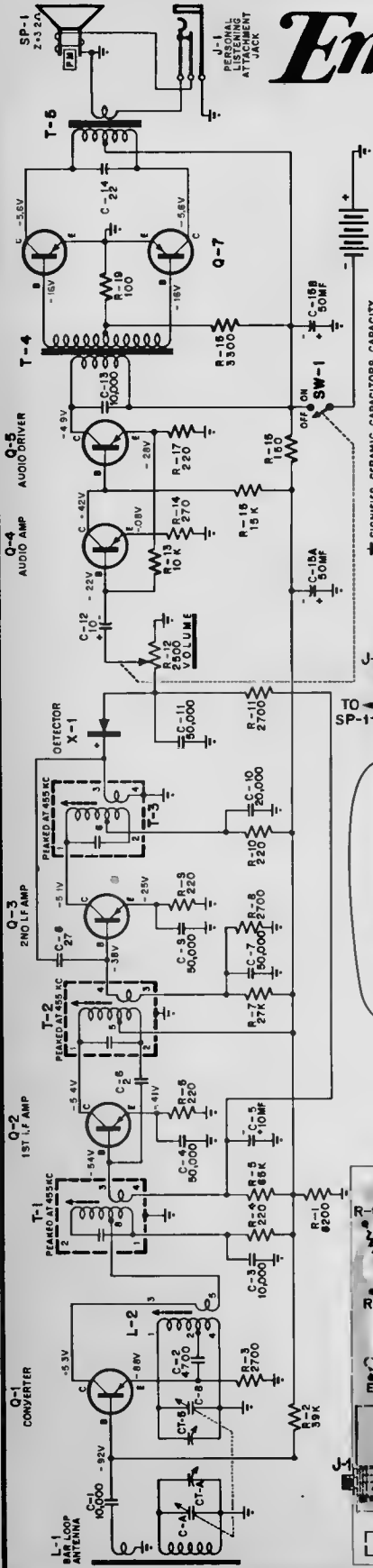
- Remove four Palnuts used to secure chassis and remove chassis from cabinet.
- Re-assemble in reverse order.



# Emerson

MODEL: 977  
 'FALCON'  
 CHASSIS 120528

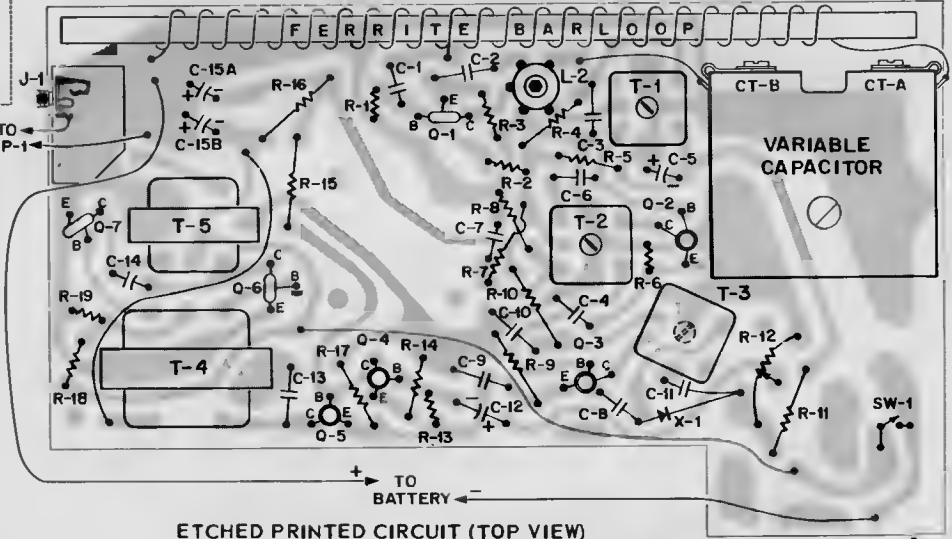
PUSH-PULL  
 AUDIO OUTPUT  
 Q-8



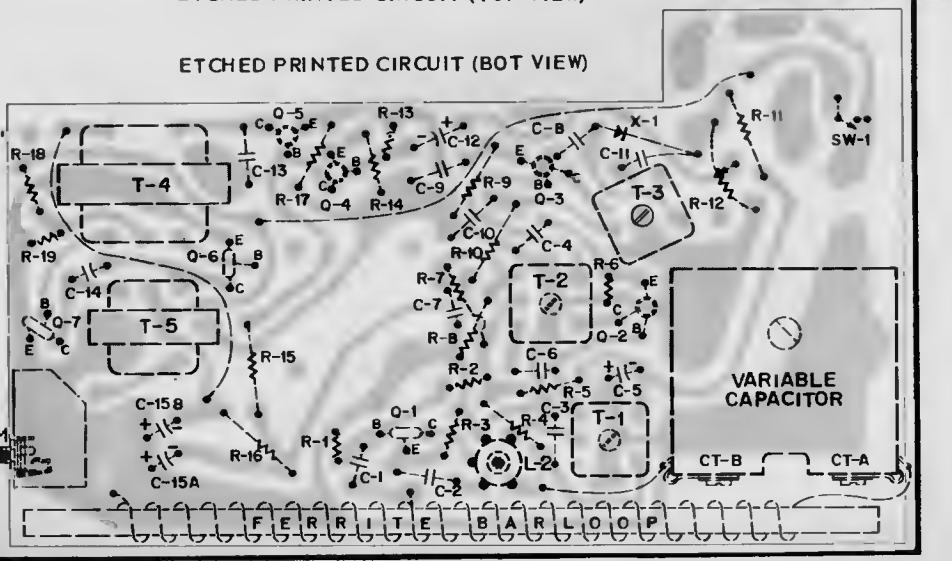
# SIGNIFIES CERAMIC CAPACITORS, CAPACITY IN MICRO-MICROFARADS.  
 † SIGNIFIES MICROFARAD CAPACITORS, CAPACITY IN MICROFARADS.  
 \* RESISTORS ARE IN OHMS (R\*1000 OHMS) AND 1/2 WATT

**CONDITIONS FOR VOLTAGE READINGS, CHASSIS 120528**

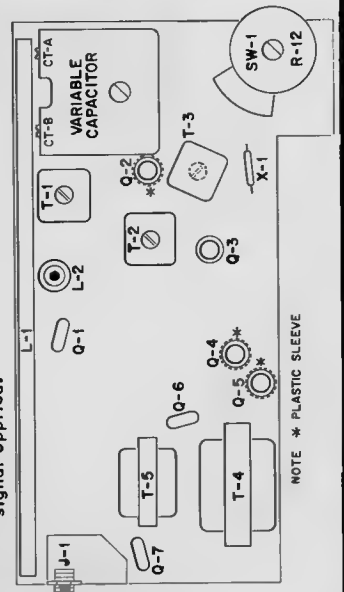
1. Voltages indicated are negative D.C.
  2. All measurements taken between points and chassis.
  3. Voltage measurements taken with:
    - (a) VTVM
    - (b) Fresh 6 Volt battery supply. Four 1½ Volt conventional penlight cells.
- NOTE: Should Mercury or Nickel-Cadmium batteries be used, on approx. 15% lower voltage reading will be obtained from the battery supply which is considered to be perfectly normal. Bear in mind that the voltage supply will vary slightly with the type and condition of batteries used.
- (c) Volume control set for maximum volume.  
 (d) Variable capacitor fully closed and no signal applied.



ETCHED PRINTED CIRCUIT (TOP VIEW)



ETCHED PRINTED CIRCUIT (BOT VIEW)

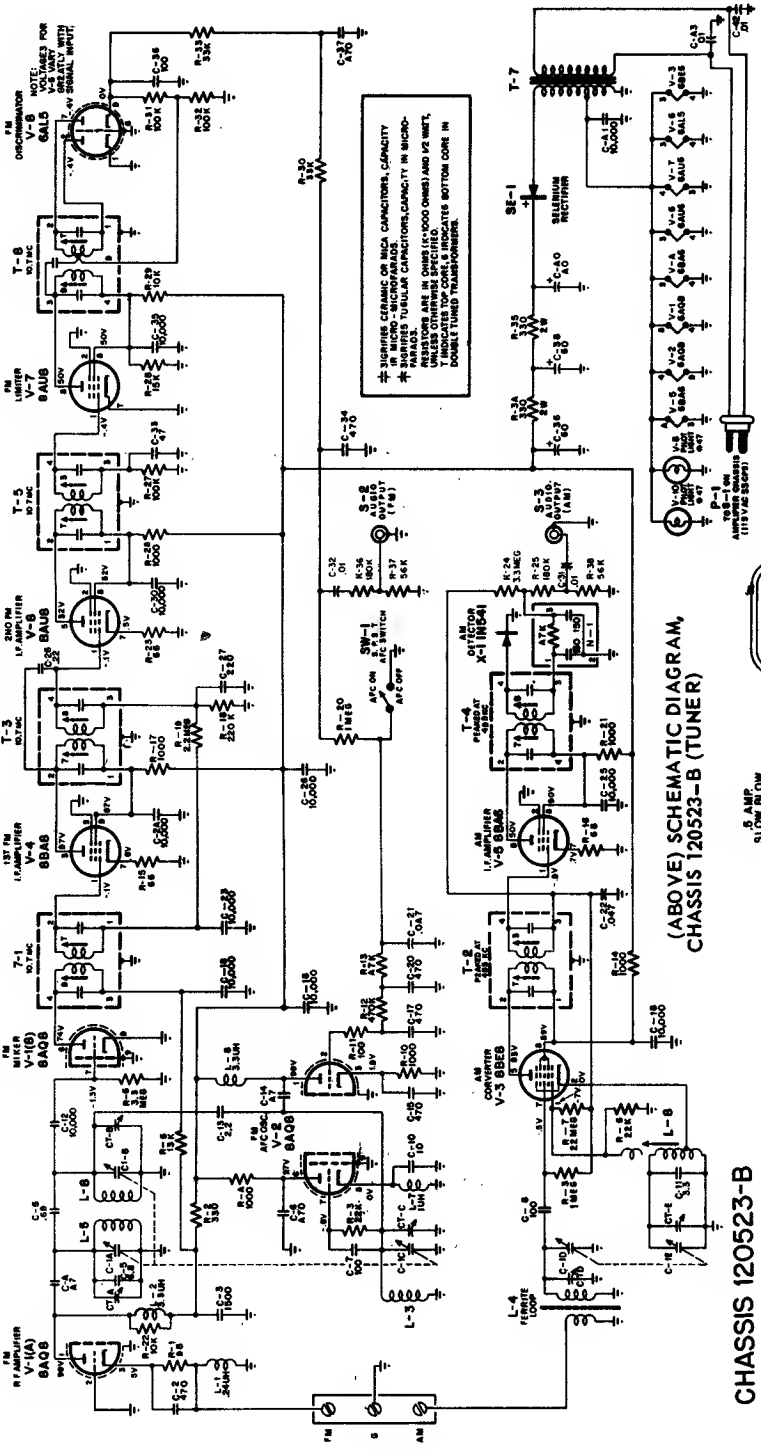


NOTE \* PLASTIC SLEEVE

# Emerson Radio

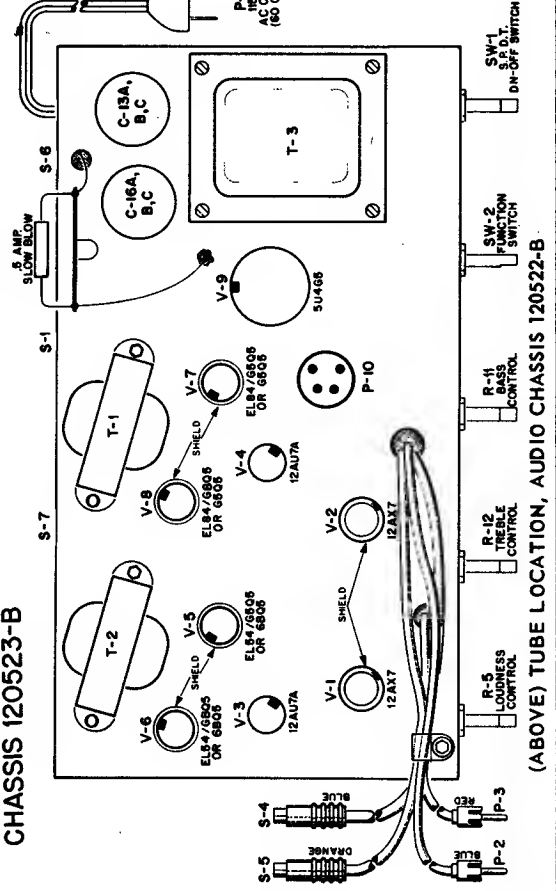
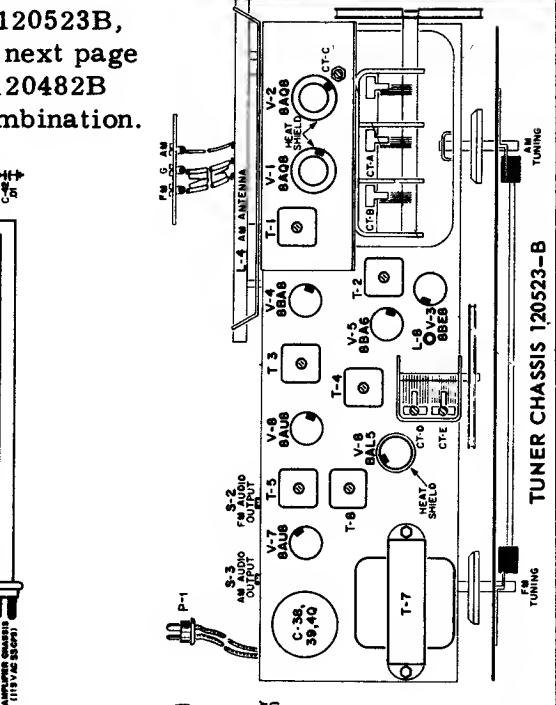
MODEL 944-B  
CH-120522-B (AUDIO)  
CH-120523-B (TUNER)

Model 944B, using Audio 120522B and Tuner 120523B, has essential information on this page and the next page adjacent at right. Model 914B, using Tuner 120482B and Audio 120483B, is very similar to this combination.



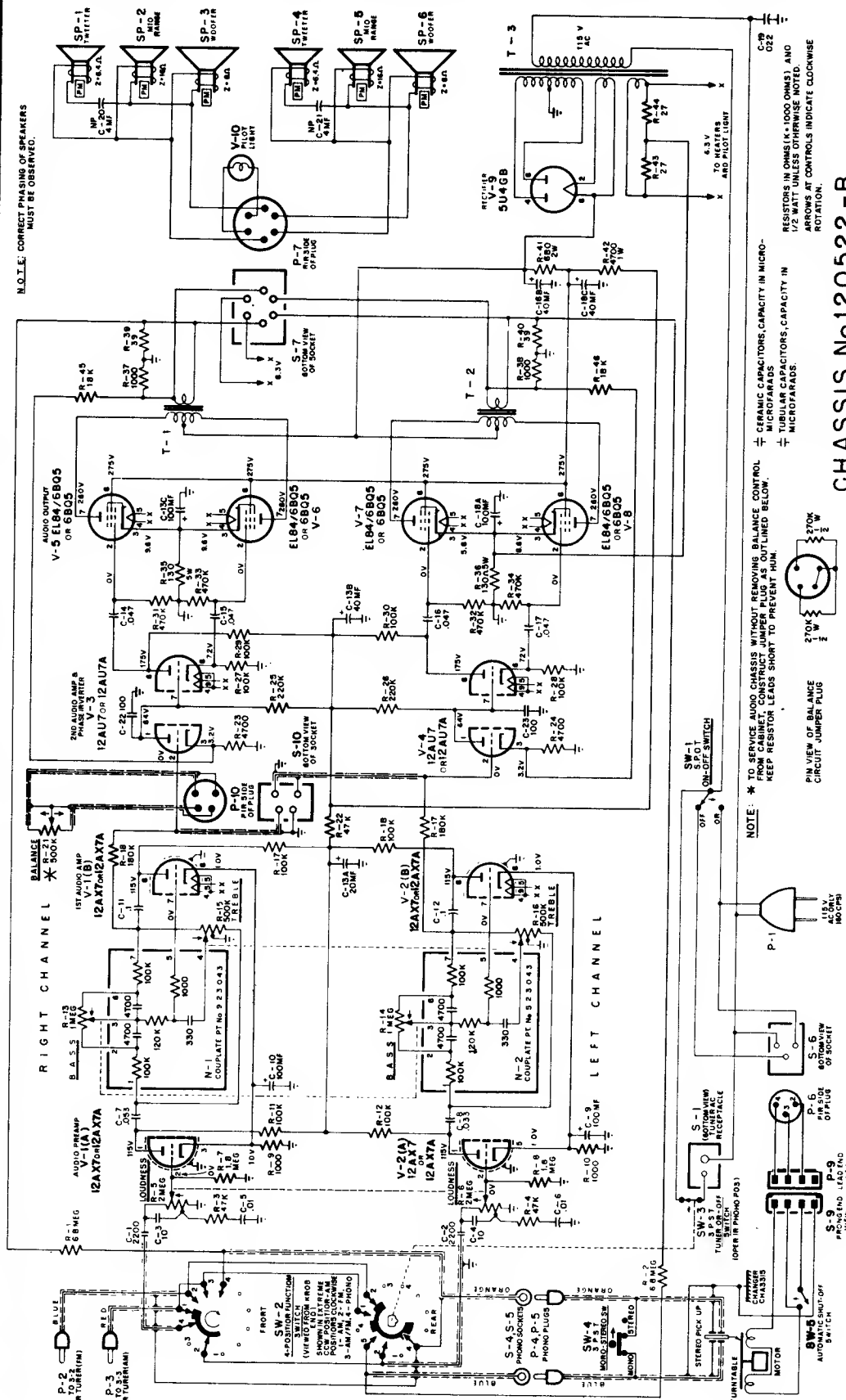
RESISTOR VALUES IN OHMS (K=1000 OHMS) AND IN MET. UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.  
 CAPACITOR VALUES IN MICRO-MICROFARADS (M=1000 MICROFARADS) UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.  
 TRANSFORMERS ARE IN OHMS (K=1000 OHMS) AND IN MET. UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.  
 DOUBLE TUBED TRANSFORMERS.

(ABOVE) SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM, CHASSIS 120523-B (TUNER)



(ABOVE) TUBE LOCATION, AUDIO CHASSIS 120522-B

SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM, CHASSIS 120522-B (AUDIO)



NOTE: \* TO SERVICE AUDIO CHASSIS WITHOUT REMOVING BALANCE CONTROL PLUG AS OUTLINED BELOW, KEEP RESISTOR LEADS SHORT TO PREVENT FIAM.

RESISTORS IN OHMS (K=1000 OHMS) AND 1/2 WATT UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED. ARROWS AT CONTROLS INDICATE CLOCKWISE ROTATION.

CHASSIS No.120522-B

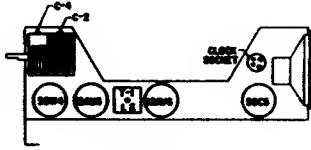
1. Voltages are positive DC, resistances in ohms, unless otherwise indicated.
2. All measurements taken with VoltOhmyst or equivalent.
3. All measurements taken between tube pin and chassis unless otherwise noted.
4. Voltage measurements made with:
  - a) Line voltage maintained at 115 volts AC.
  - b) Loudness control set for minimum volume (max CCW), all others set at mid-range (AM or FM) to tuner chassis.
  - c) No signal input to audio chassis.
  - d) No signal input to audio chassis.
  - e) SW-2 (on audio chassis) may be in any position.

EMERSON RADIO AND PHONOGRAPH CORP.

Model 944B, using Audio Chassis 120522B and Tuner Chassis 120523B;  
 Model 914B, using Tuner Chassis 120482B and Audio Chassis 120483B,  
 are very similar to 944B covered on this and preceding page.

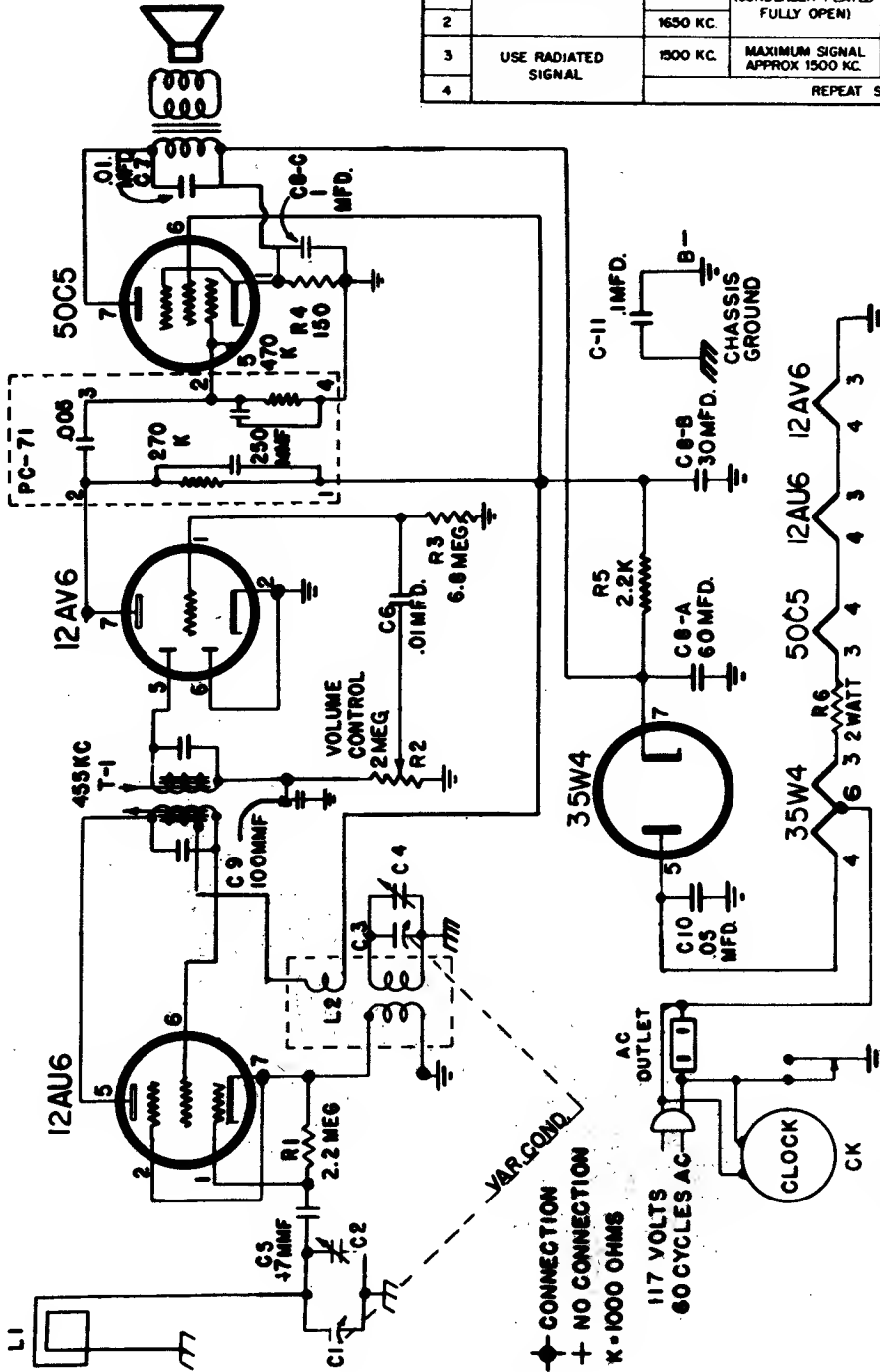
# Gamble-Skogmo, Inc.

## CORONADO MODEL RA 48-8182A



ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE CHART

STEP	CONNECT HIGH SIDE OF SIGNAL GENERATOR TO-	SET SIGNAL GENERATOR TO-	TURN RECEIVER DIAL TO-	ADJUST THE FOLLOWING FOR MAXIMUM OUTPUT. (KEEP SIGNAL FROM SIGNAL GENERATOR AS LOW AS POSSIBLE.)
1	ANTENNA SECTION TUNING CONDENSER IN SERIES WITH .1MFD COND.	455 KC.	FULL CLOCKWISE POSITION (CONDENSER PLATES FULLY OPEN)	BOTTOM & TOP OF T-1 IN SAME ORDER (I F TRANSFORMER)
2		1650 KC.		C4 (OSCILLATOR TRIMMER)
3	USE RADIATED SIGNAL	1500 KC.	MAXIMUM SIGNAL APPROX 1500 KC.	C2 (ANTENNA TRIMMER)
4				REPEAT STEPS 2 AND 3



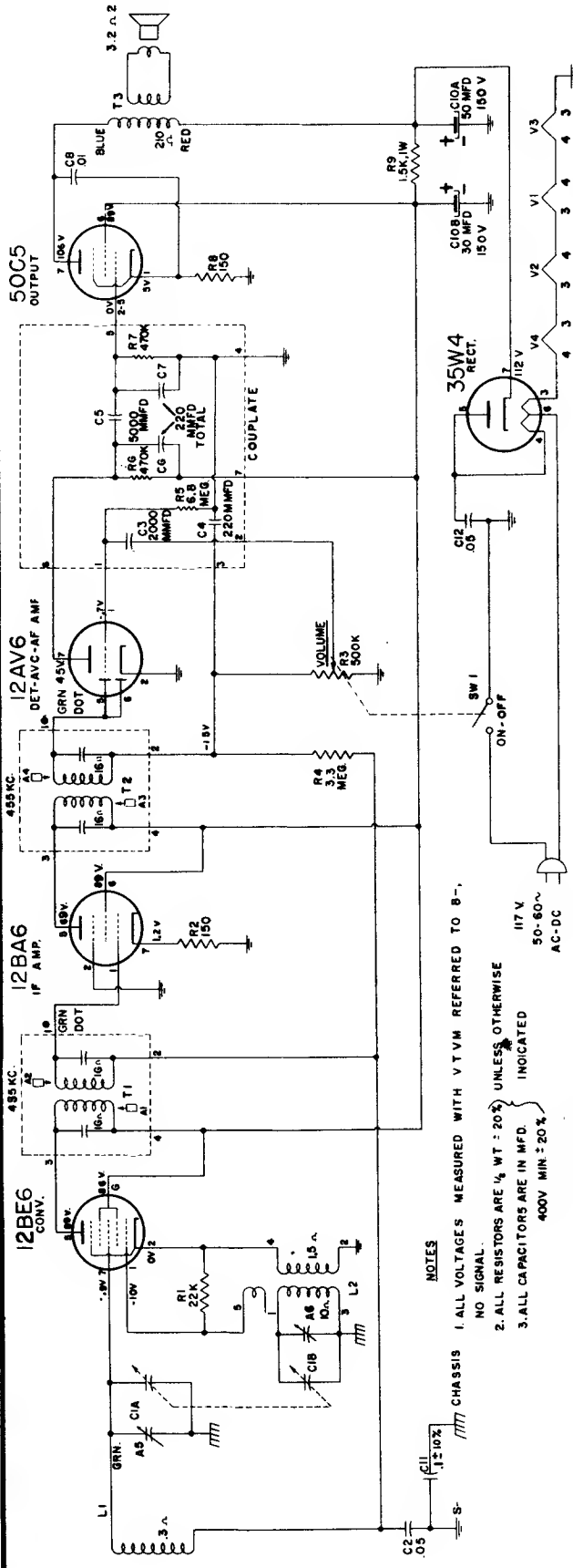
### ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Power Supply	117 Volts AC
Frequency Range	540-1650 KC
Intermediate Frequency	455 KC
Sensitivity	3000 microvolts on loop for 50 MW output
Selectivity	10 KC 2X at 455 KC
Speaker	4" Alnico PM 3.2 Ohm voice coil
Power Consumption	30 Watts
Power Output	1.5 Watts, undistorted

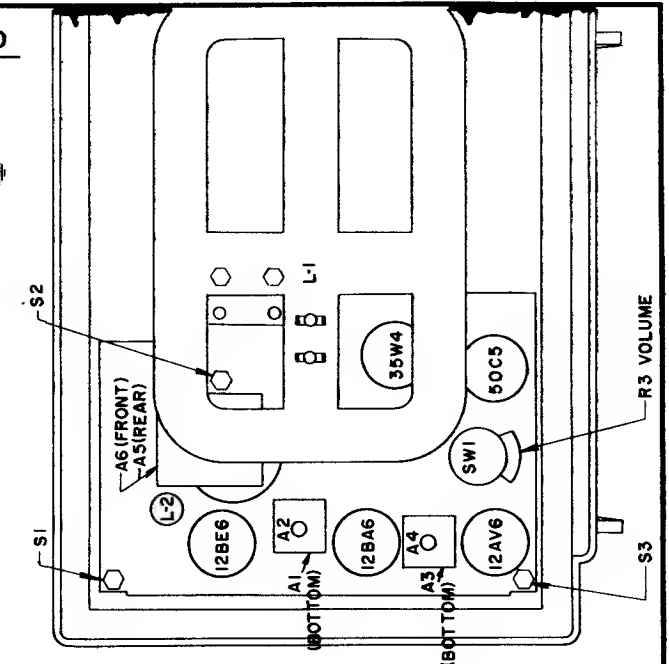
### AS A MUSICAL WAKE-UP ALARM

1. Adjust the volume and tune the radio to the desired station you would like to hear in the morning.
2. Set the Red hand to the time you want to be awakened by gently moving the "Alarm and Time Set Knob" forward — toward front of cabinet.
3. Turn the Knob at hour 6 to "Auto" position. The radio is now set to be turned on automatically at the desired time.

VOLUME R-21, MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED



NOTES  
 1. ALL VOLTAGES MEASURED WITH V TVM REFERRED TO B-, NO SIGNAL.  
 2. ALL RESISTORS ARE 1/4 WT ± 20% UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED  
 3. ALL CAPACITORS ARE IN MFD. 400V MIN ± 20%  
 117 V  
 AC-DC



STEP	Set receiver dial to:	Adjust test oscillator frequency to:	Use dummy antenna in series with output of signal generator consisting of:	Attach output of Signal Generator to:	Refer to Fig. 1 for location of alignment adjustments.
1.	Tuning gang fully open (Minimum capacity)	455 KC	.05 MFD Condenser 400V.	High side of signal generator to mixer grid. Ground lead of generator through .05 to chassis	Using a non-metallic alignment tool, adjust all the I.F. transformer cores for maximum output.
2.	Tuning gang fully open (Minimum capacity)	1640 KC	Loosely couple generator output to loop antenna. Bring a short length of insulated hook-up wire fashioned into a coil of a few turns close to the antenna loop and connect generator output to one end of this wire. Signal generator ground remains connected through .05 MFD condenser to chassis.	Adjust trimmer A6 for maximum output.	Adjust trimmer A5 for maximum output.
3.	1400 KC	1400 KC	Leave connected as above.	Adjust trimmer A5 for maximum output.	

CAUTION: Be sure during RF alignment that the hand, or any objects on the bench, do not come in close contact with the antenna loop or detuning will occur and alignment will be incorrect. Wherever possible, RF alignment should be completed with chassis in its normal position in its cabinet.

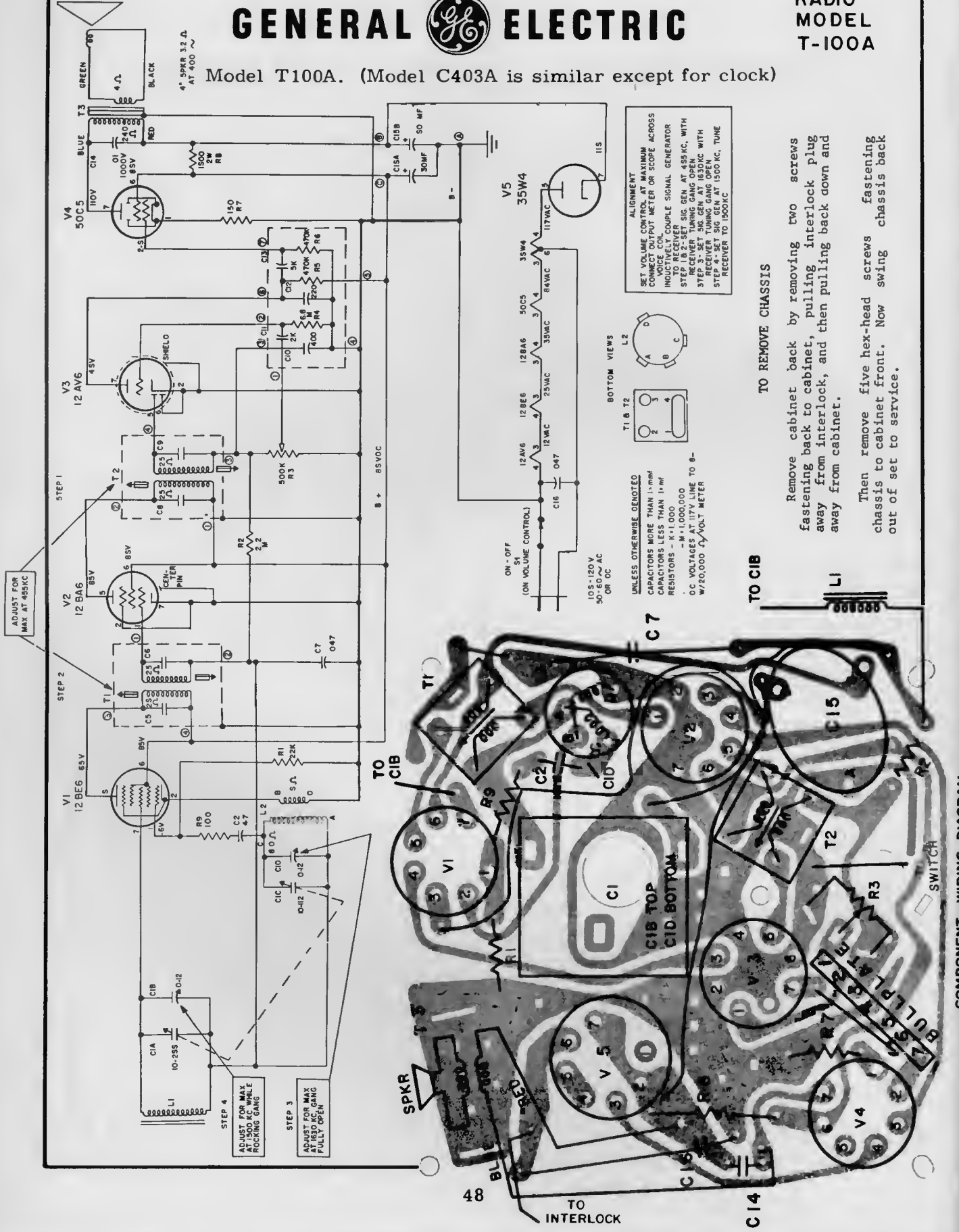
**Gamble-Skogme.**

CORONADO MODELS  
 RA 50-8231 & RA 50-8232

# GENERAL ELECTRIC

RADIO  
MODEL  
T-100A

Model T100A. (Model C403A is similar except for clock)



**ALIGNMENT**  
SET VOLUME CONTROL AT MAXIMUM  
CONNECT METER OR SCOPE ACROSS  
VOICE COIL  
INDUCTIVELY COUPLE SIGNAL GENERATOR  
STEP 1 RECEIVER SIG. GEN. AT 455KC. WITH  
RECEIVER TUNING GANG OPEN  
STEP 2 RECEIVER SIG. GEN. AT 1500 KC. TUNE  
RECEIVER TUNING GANG OPEN  
STEP 3 SET 50 GEN AT 1630 KC WITH  
RECEIVER TUNING GANG OPEN  
RECEIVER TO 1500 KC. TUNE  
RECEIVER TO 1600 KC



**UNLESS OTHERWISE DENOTED**  
CAPACITORS MORE THAN 10mmf  
CAPACITORS LESS THAN 10mmf  
RESISTORS - R = 1,000,000  
- M = 100,000  
- K = 10,000  
- W = 20,000 Ω  
DC VOLTAGES AT 117V LINE TO 8-  
W/20,000 Ω VOLT METER

**TO REMOVE CHASSIS**  
Remove cabinet back by removing two screws  
fastening back to cabinet, pulling interlock plug  
away from interlock, and then pulling back down and  
away from cabinet.  
Then remove five hex-head screws  
fastening chassis to cabinet front. Now swing  
chassis back out of set to service.

ADJUST FOR  
MAX AT 455KC

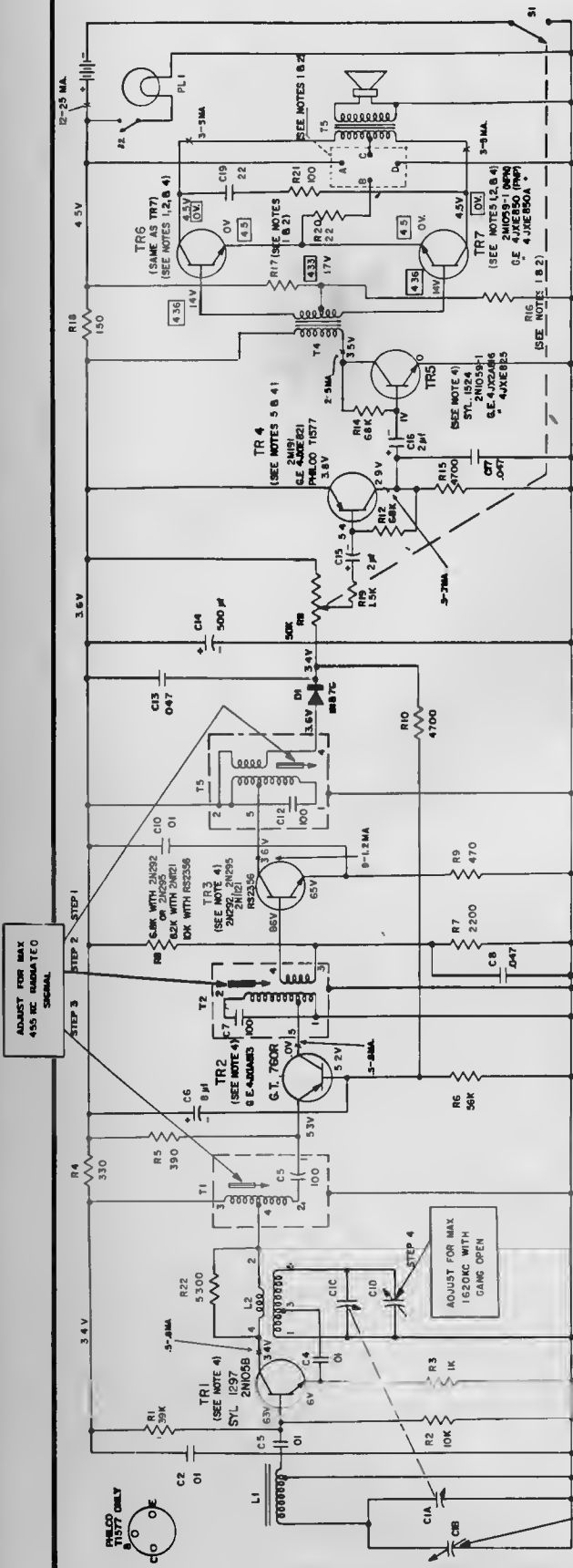
STEP 4  
ADJUST FOR MAX  
AT 1500 AC WHILE  
ROCKING GANG

STEP 3  
ADJUST FOR MAX  
AT 1630 KC GANG  
FULLY OPEN



# GENERAL ELECTRIC

Radio Models T145A, T146A



**CAPACITORS**

- C1 -- Tuning Cap.
- C2 -- .01mf.
- C3 -- .01mf.
- C4 -- .01mf.
- C6 -- 8mf.
- C8 -- .047mf.
- C10 -- .01mf.
- C13 -- .047mf.
- C14 -- 500mf.
- C15 -- 2mf.
- C16 -- 2mf.
- C17 -- .047mf.
- C19 -- .22mf.

**RESISTORS**

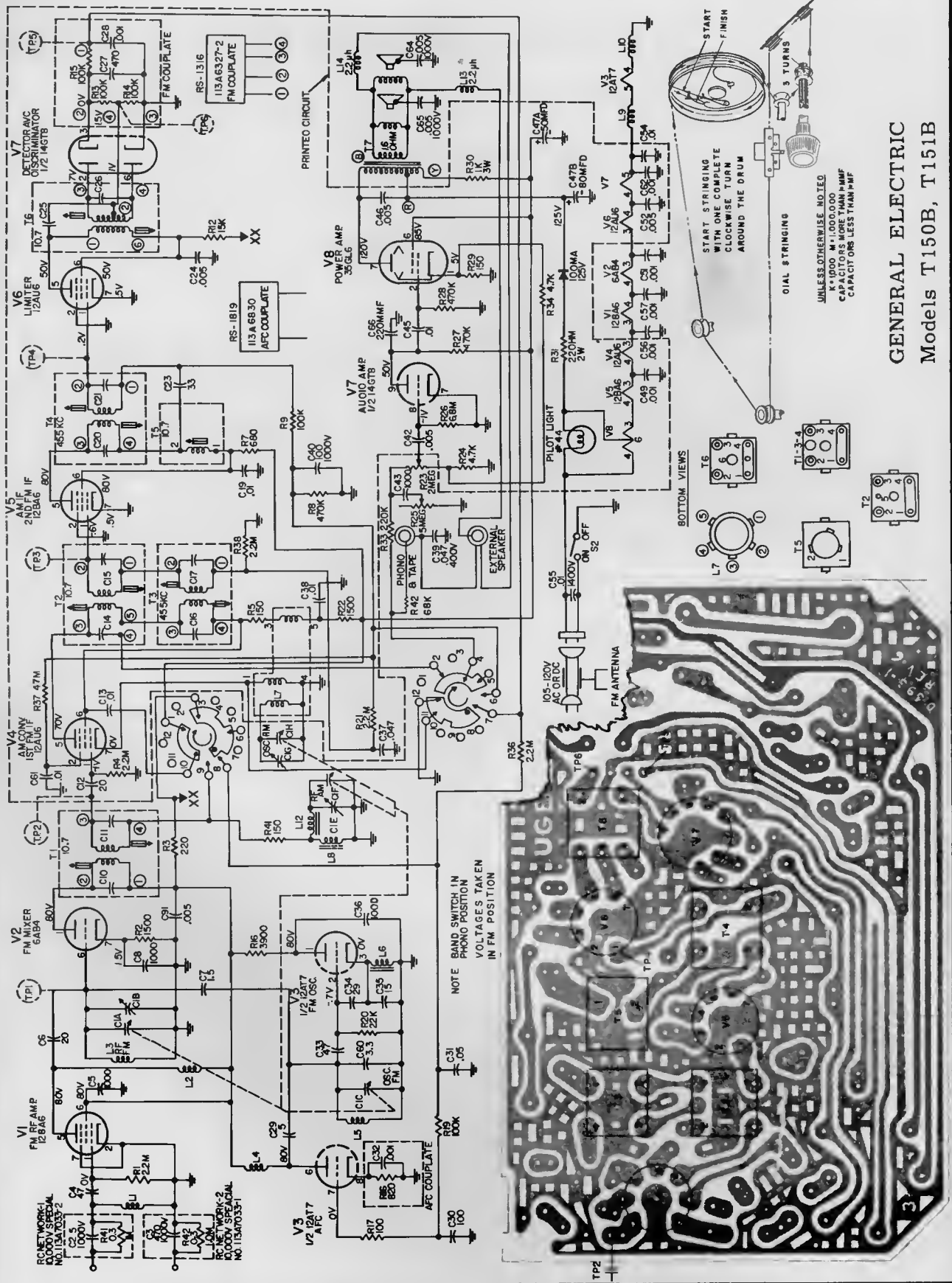
- R1 -- 39K
- R2 -- 10K
- R3 -- 1K
- R4 -- 330
- R5 -- 390
- R6 -- 56K
- R7 -- 2.2K
- R8 -- 6.8K, 8.2K, or 10K
- R9 -- 470
- R10 -- 4.7K
- R11 -- 50K
- R12 -- 68K
- R13 -- 4.7K
- R14 -- 68K
- R16 -- (See Notes)
- R17 -- (See Notes)
- R18 -- 150
- R19 -- 1.5K
- R20 -- 2.2K
- R21 -- 100
- R22 -- 3.3K



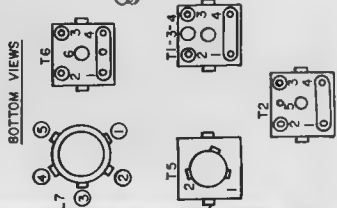
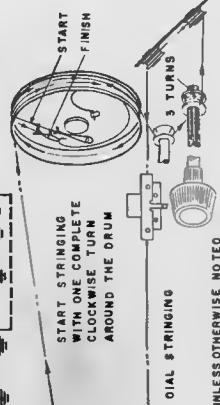
- NOTES-**
- 1 FOR MPP TR6 & TR7
    - A. CONNECT A JUMPER WIRE BETWEEN POINTS B & D (SEE PHANTOM WIRING DIAGRAM).
    - B. C. R6 MUST BE 50 OHMS.
    - D. R7 MUST BE 1K.
  - 2 FOR MPP TR6 & TR7
    - A. CONNECT A JUMPER WIRE BETWEEN POINTS A & B (SEE PHANTOM WIRING DIAGRAM).
    - B. C. R6 MUST BE 1K.
    - D. R7 MUST BE 50 OHMS.
  3. TET7 (PHILO) TRANSFORMER BASE LEAD MUST BE SOLDERED INTO B2 AS SHOWN ON PHANTOM WIRING DIAGRAM BASE LEAD OF ALL OTHER RECOMMENDED TRANSFORMERS FOR TR4 MUST BE SOLDERED INTO B1.
  4. REPLACE WITH TRANSFORMER TYPES SHOWN.
  5. UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED-- CAPACITORS MORE THAN 1.0 MF CAPACITORS LESS THAN 1.0 MF RESISTORS ARE 1/2 WATT K = 1000
  6. VOLTAGES ARE POSITIVE WITH RESPECT TO GROUND UNDER NO SIGNAL CONDITIONS
  7. VOLTAGES SHOWN IN ARE WITH TR6 & TR7 MPP.

**ALIGNMENT**

SET VOLUME CONTROL AT MAXIMUM  
CONNECT OUTPUT METER OR SCOPE ACROSS VOICE COIL  
INDUCTIVELY COUPLE SIGNAL GENERATOR TO RECEIVER 2 B 3. SET SIG GEN AT 455 KC. WITH RECEIVER TUNING GANG OPEN  
STEP 4 SET SIG GEN AT 1620 KC. WITH RECEIVER TUNING GANG OPEN  
STEP 5. SET SIG GEN AT 400 KC. TUNE RECEIVER TO 400 KC.

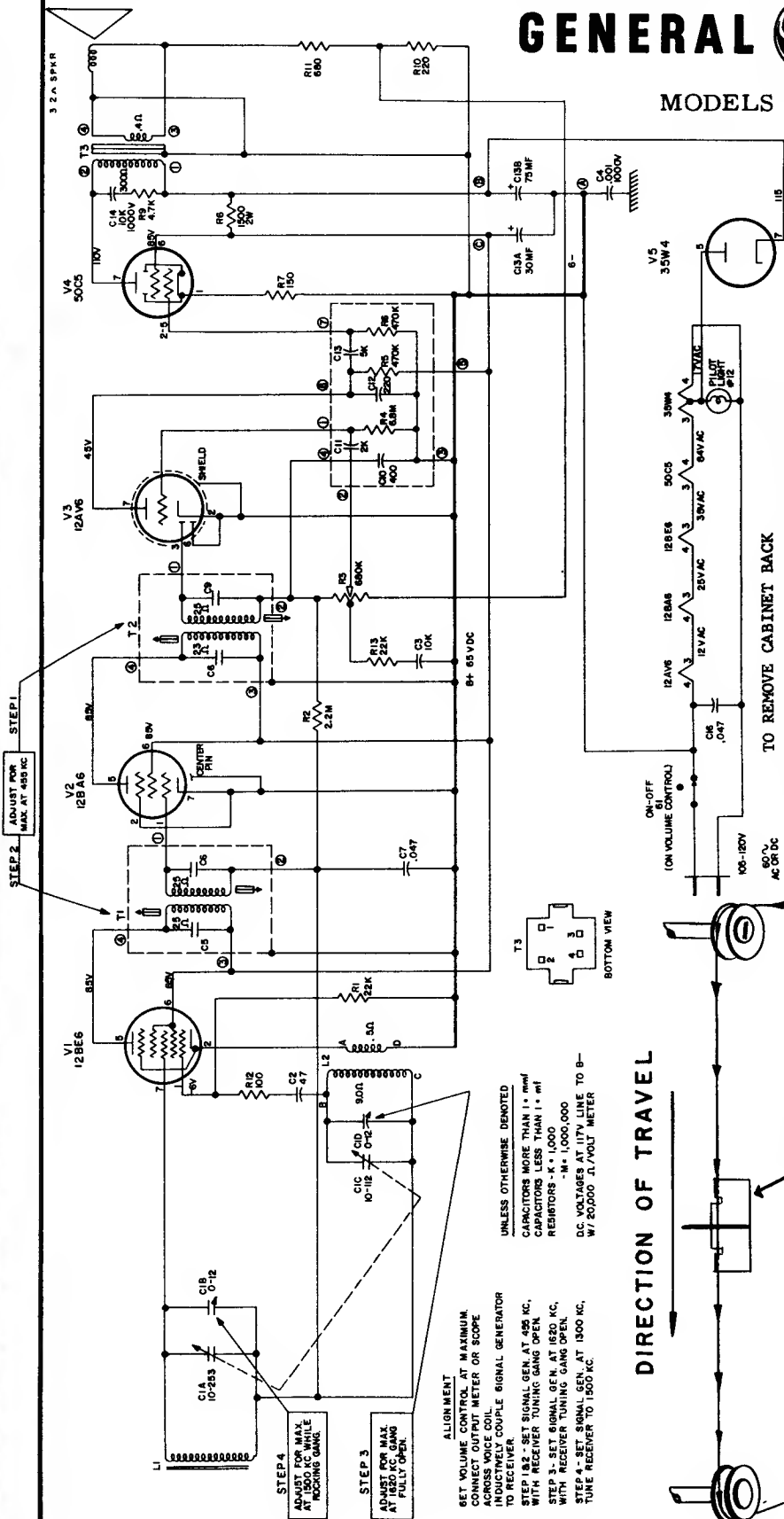


GENERAL ELECTRIC  
Models T150B, T151B



# GENERAL ELECTRIC

MODELS T165A, T166A



### TO REMOVE CABINET BACK

Four hex-head screws fasten the cabinet back to the cabinet front. Two are located in the recessed hand-grip, and two on the lower rear edge of the cabinet. Remove these screws and pull out the interlock plug to remove the back.

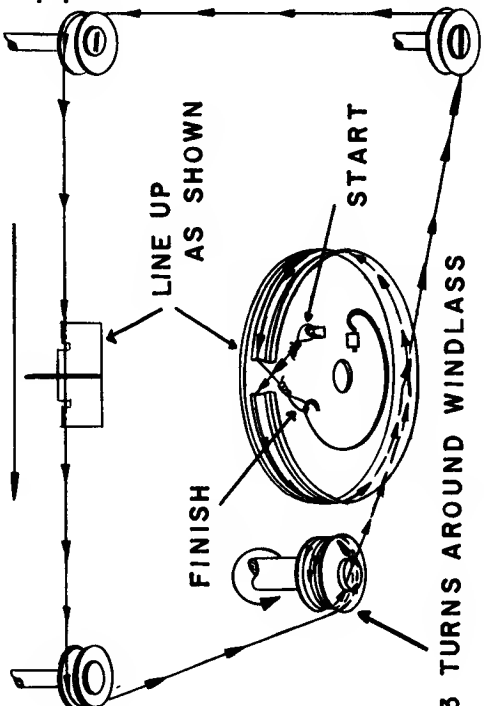
### TO REMOVE CHASSIS

Four hex-head screws fasten the cabinet back to cabinet bottom, two fasten the volume control to the cabinet front, and one fastens the antenna bracket to the cabinet front. Remove these screws and the volume control knob.

The dial drum is captive and remains on the cabinet front. The tuning gang shaft will slide out of the dial drum when the chassis is pulled out of the cabinet.

When replacing the chassis, be sure to line the flat side of the gang shaft up with the flat side of the dial drum hole. This will allow the gang shaft to enter the dial drum.

### DIRECTION OF TRAVEL



### STRINGING DIAGRAM

STEP 1 - ADJUST FOR MAX AT 450 KC

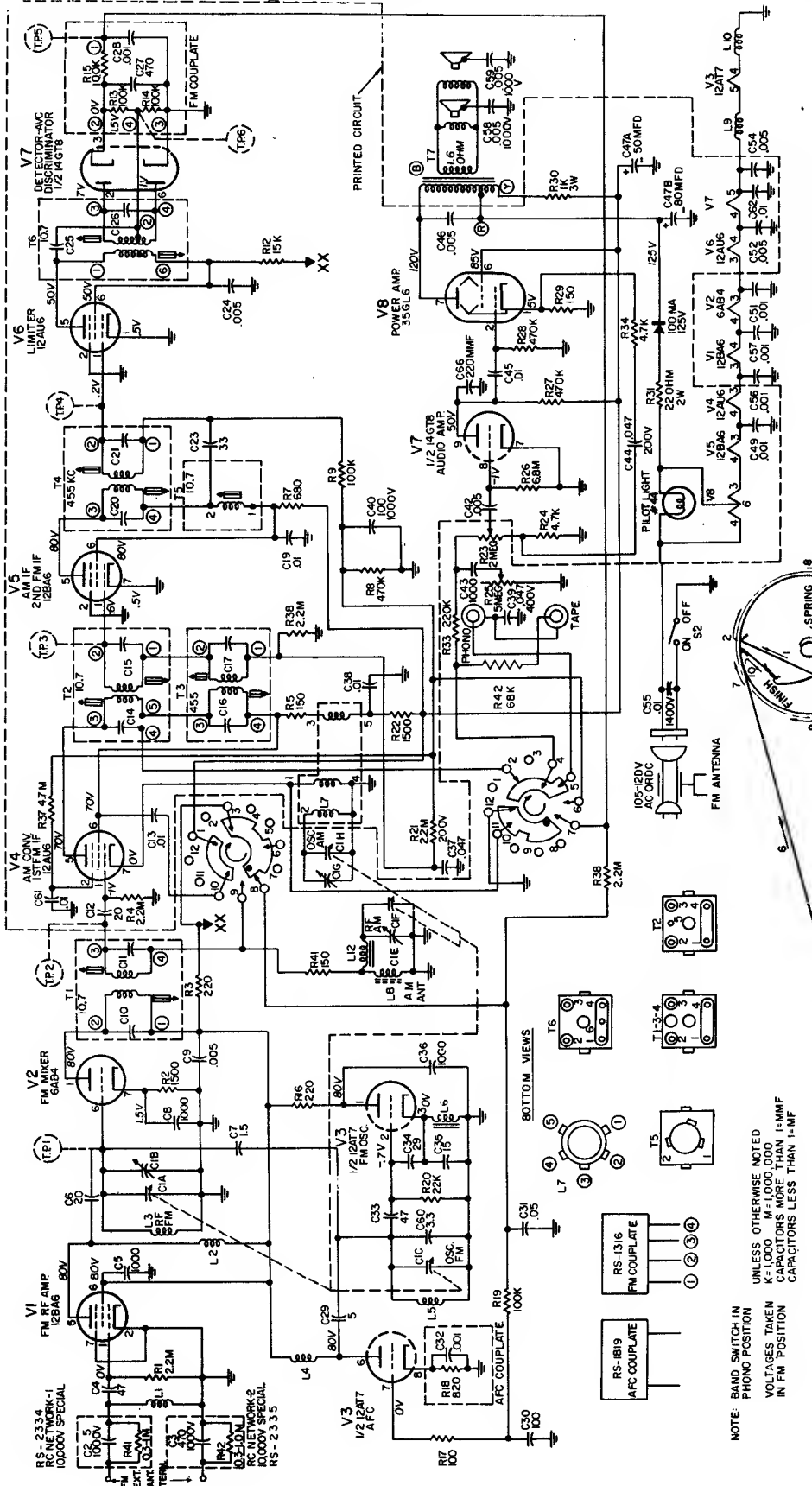
STEP 2 - ADJUST FOR MAX AT 450 KC

STEP 3 - ADJUST FOR MAX AT 1500 AC WHILE TUNING GANG FULLY OPEN

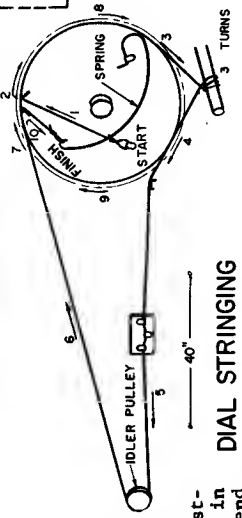
STEP 4 - ADJUST FOR MAX AT 1500 AC WHILE TUNING GANG FULLY OPEN

**ALIGNMENT**  
 GET VOLUME CONTROL AT MAXIMUM. CONNECT OUTPUT METER OR SCOPE ACROSS VOICE COIL. INDUCTIVELY COUPLE SIGNAL GENERATOR TO RECEIVER.  
 STEP 1 - SET SIGNAL GEN. AT 450 KC, WITH RECEIVER TUNING GANG OPEN.  
 STEP 2 - SET SIGNAL GEN. AT 450 KC, WITH RECEIVER TUNING GANG OPEN.  
 STEP 3 - SET SIGNAL GEN. AT 1500 AC, WITH RECEIVER TUNING GANG OPEN.  
 STEP 4 - SET SIGNAL GEN. AT 1500 AC, TUNE RECEIVER TO 1500 AC.

UNLESS OTHERWISE DENOTED  
 CAPACITORS MORE THAN 1 μmf  
 CAPACITORS LESS THAN 1 μmf  
 RESISTORS - Ω, 1,000,000  
 DC VOLTMETER AT 175V LINE TO B-  
 W/ 50,000 Ω/VOLT METER



- TO REMOVE CABINET**
1. Remove 2 cab. rear screws & separate front & back.
  2. Chassis can remain on cabinet front for troubleshooting and alignment.  
(Knobs are removed by releasing captive clips with a screwdriver.)
- TO REMOVE A SPEAKER**
1. Same as No. 1 above.
  2. Unscrew the six hex-head screws holding the grille to the cabinet front.
  3. Label and unsolder speaker leads from speaker terminals. Reversed speaker leads will cause distorted audio.
  4. Unscrew the four screws around front of speaker and remove the speaker from cabinet front.



DIAL STRINGING

GENERAL ELECTRIC  
Model T210B

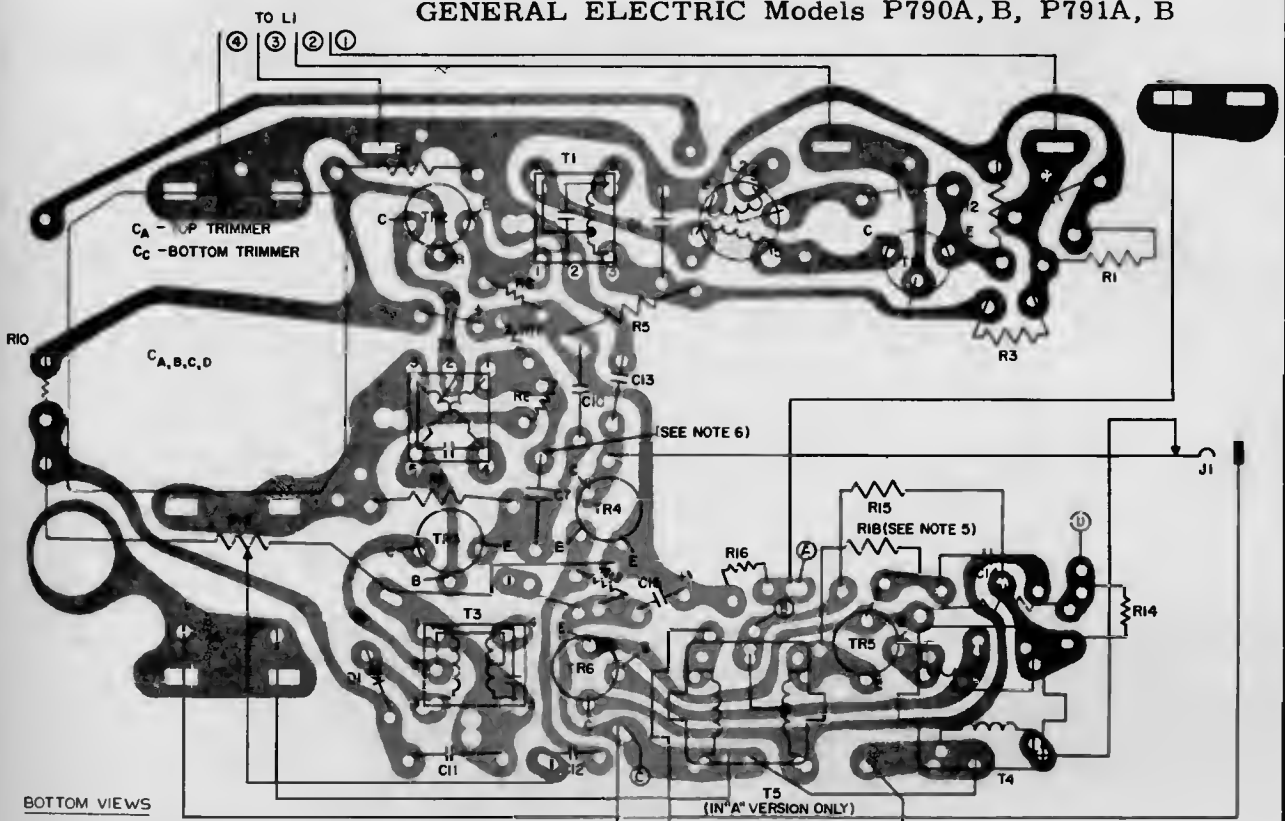
FM OSCILLATOR COIL

The FM oscillator coil, L5, may require adjustment if components, other than tubes, are changed in the FM oscillator-mixer section. Check the band end frequencies. If the set tunes through 108 and 88 MC do not touch the coil. If the oscillator frequency is low, adjust L5 by spreading the turns slightly. (This raises the dial frequency.) If the oscillator frequency is high, adjust L5 by squeezing the turns together slightly. (This lowers the dial frequency.)

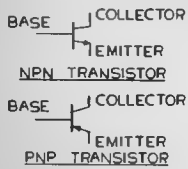
NOTE: A small change in the space between 2 turns of L5 shifts the frequency approximately 1 MC.

NOTE: BAND SWITCH IN PHONO POSITION  
UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED  
VOLTAGES TAKEN FROM 1000 M-1000, 000 IN FM POSITION  
CAPACITORS MORE THAN 1-MHF

GENERAL ELECTRIC Models P790A, B, P791A, B



BOTTOM VIEWS



BOTTOM VIEWS  
OSCILLATOR COIL

I.F. TRANSFORMERS



E - EMITTER  
B - BASE  
C - COLLECTOR



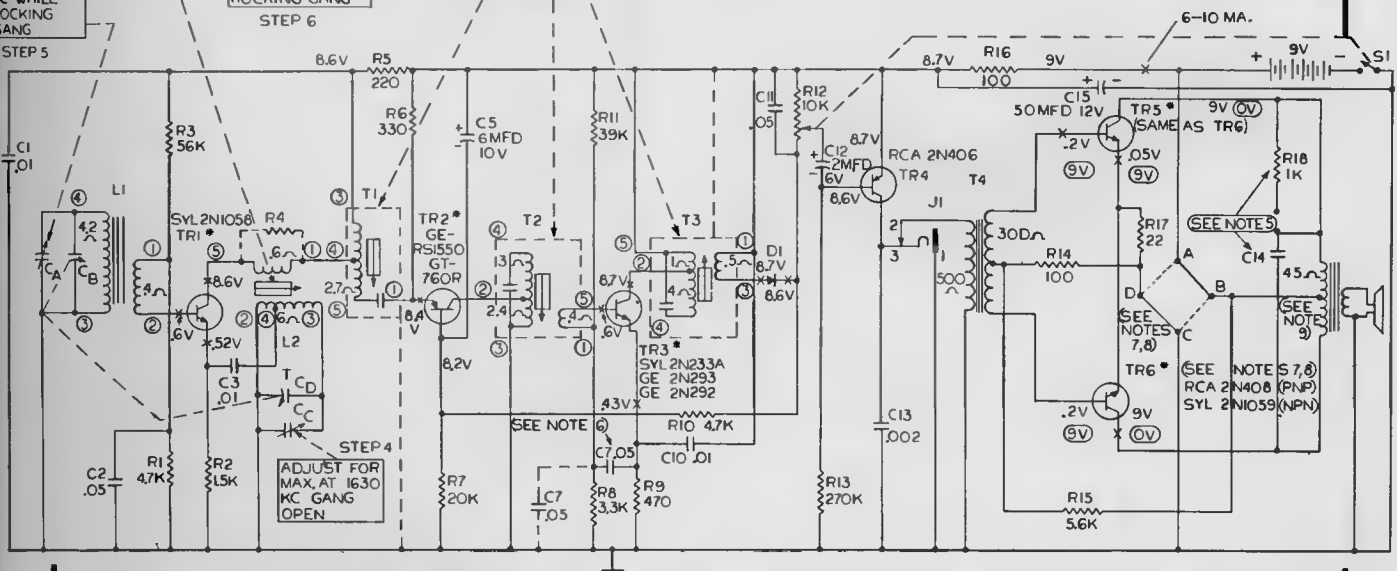
ADJUST FOR MAX. AT 1630 KC WHILE ROCKING GANG  
STEP 6

PEAK AT 455KC  
STEP 3 / STFP 2 / STEP 1

ADJUST FOR MAX. AT 1400 KC WHILE ROCKING GANG  
STEP 5

NOTES.

- UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED: CAPACITORS MORE THAN 1=MMF CAPACITORS LESS THAN 1=MF RESISTORS ARE 1/2 WATT K=1000
- VOLTAGE & CURRENT READINGS ARE AVERAGE UNDER NO SIGNAL CONDITIONS. VOLTAGES ARE POSITIVE WITH RESPECT TO GROUND.
- SIMILAR APPROVED TRANSISTORS MAY BE USED.
- VOLTAGES SHOWN IN  $\square$  ARE FOR PNP TRANSISTORS IN TR5 & TR6.
- C14=02MF, R18 IS REPLACED BY JUMPER WITH DYNAMIC SPEAKER. C14=1MF, R18 IS 1K WITH MAGNETIC SPEAKER.
- IF TR3 IS 2N293 OR 2N292, C7 GOES TO GROUND.
- FOR NPN TRANSISTORS IN TR5 & TR6  
A. JUMPER A TO B  
B. JUMPER C TO D
- FOR PNP TRANSISTORS IN TR5 & TR6  
A. JUMPER A TO D  
B. JUMPER B TO C
- RESISTANCE ACROSS OUTPUT TRANSFORMER IS 45 $\Omega$  WITH DYNAMIC SPEAKER. READING WITH MAGNETIC SPEAKER IS 85 $\Omega$ .



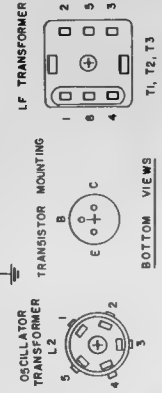
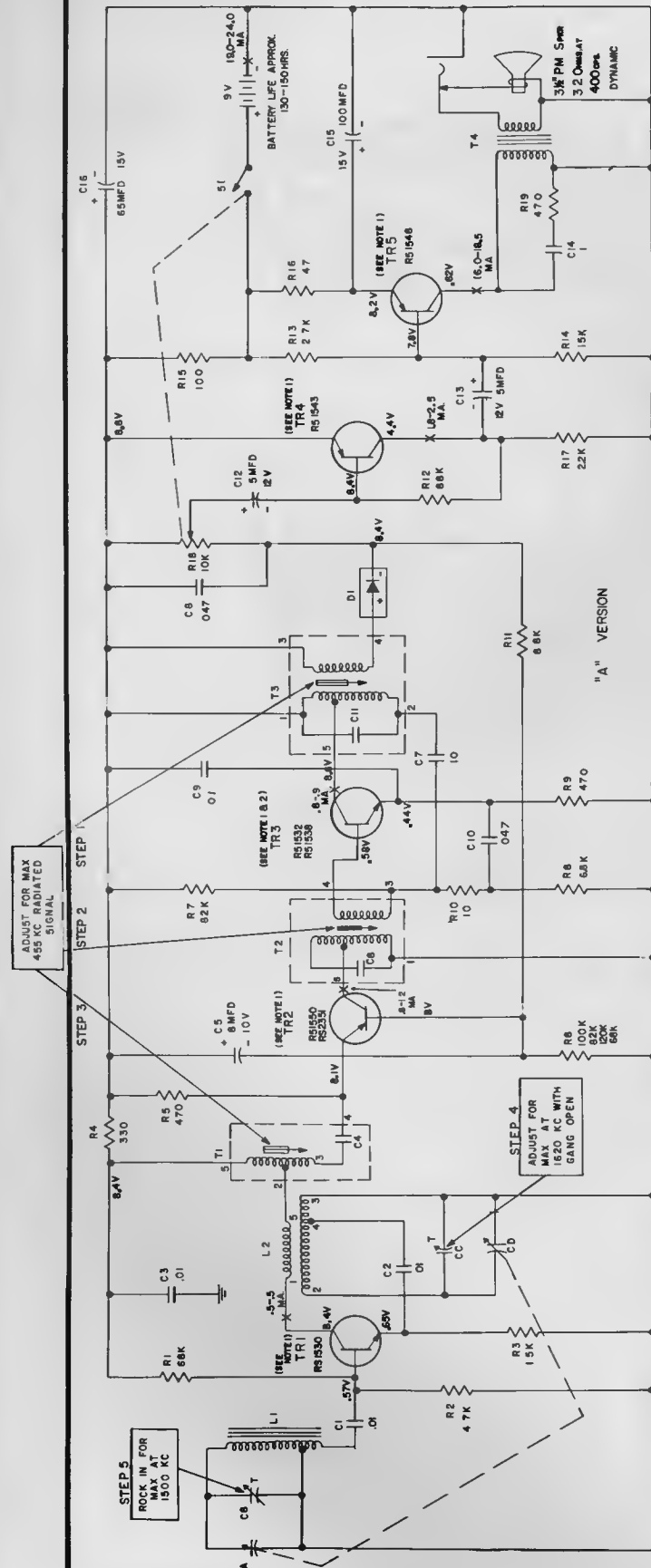
GENERAL ELECTRIC

Models P805A, P806A, P807A, B, and P808A, B

"A" version diagrams on this page, and "B" version on the next page.

TO REMOVE CIRCUIT BOARD

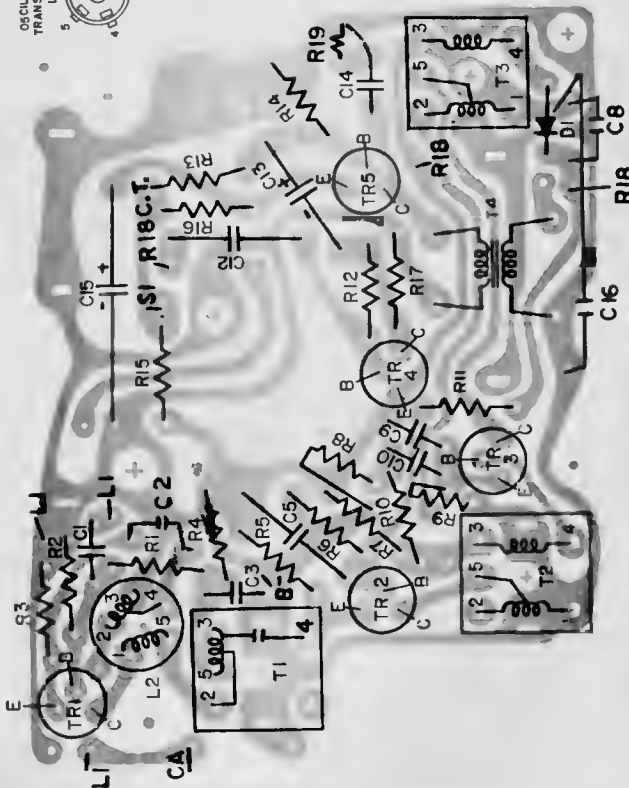
1. Turn screw in cabinet back counterclockwise until it becomes loose (this a captive screw and remains in the cabinet).
2. Insert a coin in either slot on the cabinet bottom and twist to remove the cabinet back.
3. Remove screw holding tuning dial.
4. Remove 3 screws under the tuning dial to release the tuning gang from the cabinet front.
5. Remove one 11/32" nut (bottom center of circuit board) and 3 hexhead screws holding circuit board to bosses on cabinet front.
6. Fold tuning gang and circuit board out of cabinet front toward the volume control end. It is not necessary to remove the volume control to repair the circuit board.



ALIGNMENT  
SET VOLUME CONTROL AT MAXIMUM  
CONNECT OUTPUT METER OR SCOPE  
ACROSS VOICE COIL  
INDUCTIVELY COUPLE SIGNAL GENERATOR  
TO RECEIVER.

UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED—  
RESISTORS ARE 1/2 WATT 5% TOL  
CAPACITORS ARE 5% TOL  
RESISTORS ARE 1/2 WATT K=1000

NOTE 1—  
REPLACE WITH TRANSISTOR  
TYPES SHOWN,  
2—  
WHEN TR3 IS 2N169  
R7 = 47K  
C7 IS DELETED  
R7 REPLACED BY JUMPER



LATE PRODUCTION

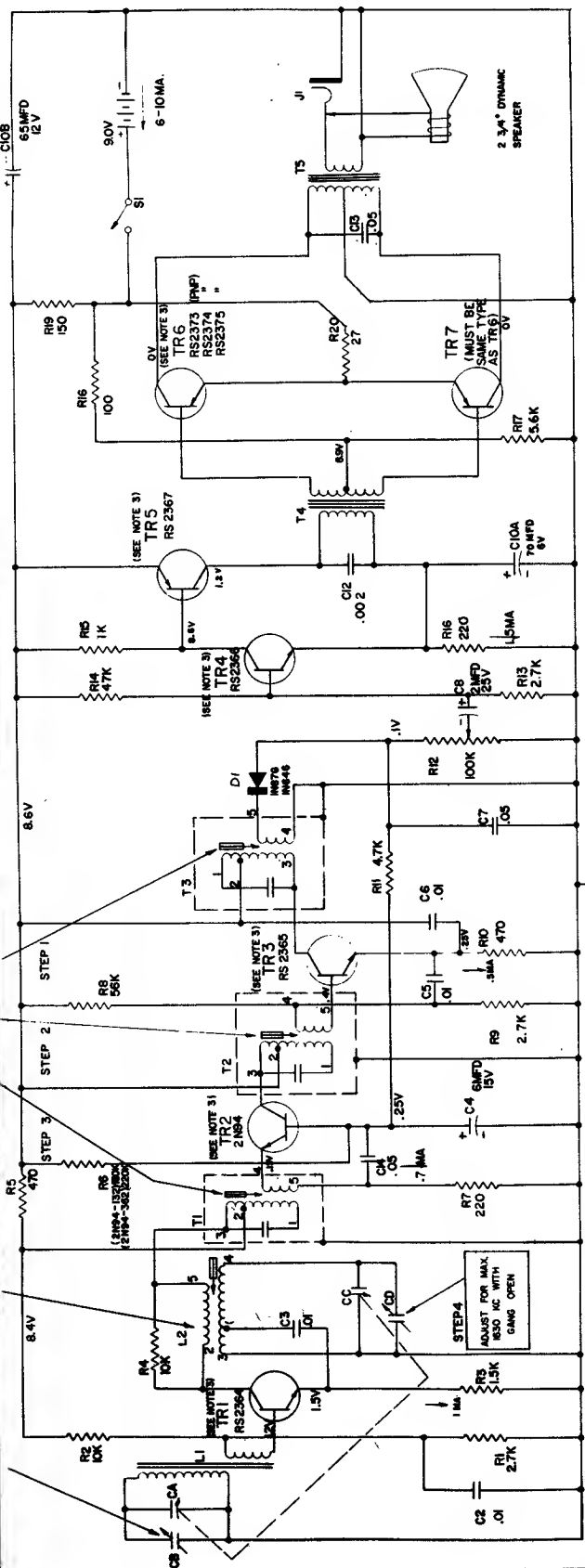


ALIGNMENT  
SET VOLUME CONTROL AT MAXIMUM.  
CONNECT OUTPUT METER OR SCOPE ACROSS  
INDUCTIVELY COUPLED SIGNAL GENERATOR TO  
RECEIVER.

ADJUST FOR MAX.  
495 KC RADIATED  
SIGNAL

ADJUST FOR MAX.  
580 KC WHILE  
ROCKING GANG

ADJUST FOR MAX.  
400 KC WHILE  
ROCKING GANG



TO REMOVE CHASSIS

1. Disengage screw on rear of cabinet.
2. Insert coin in slot on bottom of cabinet and twist to remove cabinet back.
3. Remove 5 screws holding board to cabinet bosses. (Do not remove screws from antenna holder.)
4. Swing circuit board up 90° from cabinet front.

TO REMOVE VOLUME CONTROL AND/OR TUNING CAPACITOR

1. Remove chassis.
2. Remove volume control knob.
3. Remove two screws holding tuning capacitor mounting plate to cabinet front.
4. Unscrew metal stud holding mounting bracket near speaker and dial scale opening.
5. Carefully lift out chassis and controls, tilt unit slightly to slide dial pointer out of opening.

TROUBLESHOOTING

A check of battery condition and total current drain of the receiver should be made first. All current measurements are made at quiescence with the receiver turned on, volume control at minimum, tuning gang closed, and with no-signal conditions. The total receiver current drain is 6 to 10 mls. This is measured by inserting a milliammeter

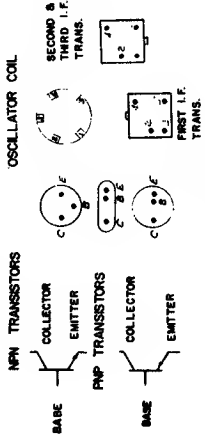
in series with the battery (-) and pivoted connector. If an excessive total current drain is recorded, the individual collector currents of each transistor should be checked. An excessive current reading may mean a shorted transistor; no current will indicate that a transistor or associated circuit component is defective.

- NO RECEPTION:
1. Check battery voltage and battery contacts.
  2. Check on-off switch.
  3. Check all antenna lead connections.
  4. Check coil L2.

WEAK AUDIO:

1. Check battery voltage for 9 volts.
  2. Check battery current.
  3. Check transistor collector currents.
  4. Check alignment.
- INTERMITTENT:
1. Check battery contacts for corrosion.
  2. Check solder connections on dip-soldered side of circuit board.

Intermittent audio, motorboating, and poor reception is frequently caused by poor battery contact or low battery voltage.



BOTTOM VIEWS

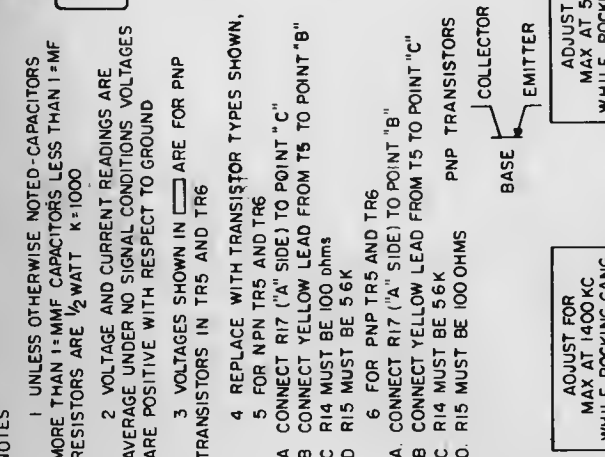
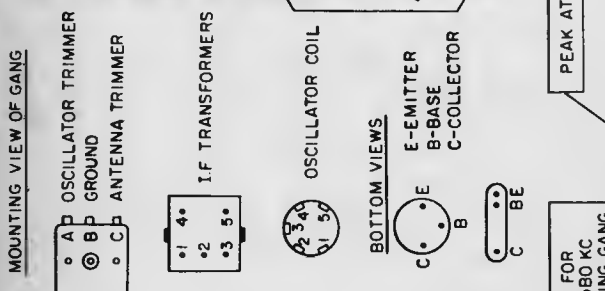
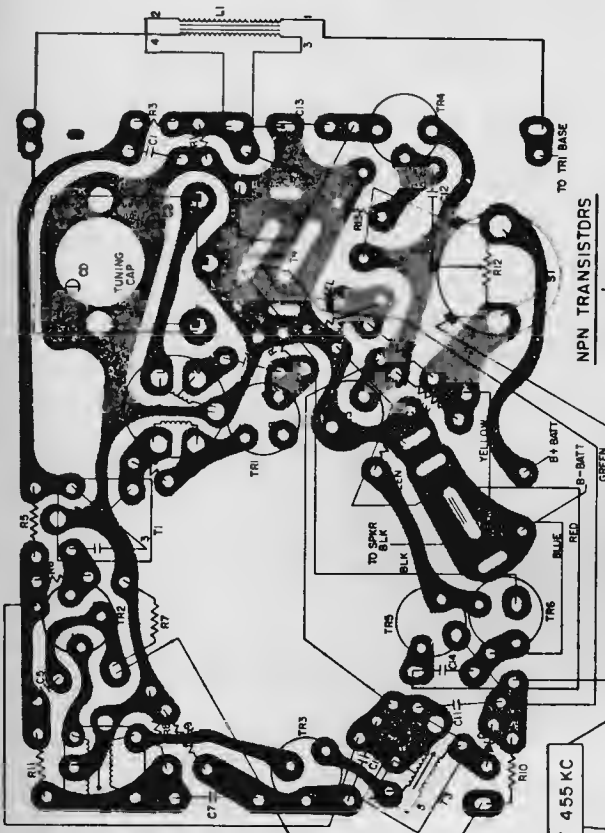
- NOTES—
1. UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED— CAPACITORS MORE THAN 1.0MFD CAPACITORS LESS THAN 1.0MFD RESISTORS ARE 1/2 WATT K=1000
  2. VOLTAGES ARE POSITIVE WITH RESPECT TO GROUND UNDER NO SIGNAL CONDITIONS.
  3. REPLACE WITH TRANSISTOR TYPES SHOWN, OR ORDER BY CATALOG NUMBER AS LISTED IN PARTS LIST.

GENERAL ELECTRIC  
Models P815A, P816A



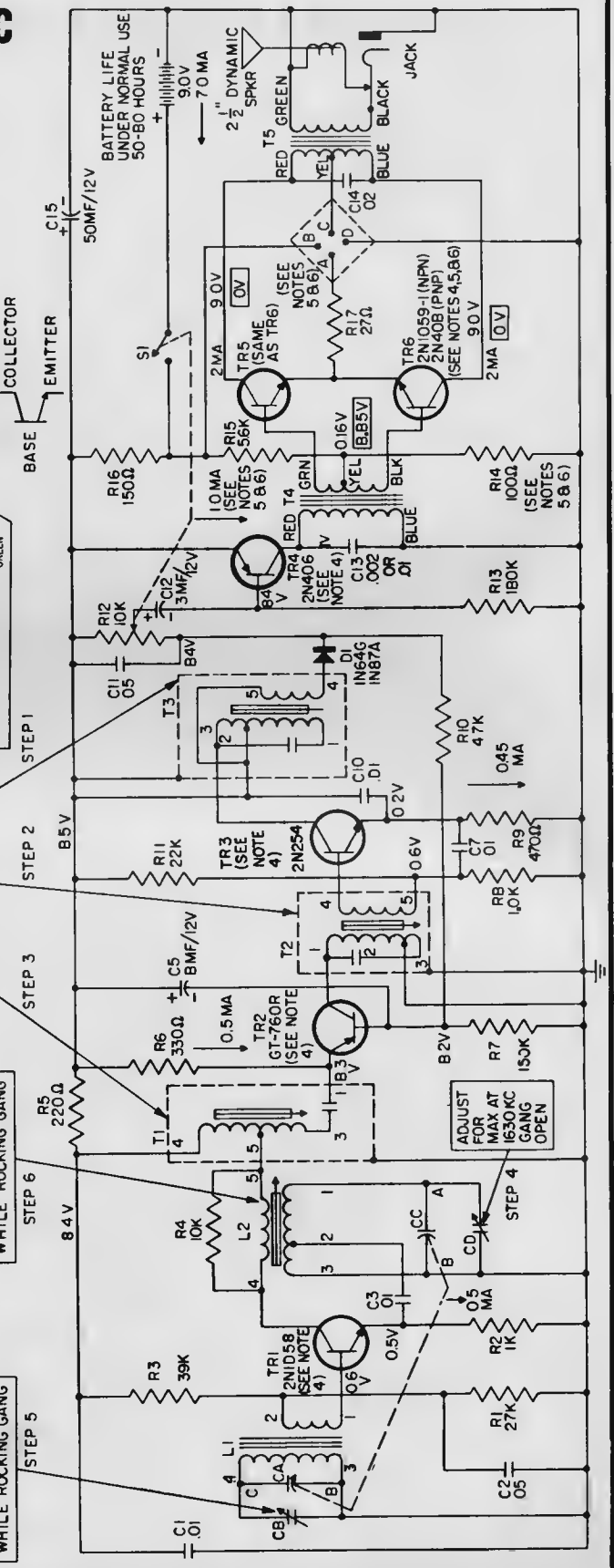
# GENERAL ELECTRIC

MODELS P830C and P831C



**NOTES**

- UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED-CAPACITORS MORE THAN 1-MMF CAPACITORS LESS THAN 1-MMF RESISTORS ARE 1/2 WATT K=1000
- VOLTAGE AND CURRENT READINGS ARE AVERAGE UNDER NO SIGNAL CONDITIONS. VOLTAGES ARE POSITIVE WITH RESPECT TO GROUND
- VOLTAGES SHOWN IN  $\square$  ARE FOR PNP TRANSISTORS IN TR5 AND TR6
- REPLACE WITH TRANSISTOR TYPES SHOWN, 5 FOR NPN TR5 AND TR6
- CONNECT R17 ("A" SIDE) TO POINT "C"
- CONNECT YELLOW LEAD FROM T5 TO POINT "B"
- R14 MUST BE 100 ohms
- R15 MUST BE 56K
- FOR PNP TR5 AND TR6
  - CONNECT R17 ("A" SIDE) TO POINT "B"
  - CONNECT YELLOW LEAD FROM T5 TO POINT "C"
  - R14 MUST BE 56K
  - R15 MUST BE 100 OHMS



# GENERAL ELECTRIC

MODELS  
P830E  
P831E

### TO REMOVE CIRCUIT BOARD

1. Remove cabinet back.
2. Remove screw that is mounted next to volume control.
3. Place fingernail under phone jack and lift chassis up, then slide slightly in direction of cabinet bottom.

When replacing chassis, carefully tilt chassis so that tuning knob fits into knob opening, then slide chassis up towards cabinet top. Chassis mounting screw hole must line up with hole in mounting boss on cabinet.

### TO REMOVE VOLUME CONTROL

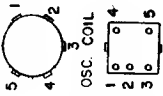
1. Remove tuning knob.
2. Remove two screws mounted under tuning knob.
3. Remove control.

**IMPORTANT:** After installing volume control, be sure there is continuity between mounting screw head and conductor pattern for each screw.

### TO REMOVE TUNING CAPACITOR

1. Remove pulley from gang shaft.
2. Remove two mounting screws.
3. Unsolder the three gang connection lugs on dip-solder side of board.

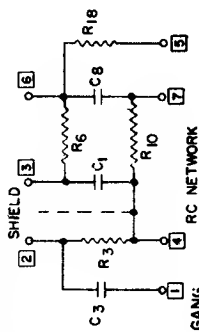
### IF TRANSFORMERS



OSC. COIL

### NOTES:

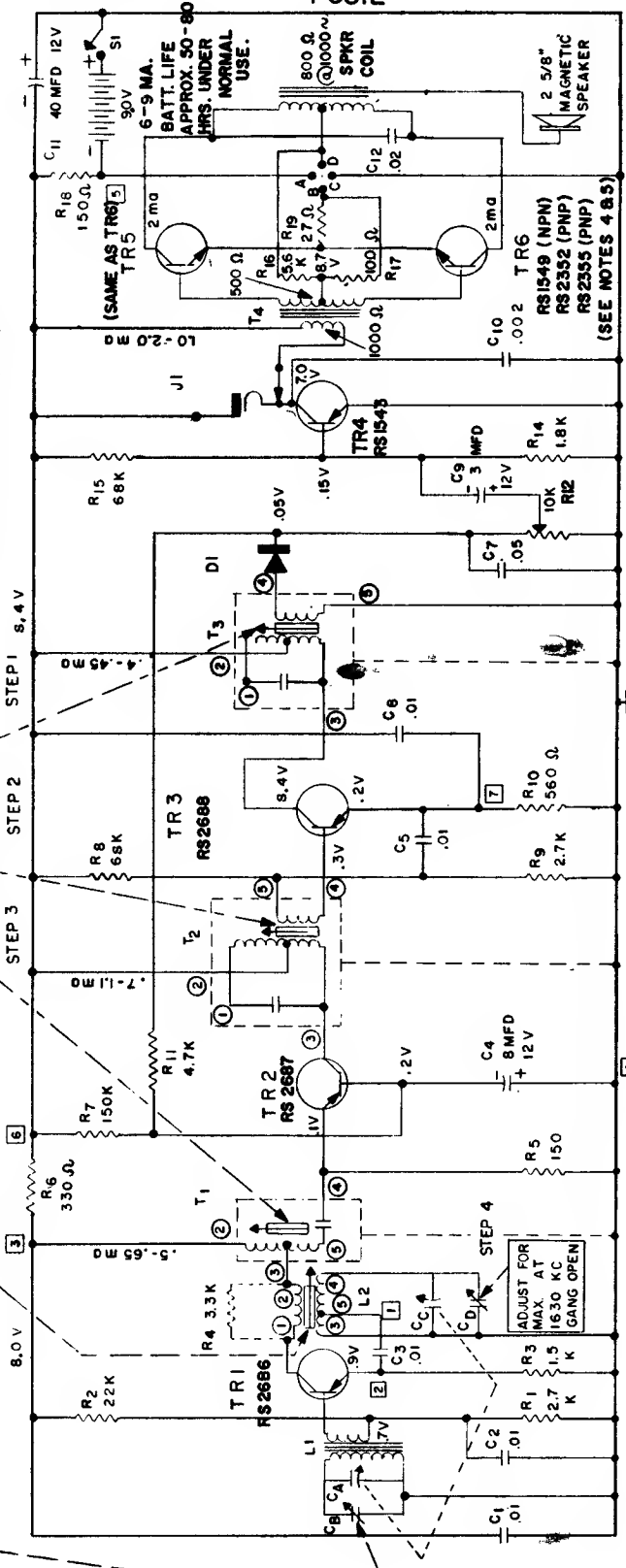
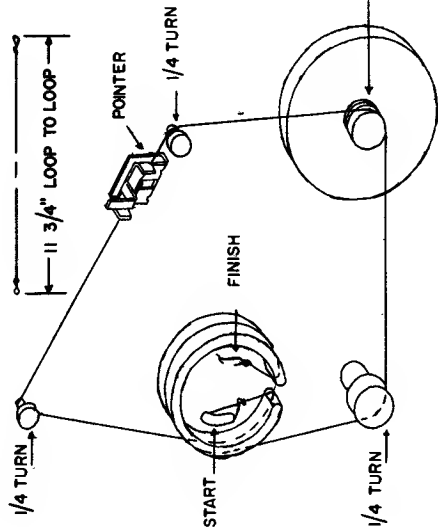
1. UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED - CAPACITORS MORE THAN 1-μfd AND RESISTORS LESS THAN 100 Ω ARE 1/2 WATT & K=1000 VOLTAGES & CURRENT READINGS ARE AVERAGE UNDER NO SIGNAL CONDITIONS VOLTAGES ARE NEGATIVE WITH RESPECT TO GROUND.
3. REPLACE WITH TRANSISTOR TYPES SHOWN.
4. FOR NPN TRANSISTORS IN TR5 & TR6 (a) JUMPER C TO D (b) JUMPER A TO B
5. FOR PNP TRANSISTORS IN TR5 & TR6 (c) JUMPER A TO D (d) JUMPER C TO B



START STRINGING AT GANG DRUM AS INDICATED WITH GANG IN OPEN POSITION & POINTER AT THE RIGHT.

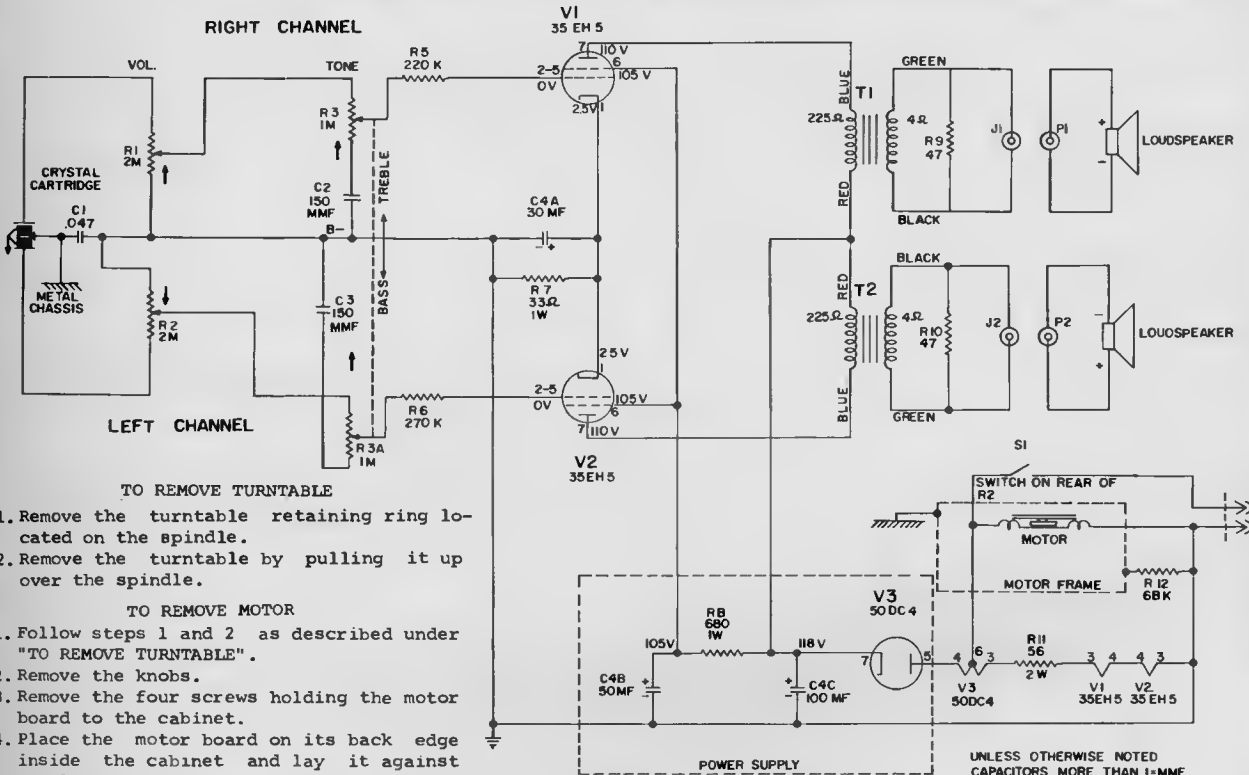
ADJUST FOR MAX. AT 1400 KC WHILE ROCKING GANG

ADJUST FOR MAX. AT 580 KC WHILE ROCKING GANG





Exact material for Model RP1100A, Models RP1127A, RP1128A are similar.



TO REMOVE TURNTABLE

1. Remove the turntable retaining ring located on the spindle.
2. Remove the turntable by pulling it up over the spindle.

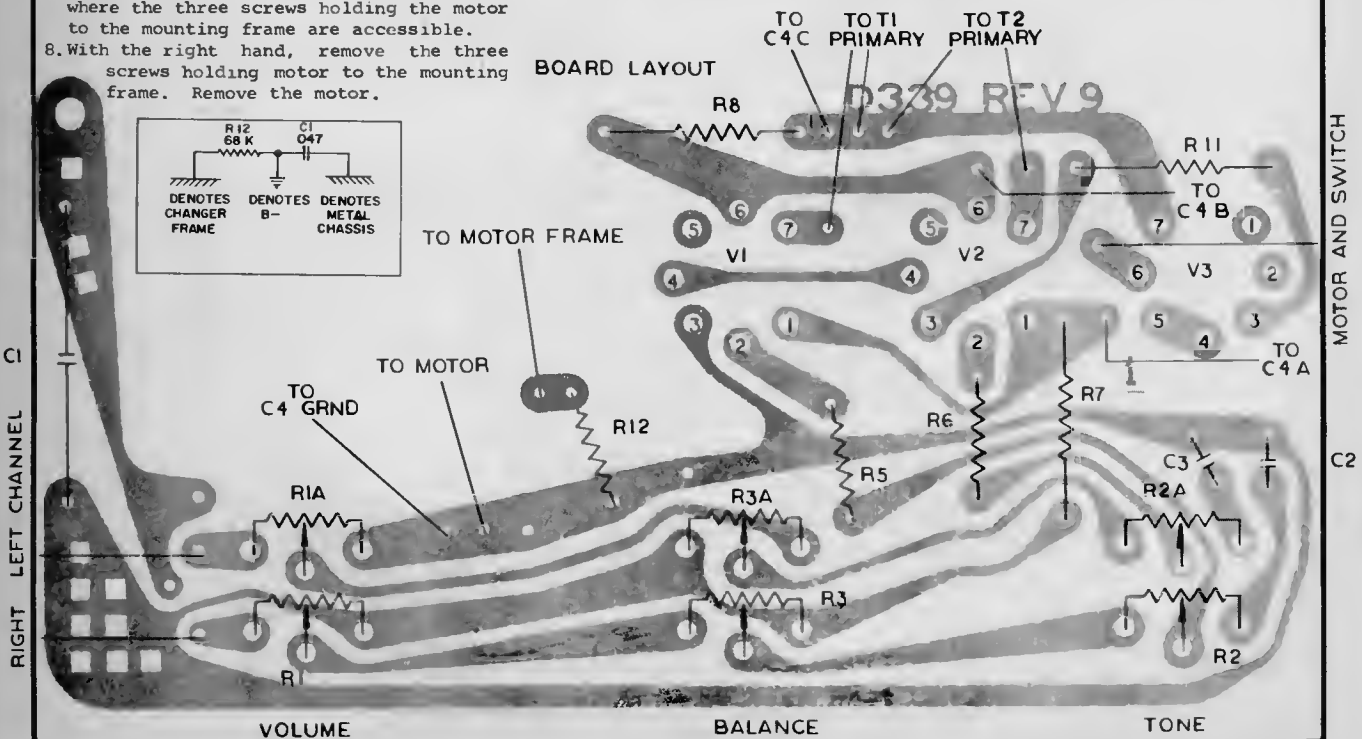
TO REMOVE MOTOR

1. Follow steps 1 and 2 as described under "TO REMOVE TURNTABLE".
2. Remove the knobs.
3. Remove the four screws holding the motor board to the cabinet.
4. Place the motor board on its back edge inside the cabinet and lay it against the lid.
5. Remove the 5/16 inch nut holding the ground lug to the motor.
6. Remove the two plastic Twist Caps on the motor leads.
7. Place the left hand on the motor and bring the motor board back to a position where the three screws holding the motor to the mounting frame are accessible.
8. With the right hand, remove the three screws holding motor to the mounting frame. Remove the motor.

TO PHASE SPEAKERS  
PLACE A ONE AND ONE-HALF (1-1/2) VOLT BATTERY ACROSS THE VOICE COIL WHEN THE SPEAKER CONE MOVES OUT, AWAY FROM THE MAGNET, THE POSITIVE TERMINAL ON THE BATTERY IS THE PLUS SIDE OF THE VOICE COIL AS INDICATED ON SCHEMATIC.

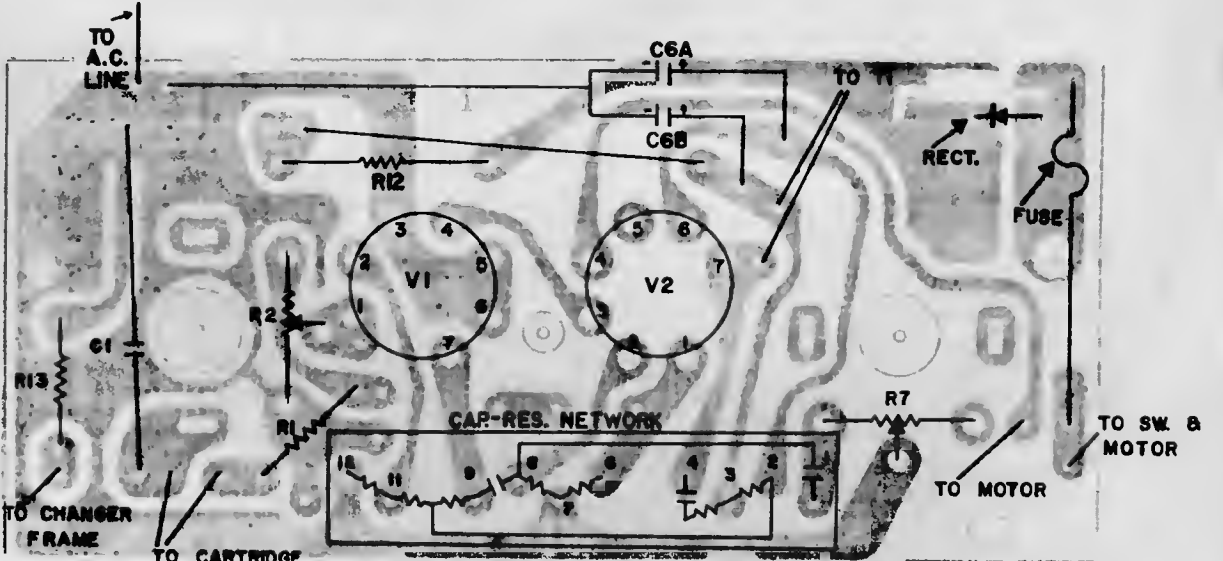
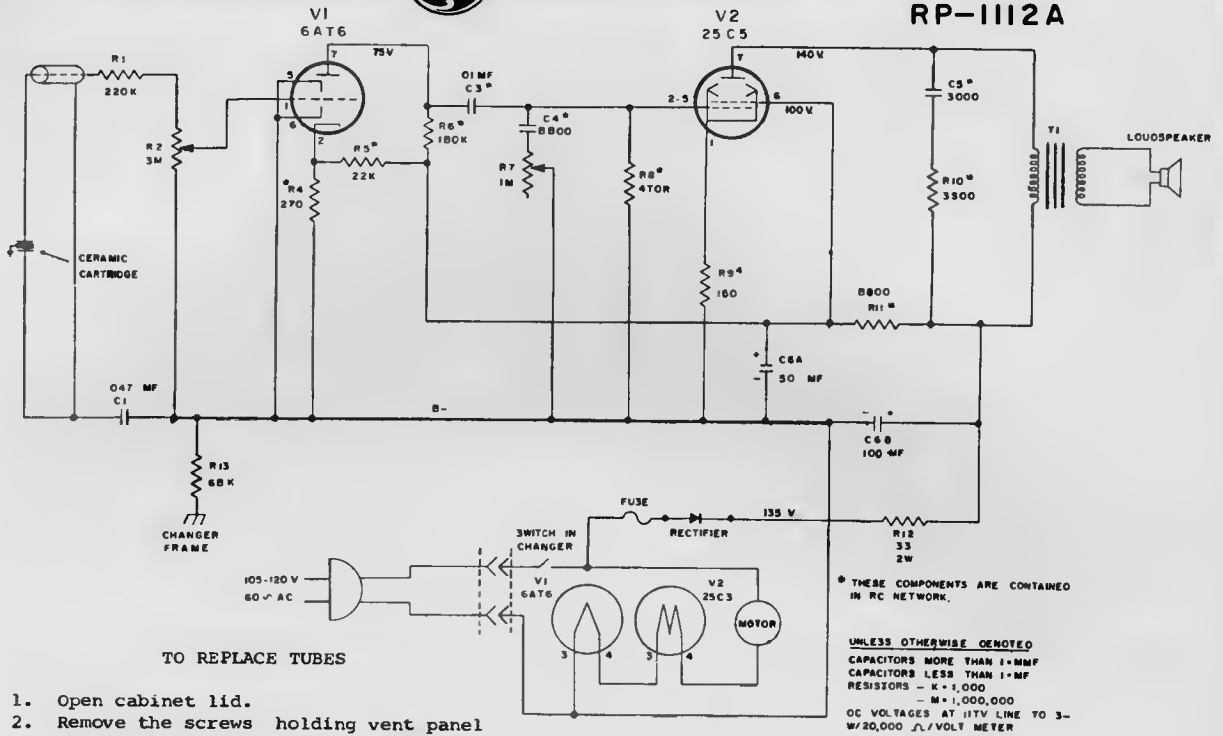
UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED CAPACITORS MORE THAN 1-MMF CAPACITORS LESS THAN 1-MMF RESISTORS K=1000 RESISTORS M=1,000,000 DC VOLTAGES AT 120V LINE TO B-W/20,000Ω/VOLT METER ARROWS INDICATE CLOCKWISE ROTATION

BOARD LAYOUT



# GENERAL ELECTRIC

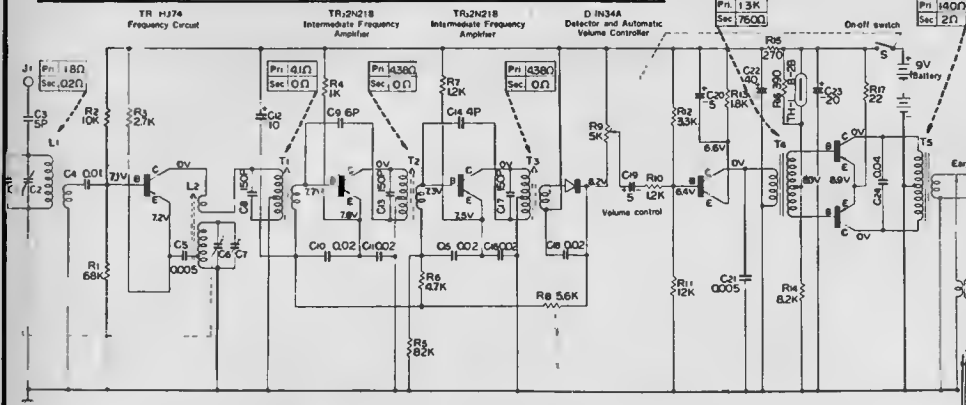
PHONO  
MODEL  
RP-1112A



COMPONENT LOCATIONS - BOTTOM VIEW - RP-1110A

# VOLUME R-21, MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED

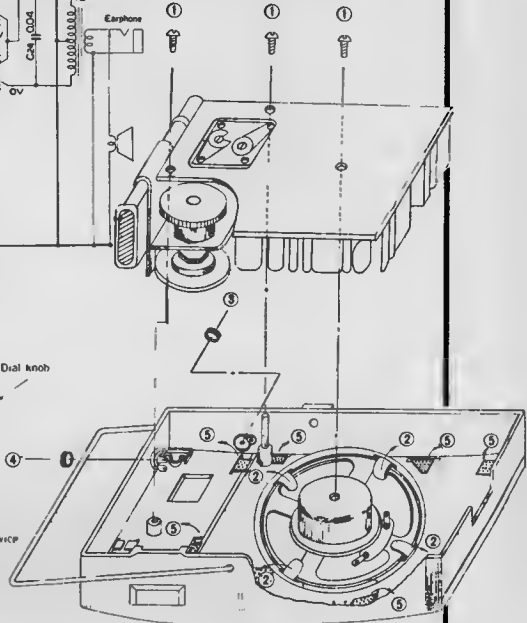
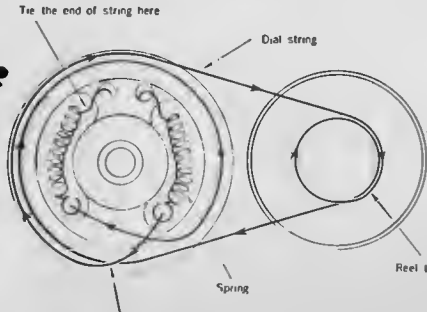
# INFORMATION



**Hitachi**  
MODEL TH-627R

**Hitachi, Ltd.**  
Tokyo Japan

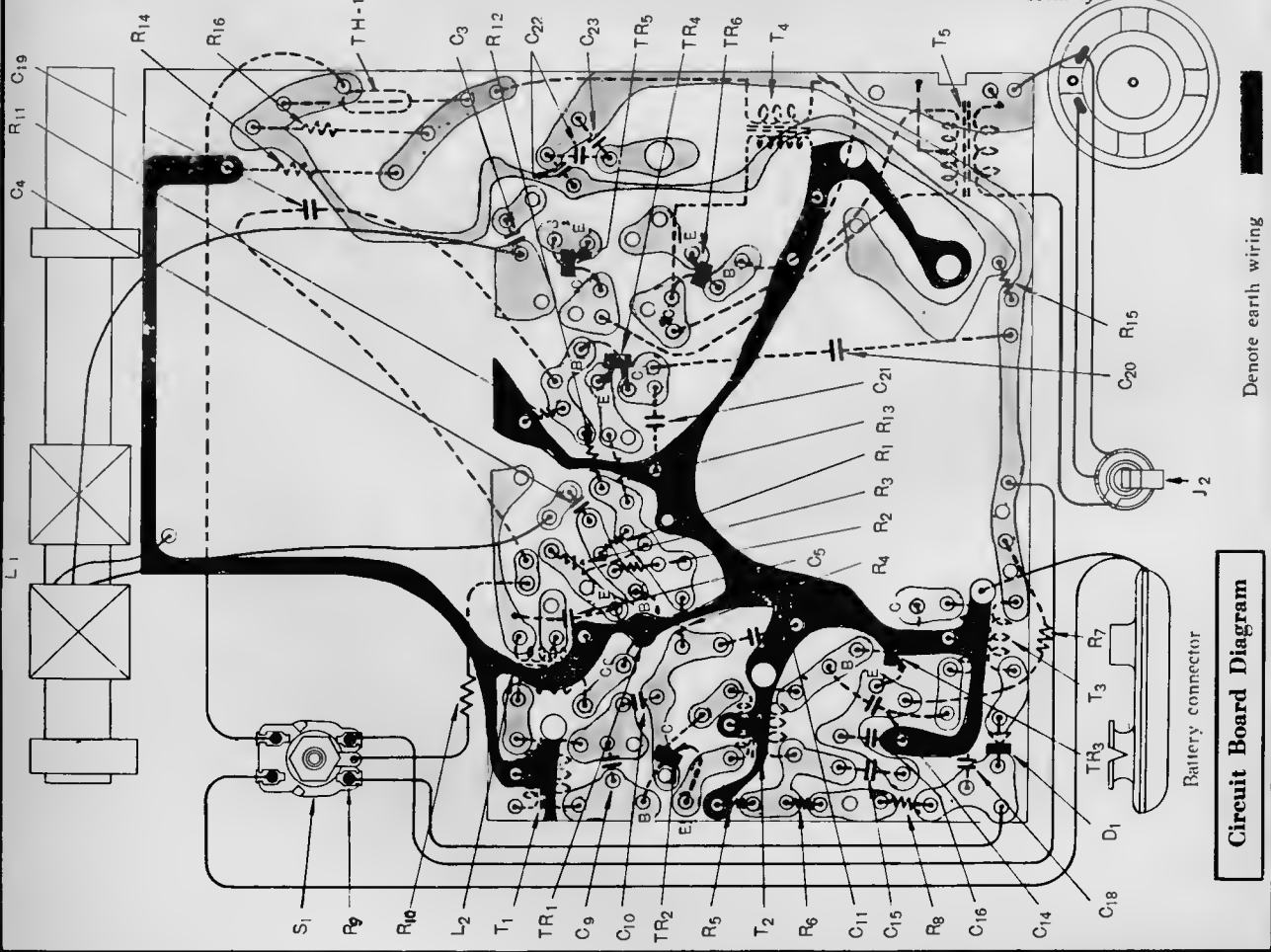
**MODEL TH-627R**



Tuning range BC 535~1,605 kc,  
Intermediate frequency 455 kc

Dial string assembly

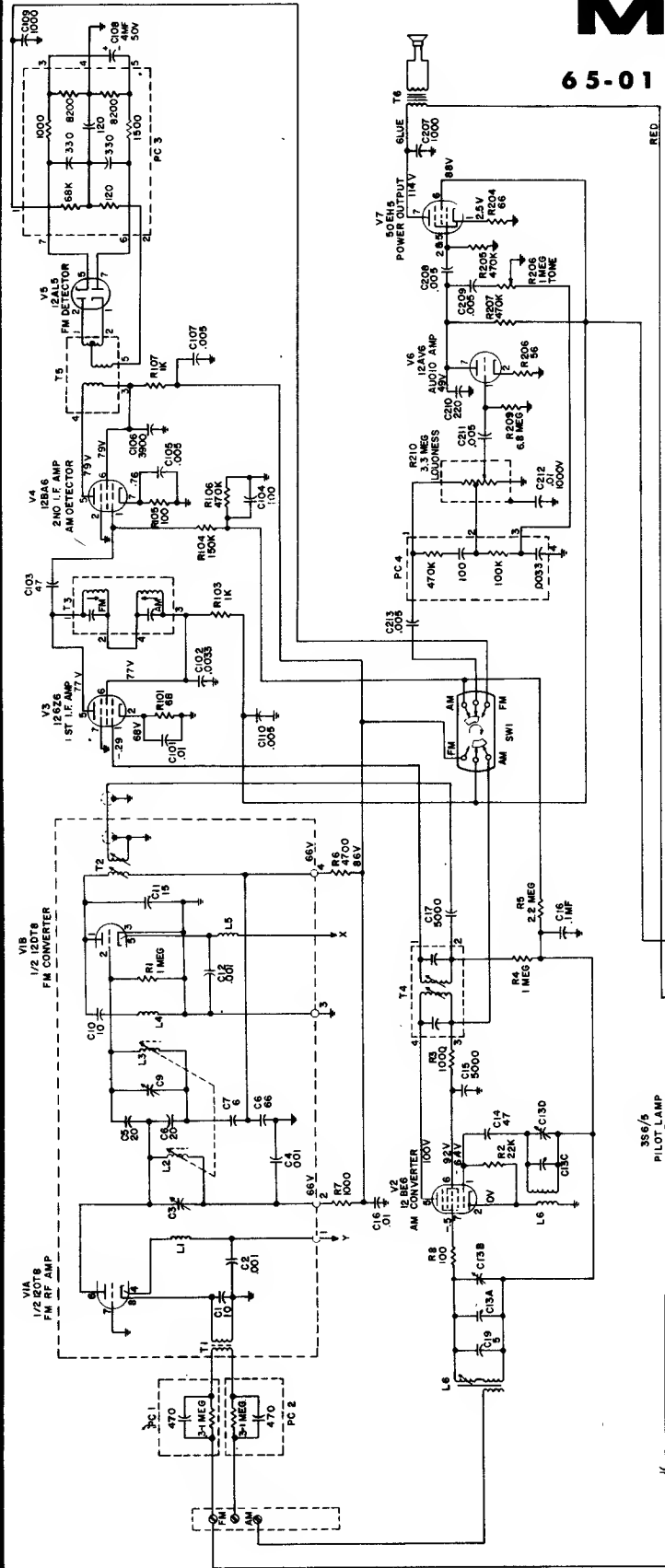
Receiver assembly



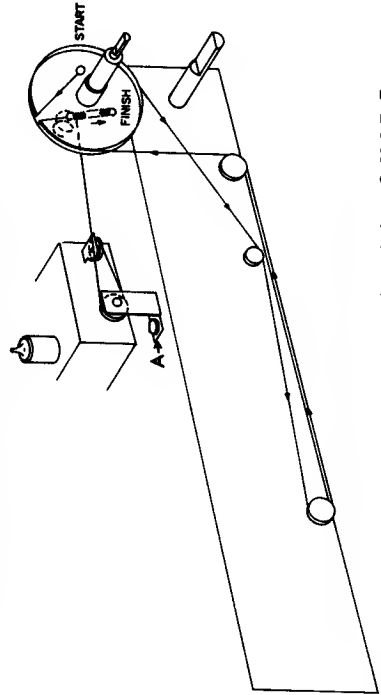
**Circuit Board Diagram**

# Magnavox

## 65-01 SERIES RADIO CHASSIS



The 65-01 is a series-filament wired AM-FM radio chassis. The chassis contains seven tubes and a selenium diode as a rectifier. An isolation transformer should be used when servicing the chassis.



DIAL STRINGING GUIDE

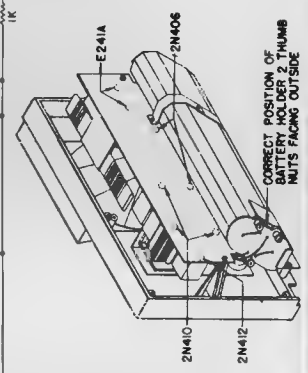
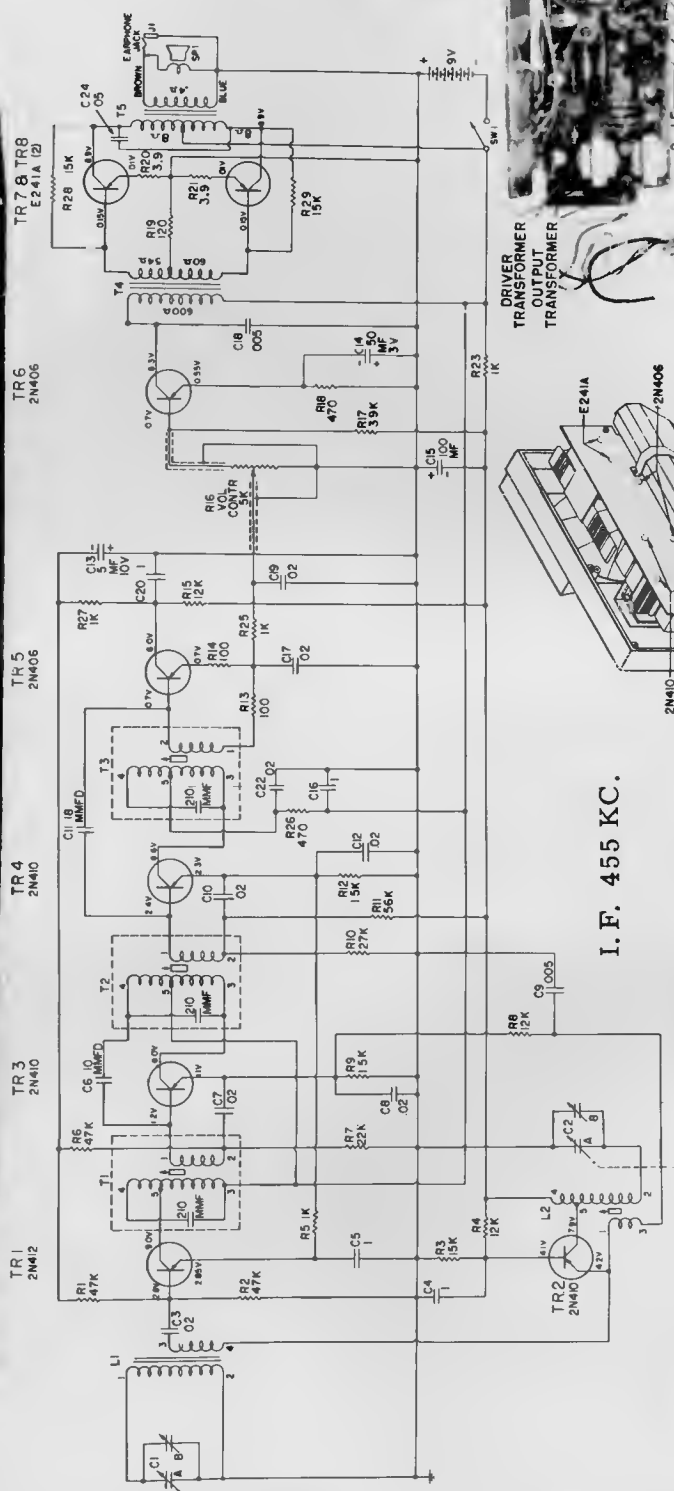
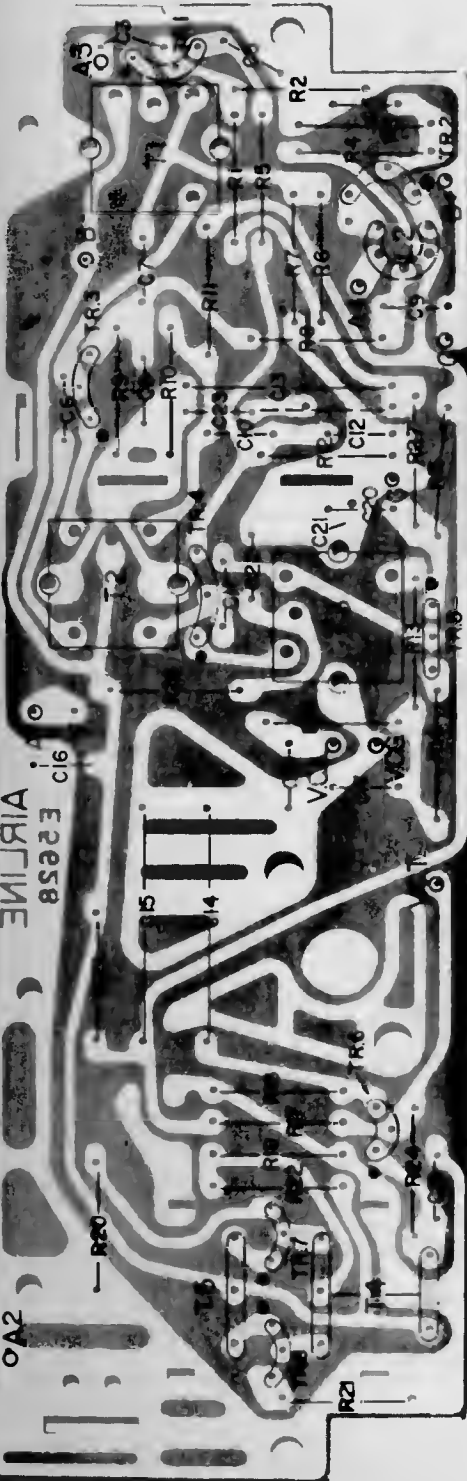
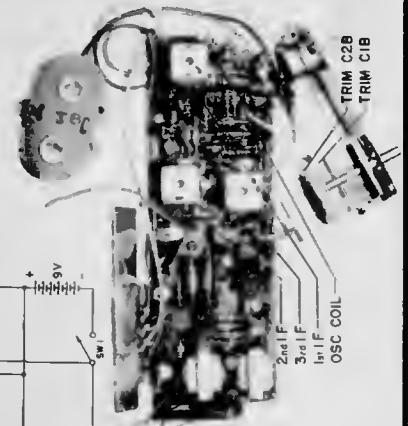
### SPECIFICATIONS

Power Source Rating	60 cps.
Frequency	117 volts
Voltage	60 watts
Wattage	
Tuning Frequency Range	540-1620KC
Broadcast Band	88-108MC
FM Band	455KC
IF Frequency (AM)	10.7MC
IF Frequency (FM)	

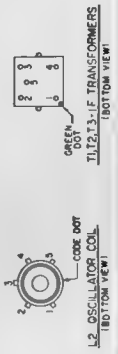
NOTES:  
 1. ALL VOLTAGES MEASURED IN FM POSITION EXCEPT 12BE6  
 2. LINE VOLTAGE 117V

MONTGOMERY WARD

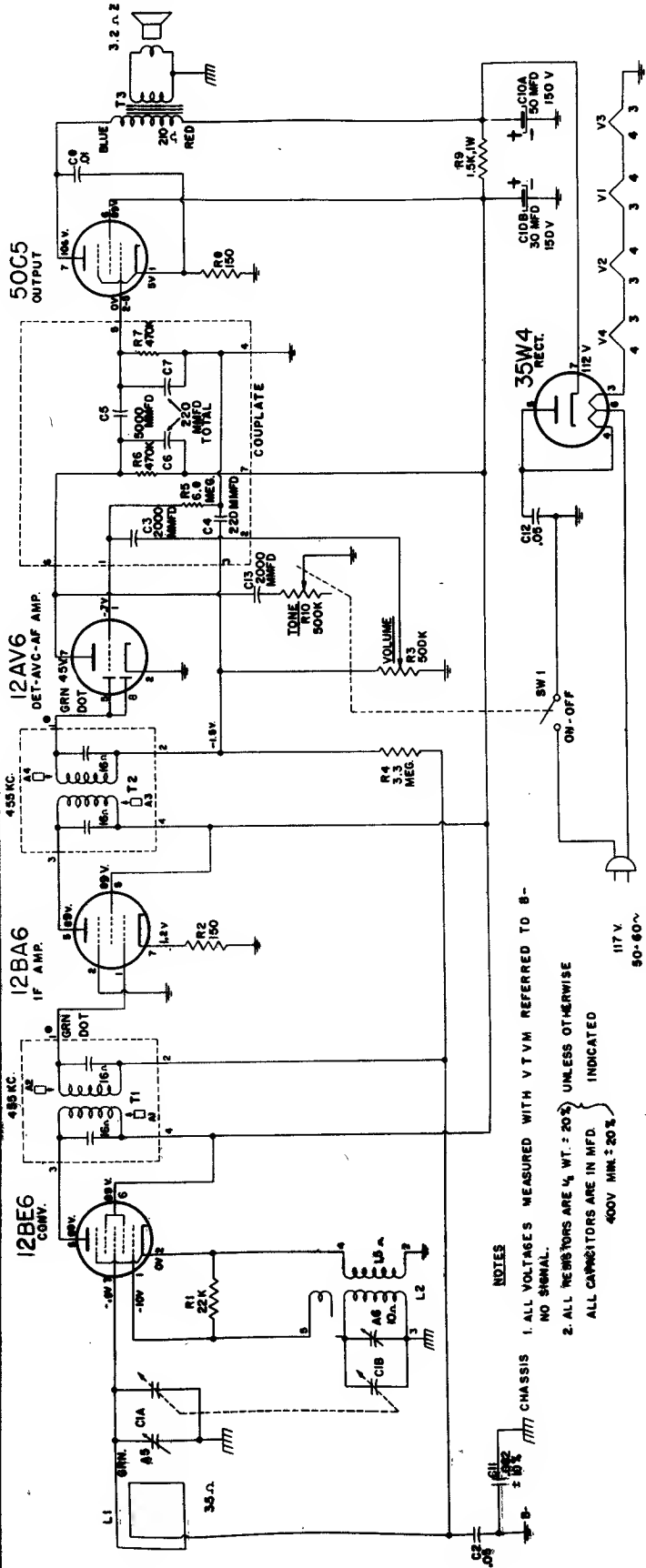
Radio Models GEN-2030A, GEN-2030B



I. F. 455 KC.



NOTES SHOWN AT EACH TRANSISTOR ELECTRODE  
 1-20V MEASURED TO COMMON GROUND WITH  
 SET AT MAXIMUM VOLUME CONTROL  
 2-UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED  
 3-ALL RESISTANCE VALUES ARE IN OHMS. (1/2W)

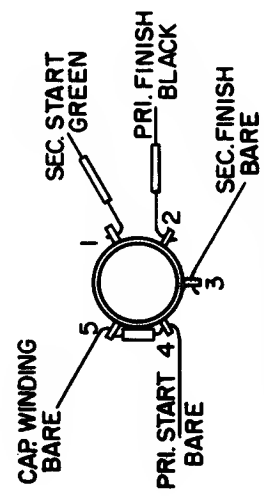


**NOTES**

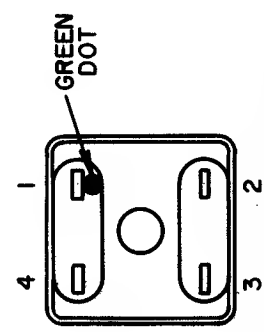
1. ALL VOLTAGES MEASURED WITH VTVM REFERRED TO B-CHASSIS  
NO SIGNAL.

2. ALL RESISTORS ARE 1/4 WT. ± 20% UNLESS OTHERWISE  
INDICATED

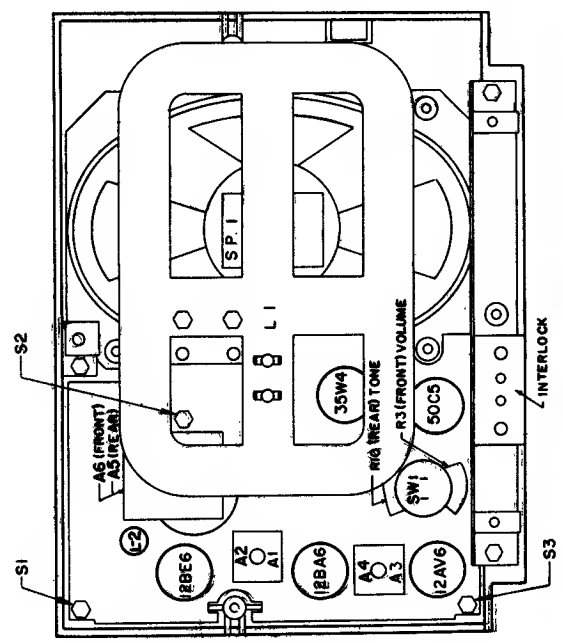
ALL CAPACITORS ARE IN MFD. 400V MIN. ± 20%



L2-OSCILLATOR COIL  
(BOTTOM VIEW)



T1, T2-IF TRANSFORMERS  
(BOTTOM VIEW)

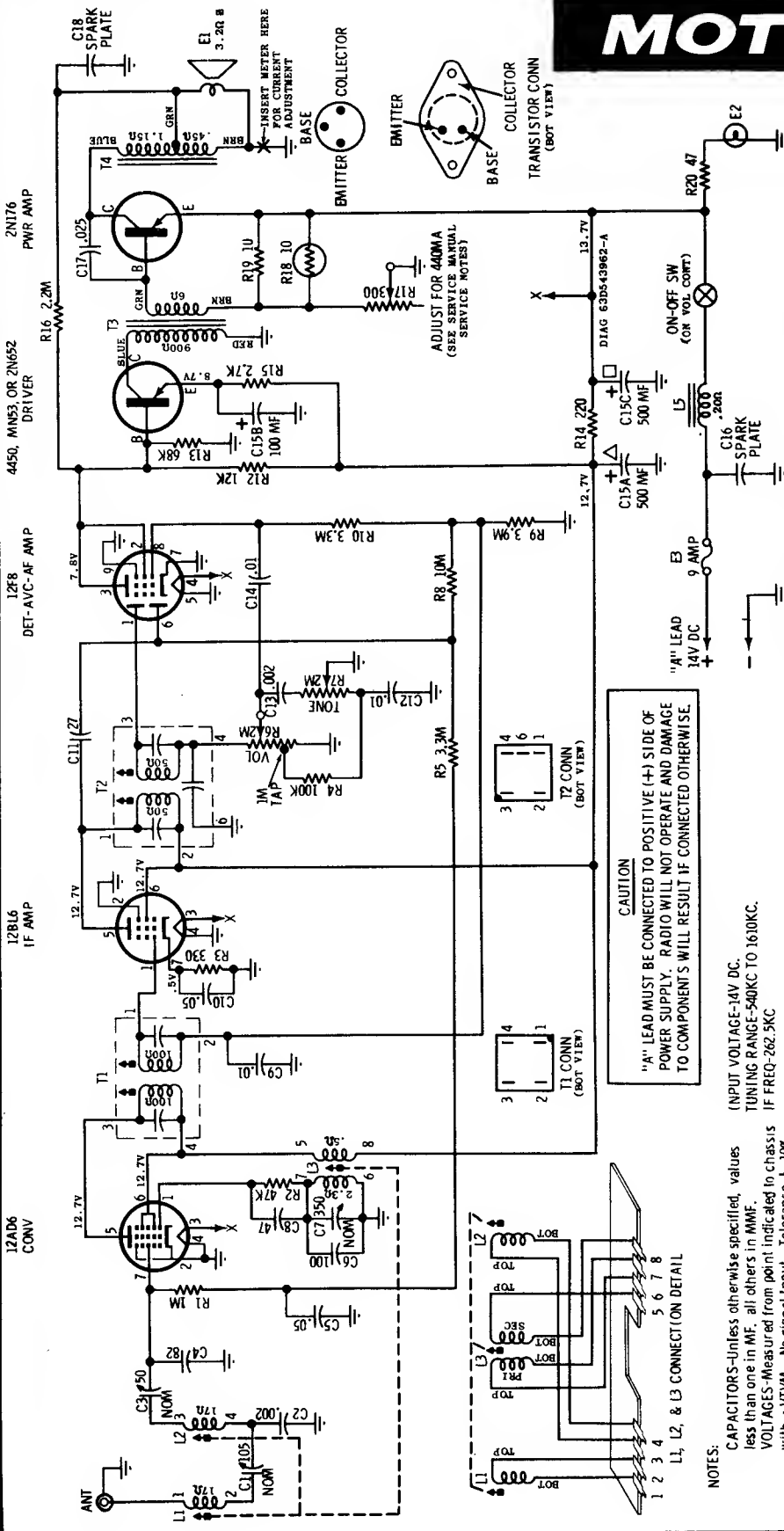


MONTGOMERY WARD  
Radio Models GEN-1667A and GEN-1668A



# MOTOROLA

MODEL  
10AX

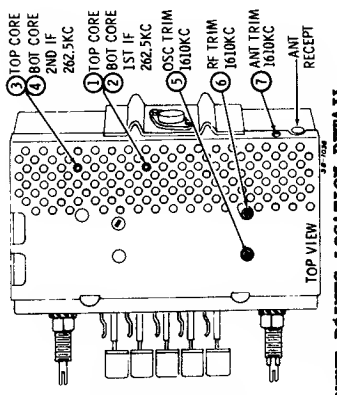


**POWER TRANSISTOR CURRENT ADJUSTMENT** - After a power transistor has been replaced, the collector current should be checked and adjusted for proper operation.

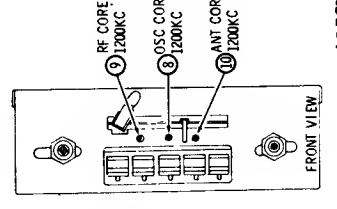
- Insert a low range (0-1 or 0-2 amp) DC ammeter in the primary ground return lead of the output transformer (T4). Be sure the speaker ground lead is connected in common with the transformer ground lead to the positive meter terminal. Connect negative terminal of the meter to ground.
  - Turn the radio on and allow it to heat up for about 15 minutes.
  - Adjust R17 for a reading of 360 ma with 12.6 volts input to the radio "A" lead.
- NOTE: Two values of radio input voltage are given as a convenience to service personnel in order to accommodate different power sources. The current value stated on the Schematic Diagram is for 14 volts input to the radio "A" lead.

**CAUTION**  
"A" LEAD MUST BE CONNECTED TO POSITIVE (+) SIDE OF POWER SUPPLY. RADIO WILL NOT OPERATE AND DAMAGE TO COMPONENTS WILL RESULT IF CONNECTED OTHERWISE.

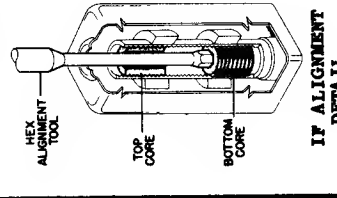
INPUT VOLTAGE-14V DC.  
TUNING RANGE-540KC TO 1610KC.  
IF FREQ-262.5KC



ALIGNMENT POINTS LOCATION DETAIL



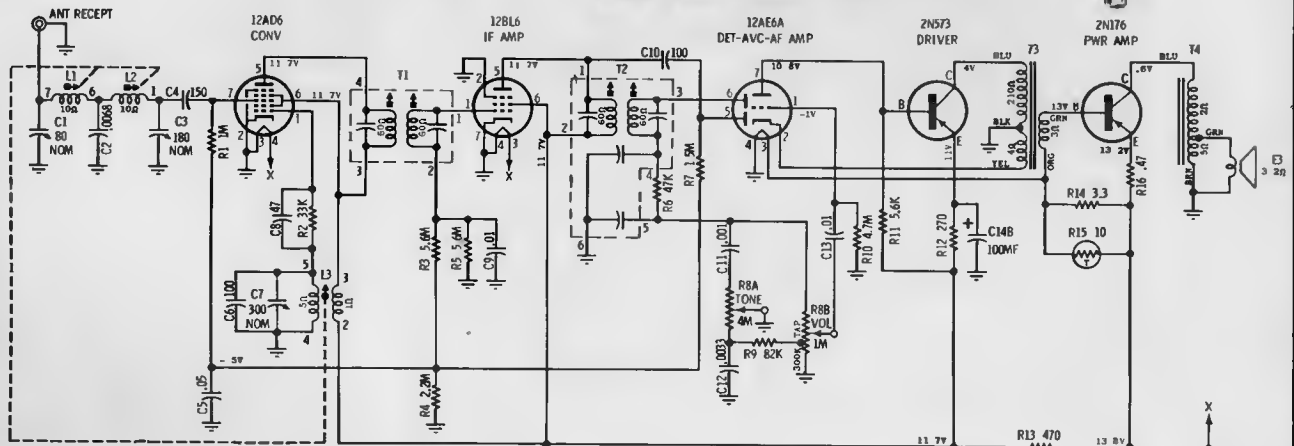
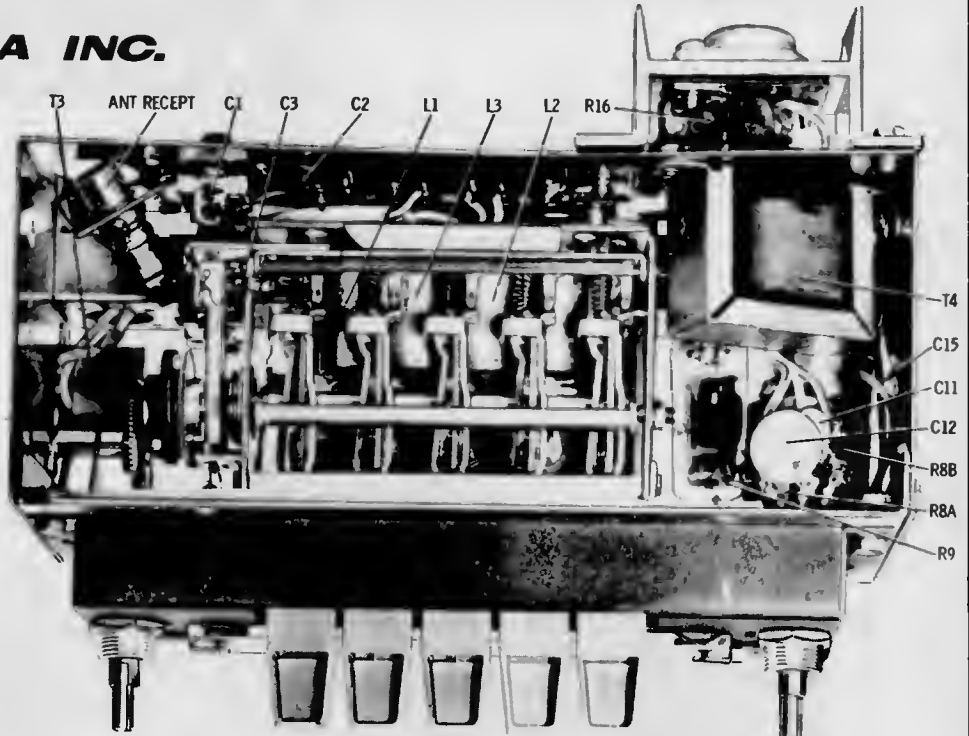
IF ALIGNMENT DETAIL



NOTES:  
CAPACITORS—Unless otherwise specified, values less than one in MF, all others in MMF.  
VOLTAGES—Measured from point indicated in chassis with a VTVM. No signal input. Tolerance  $\pm 10\%$

**MOTOROLA INC.**

**AUTO RADIO**  
**MODEL**  
**MOTOROLA 13MA**  
**AMERICAN MOTORS**  
**8990832**

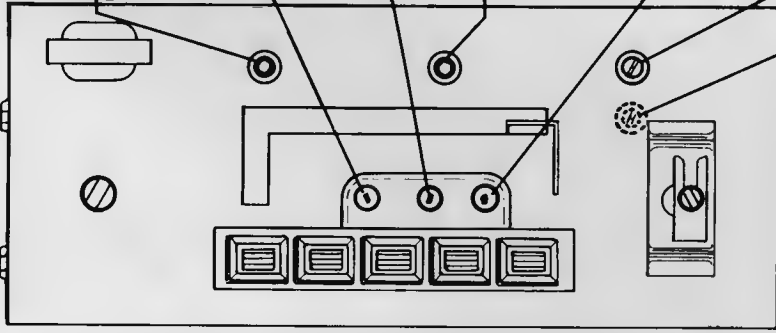


**NOTES:**

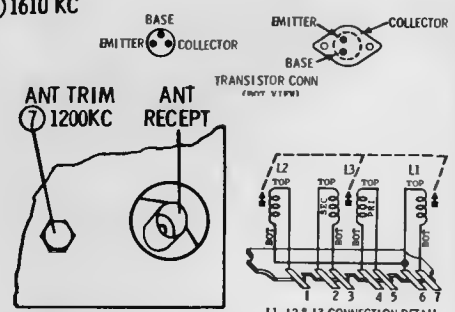
CAPACITORS—Unless otherwise specified, decimal values in MF all others in MMF. VOLTAGES—Measured from point indicated to chassis. ± 10% No signal input. INPUT VOLTAGE 14V DC TUNING RANGE - 540 KC to 1610 KC IF - 262.5 KC

**CAUTION**  
 "A" LEAD MUST BE CONNECTED TO POSITIVE (+) SIDE OF POWER SUPPLY. RADIO WILL NOT OPERATE AND DAMAGE TO COMPONENTS WILL RESULT IF CONNECTED OTHERWISE.

- 2ND IF 262.5 KC TOP ① BOT ②
- RF CORE 1020 KC ⑨
- OSC CORE 1020 KC ⑧
- 1ST IF 262.5 KC TOP ④ BOT ③
- ANT CORE 1020 KC ⑩
- OSC TRIM 1610 KC ⑤
- RF TRIM ⑥ 1610 KC
- ANT TRIM ⑦ 1200 KC
- ANT RECEPT



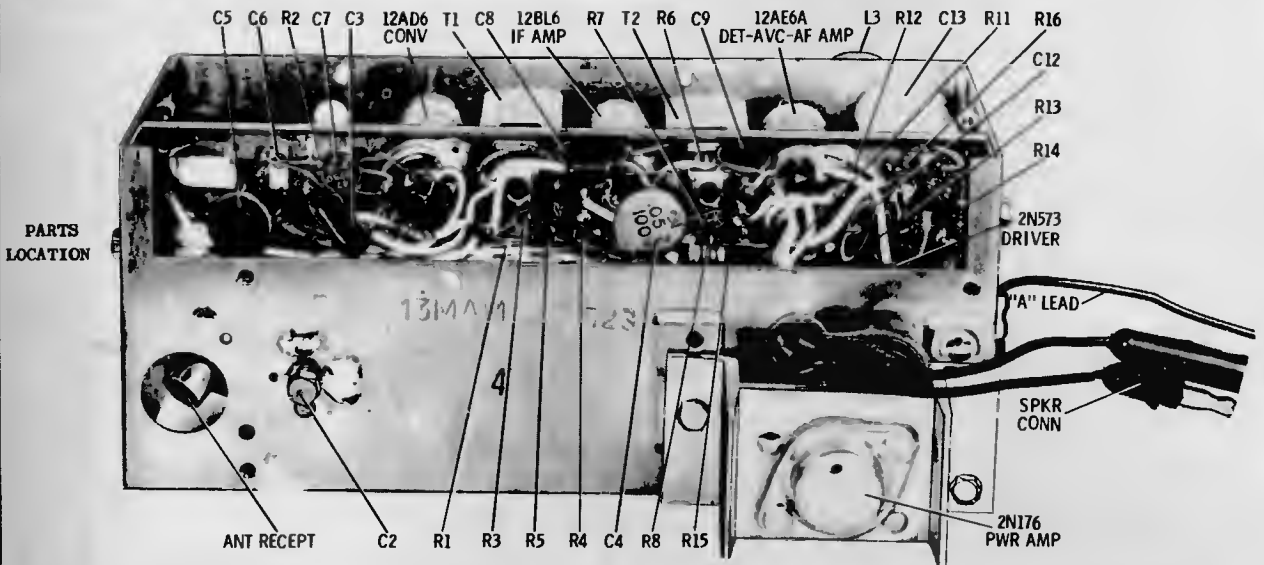
**FRONT VIEW (WITH DIAL SCALE & BACKGROUND REMOVED)**



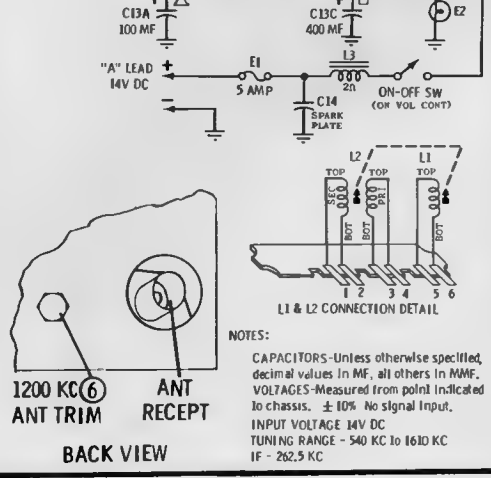
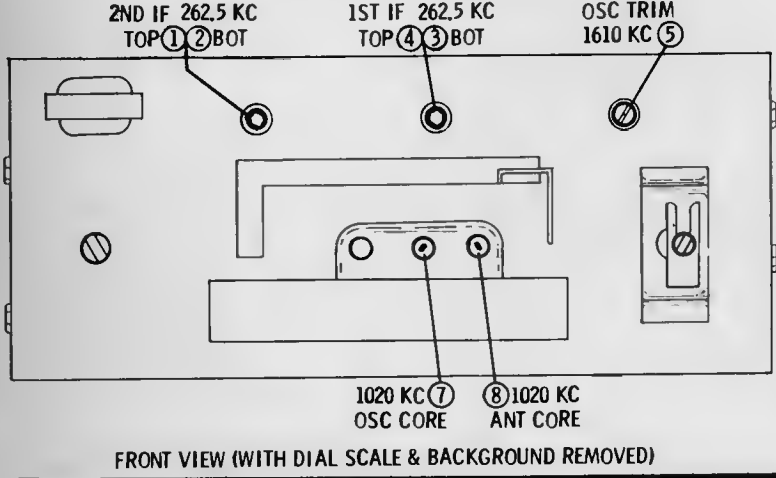
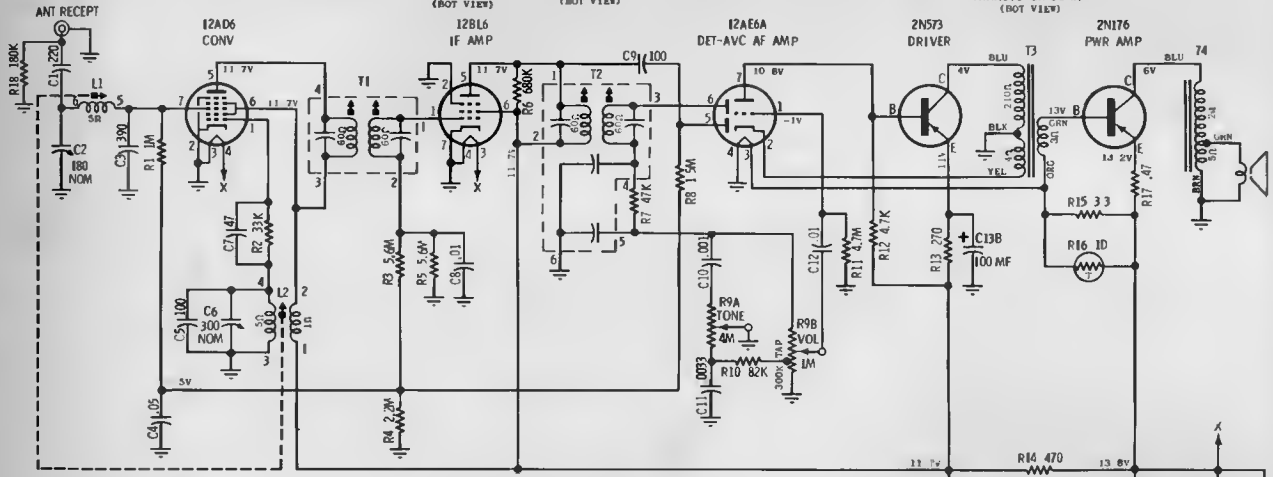
**BACK VIEW**



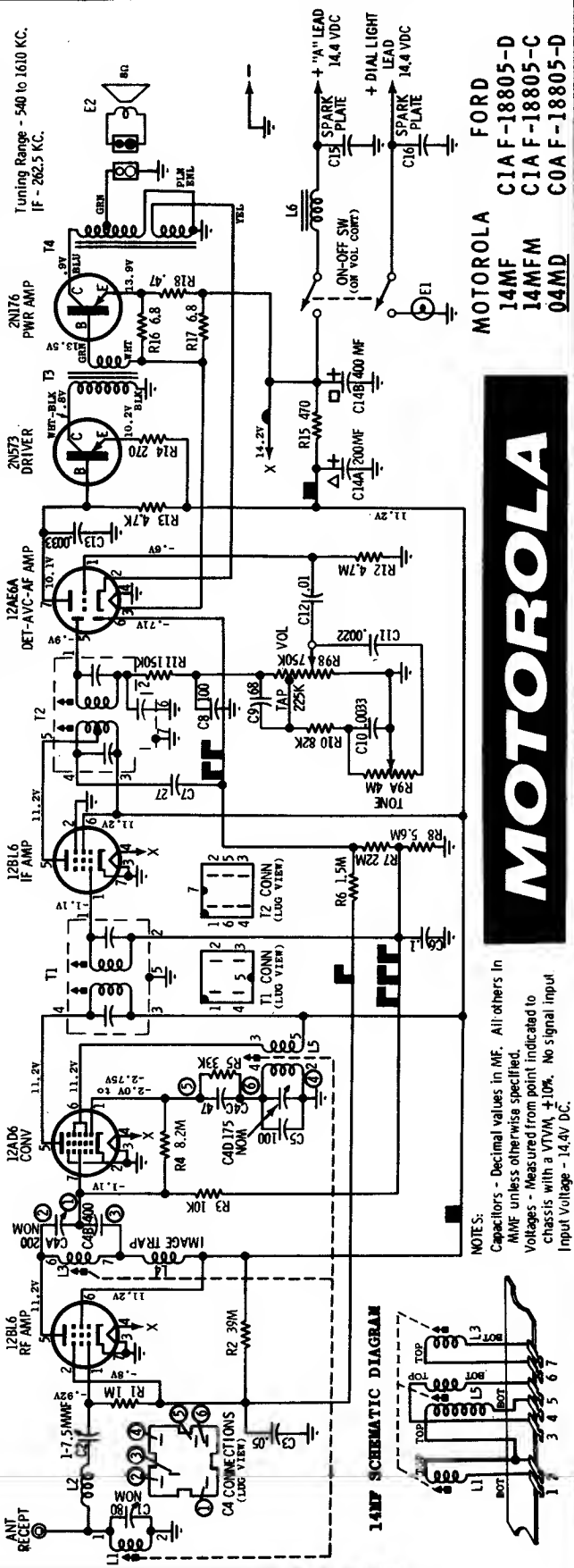
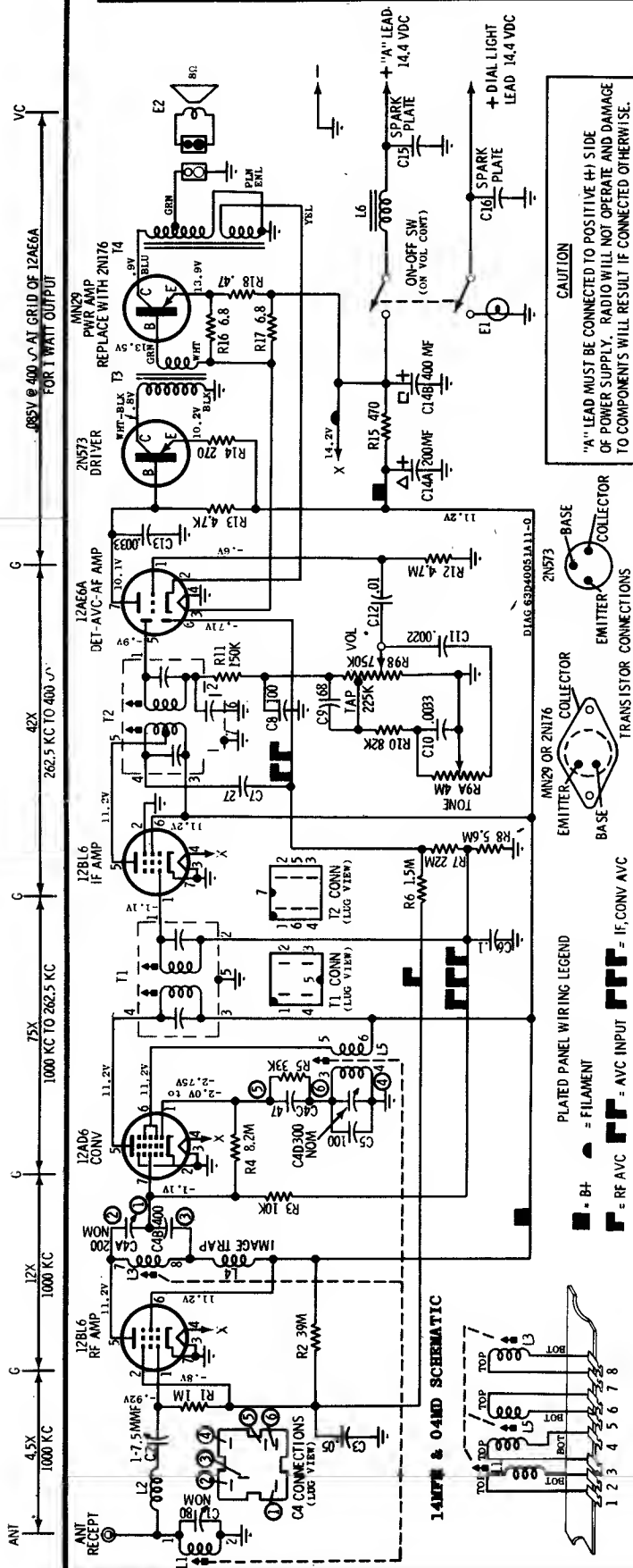
MODEL  
MOTOROLA 13MAM  
AMERICAN MOTORS 8990831



**CAUTION**  
"A" LEAD MUST BE CONNECTED TO POSITIVE (+) SIDE OF POWER SUPPLY. RADIO WILL NOT OPERATE AND DAMAGE TO COMPONENTS WILL RESULT IF CONNECTED OTHERWISE.



**NOTES:**  
CAPACITORS—Unless otherwise specified, decimal values in MF, all others in MMF.  
VOLTAGES—Measured from point indicated to chassis. ± 10% No signal input.  
INPUT VOLTAGE 14V DC  
TUNING RANGE - 540 KC to 1610 KC  
IF - 262.5 KC



**CAUTION**

"A" LEAD MUST BE CONNECTED TO POSITIVE (+) SIDE OF POWER SUPPLY. RADIO WILL NOT OPERATE AND DAMAGE TO COMPONENTS WILL RESULT IF CONNECTED OTHERWISE.

**PLATED PANEL WIRING LEGEND**

• BH = FILAMENT

■ = RF AVC

▬ = AVC INPUT

▬▬▬ = IF CONV AVC

◆ = MN29 OR 2N176

○ = EMITTER

○ = BASE

○ = COLLECTOR

○ = TRANSISTOR CONNECTIONS (LUG VIEW)

Tuning Range - 540 to 1610 KC.  
IF - 262.5 KC.

**MOTOROLA** FORD  
 14MF C1A F-18805-D  
 14MD C1A F-18805-C  
 04MD C0A F-18805-D

**MOTOROLA**

**NOTES:**

Capacitors - Decimal values in MF. All others in MMF unless otherwise specified.

Voltagess - Measured from point indicated to chassis with a VTVM ± 10%. No signal input

Input Voltage - 14.4V DC.

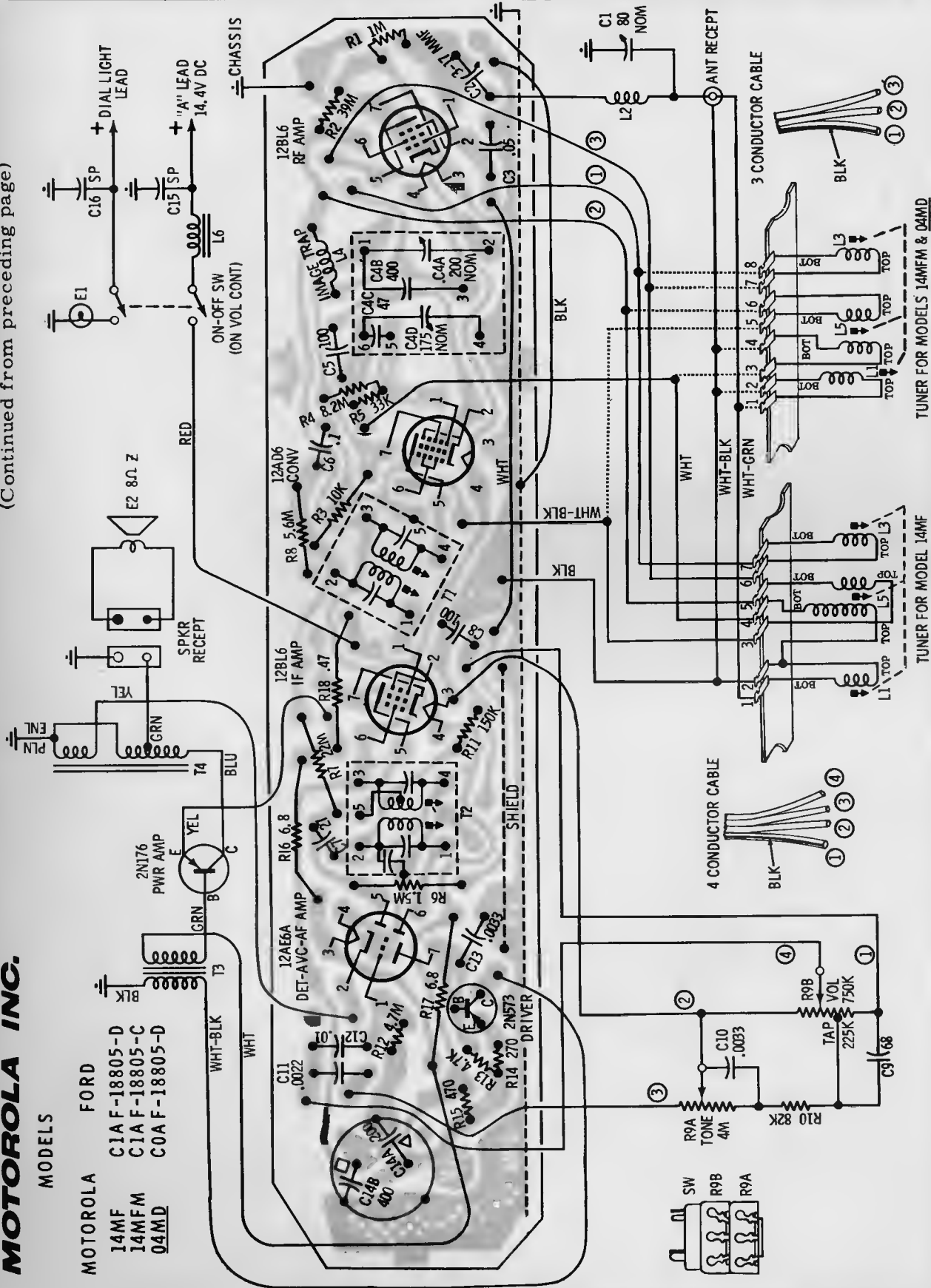
(Additional service material is on the next page, adjacent at right)

(Continued from preceding page)

**MOTOROLA INC.**

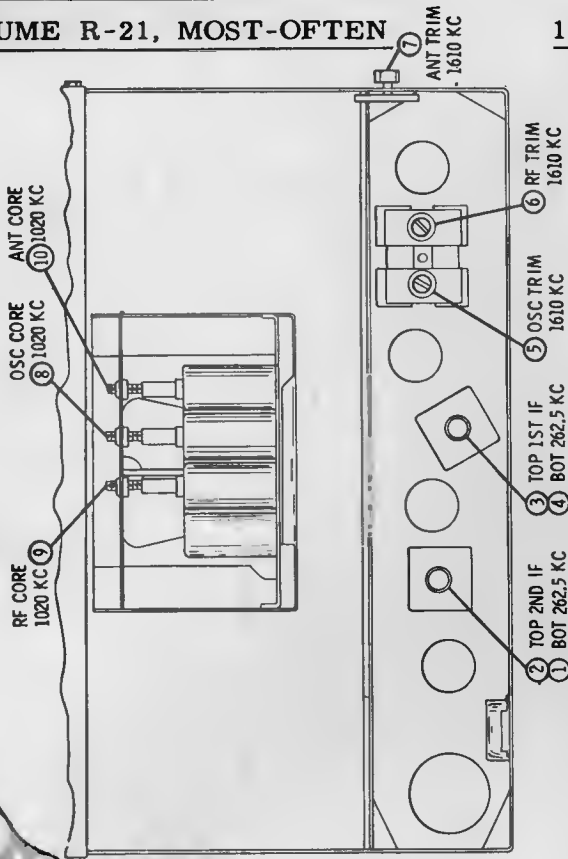
**MODELS**

MOTOROLA	FORD
14MF	C1AF-18805-D
14MFM	C1AF-18805-C
04MD	C0AF-18805-D



PLATED CHASSIS BOARD WIRING AS VIEWED FROM BOTTOM SIDE (COMPONENTS SHOWN ARE ON OPPOSITE SIDE)

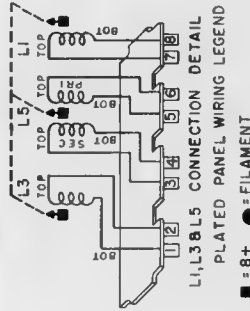
MOTOROLA Model 14MR  
American Motors 8990833



ALIGNMENT POINTS LOCATION DETAIL

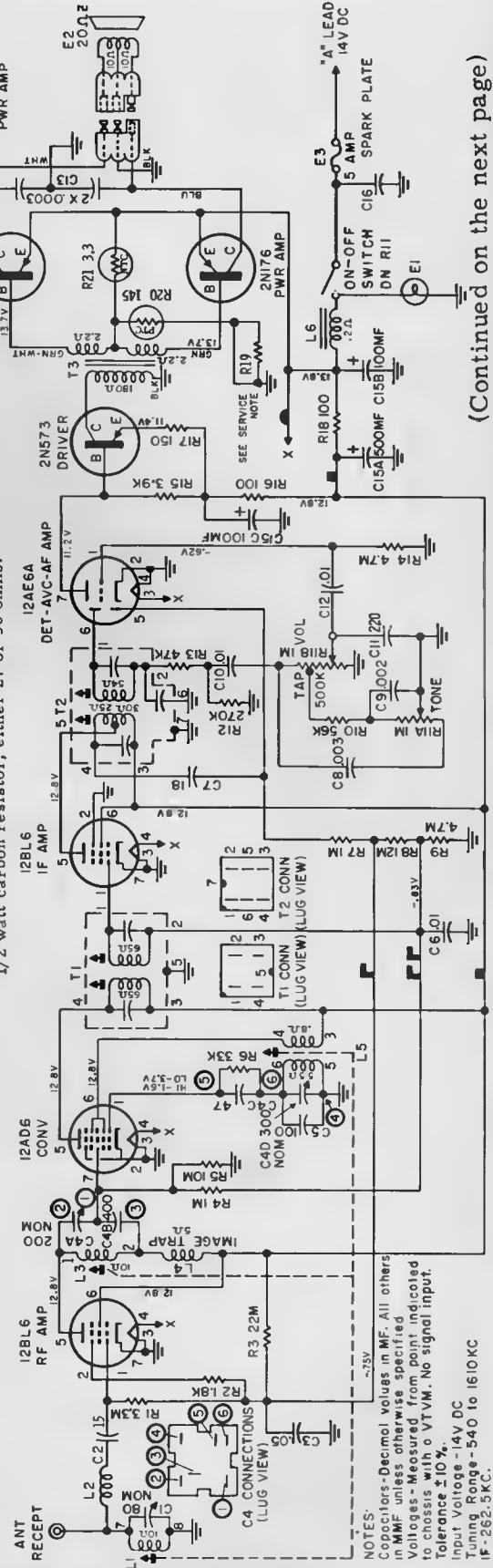
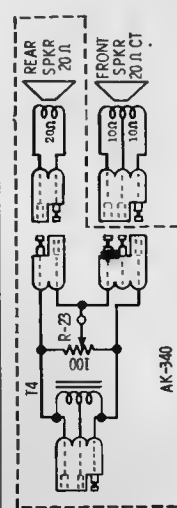
R19 is used to limit total collector current. In most sets it is a piece of copper wire; in a few sets it is a 1/2 watt carbon resistor, either 27 or 56 ohms.

PLATED CHASSIS BOARD GROUND CONNECTIONS AS SEEN THRU BOARD FROM WIRING SIDE



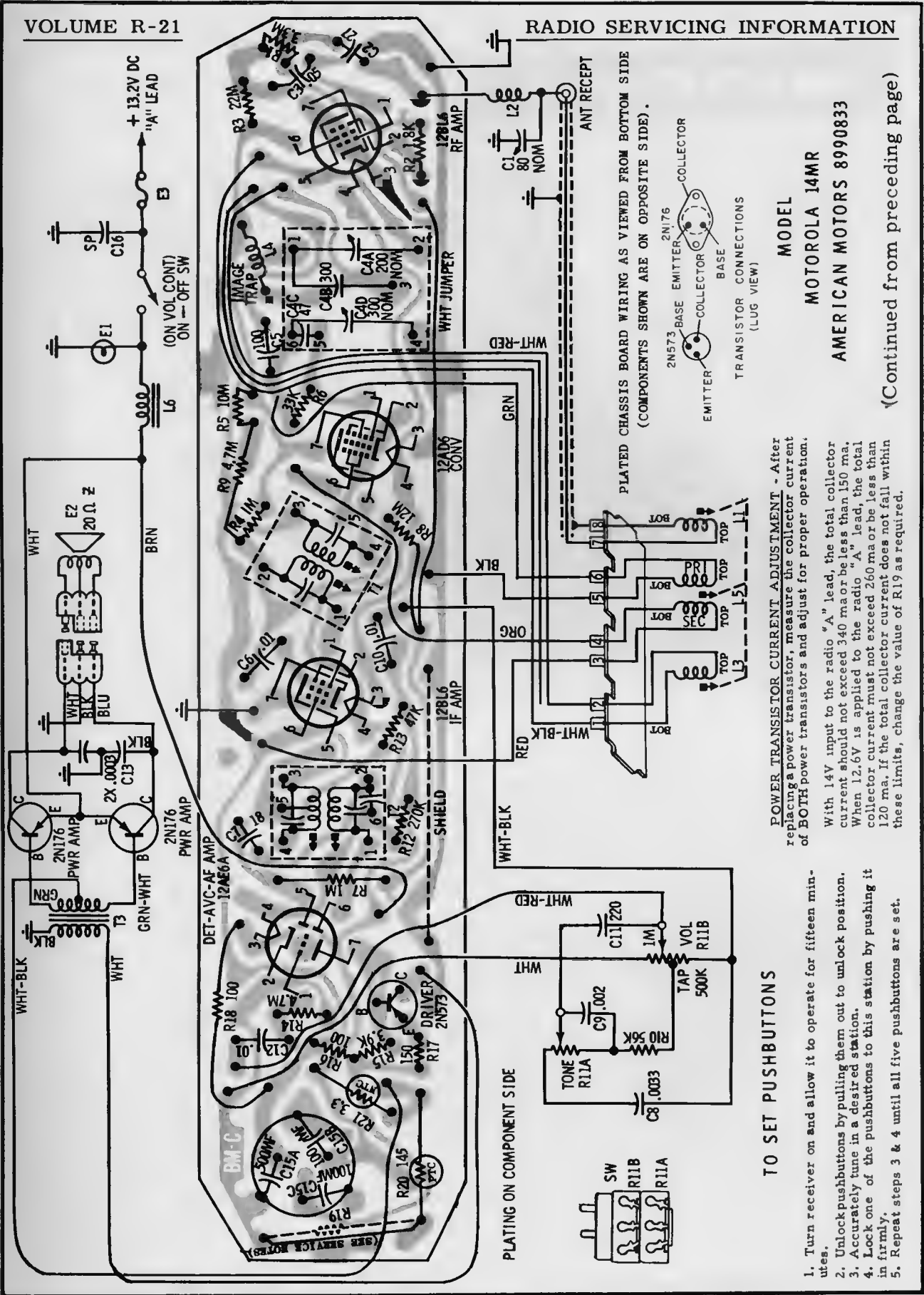
■ = 8+ = FILAMENT  
▣ = RF-AMV ▣ = CONV-AMV

**CAUTION**  
"A" LEAD MUST BE CONNECTED TO POSITIVE (+) SIDE OF POWER SUPPLY. RADIO WILL NOT OPERATE AND DAMAGE TO COMPONENTS WILL RESULT IF CONNECTED OTHERWISE TO COMPONENTS



(Continued on the next page)

NOTES:  
Capacitors-Decimal values in MF. All others in MMF unless otherwise specified.  
Voltages-Measured from point indicated to chassis with 0 VT VM. No signal input.  
Tolerance  $\pm 10\%$ .  
Input Voltage -14V DC  
Tuning Range -540 to 1610 KC  
IF -262.5 KC.



**MODEL**  
**MOTOROLA 14MR**  
**AMERICAN MOTORS 8990833**

**POWER TRANSISTOR CURRENT ADJUSTMENT** - After replacing a power transistor, measure the collector current of BOTH power transistors and adjust for proper operation.

With 14V input to the radio "A" lead, the total collector current should not exceed 340 ma or be less than 150 ma. When 12.6V is applied to the radio "A" lead, the total collector current must not exceed 260 ma or be less than 120 ma. If the total collector current does not fall within these limits, change the value of R19 as required.

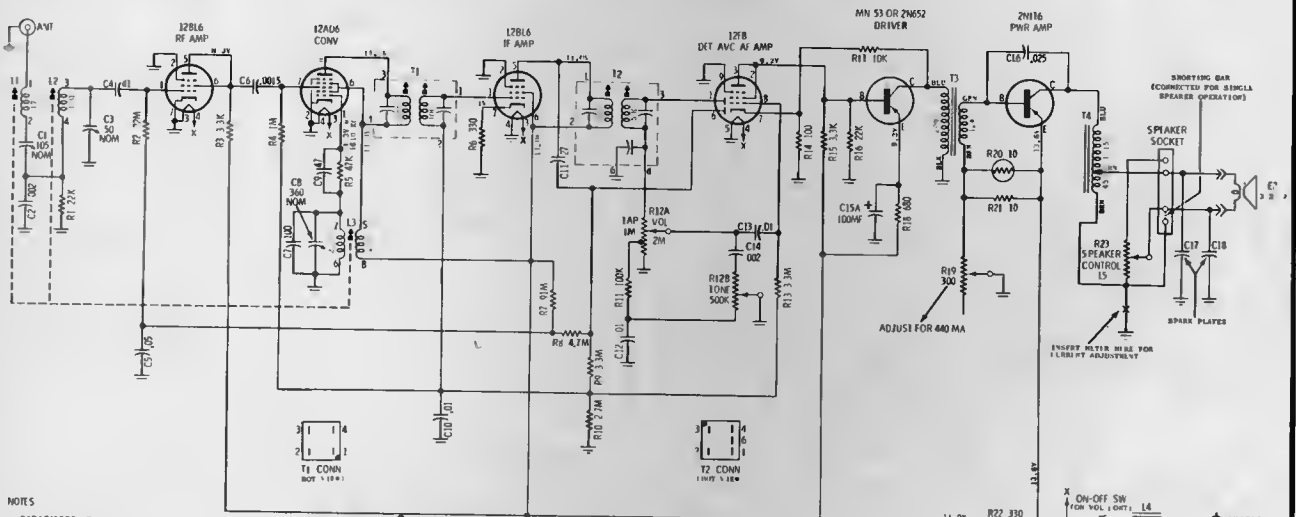
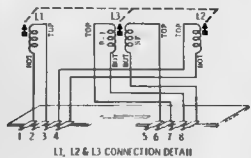
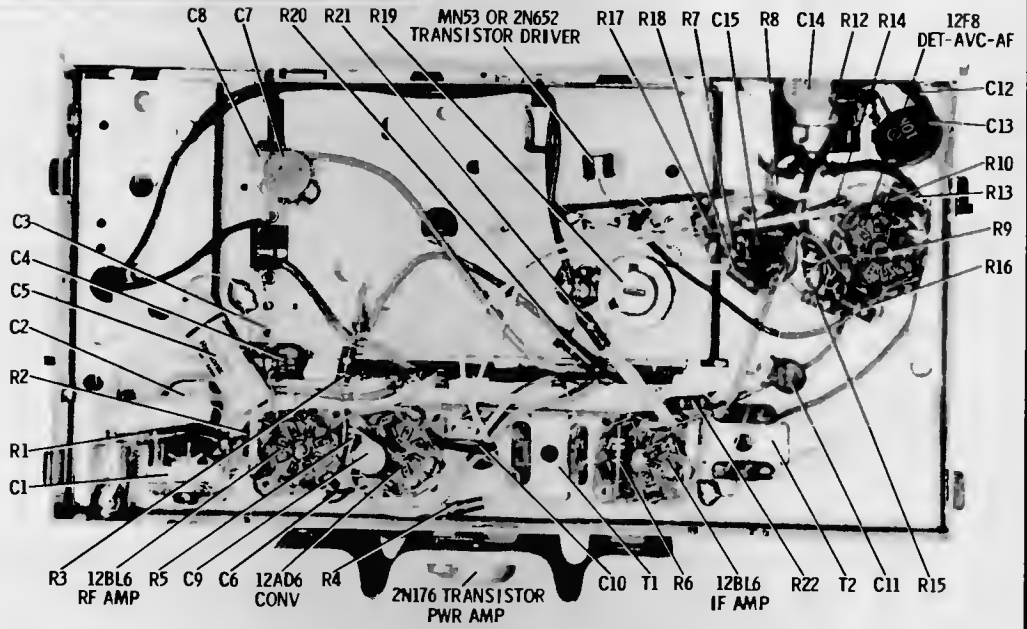
- TO SET PUSHBUTTONS**
1. Turn receiver on and allow it to operate for fifteen minutes.
  2. Unlock pushbuttons by pulling them out to unlock position.
  3. Accurately tune in a desired station.
  4. Lock one of the pushbuttons to this station by pushing it in firmly.
  5. Repeat steps 3 & 4 until all five pushbuttons are set.

(Continued from preceding page)

# MOTOROLA

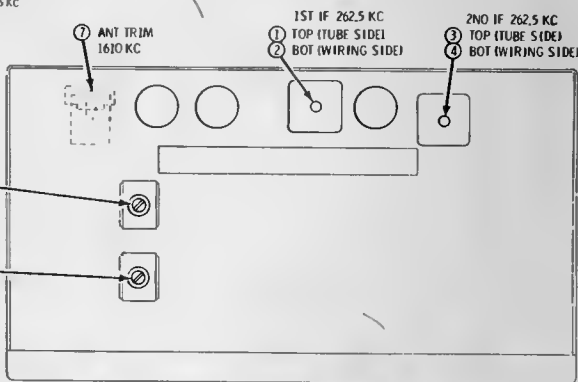
## AUTO RADIO

MODELS  
BKA60X  
PCA60X

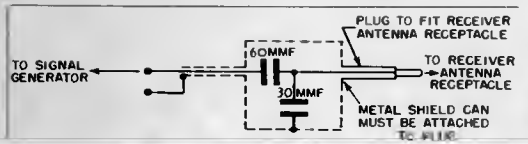
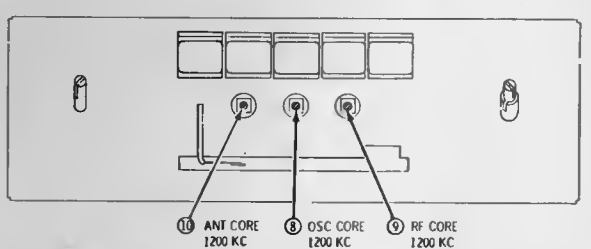


NOTES  
CAPACITORS - Decimal values in MF, all others in MMF unless otherwise specified.  
VOLTAGES - Measured from point indicated to chassis with a VOM. No signal input. Tolerance  $\pm 10\%$   
INPUT VOLTAGE - 14V DC  
TUNING RANGE - 540 KC to 1610 KC.  
IF FREQ - 262.5 KC

**CAUTION**  
A LEAD MUST BE CONNECTED TO POSITIVE (+) SIDE OF POWER SUPPLY. RADIO WILL NOT OPERATE AND DAMAGE TO COMPONENTS WILL RESULT IF CONNECTED OTHERWISE.



ALIGNMENT LOCATION DETAIL



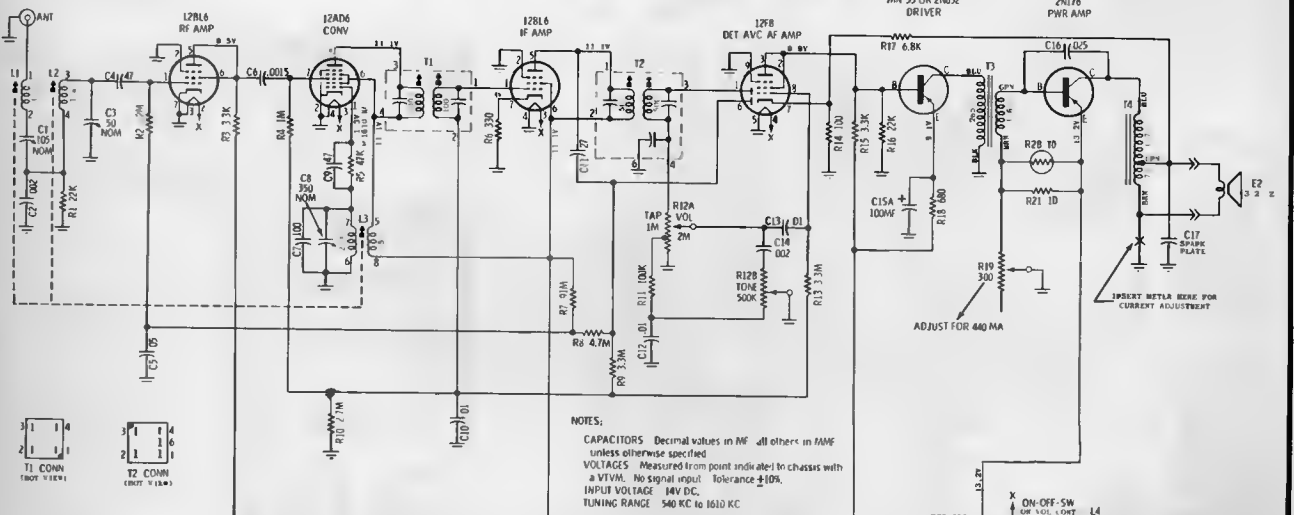
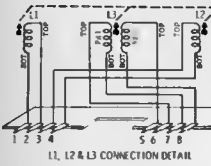
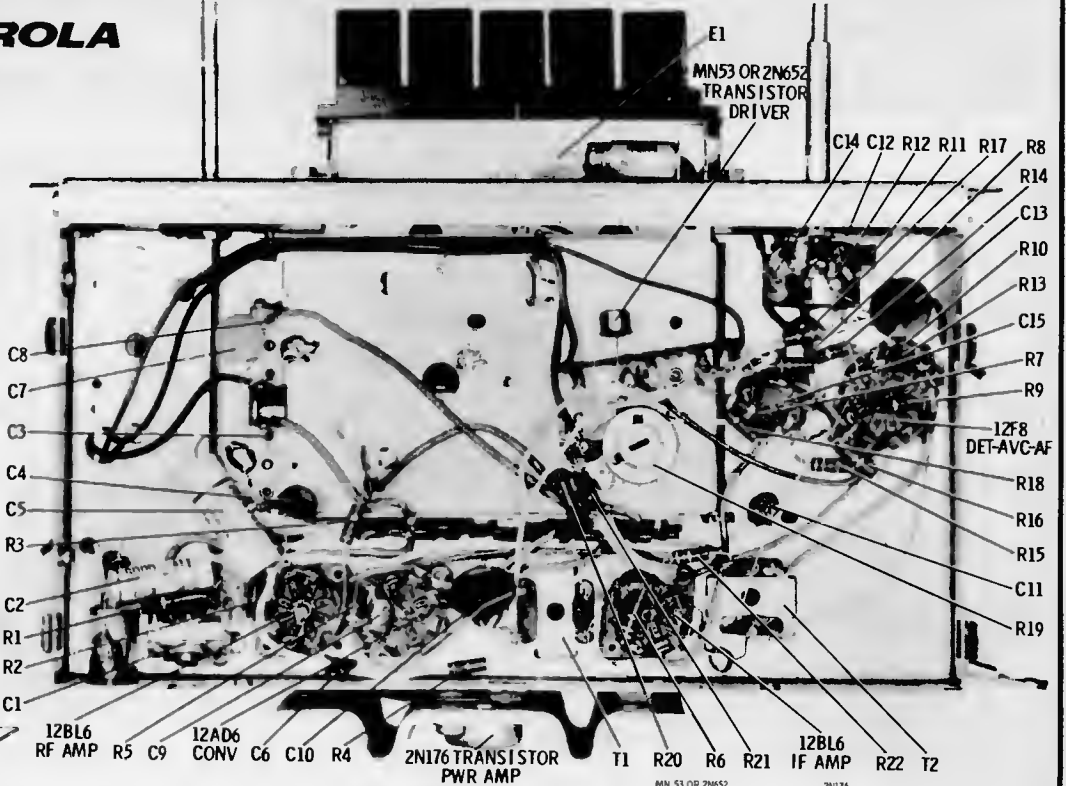
DUMMY ANTENNA



**MOTOROLA**

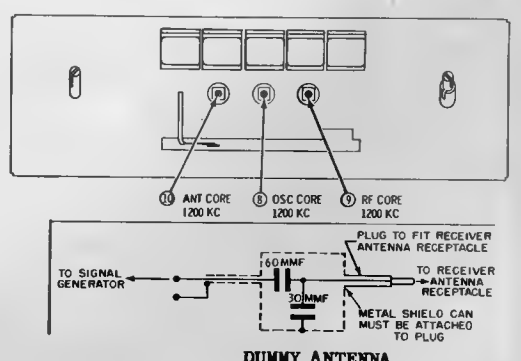
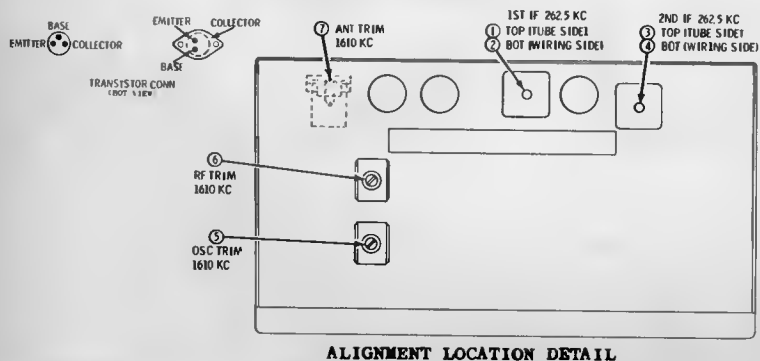
AUTO RADIO

MODEL  
CRA60X



NOTES:  
CAPACITORS: Decimal values in MF, all others in MAF unless otherwise specified.  
VOLTAGES: Measured from point indicated in chassis with a VTVM. No signal input. Tolerance  $\pm 10\%$ .  
INPUT VOLTAGE: 14V DC.  
TUNING RANGE: 540 KC to 1610 KC.

**CAUTION**  
A LEAD MUST BE CONNECTED TO POSITIVE (+) SIDE OF POWER SUPPLY. RADIO WILL NOT OPERATE AND DAMAGE TO COMPONENTS WILL RESULT IF CONNECTED OTHERWISE.



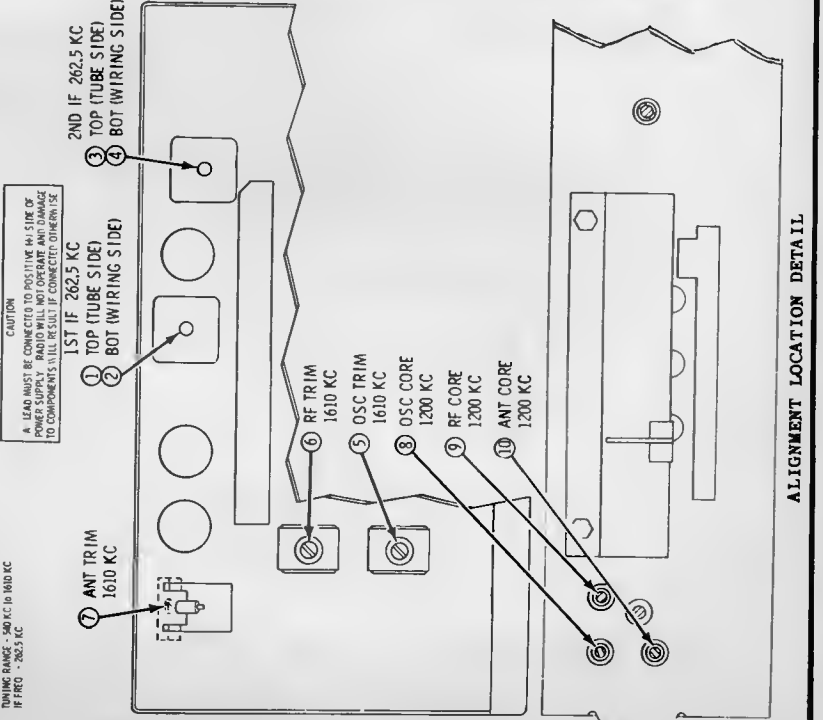
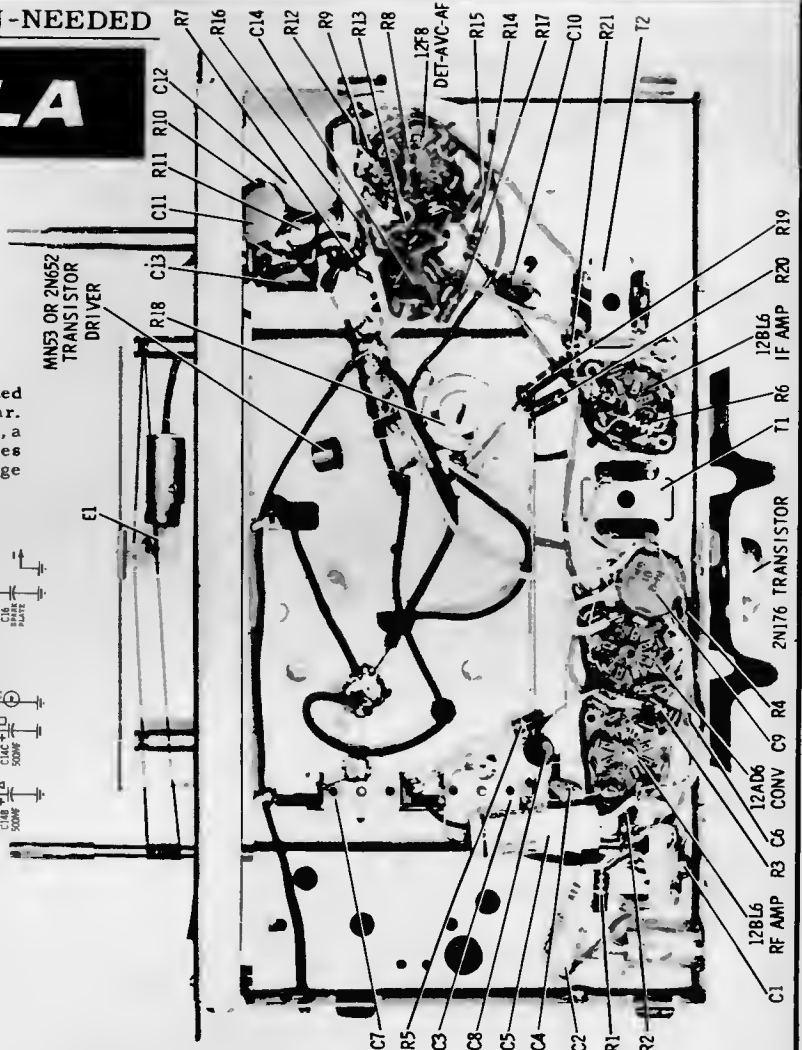
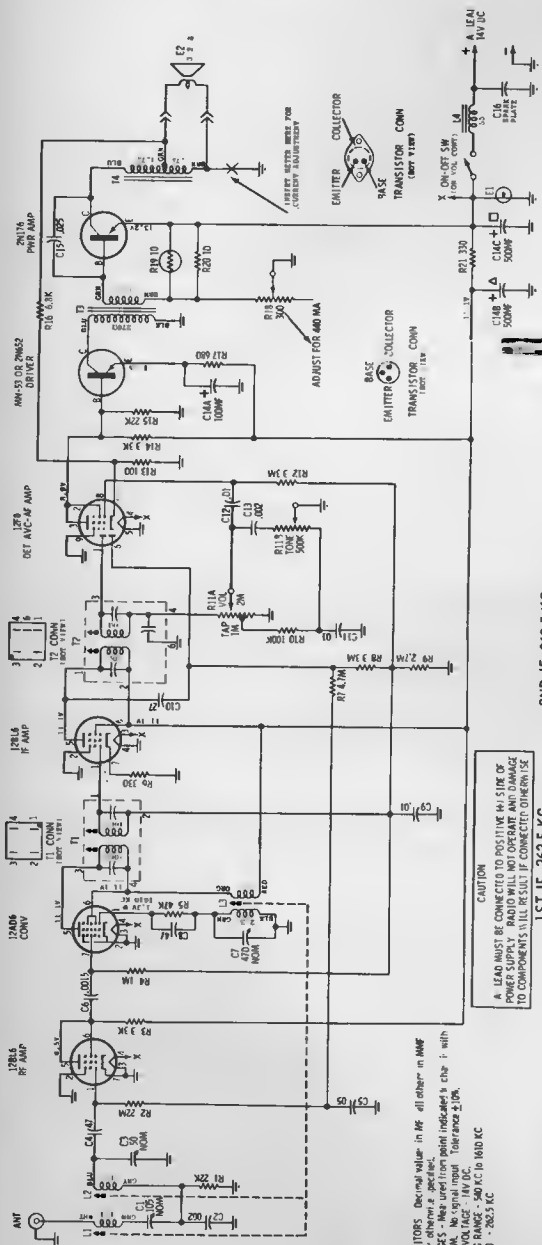


# MOTOROLA

## AUTO RADIO

### MODEL CRM60X

Automotive type superheterodyne receiver designed for custom installation in the 1960 Corvair car. This receiver contains a transistor driver stage, a transistor output stage, and four miniature tubes designed to operate directly from the car's storage battery.



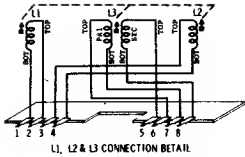
NOTES  
CAPACITORS: Decimal values in  $\mu$ F or  $\mu$ MFD unless otherwise specified.  
VOLTAGES: - Mean unfiltered potential indicated is checked with meter.  
INPUT VOLTAGE: - Mean unfiltered potential indicated is checked with meter.  
TUNING RANGE: - 540 KC to 1610 KC  
IF FREQ. - 262.5 KC

ALIGNMENT LOCATION DETAIL

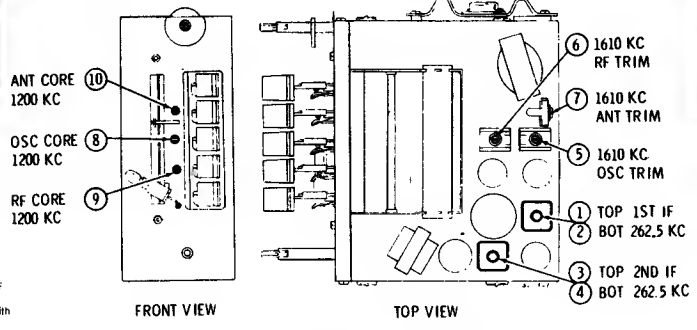
# MOTOROLA

## AUTO RADIO

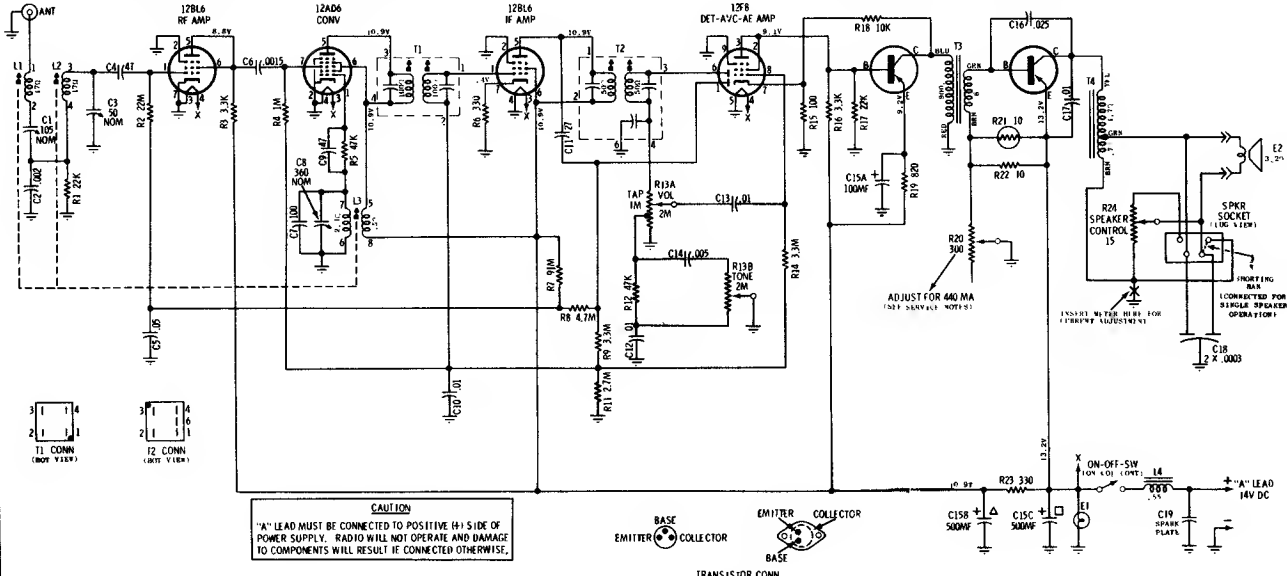
### MODEL OEA60X



NOTES:  
 CAPACITORS - Decimal values in MF, all others in MMF unless otherwise specified.  
 VOLTAGES - Measured from point indicated in chassis with a VTVM. No signal input. Tolerance  $\pm 10\%$ .  
 INPUT VOLTAGE - 14V DC.  
 TUNING RANGE - 540 KC to 1610 KC.  
 IF FREQ. - 262.5 KC.



ALIGNMENT LOCATION DETAIL



TYPE - Automotive type superheterodyne receiver designed for custom installation in the 1960 Oldsmobile cars.

### TO SET PUSHBUTTONS

Pushbuttons can be set up in any order. However, for convenience in remembering, it is suggested that stations be set up in frequency sequence from left to right. During pushbutton set-up, the antenna should be fully extended and antenna trimmer properly peaked at 1400 Kc.

1. Turn receiver on and allow it to operate for fifteen minutes.
2. Unlock pushbuttons by pulling them out with your fingers. In the unlocked position, button will extend about 1/2" forward of its normal position.
3. Accurately tune in station desired for pushbutton setup.
4. Lock one of the pushbuttons to this station by pushing it in firmly.
5. Repeat steps 3 & 4 for remaining pushbuttons

### SERVICE NOTES

1. **RADIO POLARITY** - WHEN SERVICING THIS RECEIVER, THE "A" LEAD MUST BE CONNECTED TO THE POSITIVE SIDE OF THE POWER SOURCE. IF CONNECTED OTHERWISE, RECEIVER WILL NOT OPERATE AND DAMAGE TO COMPONENTS MAY RESULT.
2. **POWER SUPPLY REQUIREMENTS** - It is preferable to use a storage battery (without a battery charger) in place of a battery eliminator. If a battery eliminator is used, it must be well regulated and filtered.

3. **POWER TRANSISTOR REPLACEMENT** - When replacing a power transistor, be sure transistor insulator is in place and well greased and that the mounting screws are securely and evenly tightened. Use only the transistor specified in the Replacement Parts List for replacement. See Notes 4 & 6.

4. **POWER TRANSISTOR INSULATOR** - When replacing a power transistor or power transistor insulator, be sure to coat both sides of insulator with DC-4 grease (Motorola Part No. 11M490487) to insure proper heat dissipation.

5. **DRIVER TRANSISTOR REPLACEMENT** - When replacing a driver transistor, grasp the transistor leads (between the transistor body and soldering lug) with a pair of long nose pliers to prevent excessive heating of transistor body during soldering operation.

6. **POWER TRANSISTOR CURRENT ADJUSTMENT** - After a power transistor has been replaced, the collector current should be checked and adjusted for proper operation.  
 a. Insert a low range (0-1 or 0-2 amp) DC ammeter in the primary ground return lead of the output transformer (T4). Connect the negative post of the meter to ground. CAUTION: Be sure the speaker ground lead is connected in common with the transformer ground lead to the positive meter terminal (see schematic).  
 b. Turn the radio on and allow it to heat up for about 15 minutes.  
 c. Adjust R20 for a reading of 360 ma with 12.6 volts input to the radio "A" lead.

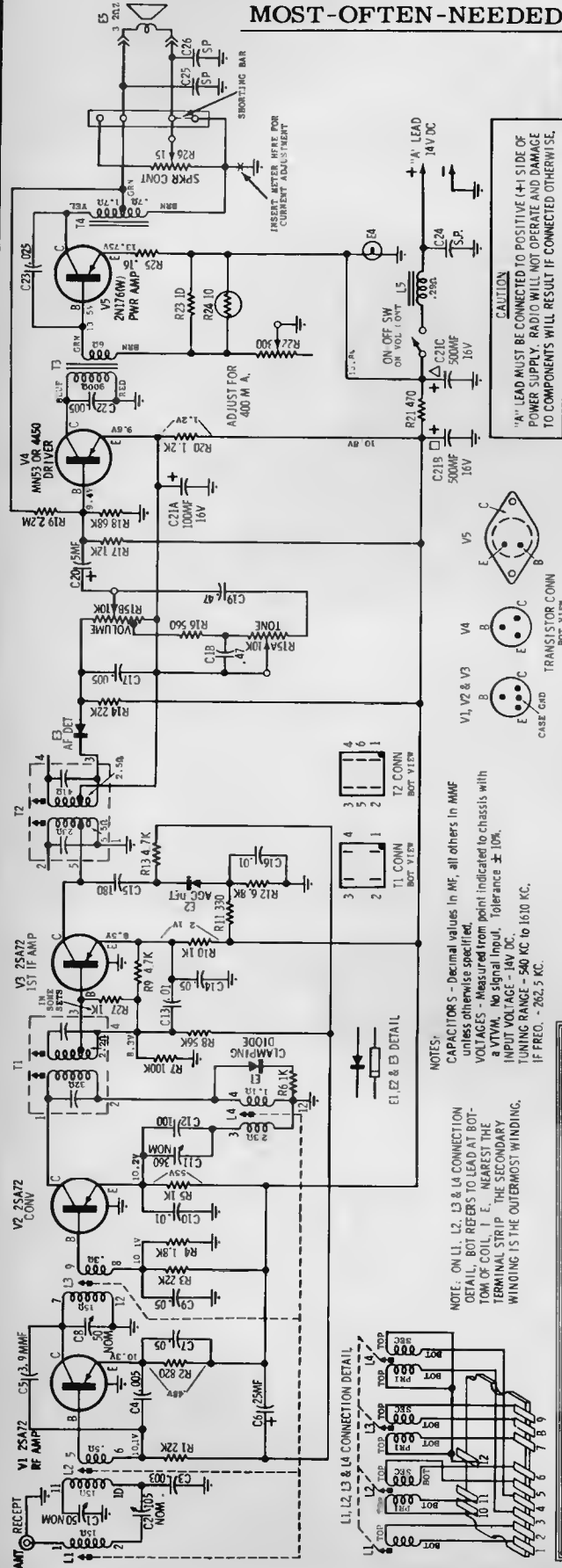
NOTE: Two values of radio input voltage are given as a convenience to service personnel in order to accommodate different power sources. The current value stated on the Schematic Diagram is for 14 volts input to the "A" lead.

MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED 1961 RADIO SERVICING INFORMATION

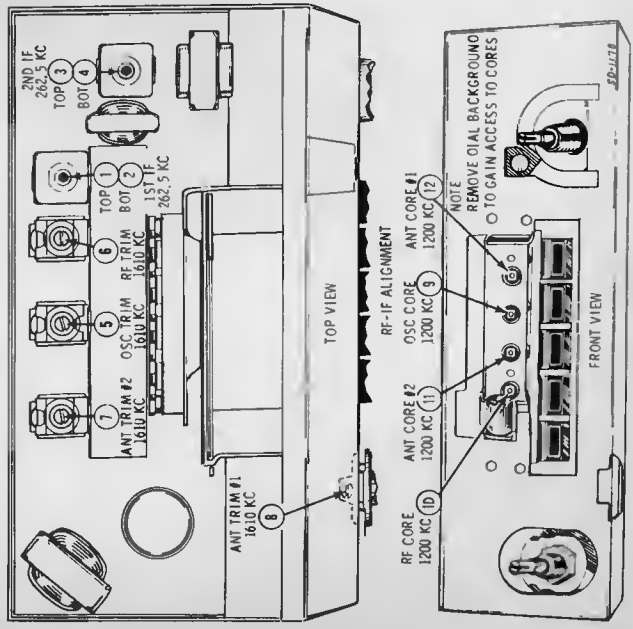
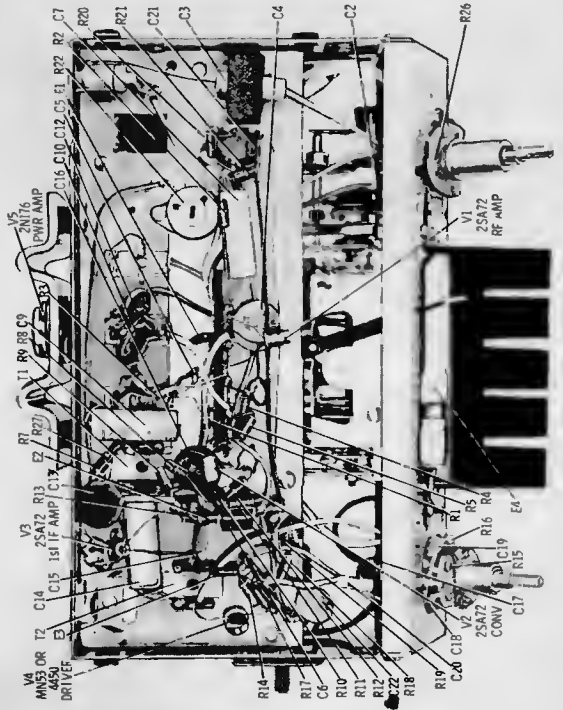
# MOTOROLA

Exact material for MODEL CTA61 used in 1961 Chevrolet cars.

MODEL BKA61 used in 1961 Buick cars is identical electrically.



**CAUTION**  
 "A" LEAD MUST BE CONNECTED TO POSITIVE (+) SIDE OF POWER SUPPLY. RADIO WILL NOT OPERATE AND DAMAGE TO COMPONENTS WILL RESULT IF CONNECTED OTHERWISE.

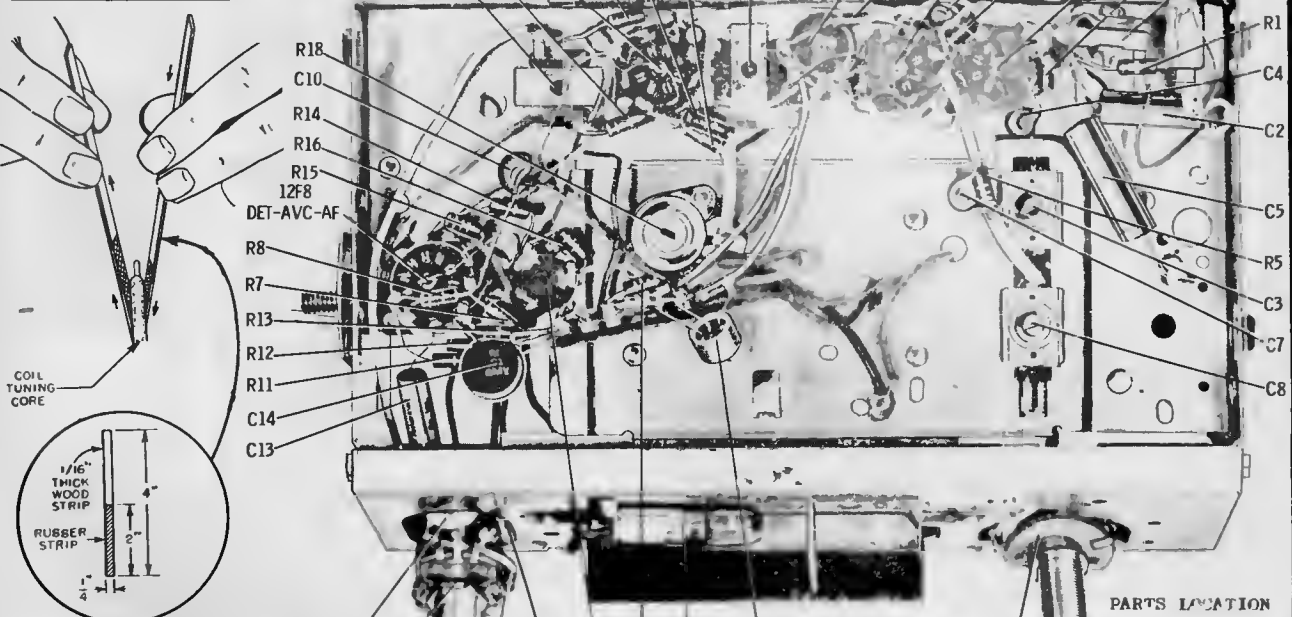
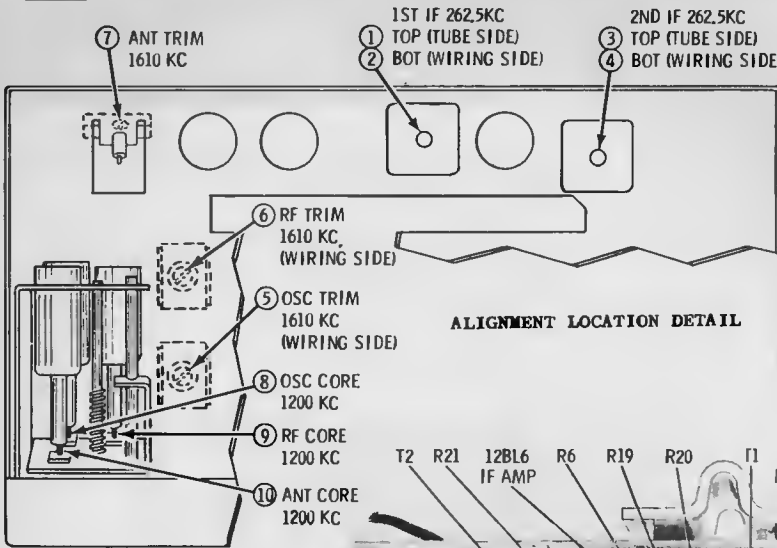


VOLUME R-21, MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED 1961 RADIO SERVICING INFORMATION

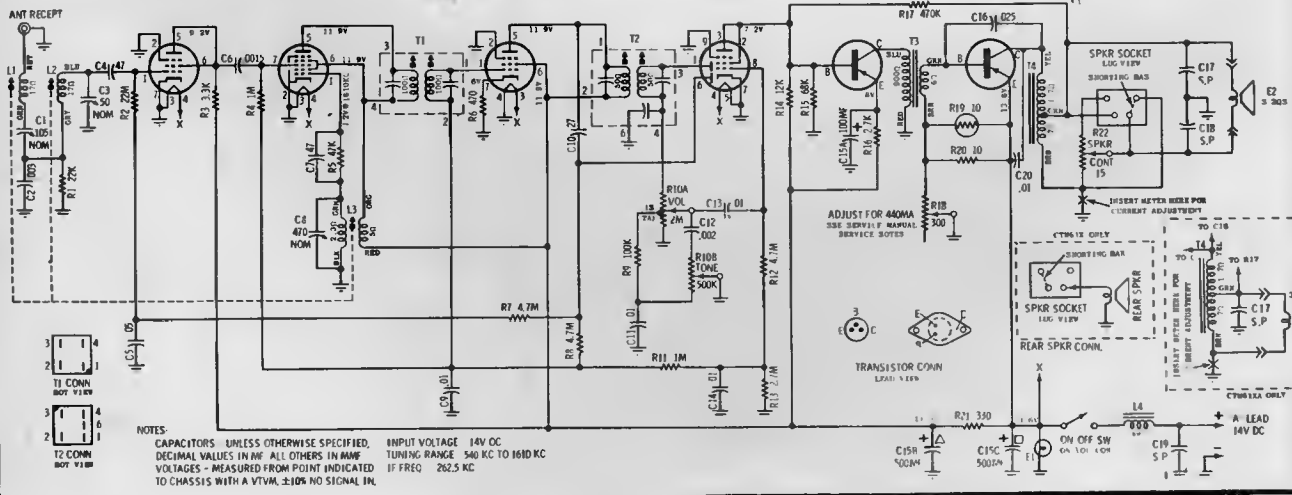
**MOTOROLA**

MODEL  
CTM61X  
CTM61XA

Automotive type superheterodyne receivers designed for custom installation in the 1961 Chevrolet cars. Model CTM61X contains a speaker control & socket for adding a rear speaker, model CTM61XA does not, in all other respects, these two receivers are the same.

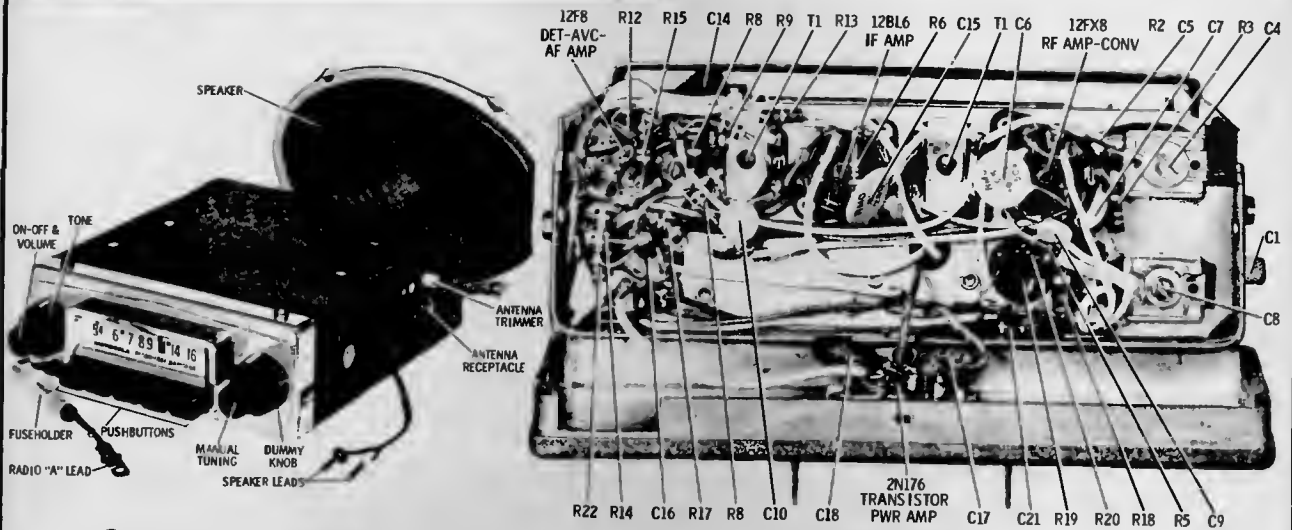


**CORE ALIGNMENT TOOL DETAIL**

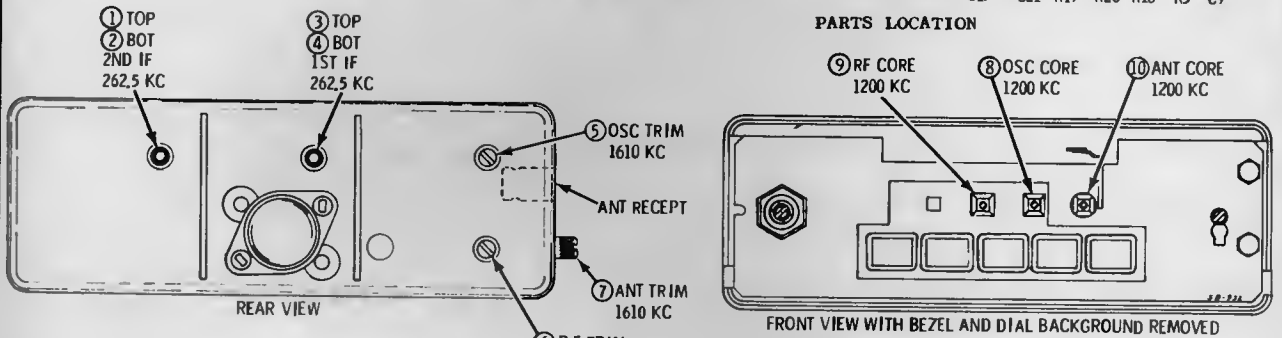


# MOTOROLA

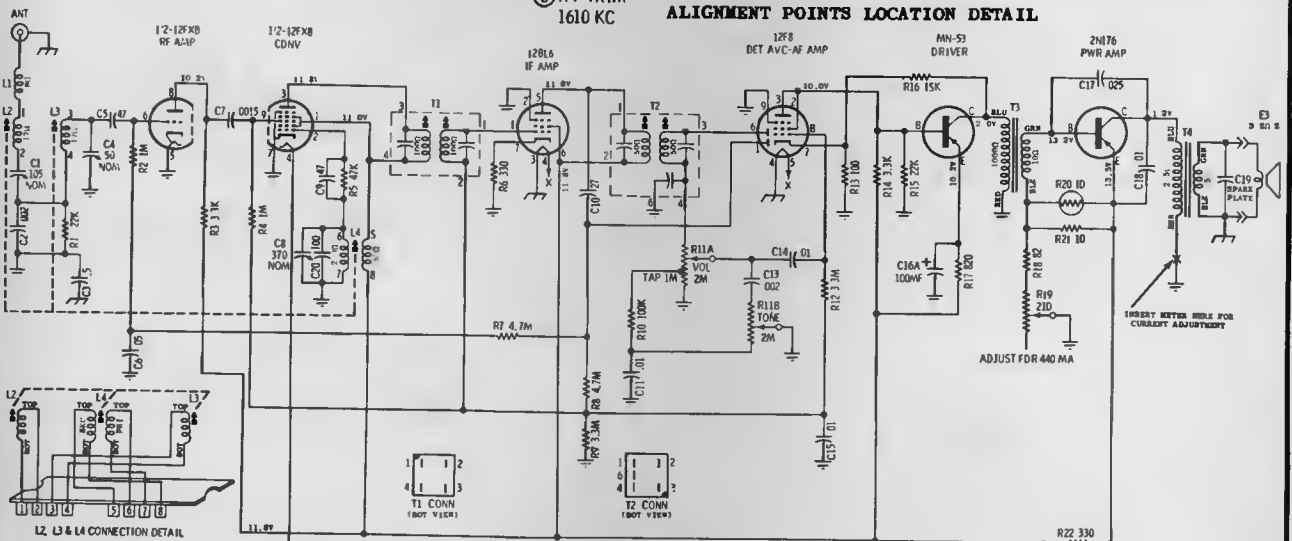
MODEL  
500X



PARTS LOCATION

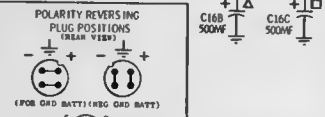


ALIGNMENT POINTS LOCATION DETAIL



NOTES  
CAPACITORS - Decimal-values in MF all others in Mmc unless otherwise specified.  
VOLTAGES - Measured from point indicated to chassis with a VTVM. No signal input. +10K.  
INPUT VOLTAGE - 14.0V DC  
TUNING RANGE - 535 KC to 1605 KC.  
IF FREQ. - 262.5 KC.  
- INDICATES ISOLATED NEGATIVE LINE.  
- INDICATES CHASSIS AND HOUSING.

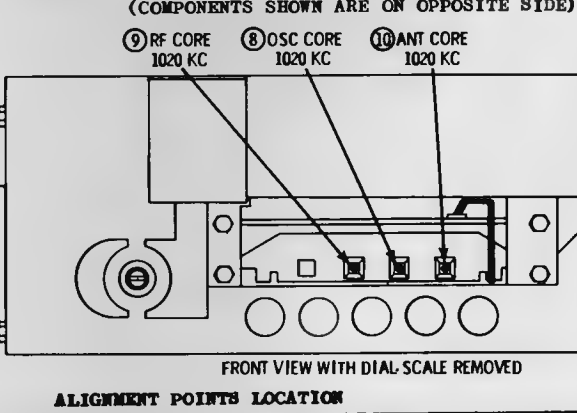
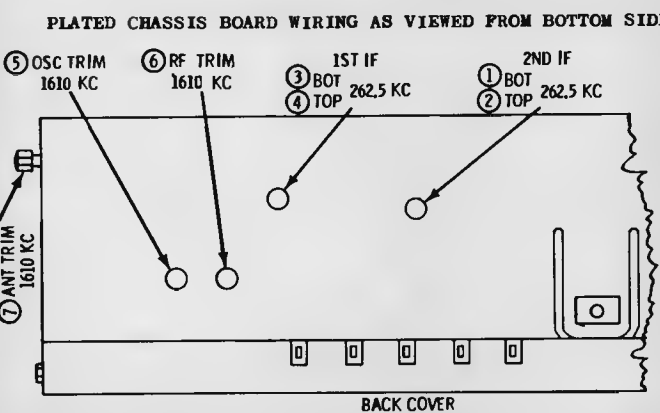
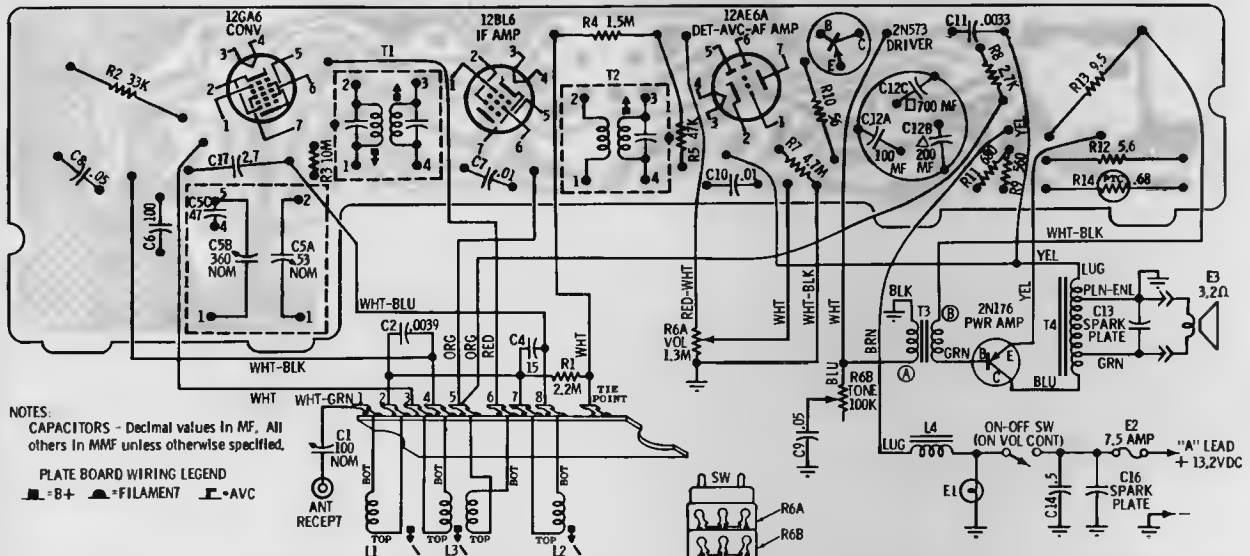
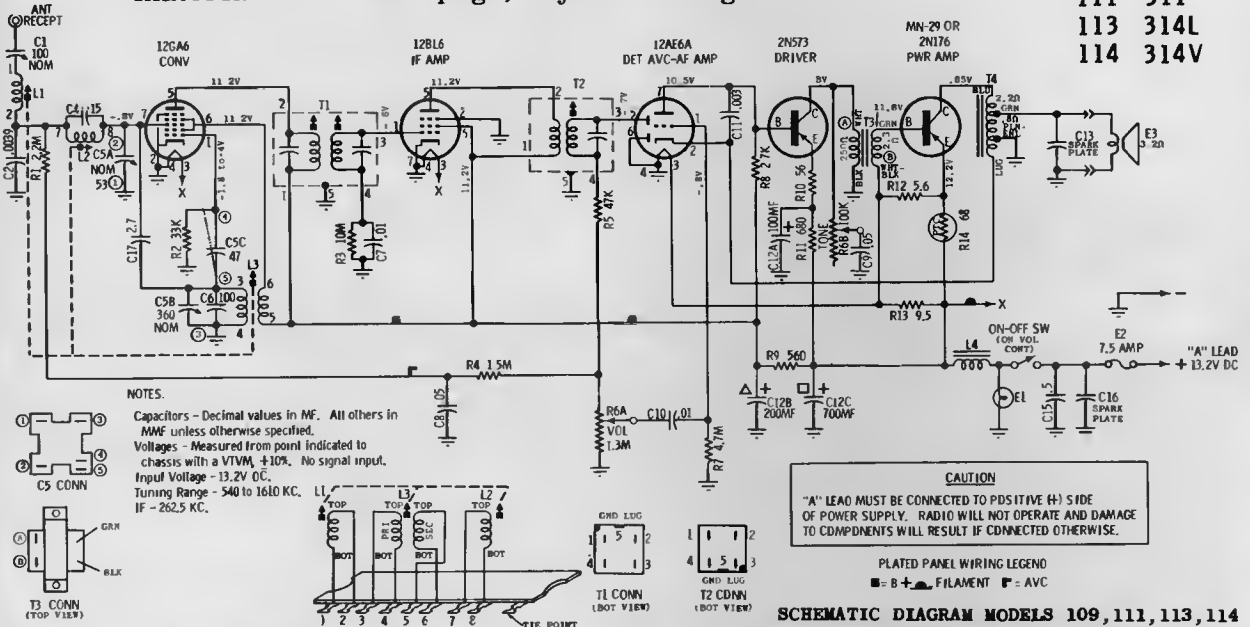
**CAUTION**  
BEFORE CONNECTING "A" LEAD, BATTERY POLARITY SHOULD BE CHECKED AND POLARITY REVERSING PLUG SHOULD BE CHANGED CORRESPONDINGLY OTHERWISE SET WILL NOT OPERATE AND DAMAGE TO COMPONENTS WILL RESULT



# MOTOROLA INC.

Schematic diagram for some models and other service material on the next page, adjacent at right.

MODELS	
MoPar	109 309
	111 311
	113 314L
	114 314V





# VOLUME R-21, MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED 1961 RADIO SERVICING INFORMATION

## MOTOROLA Models 109, 111, 113, 114, 309, 311, 314L, 314V, Continued

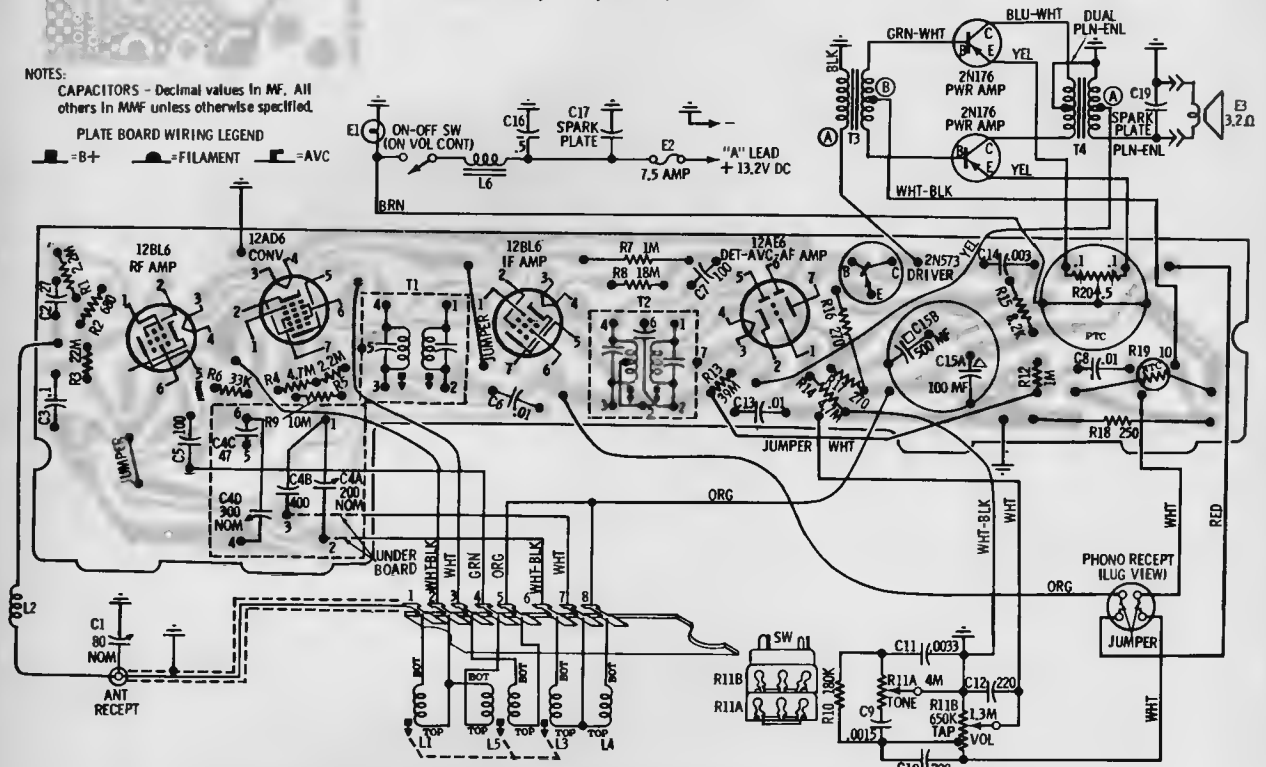
PLATED CHASSIS BOARD GROUND CONNECTIONS AS SEEN THRU BOARD FROM WIRING SIDE  
MODELS 309, 311, 314L, 314V

**NOTES:**

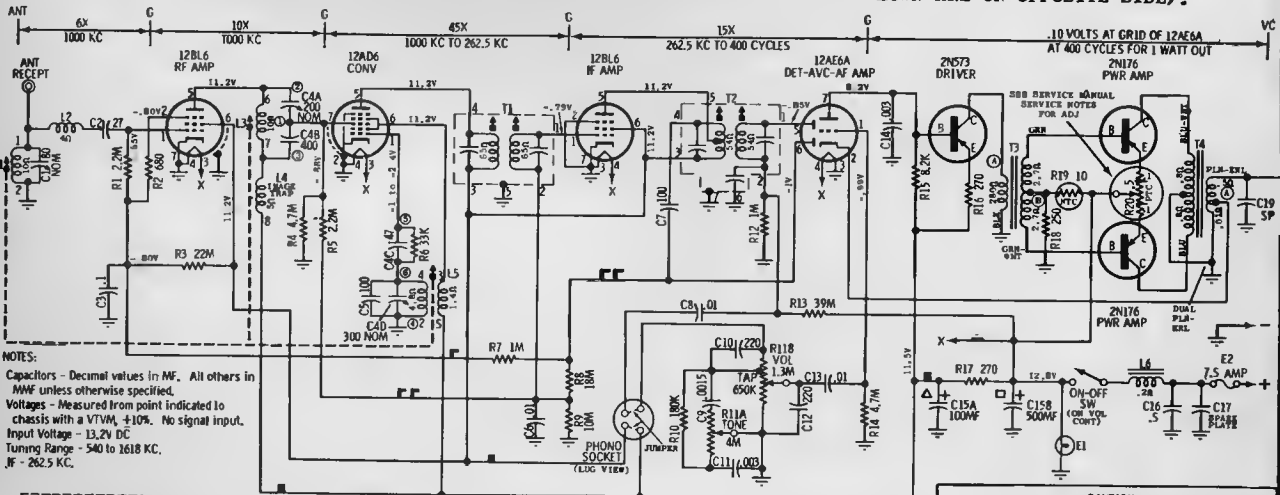
CAPACITORS - Decimal values in MF. All others in MMF unless otherwise specified.

PLATE BOARD WIRING LEGEND

■ = B+   ■ = FILAMENT   ■ = AVC

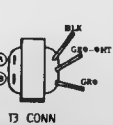
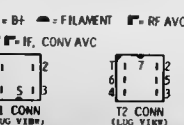


PLATED CHASSIS BOARD WIRING AS VIEWED FROM BOTTOM SIDE (COMPONENTS SHOWN ARE ON OPPOSITE SIDE).



**NOTES:**  
Capacitors - Decimal values in MF. All others in MMF unless otherwise specified.  
Voltages - Measured from point indicated to chassis with a VTVM,  $\pm 10\%$ . No signal input.  
Input Voltage - 13.2V DC  
Tuning Range - 540 to 1618 KC.  
IF - 262.5 KC.

**PLATED PANEL WIRING LEGEND**



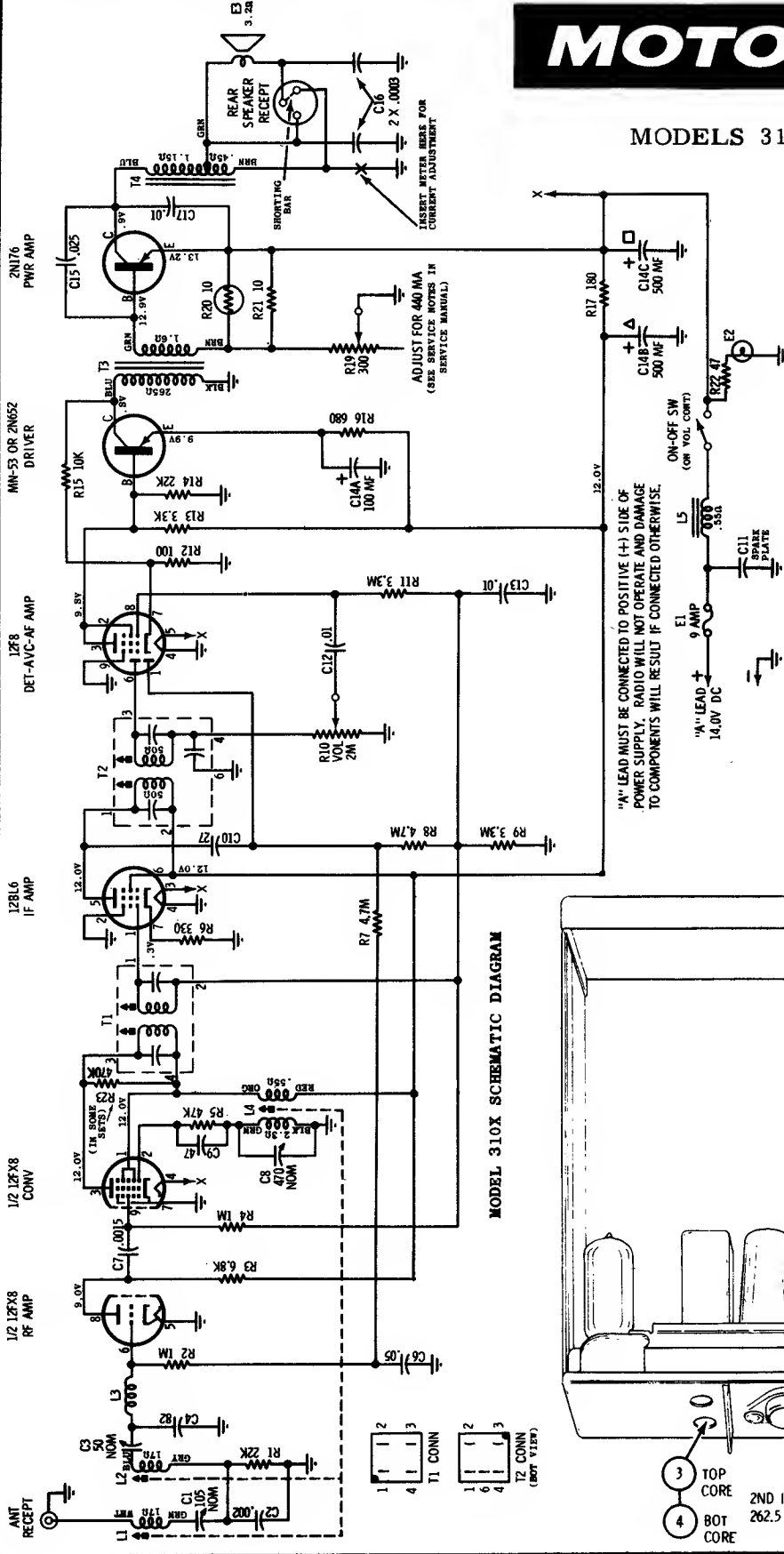
**CAUTION**  
"A" LEAD MUST BE CONNECTED TO POSITIVE (+) SIDE OF POWER SUPPLY. RADIO WILL NOT OPERATE AND DAMAGE TO COMPONENTS WILL RESULT IF CONNECTED OTHERWISE.

**TRANSISTOR CONNECTIONS (LOG VIEW)**

EMITTER	COLLECTOR	BASE	EMITTER	COLLECTOR	BASE
2N176	2N176	2N176	2N573	2N573	2N573

# MOTOROLA

MODELS 310X and 311X



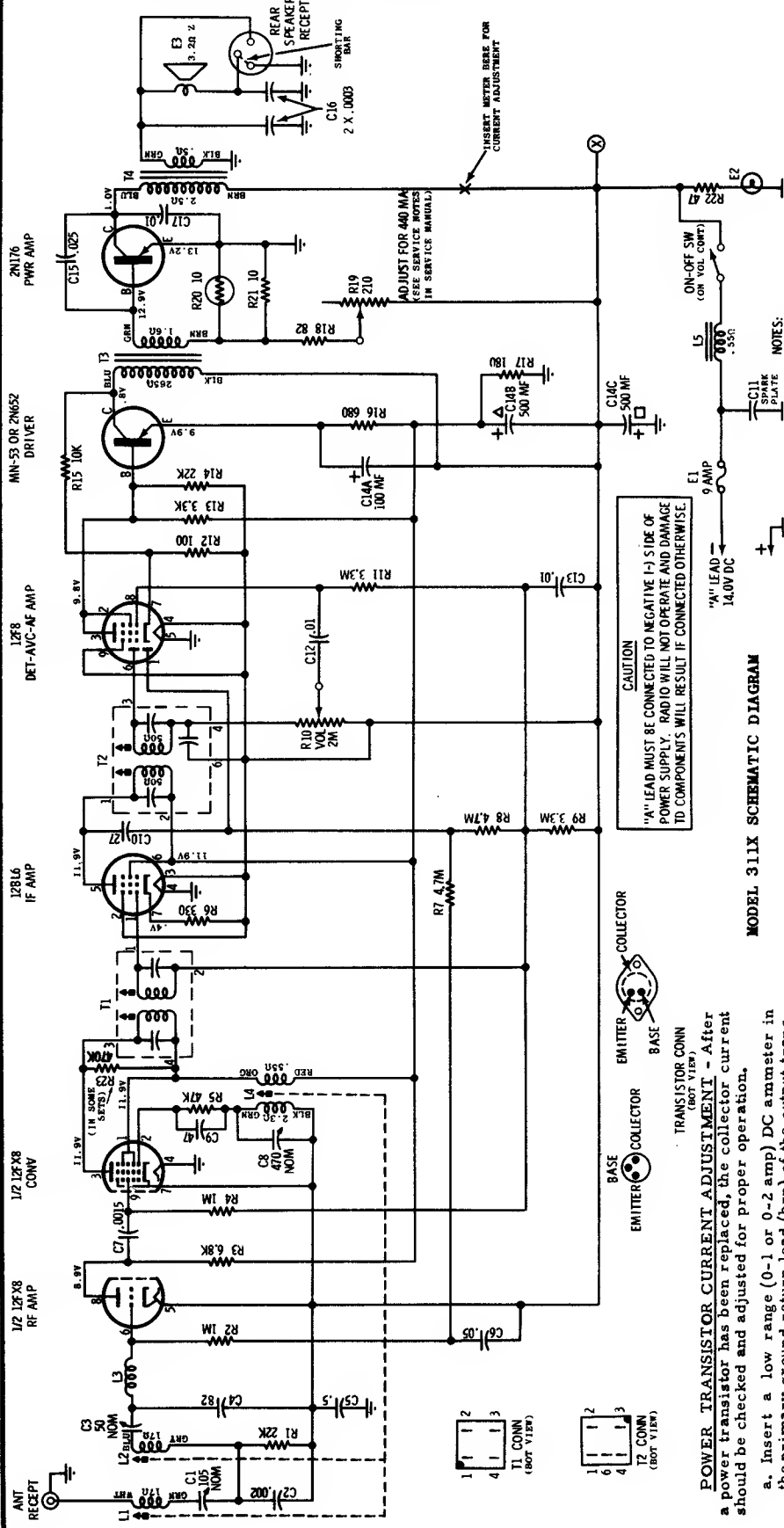
**POWER TRANSISTOR INSULATOR** - When replacing a power transistor or power transistor insulator, be sure to coat both sides of insulator with DC-4 grease (Motorola Part No. 11M490487) to insure proper heat dissipation.

## MOTOROLA INC.

MODELS 310X and 311X

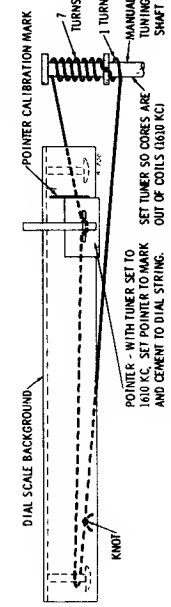
Schematic diagram of 310X is on this page, diagram of 311X is on the next page, all other service material applicable to both.

VOLUME R-21, MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED 1961 RADIO SERVICING INFORMATION



CAUTION  
"A" LEAD MUST BE CONNECTED TO NEGATIVE (-) SIDE OF POWER SUPPLY. RADIO WILL NOT OPERATE AND DAMAGE TO COMPONENTS WILL RESULT IF CONNECTED OTHERWISE.

MODEL 311X SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM



DIAL CORD STRINGING DETAIL

**MOTOROLA INC.**

MODELS  
310X & 311X

Circuit diagram of 311X is above, and 310X is on preceding page.

**POWER TRANSISTOR CURRENT ADJUSTMENT** - After a power transistor has been replaced, the collector current should be checked and adjusted for proper operation.

- Insert a low range (0-1 or 0-2 amp) DC ammeter in the primary ground return lead (brn) of the output transformer (T4). See Schematic.
- In model 310X, connect both the transformer and speaker ground leads to the positive terminal of the meter; connect the negative meter terminal to chassis.
- In model 311X, connect the positive meter terminal to the brown transformer lead and negative meter terminal to the ON-OFF switch terminal.

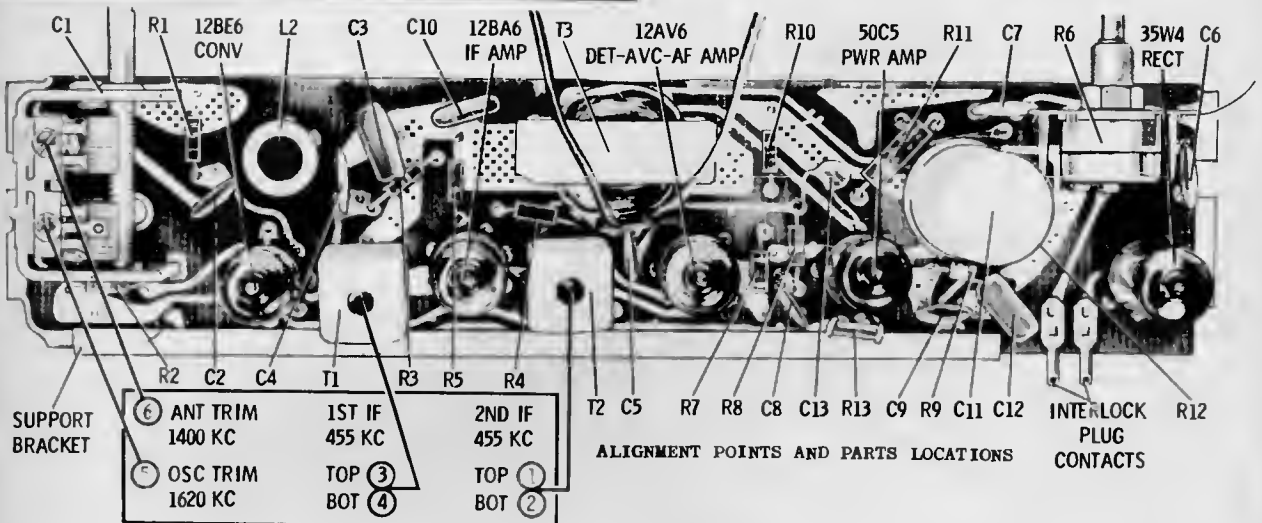
- Turn the radio on and allow it to heat up for about 15 minutes.
- Adjust R19 for a reading of 360 ma with 12.6 volts input to the radio "A" lead.

**NOTE:** Two values of radio input voltage are given as a convenience to service personnel in order to accommodate different power sources. The current value stated on the Schematic Diagram is for 14 volts input to the radio "A" lead.



# MOTOROLA

MODELS  
A3B, N  
CHASSIS  
HS-746

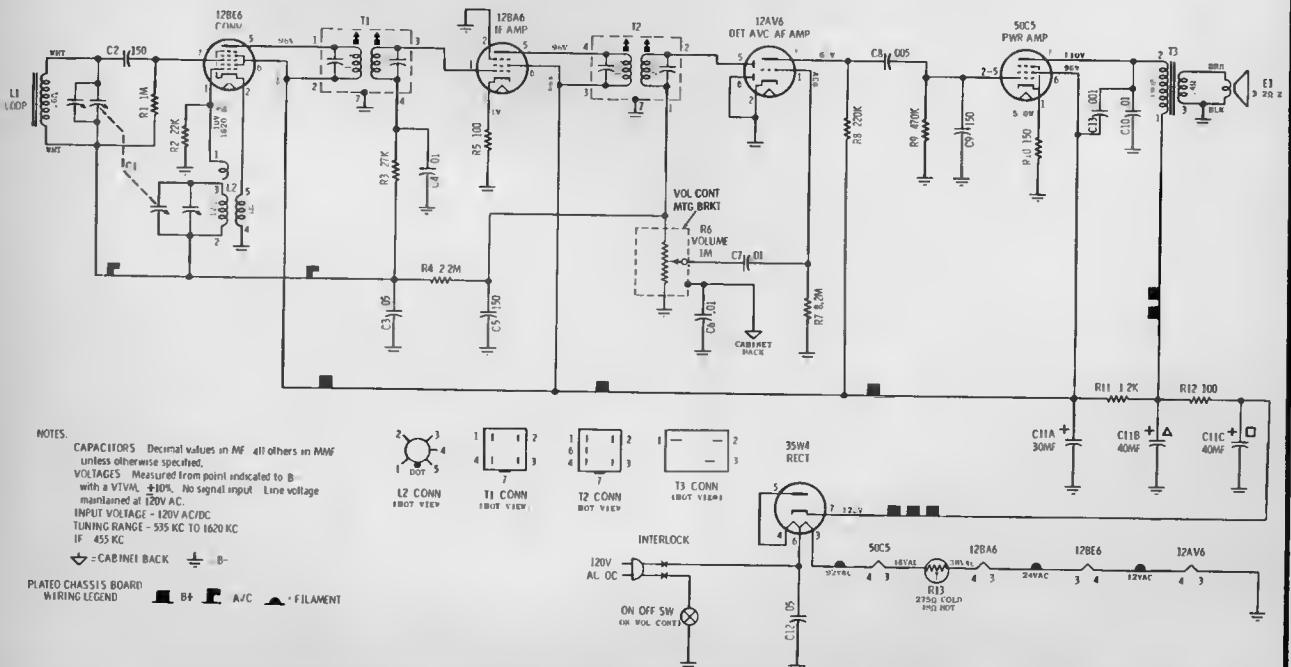


## ALIGNMENT

Use an isolation transformer between the power line and the receiver. If not available, connect low side of generator to B- through a .1 mf capacitor. Connect a low range output meter across speaker voice coil and set volume control to maximum. Attenuate generator output to maintain .4 volts on output meter to prevent overloading the receiver.

STEP	GENERATOR CONNECTION	GENERATOR FREQUENCY (400 cycle mod)	GANG SETTING	ADJUST	REMARKS
<b>IF ALIGNMENT</b>					
1.	12BE6 grid (pin 7) thru .1 mf & B-	455 Kc	Fully open	1, 2, 3 & 4	Adjust for maximum.
<b>RF ALIGNMENT</b>					
2.	Radiation loop*	1620 Kc	Fully open	5	Adjust for maximum.
3.	"	1400 Kc	Tune for max	6	"

\*Connect generator output across 5" diameter, 5 turn loop and couple inductively to receiver loop. Keep radiation loop at least 12" from receiver loop.



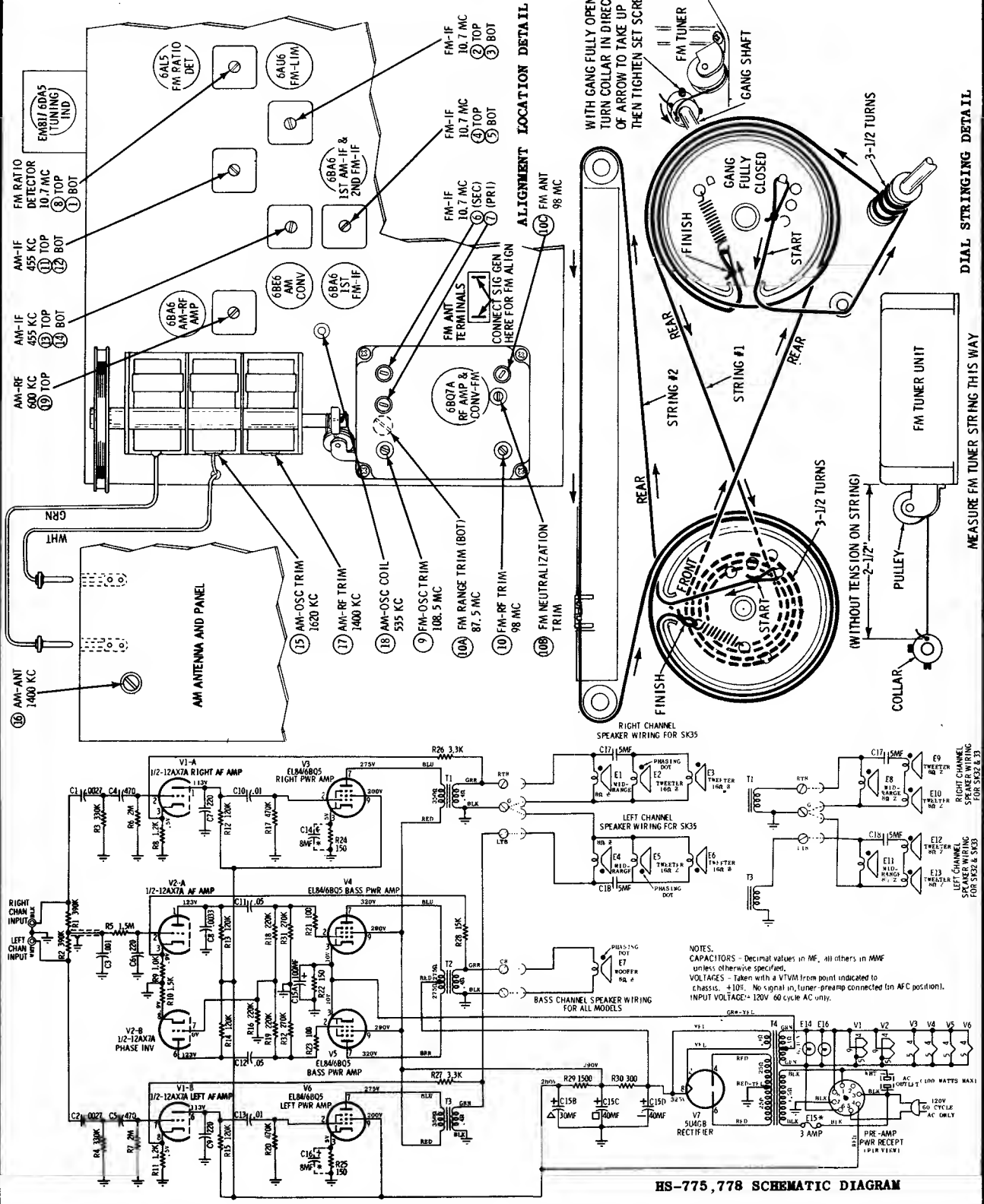


# MOTOROLA

(Continued from preceding page)

MODELS  
SK32W  
SK33W  
SK35W  
SK39MB

CHASSIS  
HS-775, 776  
HS-775, 776  
HS-776, 778  
HS-776, 778

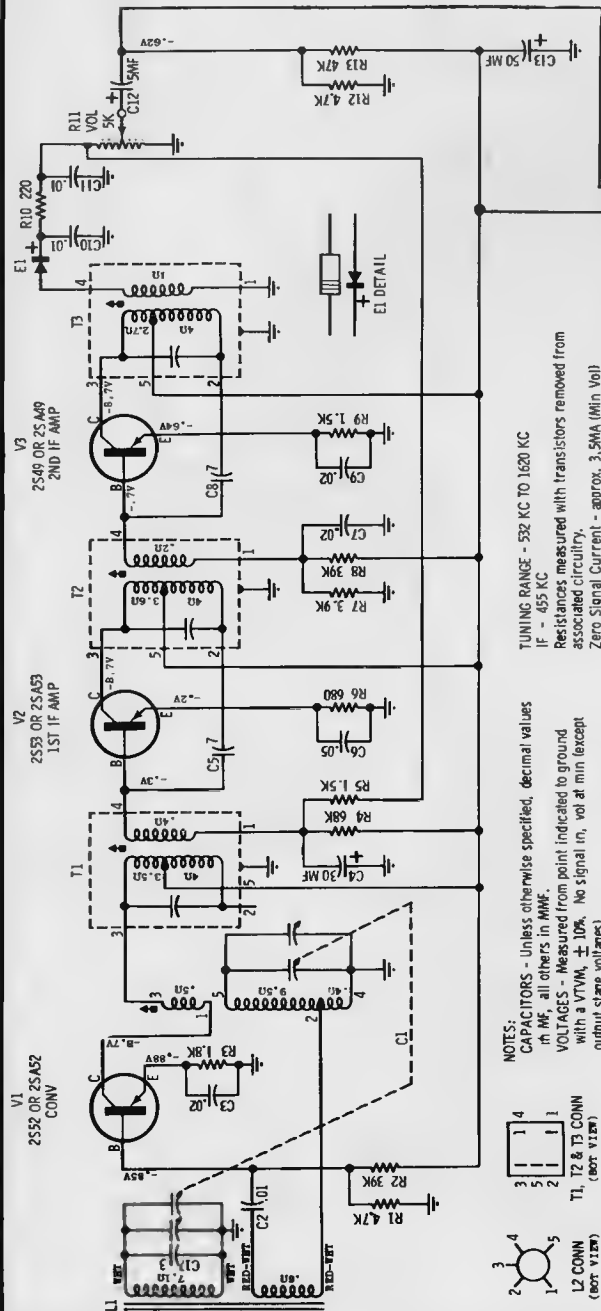


HS-775, 778 SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM

# MOTOROLA

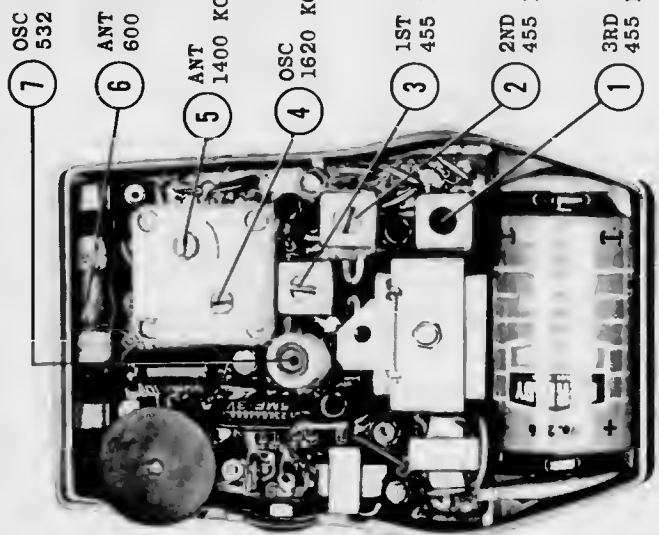
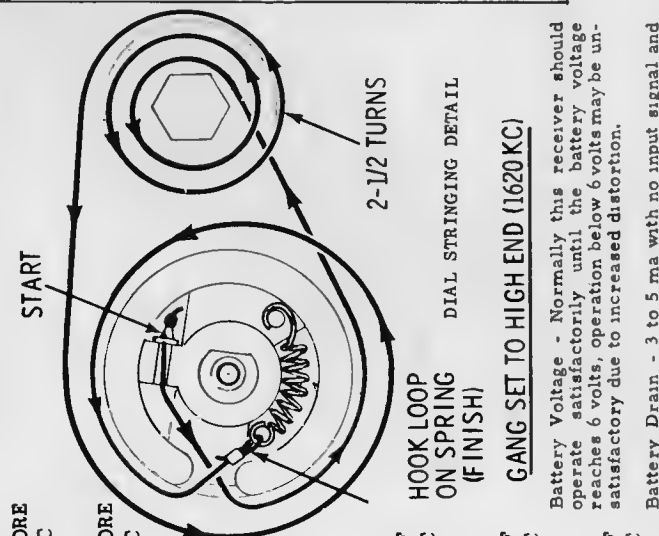
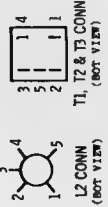
## PORTABLE RADIO

MODEL	CHASSIS
X14B	HS-795
X14E	HS-795
X14R	HS-795
X14W	HS-795



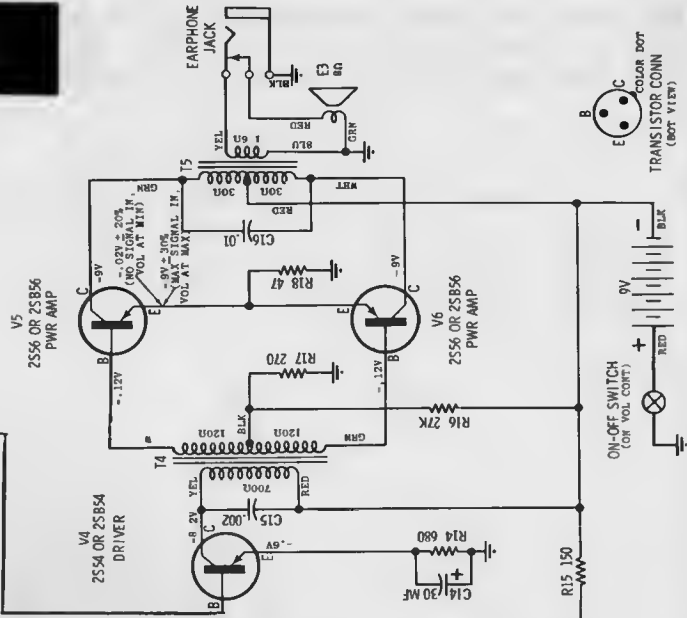
TUNING RANGE - 532 KC TO 1620 KC  
IF - 455 KC  
Resistances measured with transistors removed from associated circuitry.  
Zero Signal Current - approx. 3.5MA (Min Vol)

NOTES:  
CAPACITORS - Unless otherwise specified, decimal values in MF, all others in MMF.  
VOLTAGES - Measured from point indicated to ground with a VTVM,  $\pm 10\%$ . No signal in, vol at min (except output stage voltages)



ALIGNMENT POINT LOCATIONS

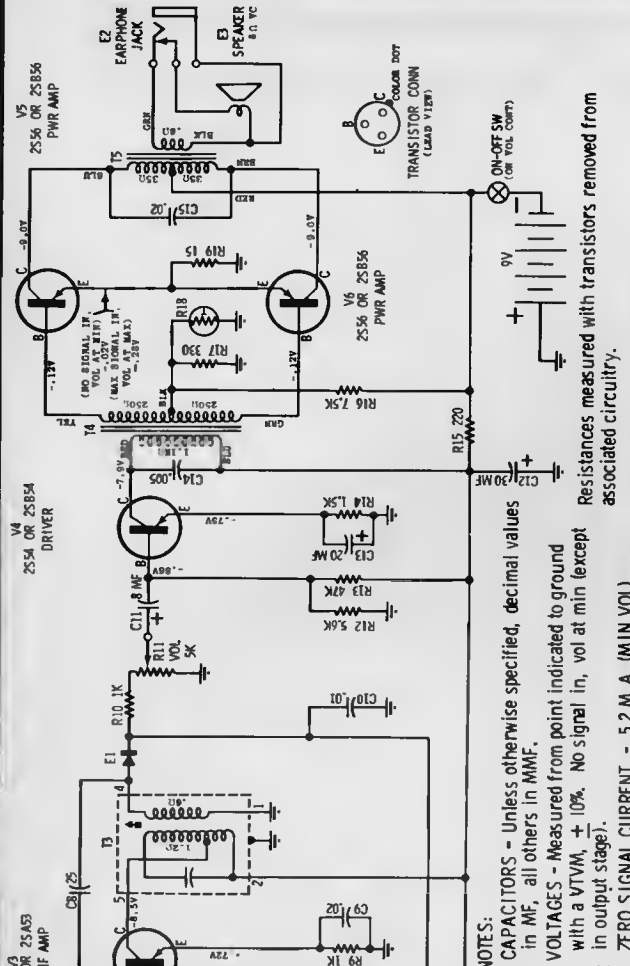
Battery Voltage - Normally this receiver should operate satisfactorily until the battery voltage reaches 6 volts, operation below 6 volts may be unsatisfactory due to increased distortion.  
Battery Drain - 3 to 5 ma with no input signal and volume at minimum level.



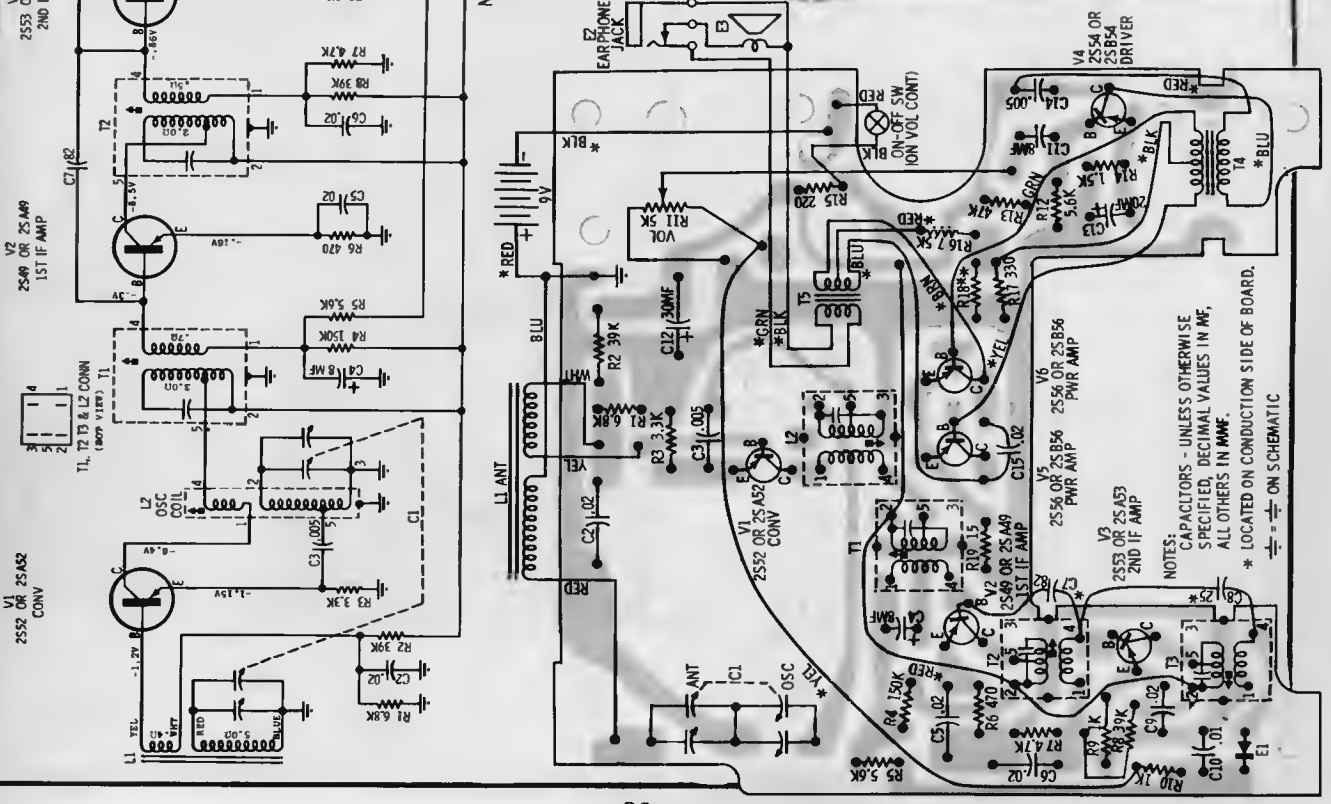
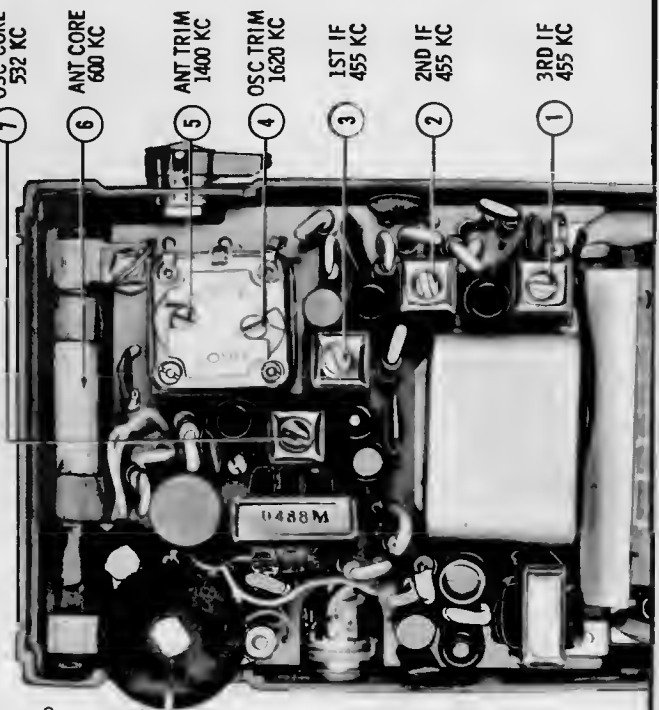


**MOTOROLA INC.**

MODEL	CHASSIS
X15A	HS-796
X15E	HS-796
X15N	HS-796



NOTES:  
 CAPACITORS - Unless otherwise specified, decimal values in MF, all others in MMF.  
 VOLTAGES - Measured from point indicated to ground with a VTVM,  $\pm 10\%$ . No signal in, vol at min (except in output stage).  
 ZERO SIGNAL CURRENT - 5.2 M.A. (MIN VOL)



NOTES:  
 CAPACITORS - UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED, DECIMAL VALUES IN MF, ALL OTHERS IN MMF.  
 \* LOCATED ON CONDUCTION SIDE OF BOARD.  
 \* ON SCHEMATIC

NEEDED 1961 RADIO SERVICING INFORMATION

**MOTOROLA INC.**

MODEL	CHASSIS
X16B	HS-797
X16G	HS-797
X16N	HS-797

**CHASSIS REMOVAL**

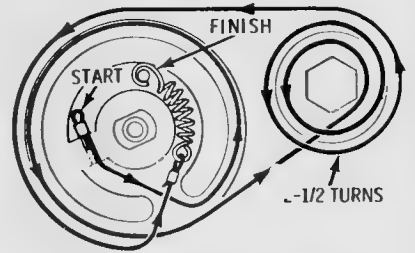
1. Rotate cabinet handle to its carrying position.
2. Loosen captivated back panel mounting screw completely and remove back panel.
3. Remove cabinet back mounting screw and cabinet back.
4. Remove carrying handle and On-Off and Volume knob.
5. Remove 3 chassis mounting screws (in doing so, the cabinet back mounting bracket will also come out).
6. Remove chassis from cabinet (lift up right side of chassis first, to allow the tuning knob to clear its cutout on the cabinet).

**BATTERY DRAIN**

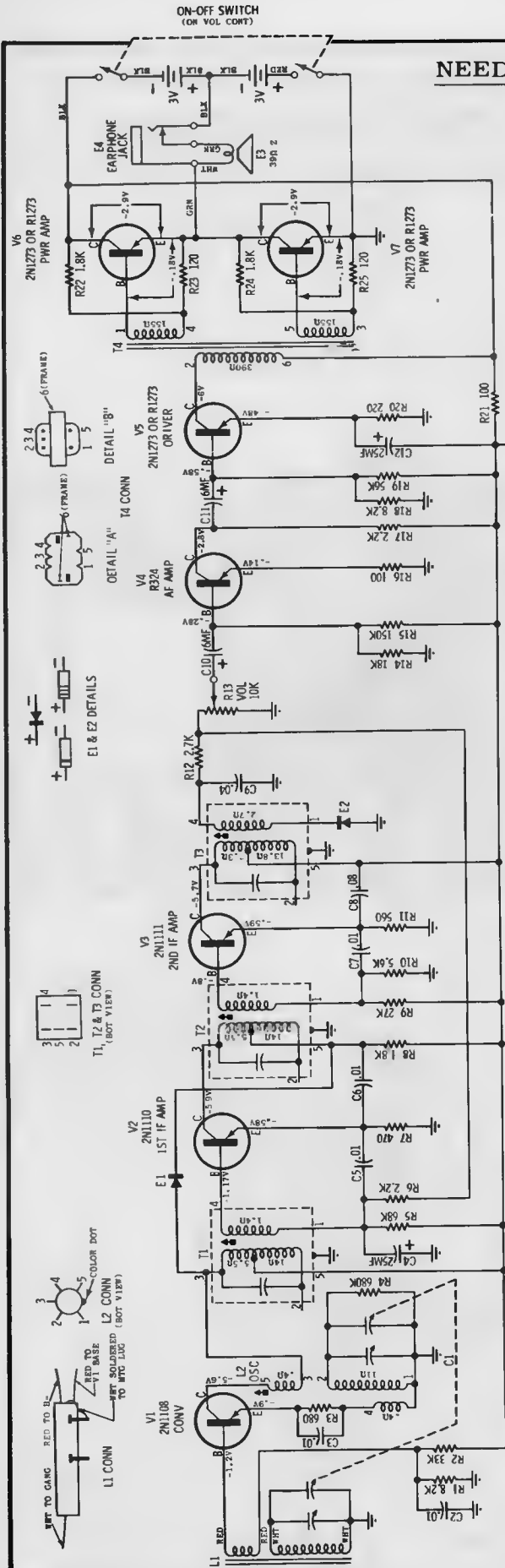
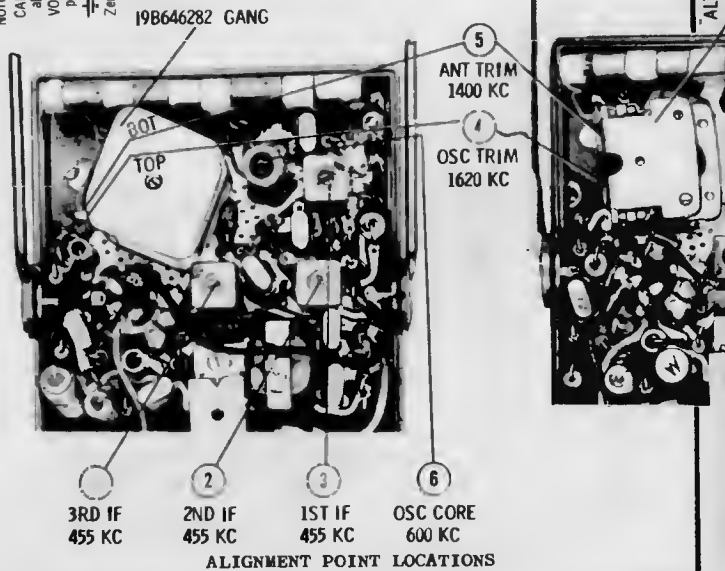
10-14 ma (max) with no input signal

**NOTE:** Due to the type of circuitry involved, there are two separate battery current paths, therefore, a DPST on-off switch is used. This necessitates two current measurements.

A very simple, convenient method of measuring battery drain can be made without unsoldering any connections. The only items necessary are a low resistance DC milliammeter and a jumper wire or two milliammeters. With the receiver turned off, place a milliammeter across the open terminals of one section of the switch and the jumper across the other section of the switch; the receiver is automatically turned on at the minimum volume level. The meter should read 10-14 ma; then interchange jumper wire and milliammeter connections, the meter should read 10-14 ma. If two milliammeters are available, place one across each section of the switch, each meter should read 10-14 ma.

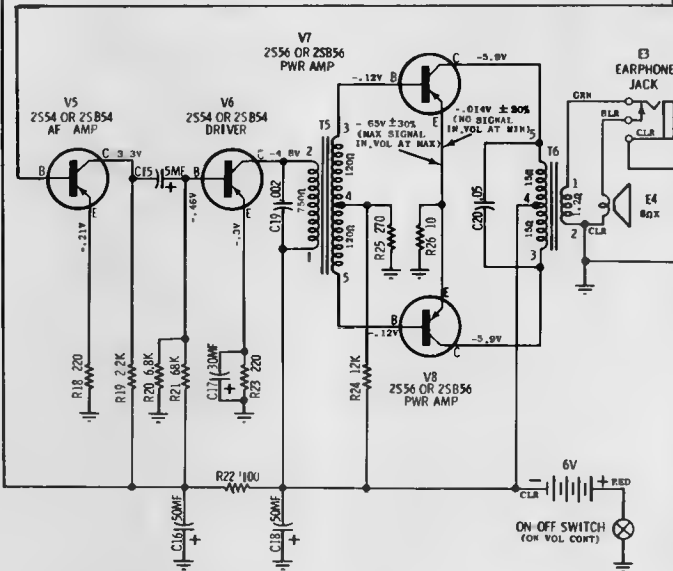
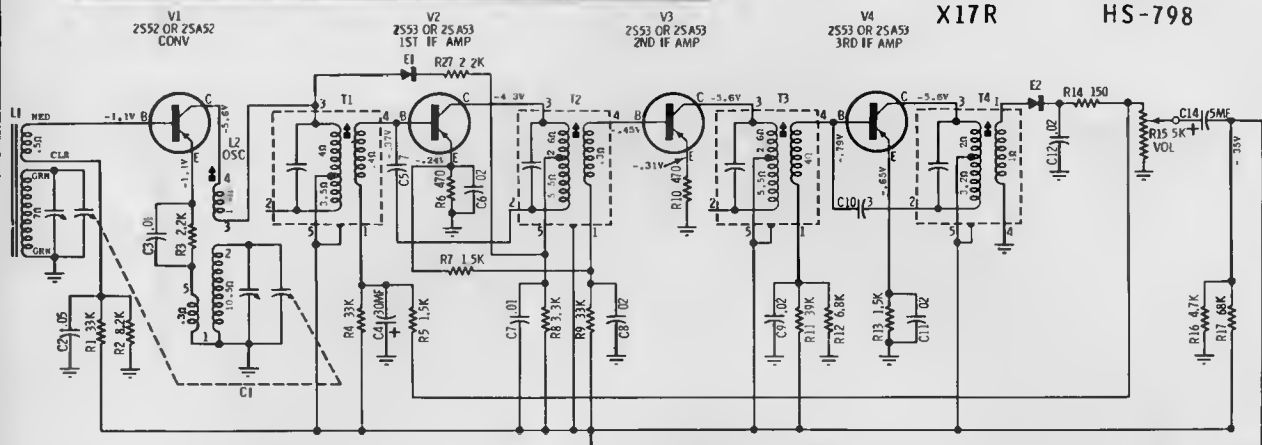


**NOTES:**  
 CAPACITORS - Unless otherwise specified, decimal values in MF, all others in MMF.  
 VOLTAGES - Measured from point indicated to ground or across points indicated with a VTVM,  $\pm 10\%$ . No signal in.  
 - ground  
 Zero Signal Current - approx. 12MA (Min VolU)  
 TUNING RANGE - 595 KC to 1620 KC  
 IF - 455 KC  
 Resistances measured with transistor removed from associated circuitry.

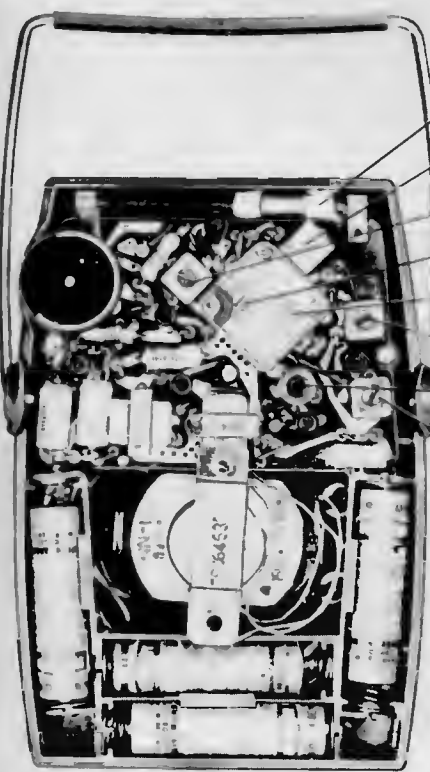
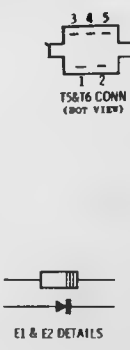


# MOTOROLA

MODEL	CHASSIS
X17B	HS-798
X17N	HS-798
X17R	HS-798



**NOTES**  
 CAPACITORS - Unless otherwise specified, decimal values in MF, all others in MMF  
 VOLTAGES - Measured from point indicated to ground with a VTVM,  $\pm 10\%$ . No signal in  
 TUNING RANGE 535 KC to 1620 KC.  
 IF - 455 KC  
 Resistances measured with transistors removed from associated circuitry.  
 Zero signal current = 7.0 MA 1Min Vol)  
 $\perp$  = Ground



- 7 ANT CORE 600 KC
- 2 3RD IF 455 KC
- 1 4TH IF 455 KC
- 5 OSC TRIM 1620 KC
- 6 ANT TRIM 1400 KC
- 3 2ND IF 455 KC
- 8 OSC CORE 532 KC
- 4 1ST IF 455 KC

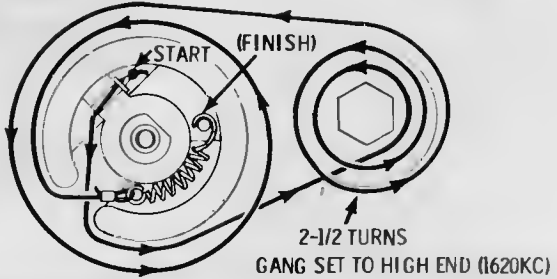
ALIGNMENT POINT LOCATIONS

**CHASSIS REMOVAL**

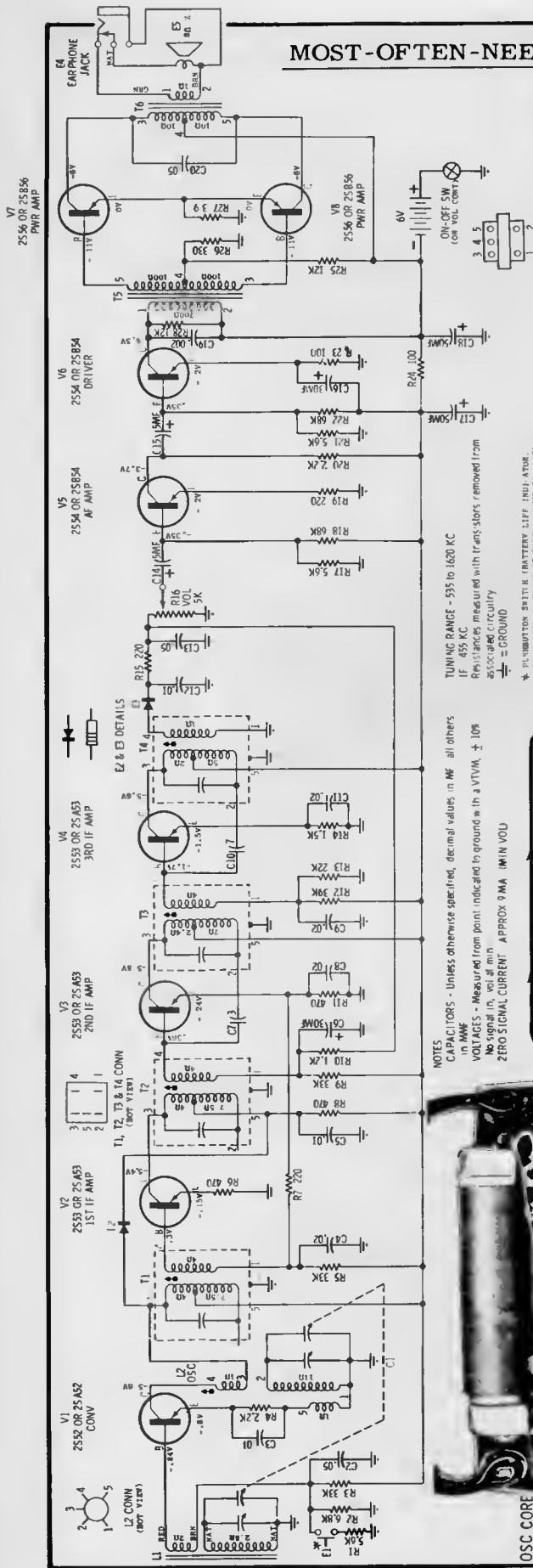
1. Loosen captivated cabinet back mounting screw and pull off cabinet back.
2. Remove 2 chassis mounting screws.
3. Slide chassis to the right and lift out of cabinet.

**SPEAKER REMOVAL**

1. Loosen captivated cabinet back mounting screw and pull off cabinet back.
2. Remove batteries and unsolder speaker lead connected to chassis, then unsolder earphone jack lead connected to chassis.
3. Remove chassis (see Chassis Removal).
4. Lift up 4 speaker trim ring mounting ears (located at rear of cabinet), then remove trim ring and speaker grille.



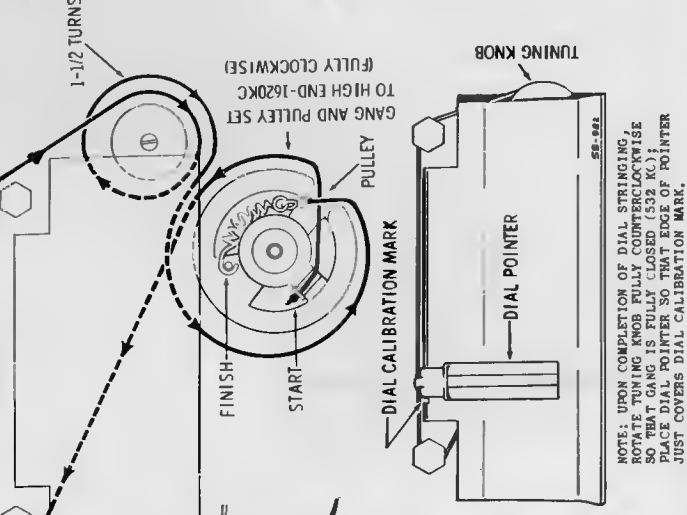
# MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED 1961 RADIO SERVICING INFORMATION



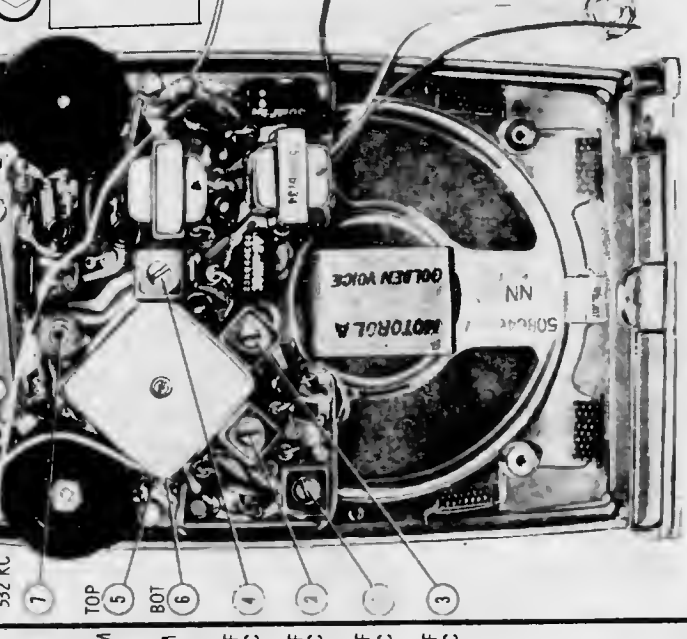
**NOTES**  
CAPACITORS - Unless otherwise specified, decimal values in MF all others in MUF  
VOLTAGES - Measured from point indicated to ground with a VTVM,  $\pm 10\%$   
No signal in, vol at min  
ZERO SIGNAL CURRENT: APPROX 9 MA MIN VOLU

**TUNING RANGE - 95 to 1620 KC**  
IF 455 KC  
Resistances measured with transistors removed from associated circuitry  
⊕ = GROUND

\* PLUMBATION SWITCH (BATTERY LIFE INDICATOR)  
IS LOCATED ON FRONT OF RADIO - PUSH TO L.I.S.



NOTE: UPON COMPLETION OF DIAL STRINGING, ROTATE TUNING KNOB FULLY COUNTERCLOCKWISE SO THAT GANG IS FULLY CLOSED (532 KC); PLACE DIAL POINTER SO THAT EDGE OF POINTER JUST COVERS DIAL CALIBRATION MARK.



OSC TRIM 1620 KC

ANT TRIM 1400 KC

### CHASSIS REMOVAL

1. Lift off battery compartment cover and remove batteries.
2. Remove 2 cabinet back mounting screws located under batteries and remove cabinet back far enough to gain access to earphone jack; unscrew earphone jack mounting nut.  
NOTE: A special tool for removing the earphone jack is available. Order Motorola Part Number 66A646211.
3. Unsolder battery leads connected to battery compartment on cabinet back.
4. Unsolder lead and 5.6K resistor (R-1) connected to Battery Life Indicator Switch E-1.
5. Remove 2 chassis mounting screws.
6. Lift up chassis far enough to make bottom accessible, then unsolder appropriate leads.

### SPEAKER REMOVAL

1. Remove chassis from cabinet (see Chassis Removal).
2. Remove decorative nut from cabinet front (on Battery Life Indicator Button).
3. From inside front cabinet, bend up the 8 speaker grille mounting tabs and then remove the grille and speaker gas-kef.
4. Bend up the 3 speaker mounting tabs and remove speaker (from front of cabinet).

## MOTOROLA INC.

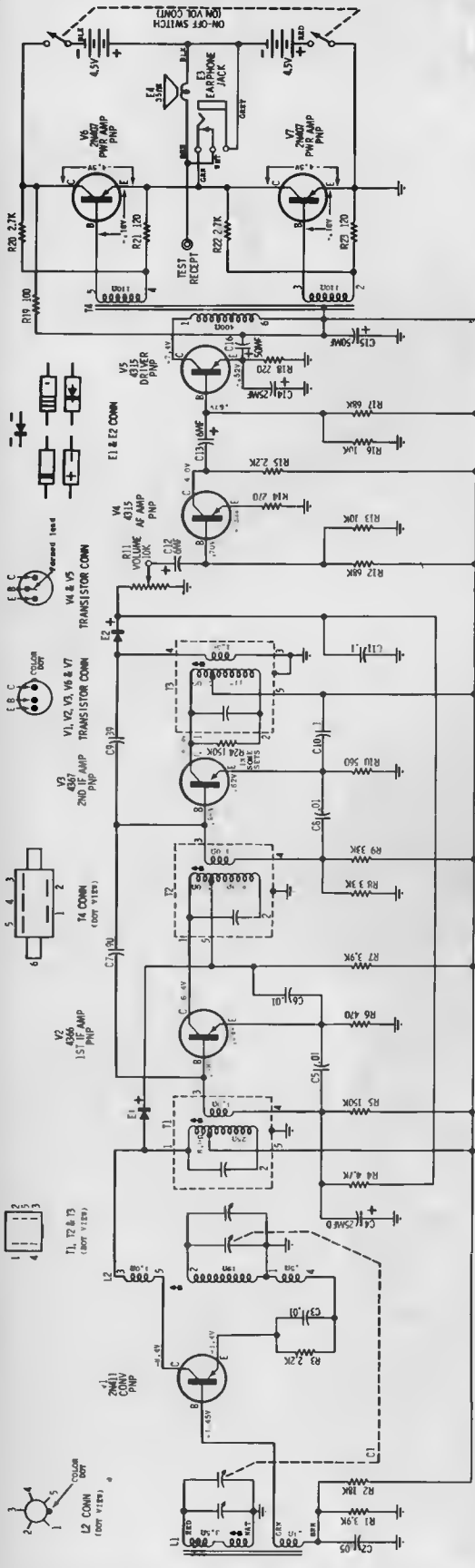
**MODEL**  
X19A  
X19E

**CHASSIS**  
HS-799  
HS-799

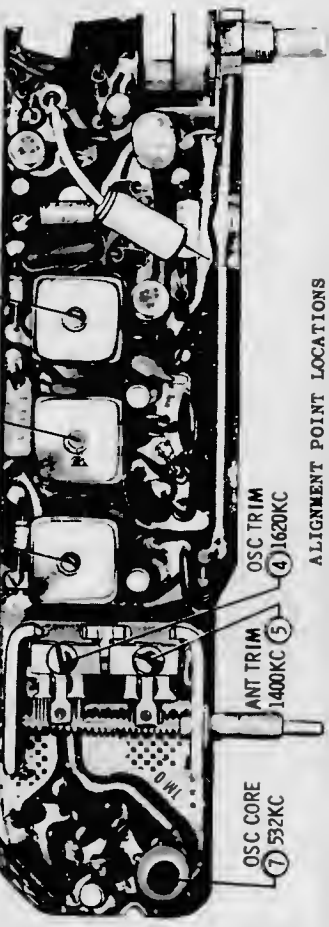
ALIGNMENT POINT LOCATIONS

# MOTOROLA

MODEL L20E CHASSIS HS-800



**PARTS LOCATION**



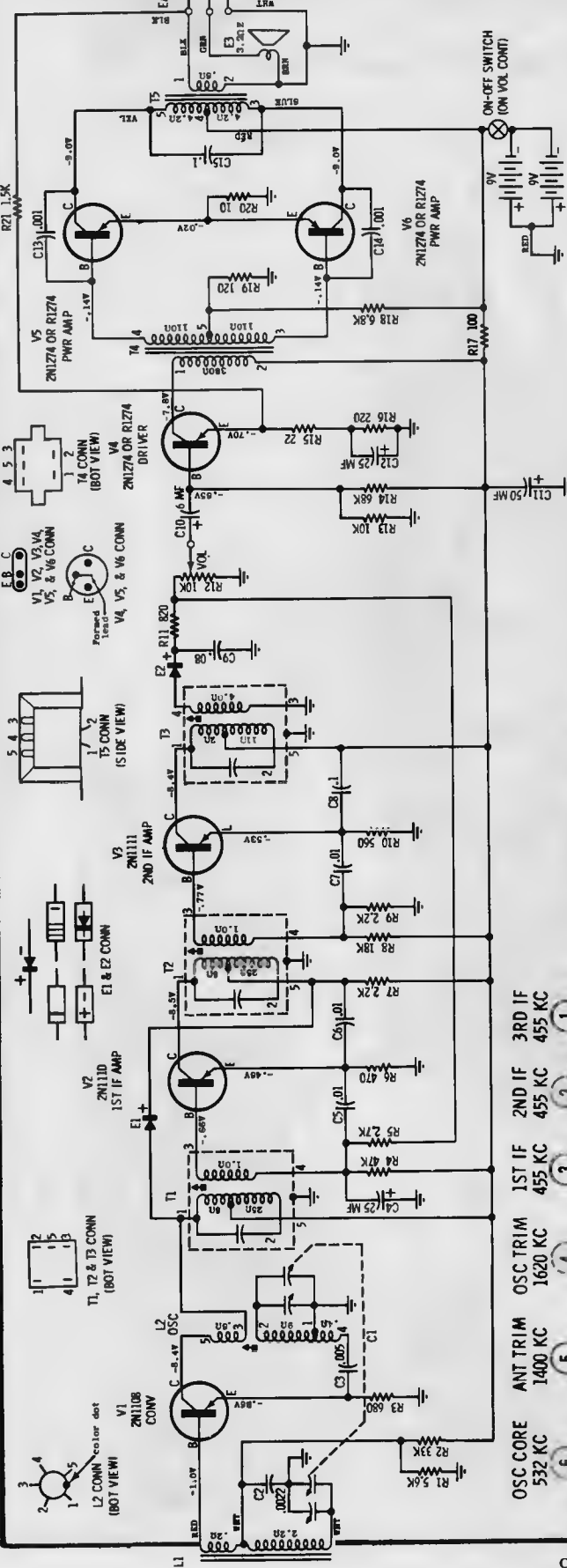
**ALIGNMENT POINT LOCATIONS**

- CHASSIS REMOVAL**
1. Loosen two back panel mounting screws 5 or 6 turns (a coin can be used for a screwdriver) and remove panel (if necessary, press thumb against bottom center edge; the panel will swing free, allowing easy removal).
  2. To remove cabinet back, remove 2 cabinet back mounting screws located under batteries, then remove back.
  3. Remove volume, tuning and pointer knobs.
  4. From front of cabinet, remove dial scale by first removing the two dial scale mounting screws, then remove scale.
  5. Remove 2 chassis mounting screws located under dial scale and volume control mounting palmnut.
  6. Unscrew earphone jack mounting nut.
  7. Unsolder chassis leads.
  8. Remove chassis from cabinet.

**NOTE:** Capacitors: Unless otherwise specified, decimal values in MF, all others in MUF. Voltages: Measured from point indicated to ground or across points indicated with a VTVM, ±10%. No signal in tuning range. 595 KC to 1620 KC. Resistances measured with transistors removed from associated circuitry.

⊕ Ground  
 ○ Zero signal current APPROX. 12.14 MA (MIN VOL)

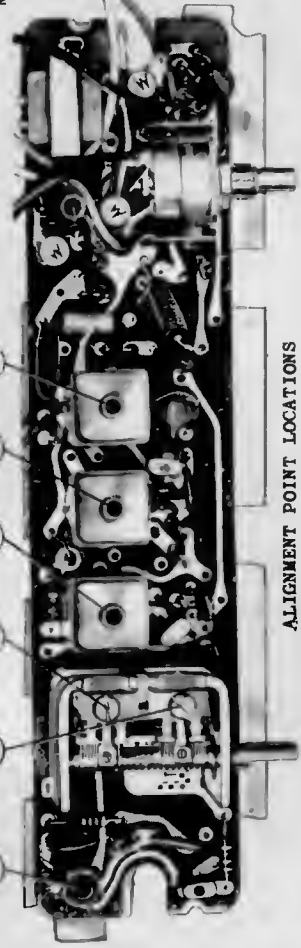
VOLUME MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED 1961 RADIO SERVICING INFORMATION



NOTES: CAPACITORS - Unless otherwise specified, decimal values in MF, all others in MMF.  
 VOLTAGES - Measured from point indicated to ground with a VTVM,  $\pm 10\%$ . No signal in.  
 TUNING RANGE - 535 KC to 1620 KC.  
 IF - 455 KC.

CABINET BACK REMOVAL

1. Loosen captivated back panel mounting screws completely and remove back panel.
2. Remove batteries and unsnap connectors.
3. Press button to release handle.
4. Remove 2 cabinet back mounting screws.
5. Unfasten actuator arms from handle rods by using a screwdriver (to push them to the side).
6. Remove cabinet back.



OSC CORE	ANT TRIM	OSC TRIM	1ST IF	2ND IF	3RD IF
532 KC	1400 KC	1620 KC	455 KC	455 KC	455 KC

ALIGNMENT POINT LOCATIONS



NOTES - VOLTAGES - MEASURED FROM POINT INDICATED TO GROUND (P.C.) WITH A VTVM,  $\pm 10\%$ . NO SIGNAL IN.

VOLTAGE READINGS TAKEN FROM BOTTOM SIDE OF CHASSIS

**MOTOROLA INC.**

PORTABLE / TABLE RADIO

MODEL CHASSIS  
 XT18B HS-802  
 XT18S HS-802

CORDLESS 1500 SERIES

# MOTOROLA

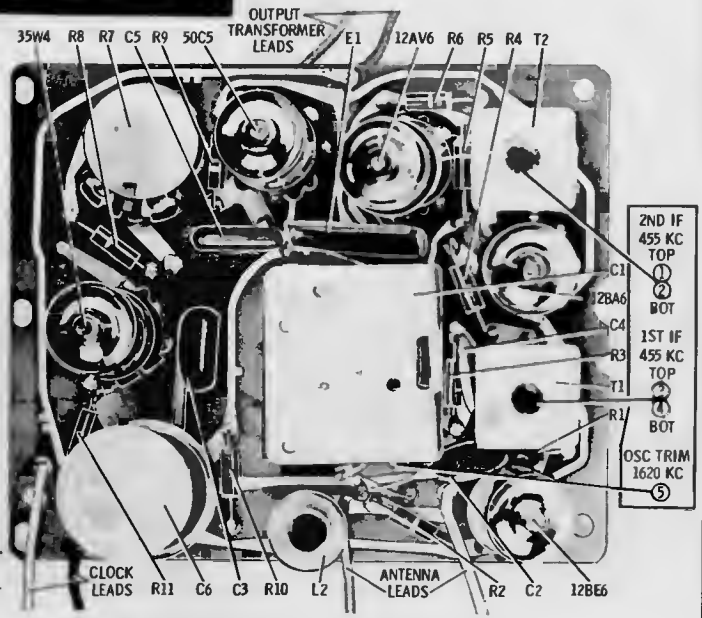
MODELS	CHASSIS
C10N	HS-813
C10P	HS-813
C10W	HS-813

The material on this page is exact for sets listed above. The additional radios listed below are practically identical electrically.

MODELS	CHASSIS
C11B	HS-814
C11G	HS-814
C11S	HS-814

### TO REMOVE CHASSIS FROM CABINET

1. Remove volume and tuning knobs.
2. Remove cabinet back - 2 screws hold it in place.
3. From front, remove palnut located under volume knob.
4. From rear, unsolder 2 cabinet back loop leads, then remove 3 chassis mounting screws.
5. Remove chassis from cabinet, to free chassis, unsolder appropriate leads.

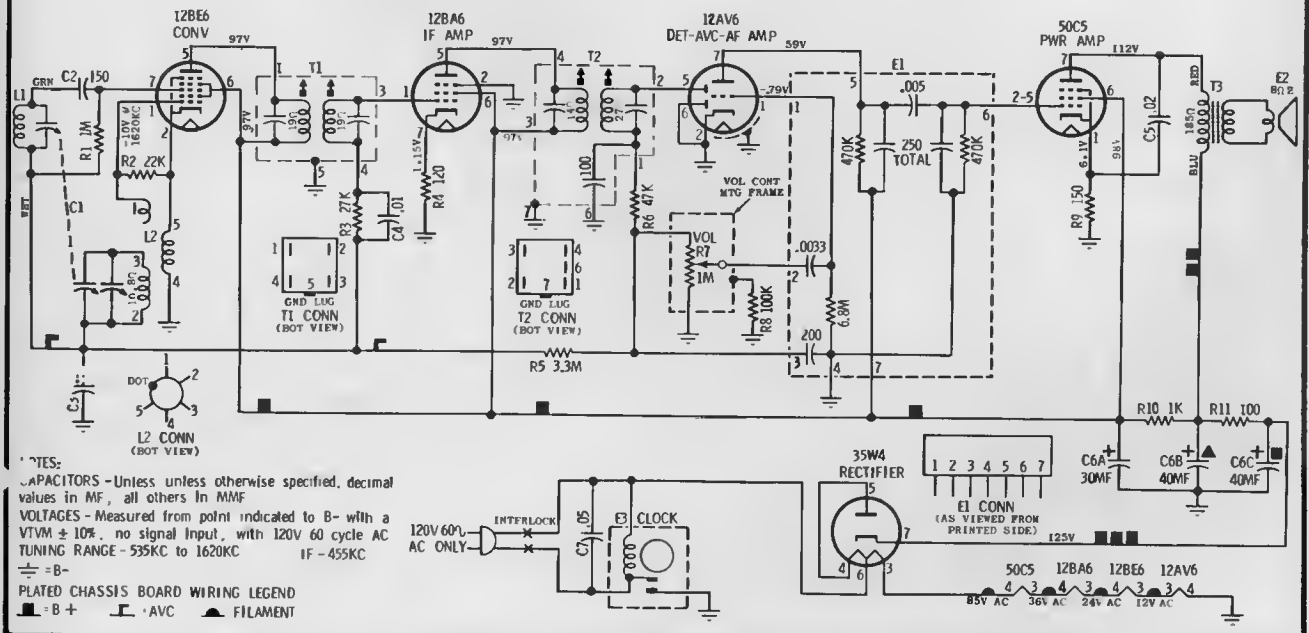


ALIGNMENT POINTS AND PARTS LOCATION

### ALIGNMENT

Use an isolation transformer between the power line and the receiver. If not available, connect low side of generator to B- through a .1 mf capacitor. Connect a low range output meter across speaker voice coil and set volume control to maximum. Attenuate generator output to maintain .64 volts on output meter to prevent overloading.

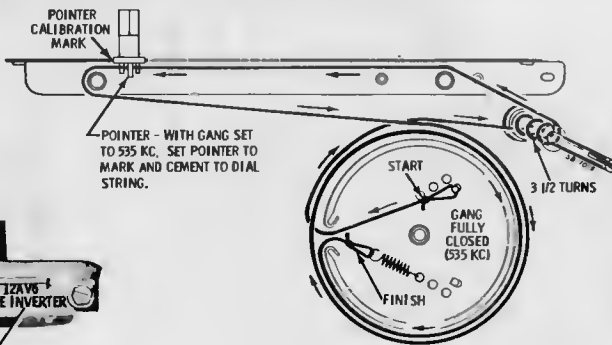
STEP	GENERATOR CONNECTION	GENERATOR FREQUENCY (400 cycle mod)	GANG SETTING	ADJUST	REMARKS
<b>IF ALIGNMENT</b>					
1.	Grid of conv (pin 7, 12BE6) thru .1 mf & B-	455 Kc	Fully open	1,2,3, & 4	Adjust for maximum.
<b>RF ALIGNMENT</b>					
2.	Grid of conv (pin 7, 12BE6) thru .1 mf & B-	1620 Kc	Fully open	5	Adjust for maximum.



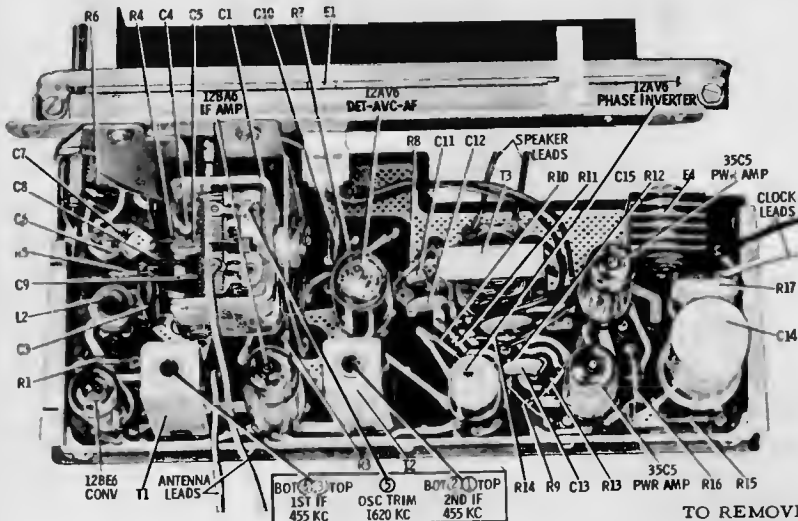
NOTES:  
 CAPACITORS - Unless otherwise specified, decimal values in MF, all others in MMF  
 VOLTAGES - Measured from point indicated to B- with a VTVM  $\pm 10\%$ , no signal input, with 120V 60 cycle AC  
 TUNING RANGE - 535KC to 1620KC  
 IF - 455KC  
 -B-  
 PLATED CHASSIS BOARD WIRING LEGEND  
 ■ - B+    ⊣ - AVC    ▲ - FILAMENT

**MOTOROLA INC.**

MODELS	CHASSIS
C12B	HS-815
C12P	HS-815
C12W	HS-815



DIAL STRINGING DETAIL



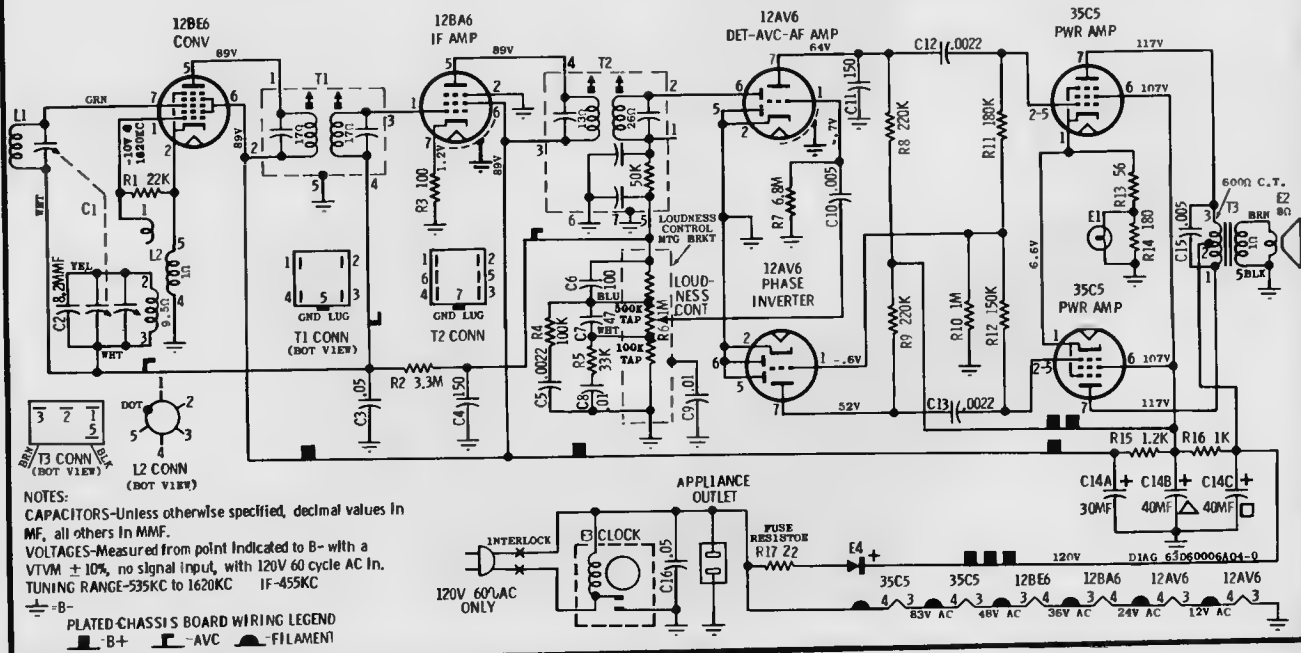
ALIGNMENT POINTS AND PARTS LOCATION

**TO REMOVE CLOCK FROM CABINET**

1. Remove cabinet back - 5 screws hold it in place.
2. Unsolder all leads connected to clock.
3. Remove 2 appliance outlet bracket mounting screws and remove bracket.
4. Insert a screwdriver between the cabinet and left edge of the clock crystal (near 9 o'clock on clock face) to release catch, then pry out crystal.
5. Set the Hour, Minute and Alarm Set hands to 12 o'clock (use the Time Set-Auto Set knob for this purpose). Remove clock hands by pulling them straight off from their mounting shaft in this order: Second, Minute, Hour and Alarm Set.
6. From rear, remove 4 clock mounting lock screws and remove clock from cabinet.

**TO REMOVE CHASSIS FROM CABINET**

1. Remove cabinet back - 5 screws hold it in place.
2. From rear, unsolder 2 cabinet back loop leads, then remove the 2 screws that mount the pointer slide bracket (on chassis) to the cabinet.
3. Unsolder 2 chassis leads connected to clock and 2 speaker leads.
4. Remove volume and tuning knobs.
5. From front, remove palnut located under volume knob.
6. Remove chassis from cabinet.

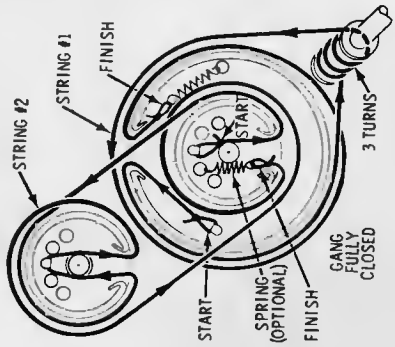




# VOLUME R-21, MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED 1961 RADIO SERVICING INFORMATION

NOTES  
 CAPACITORS—Unless otherwise specified, decimal values in MF, all others in MMF.  
 VOLTAGES—Measured from point indicated to B— with a VTVM  $\pm 10\%$ , no signal input, with 120V 60 cycle AC in, TUNING RANGE 535KC to 1620KC (IF-455KC)

PLATED CHASSIS BOARD WIRING LEGEND



DIAL STRINGING DETAIL

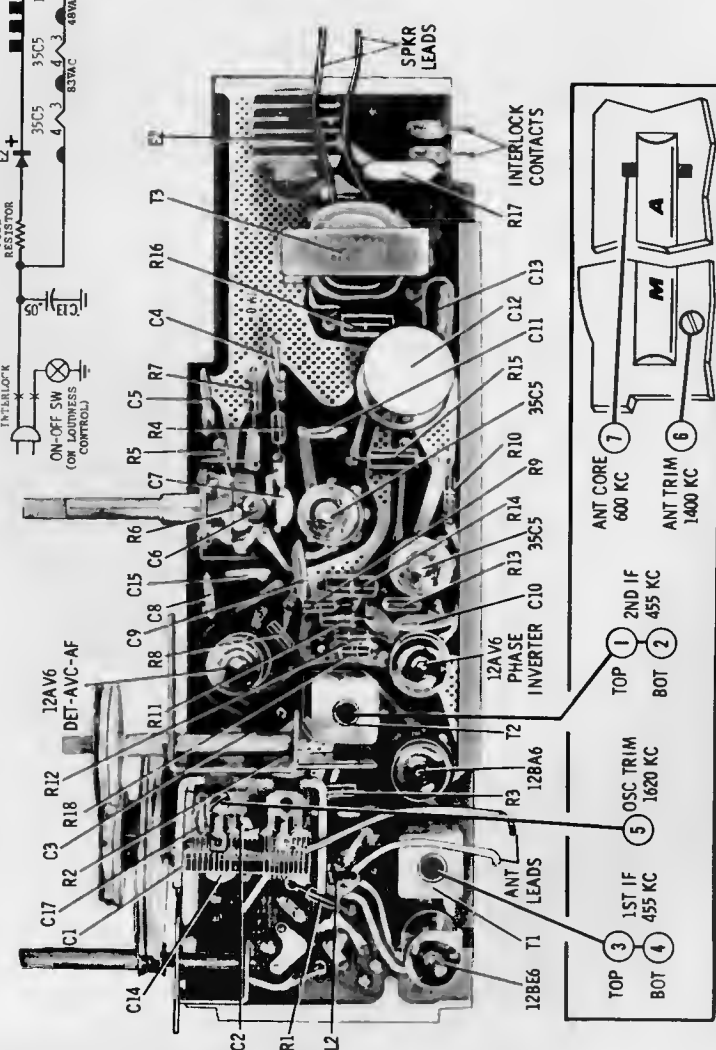
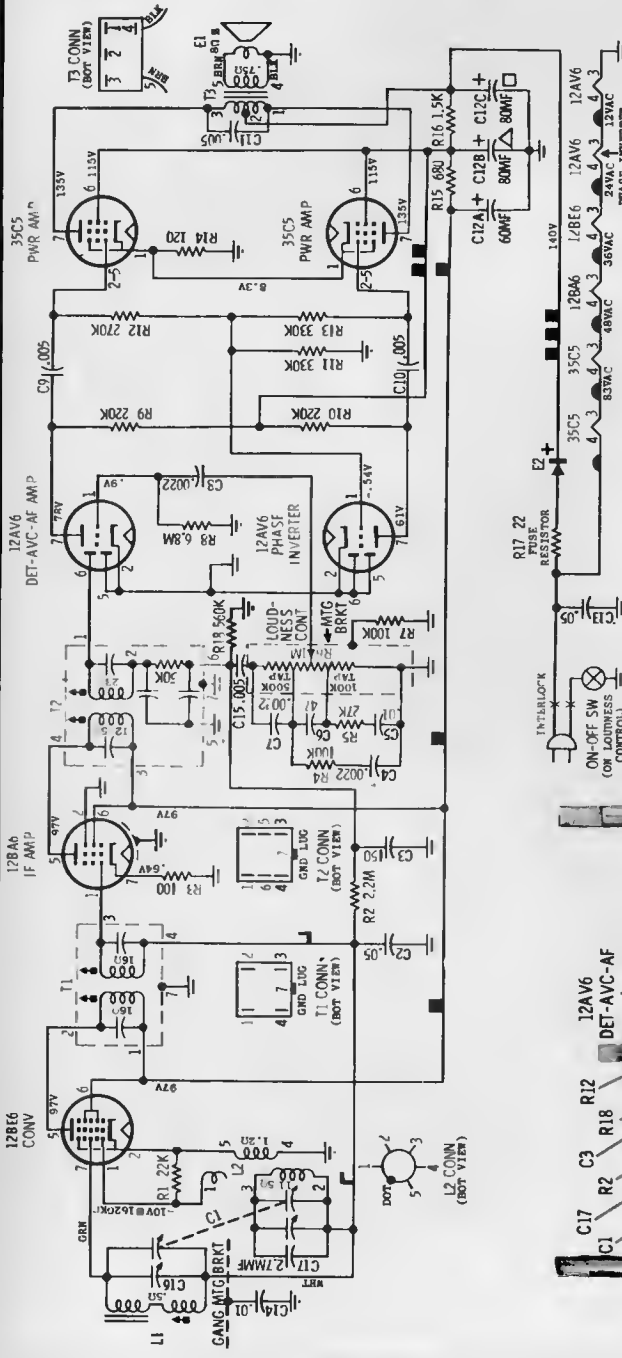
Ref. No.	Part Number	Description
C-1	19B60323A01	Capacitor, variable; 2 gang, 500V
C-2	8B128613	Capacitor, mylar; .05 mf, 400V
C-3	21K129730	Capacitor, cer disc; 150 mf, 500V
C-4	21K129965	Capacitor, cer disc; .0022 mf, 500V
C-5	21K129718	Capacitor, cer disc; .01 mf, 500V
C-6	21R115593	Capacitor, cer disc; 47 mf, 500V
C-7	21K129965	Capacitor, cer disc; .0022 mf, 500V
C-8	21K129921	Capacitor, cer disc; .005 mf, 500V
C-9	21K129921	Capacitor, cer disc; .005 mf, 500V
C-10	21K129921	Capacitor, cer disc; .005 mf, 500V
C-11	21K129921	Capacitor, cer disc; .005 mf, 500V
C-12	23B60423A01	Capacitor, electrolytic; 60-80 mf/150V
C-13	8B128613	Capacitor, mylar; .05 mf, 400V
C-14	21K129718	Capacitor, cer disc; .01 mf, 500V
C-15	21K129921	Capacitor, cer disc; .005 mf, 500V
C-16	20B60120A01	Capacitor, mica trim; 1.3 mf to 1.1 mf
C-17	21A541691	Capacitor, cer tub; 2.7 mf, 500V MTC

## TO REMOVE CHASSIS FROM CABINET

1. Remove back cover - 4 screws hold it in place.
2. From rear, remove 3 dial crystal mounting screws and 3 chassis mounting screws.
3. From front, remove 2 control knobs, dial crystal and dial pointer (observe dial calibration).
4. Unsolder 2 speaker leads and remove chassis from cabinet.

# MOTOROLA

MODELS	CHASSIS
A11A	HS-824
A11W	HS-824



ALIGNMENT ADJUSTMENTS & PARTS LOCATION



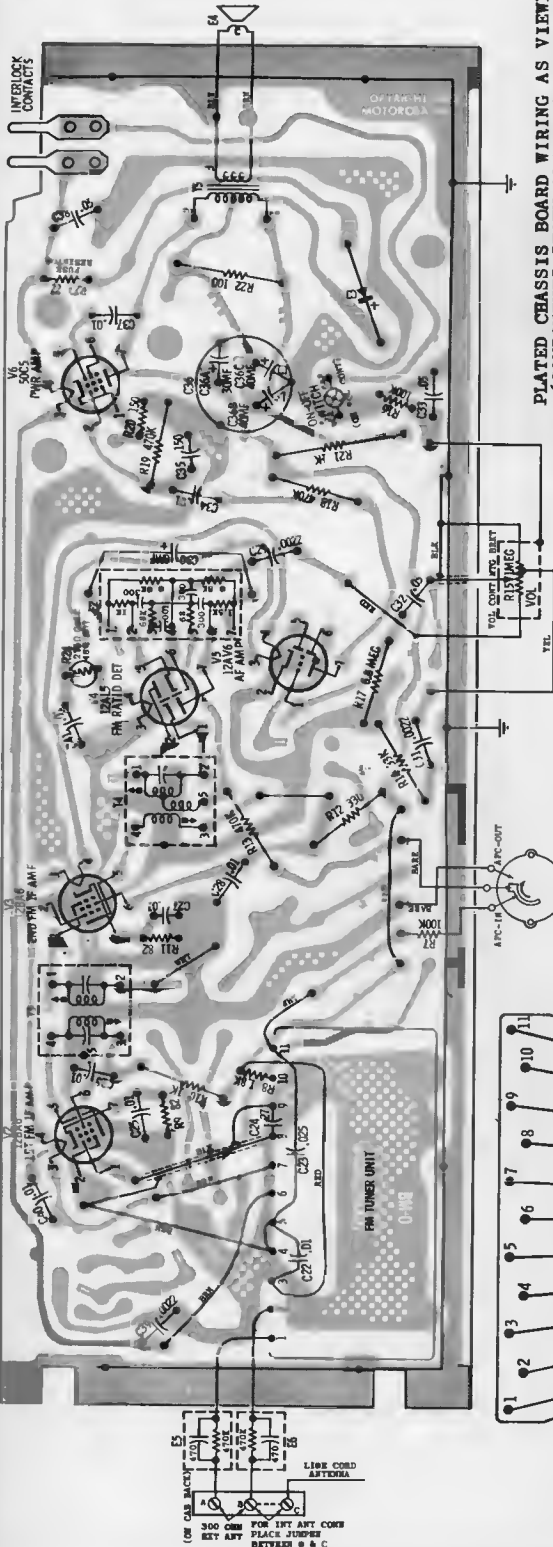
**MOTOROLA INC.**

MODELS CHASSIS

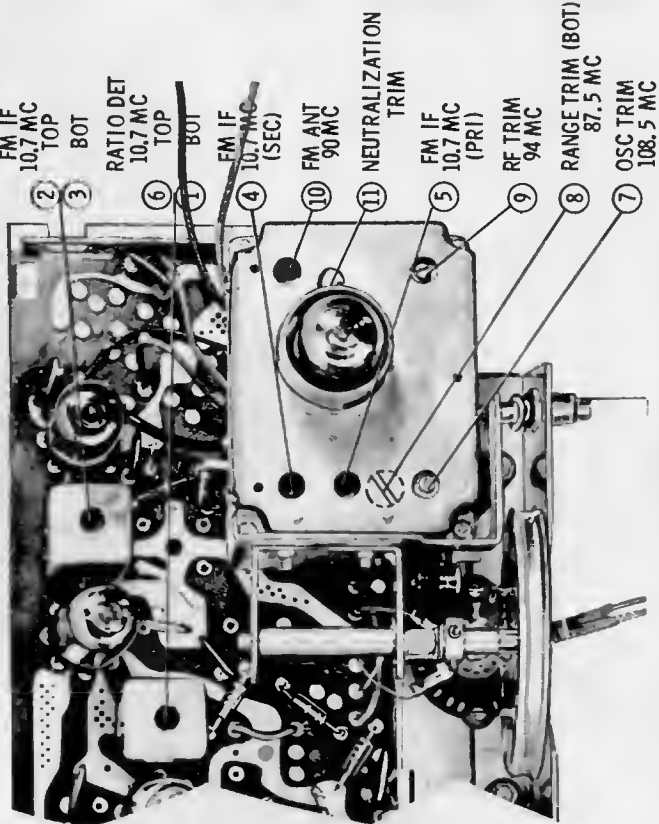
B1J HS-819

B1W HS-819

(Continued from preceding page)

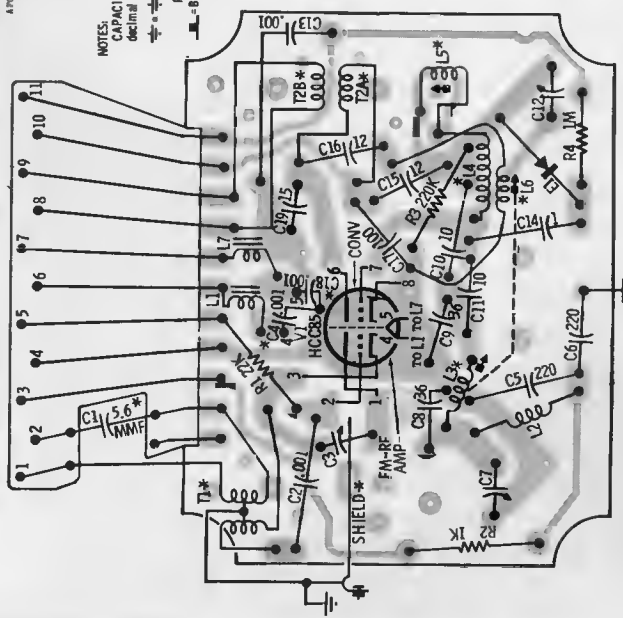


PLATED CHASSIS BOARD WIRING AS VIEWED FROM BOTTOM  
(COMPONENTS SHOWN ARE LOCATED ON OPPOSITE SIDE)



ALIGNMENT POINTS LOCATION

NOTES:  
CAPACITORS - Unless otherwise specified, decimal values in MF; all others in MMF.  
\* = ON SCHEMATIC  
PLATED CHASSIS BOARD WIRING LEGEND  
-B + - NOT USED - AFC - FILAMENT

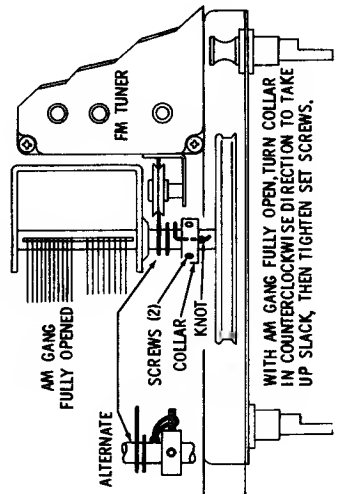
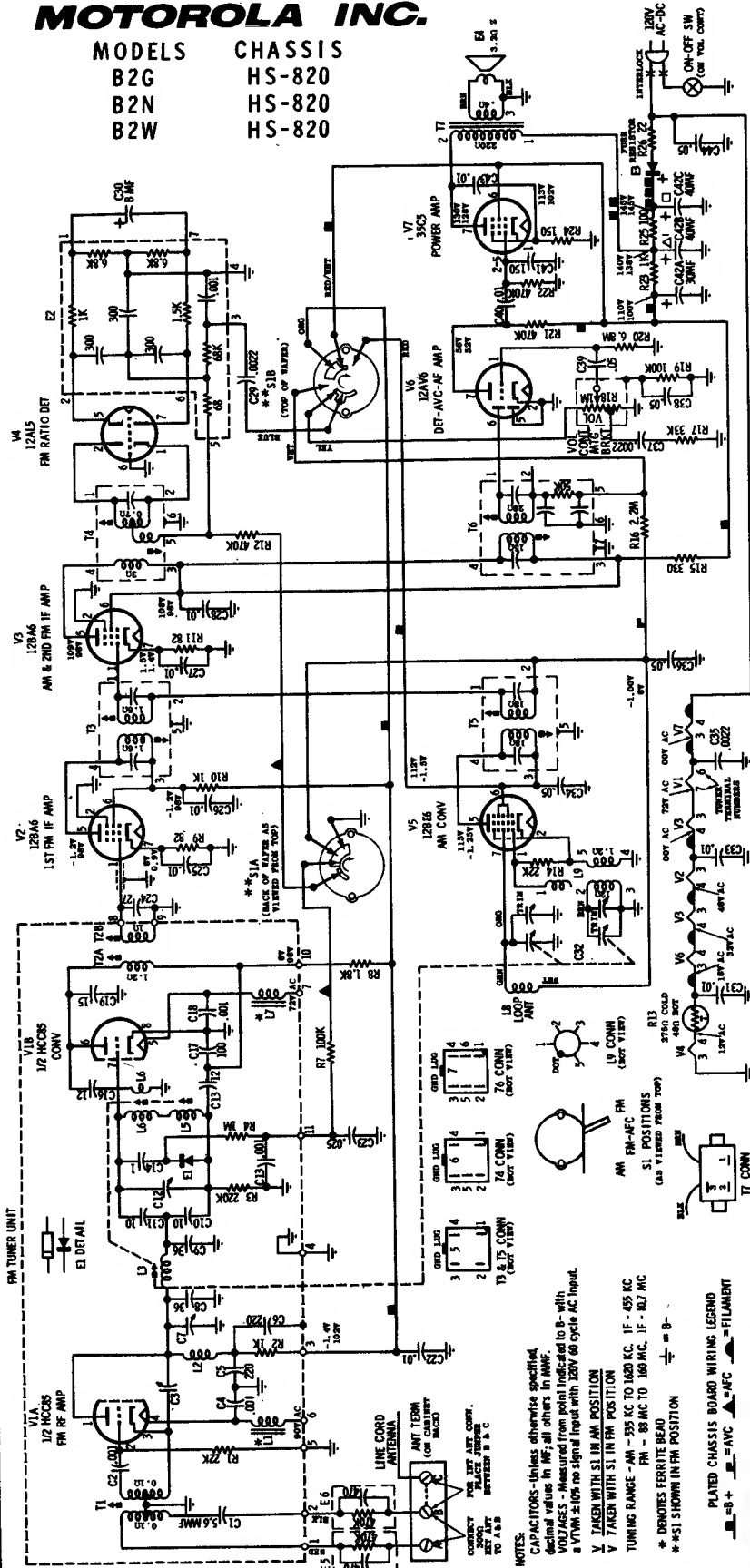


NOTES:  
CAPACITORS - Unless otherwise specified decimal values in MF, all others in MMF.  
\* = ON SCHEMATIC  
= LOCATED ON CONDUCTION SIDE OF BOARD  
FM TUNER PLATED CHASSIS WIRING  
(The view shown is from the conduction side of the board; the components shown are actually located on the opposite side).

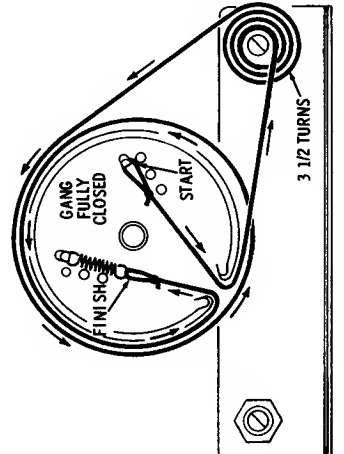
**MOTOROLA INC.**

MODELS	CHASSIS
B2G	HS-820
B2N	HS-820
B2W	HS-820

(Continued on the next page)



(Continued on the next page)



DIAL STRINGING DETAIL

**PLATED CHASSIS BOARD**  
 All plated circuit wiring is on bottom of board. The top side is for ground shielding only. No circuits are carried through holes and across the board underneath components. The plated chassis board wiring diagram is shown as viewed from bottom (wiring) side.

**TO REMOVE CHASSIS FROM CABINET**

1. Remove control knobs - pull straight off.
2. Remove 4 screws holding cabinet back to cabinet.
3. Remove 2 screws holding chassis support channel.
4. Remove 1 screw holding drive pulley bracket to inside front of cabinet.
5. Unsolder speaker leads.
6. Remove chassis from cabinet.

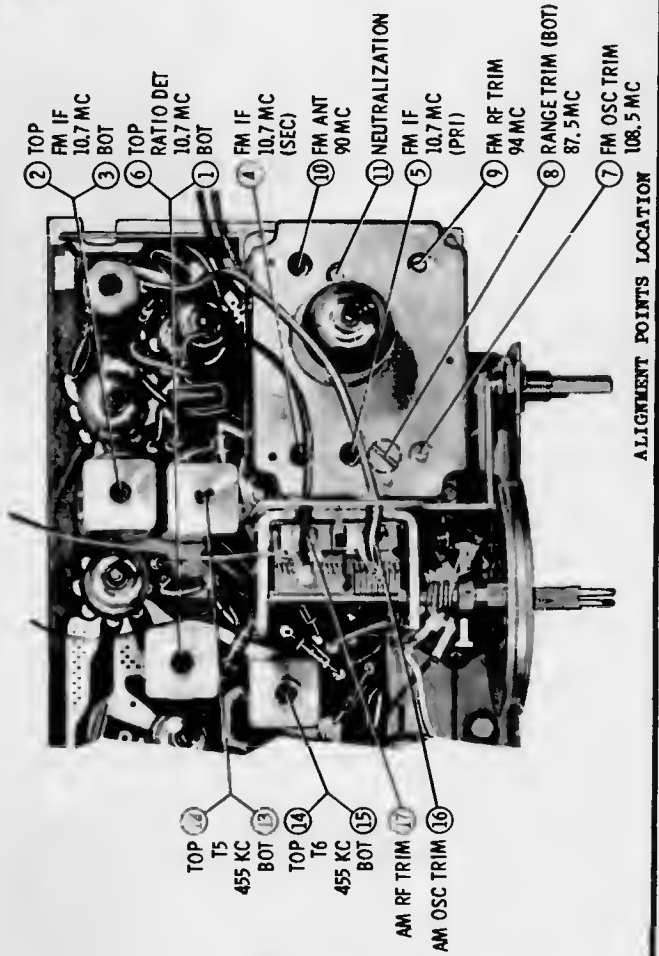
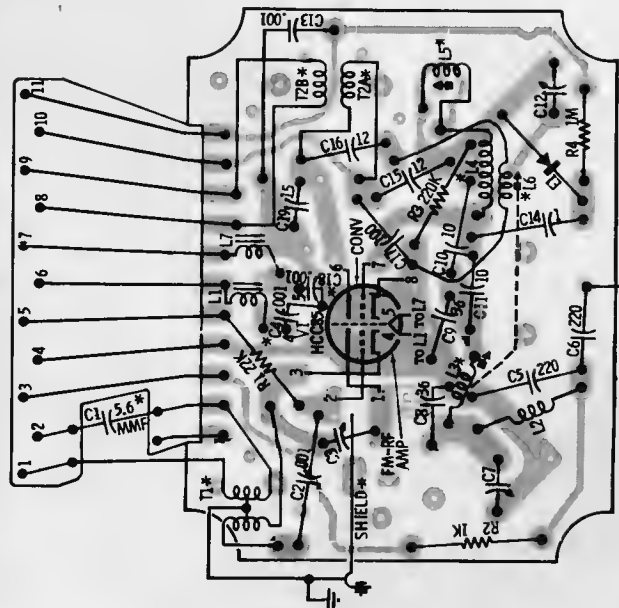
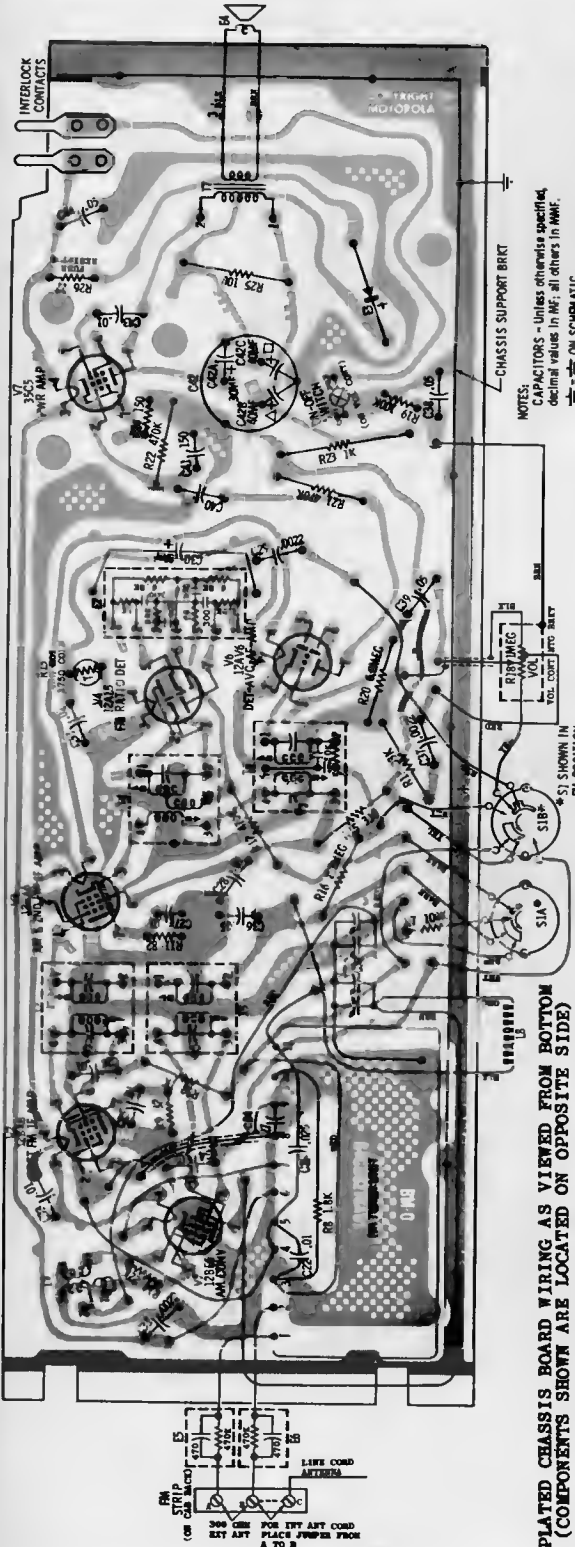
**NOTES:**  
 CAPACITORS - unless otherwise specified, decimal values in  $\mu$ F; all others in MUF.  
 VOLTAGES - Measured from point indicated to B - with a 100  $\Omega$  load no signal input with 120V 60 cycle AC input.  
 V TAKEN WITH S1 IN AM POSITION  
 V TAKEN WITH S1 IN FM POSITION  
 TUNING RANGE - AM - 535 KC TO 1620 KC. IF - 455 KC  
 FM - 88 MC TO 106 MC. IF - 10.7 MC  
 \* DENOTES FERRITE BEAD  
 \* S1 SHOWN IN FM POSITION

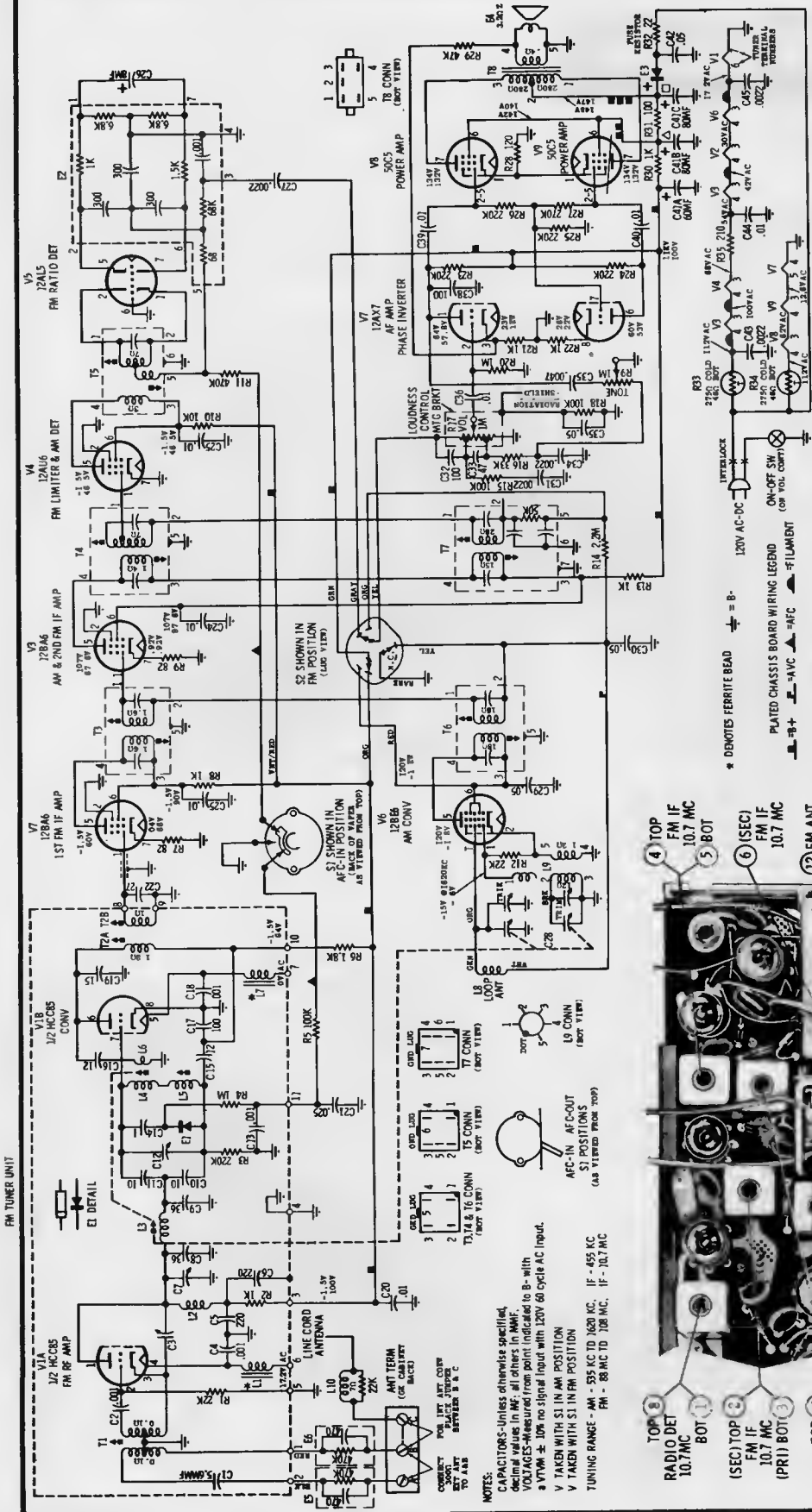
PLATED CHASSIS BOARD WIRING LEGEND  
 — B+    — = AVC    — = FILAMENT

# MOTOROLA

(Service material continued from preceding page)

MODELS	CHASSIS
B2G	HS-820
B2N	HS-820
B2W	HS-820



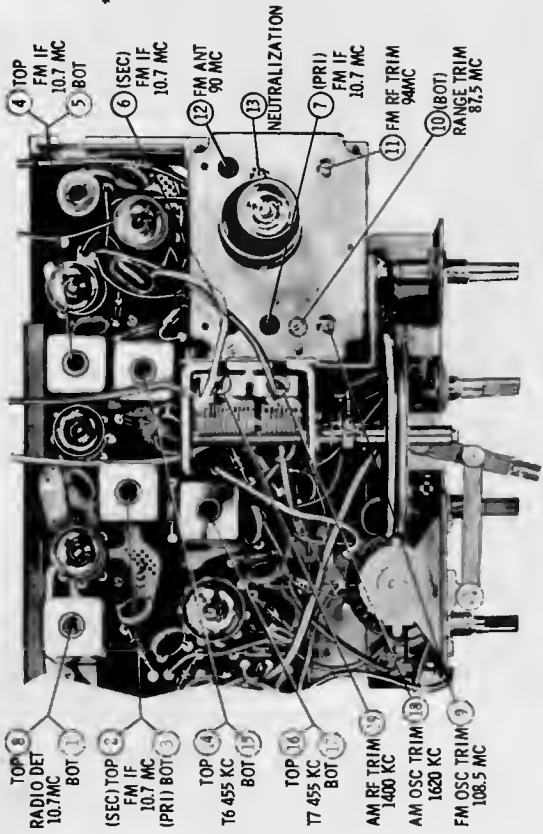


# MOTOROLA

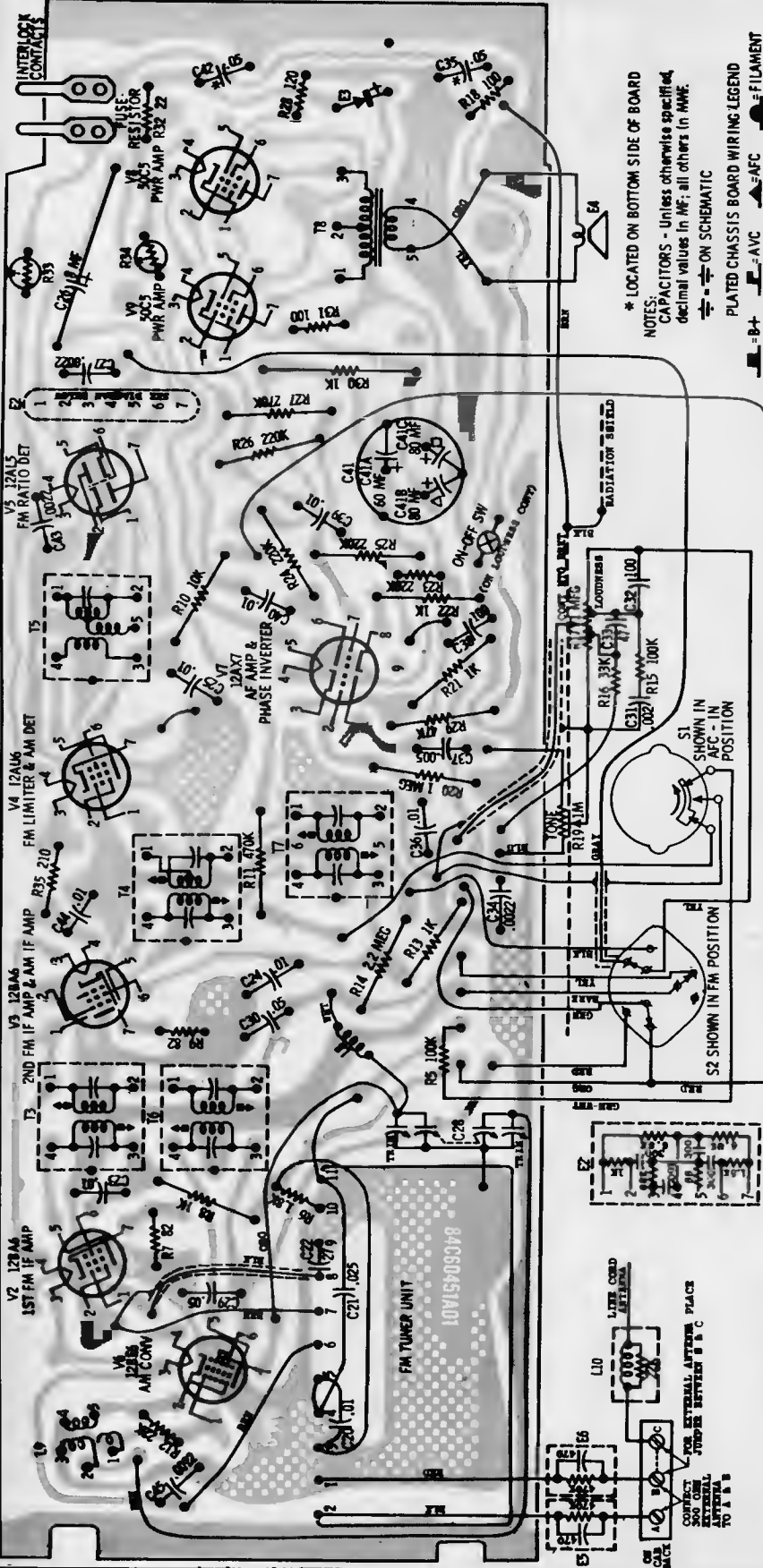
**MODEL**  
 B3E  
 B3W

**CHASSIS**  
 HS-821  
 HS-821

(Continued on the next page, adjacent at right)



**NOTES:**  
 CAPACITORS—unless otherwise specified, decimal values in  $\mu$ F; all others in pF.  
 VOLTAGES—Measured from point indicated to B— with a VTVM  $\pm 10\%$  no signal input with 120V 60 cycle AC input.  
 V TAKEN WITH S1 IN AM POSITION  
 V TAKEN WITH S1 IN FM POSITION  
 TUNING RANGE—AM—535 KC TO 1620 KC. IF—455 KC  
 FM—88 MC TO 108 MC. IF—10.7 MC



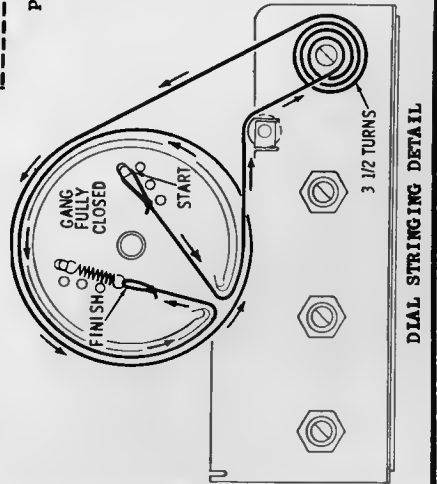
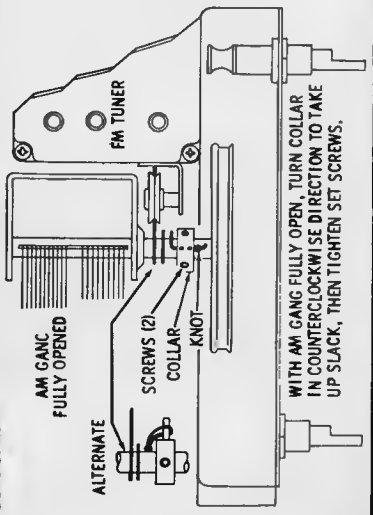
\* LOCATED ON BOTTOM SIDE OF BOARD  
 NOTES:  
 CAPACITORS - Unless otherwise specified, decimal values in MF; all others in MMF.  
 ON SCHEMATIC  
 PLATED CHASSIS BOARD WIRING LEGEND  
 = B+    = AVC    = AFC    = FILAMENT

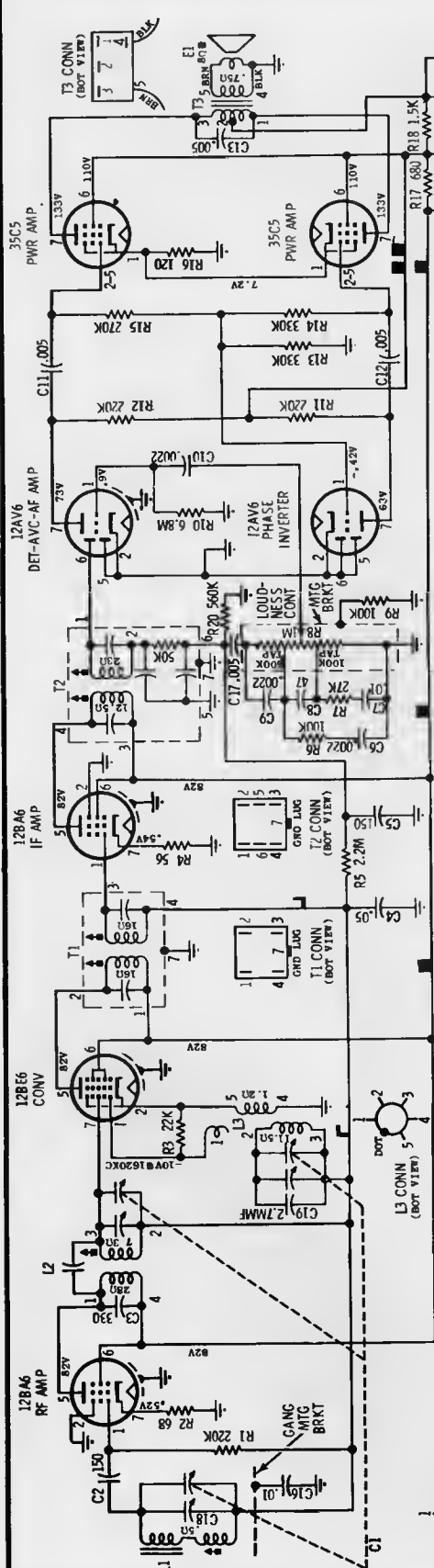
TO REMOVE CHASSIS FROM CABINET

1. Remove control knobs - pull straight off.
2. Remove 4 screws holding cabinet back to cabinet.
3. Remove 2 screws holding chassis support channel.
4. Remove 1 screw that mounts the AM gang mounting bracket to cabinet.
5. Remove dial crystal from cabinet - insert a screwdriver between the cabinet and top edge of the crystal to release catch, then pry out crystal.
6. Remove dial pointer - pull straight out.
7. Remove 2 chassis mounting palnuts from front of radio.
8. Unsolder speaker leads. 9. Unsolder lead of bottom shield.
10. Remove chassis from cabinet.

MOTOROLA Model B3E, W, Chassis HS-821  
 (Material continued from preceding page)

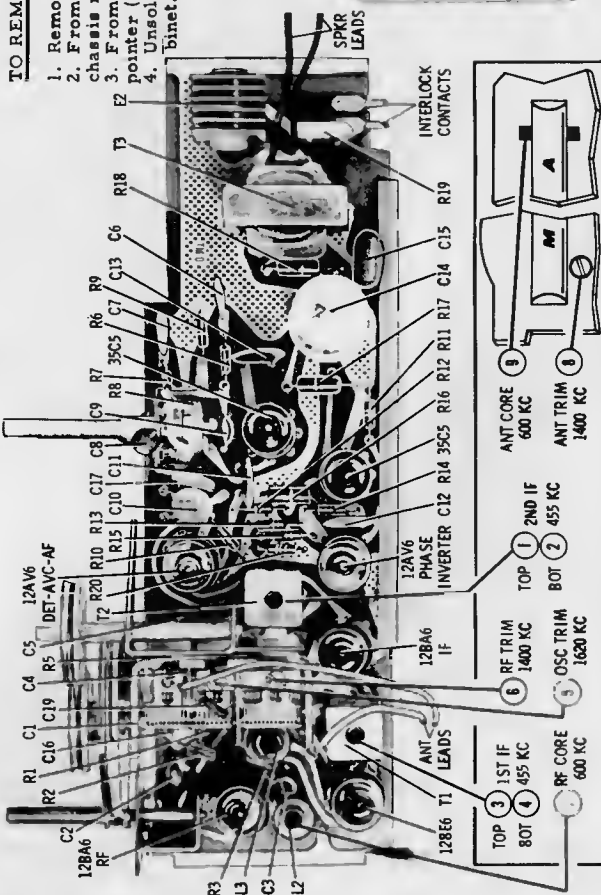
PLATED CHASSIS BOARD WIRING AS VIEWED FROM BOTTOM  
 (COMPONENTS SHOWN ARE LOCATED ON OPPOSITE SIDE)





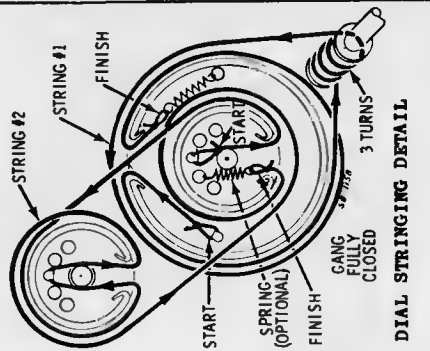
PLATED CHASSIS BOARD WIRING LEGEND

NOTES:  
 CAPACITORS—Unless otherwise specified, decimal values in MF, all others in MMF.  
 VOLTAGES—Measured from point indicated to B— with a VTVM, ±10%, no signal input with 120V 60 cycle AC in.  
 TUNING RANGE—555KC to 1620KC (IF—455KC)



ALIGNMENT ADJUSTMENTS & PARTS LOCATION

- TO REMOVE CHASSIS FROM CABINET**
1. Remove back cover - 4 screws hold it in place.
  2. From rear, remove 3 dial crystal mounting screws and 3 chassis mounting screws.
  3. From front, remove 2 control knobs, dial crystal and dial pointer (observe dial calibration).
  4. Unsolder 2 speaker leads and remove chassis from cabinet.



DIAL STRINGING DETAIL



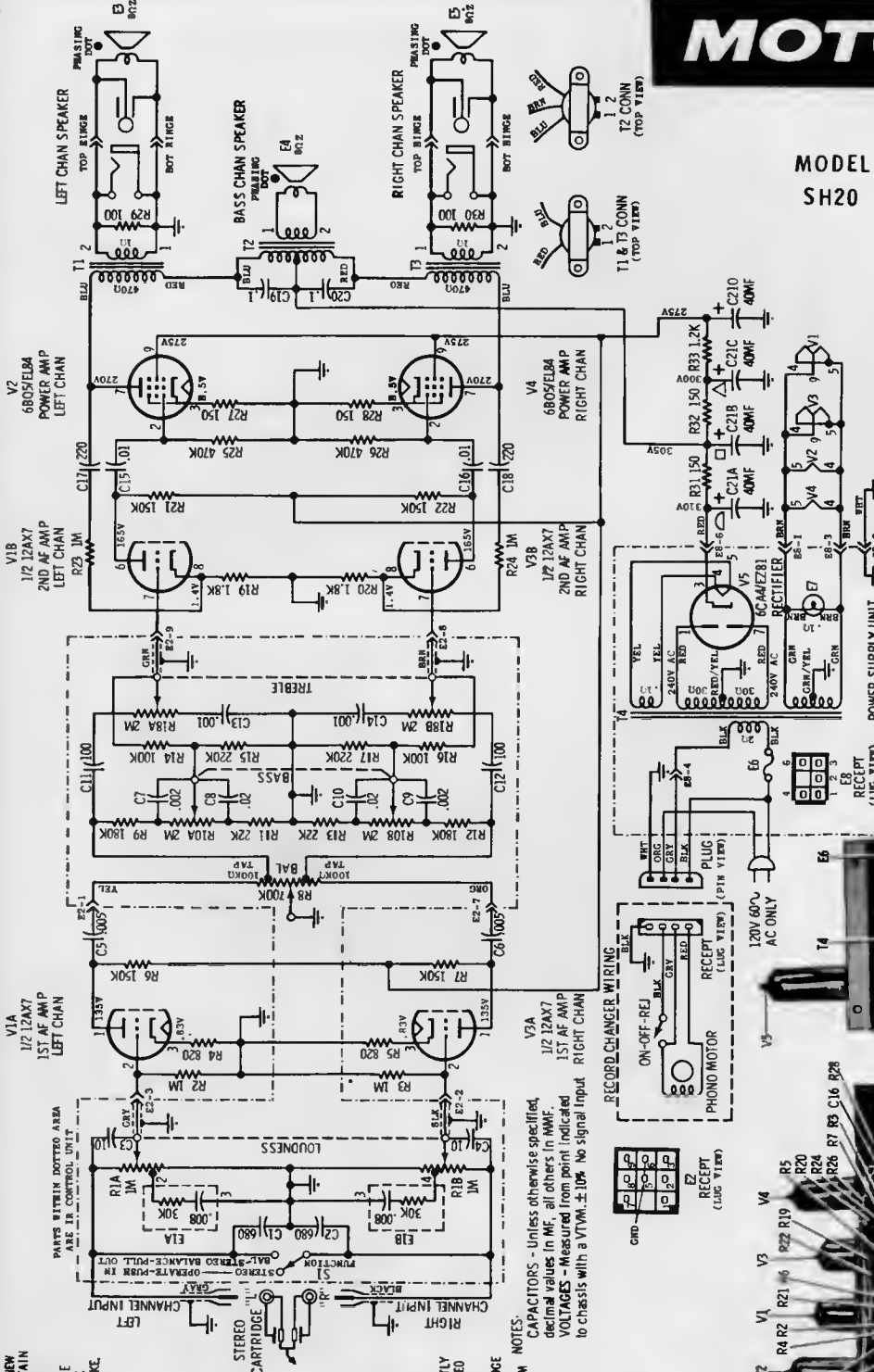
**MOTOROLA**  
 MODEL A12N  
 CHASSIS HS-825



# MOTOROLA

STEREO

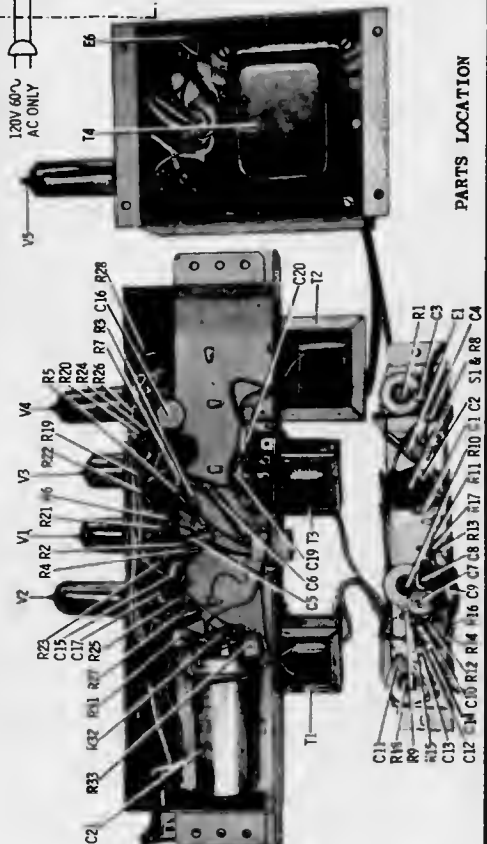
MODEL CHASSIS  
SH20 HS-827 AUDIO AMP  
HS-828 PWR SUPPLY



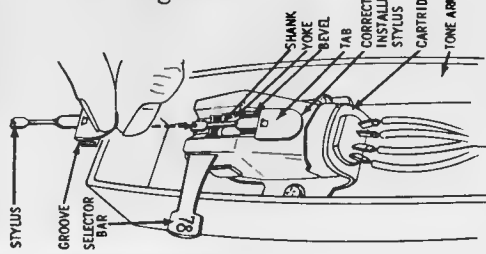
**TO REMOVE CHASSIS**

1. Remove perforated baffleboard - 3 screws hold it in place.
2. Remove cabinet base - 4 screws hold it in place.
3. Remove control housing - 6 screws hold it in place (3 on top, 3 on bottom); disconnect control strip wiring cable connected to the amplifier.
4. Disconnect all cables connected to power supply and audio amplifier chassis.
5. Remove 4 power supply mounting nuts and 2 amplifier mounting nuts; remove chassis from cabinet.

**PARTS LOCATION**



WHEN INSTALLING NEW STYLUS, MAKE CERTAIN GROOVES ON SIDES OF STYLUS ENGAGE BEVEL IN CARTRIDGE AND STYLUS SHANK SLIDE FORWARD.



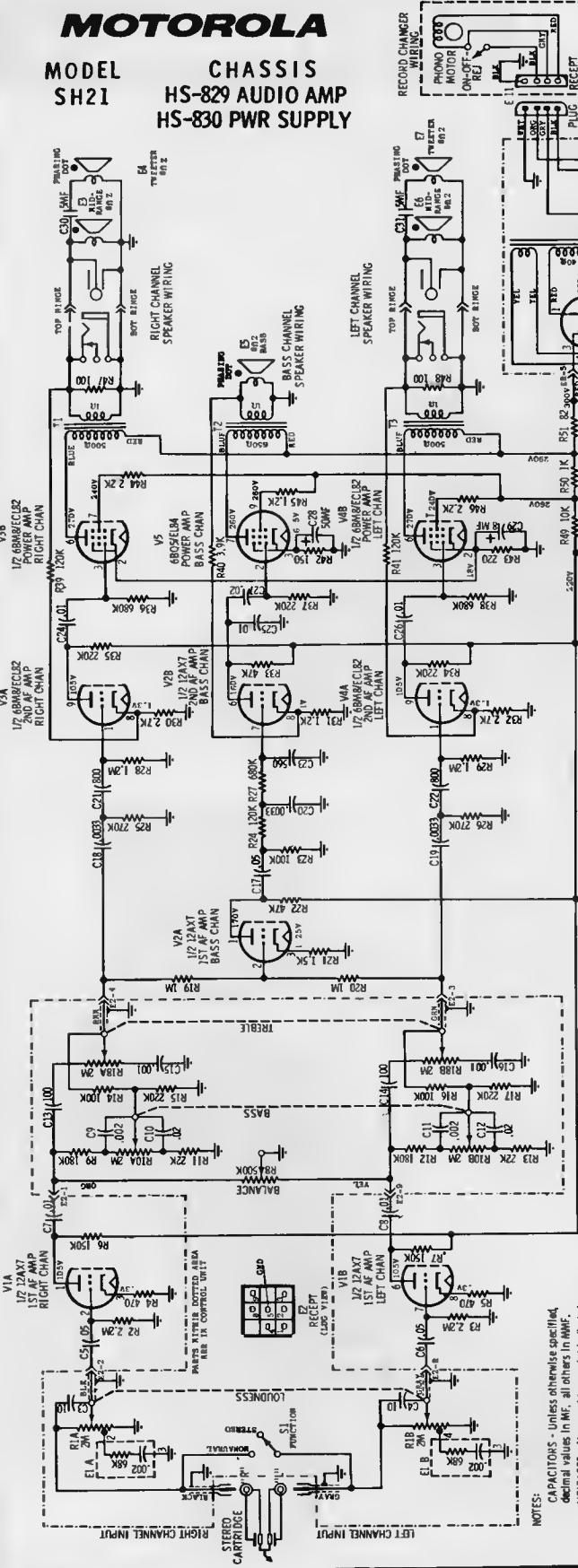
NOTES:  
CAPACITORS - Unless otherwise specified, decimal values in MF, all others in MMF.  
VOLTAGES - Measured from point indicated to chassis with a VTVM. ±10% No signal input

**STYLUS PART NUMBERS**

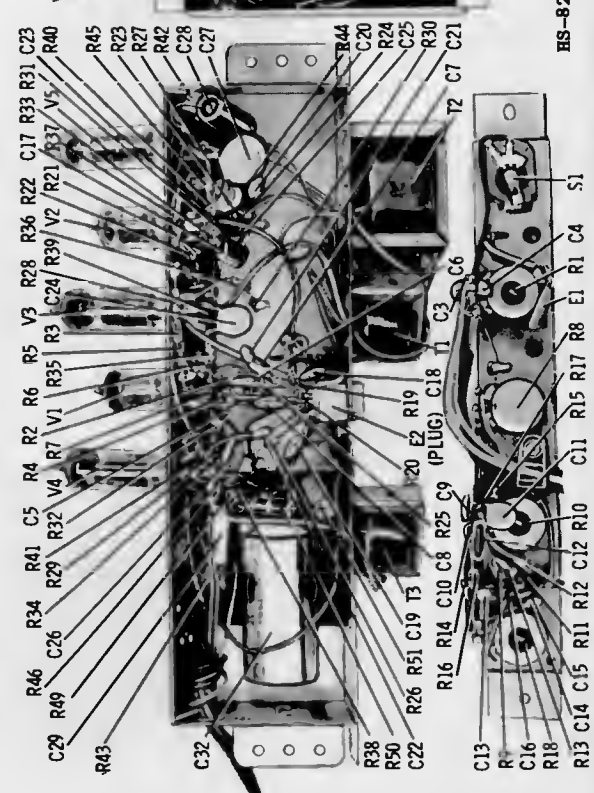
- 7 MIL SAPPHIRE-MOTOROLA 59C6B36A04
- .7 MIL OI AMONIO-MOTOROLA 59C6B36A05
- 3 MIL SAPPHIRE-MOTOROLA 59C6B36A01

**MOTOROLA**

MODEL SH21 CHASSIS HS-829 AUDIO AMP HS-830 PWR SUPPLY



NOTES:  
CAPACITORS - Unless otherwise specified, decimal values in MF, all others in MMF.  
VOLTAGES - Measured from point indicated to chassis with a VTVM, ±10% No signal input.



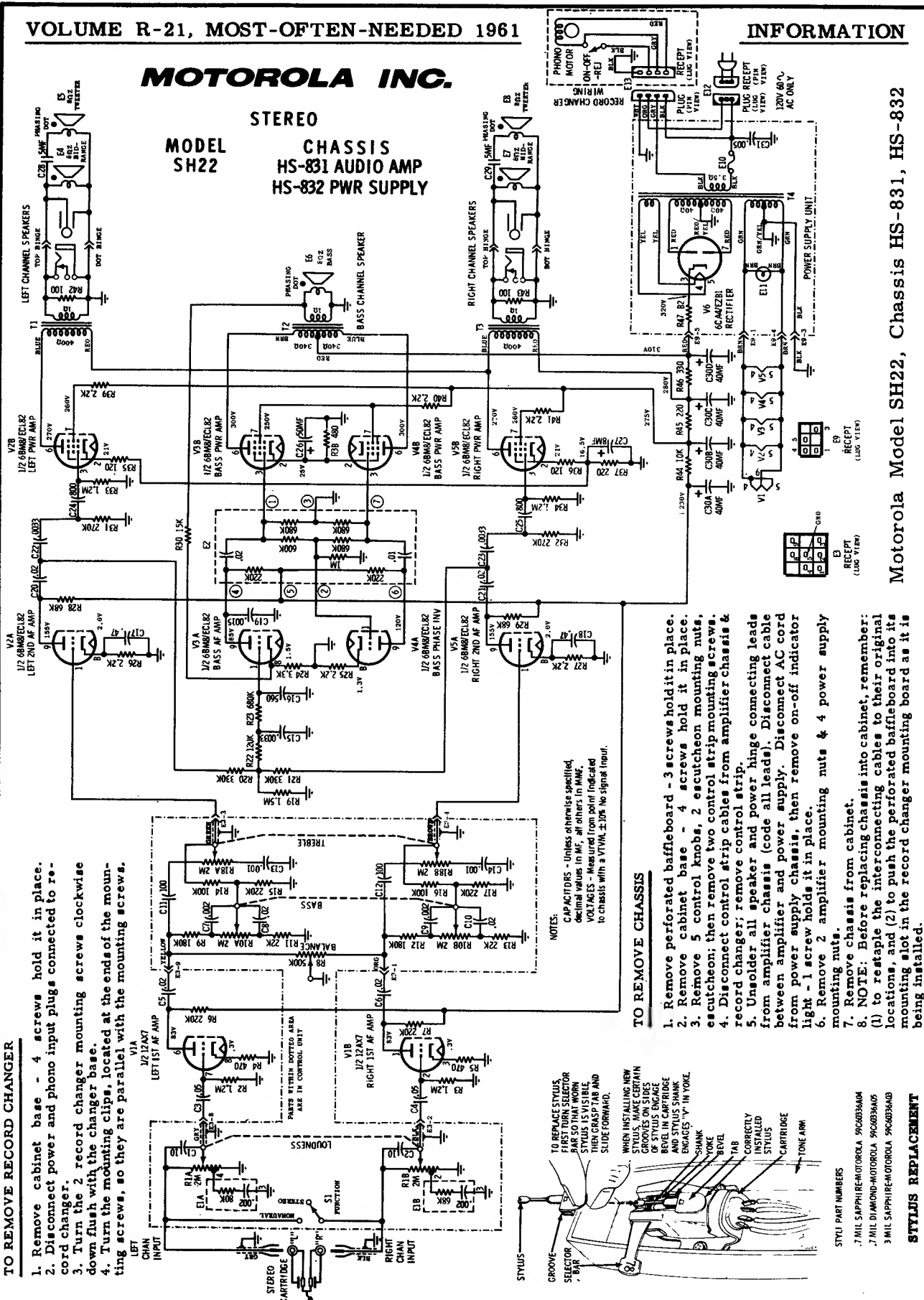
**TO REMOVE CHASSIS**

1. Remove perforated baffleboard - 3 screws hold it in place.
2. Remove cabinet base - 4 screws hold it in place.
3. Remove 5 control knobs, 2 escutcheon mounting nuts, escutcheon; then remove two control strip mounting screws.
4. Disconnect control strip cables from amplifier chassis & record changer; remove control strip.
5. Unsolder all speaker and power hinge connecting leads from amplifier chassis (code all leads). Disconnect cable between amplifier and power supply. Disconnect AC cord from power supply chassis, then remove on-off indicator light - 1 screw holds it in place.
6. Remove 2 amplifier mounting nuts & 4 power supply mounting nuts.
7. Remove chassis from cabinet.
8. NOTE: Before replacing chassis into cabinet, remember: (1) to restaple the interconnecting cables to their original locations, and (2) to push the perforated baffleboard into its mounting slot in the record changer mounting board as it is being installed.

HS-829, 830 PARTS LOCATION Motorola Model SH21, Chassis HS-829, HS-830

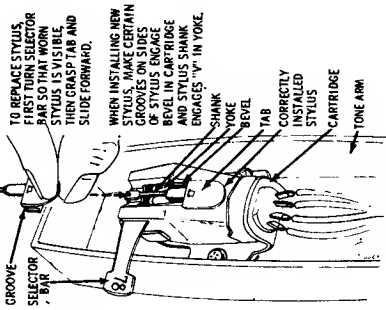
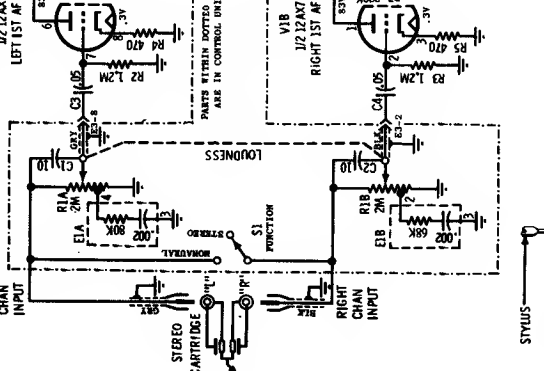
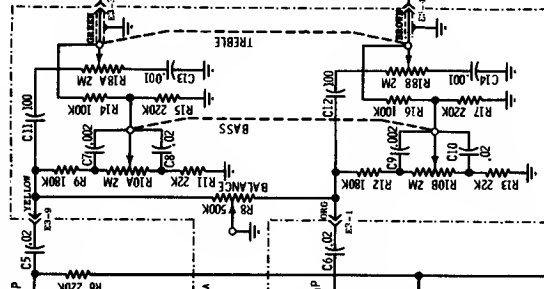
# MOTOROLA INC.

## STEREO MODEL SH22 CHASSIS HS-831 AUDIO AMP HS-832 PWR SUPPLY



**TO REMOVE RECORD CHANGER**

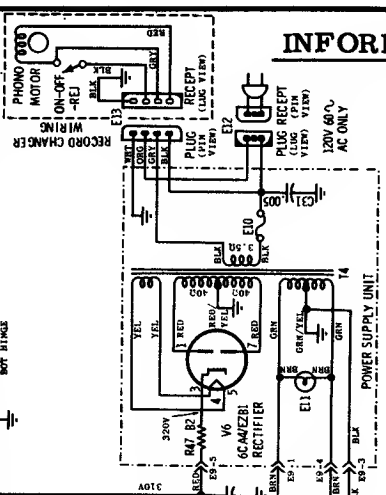
1. Remove cabinet base - 4 screws hold it in place.
2. Disconnect power and phono input plugs connected to record changer.
3. Turn the 2 record changer mounting screws clockwise down flush with the changer base.
4. Turn the mounting clips, located at the ends of the mounting screws, so they are parallel with the mounting screws.



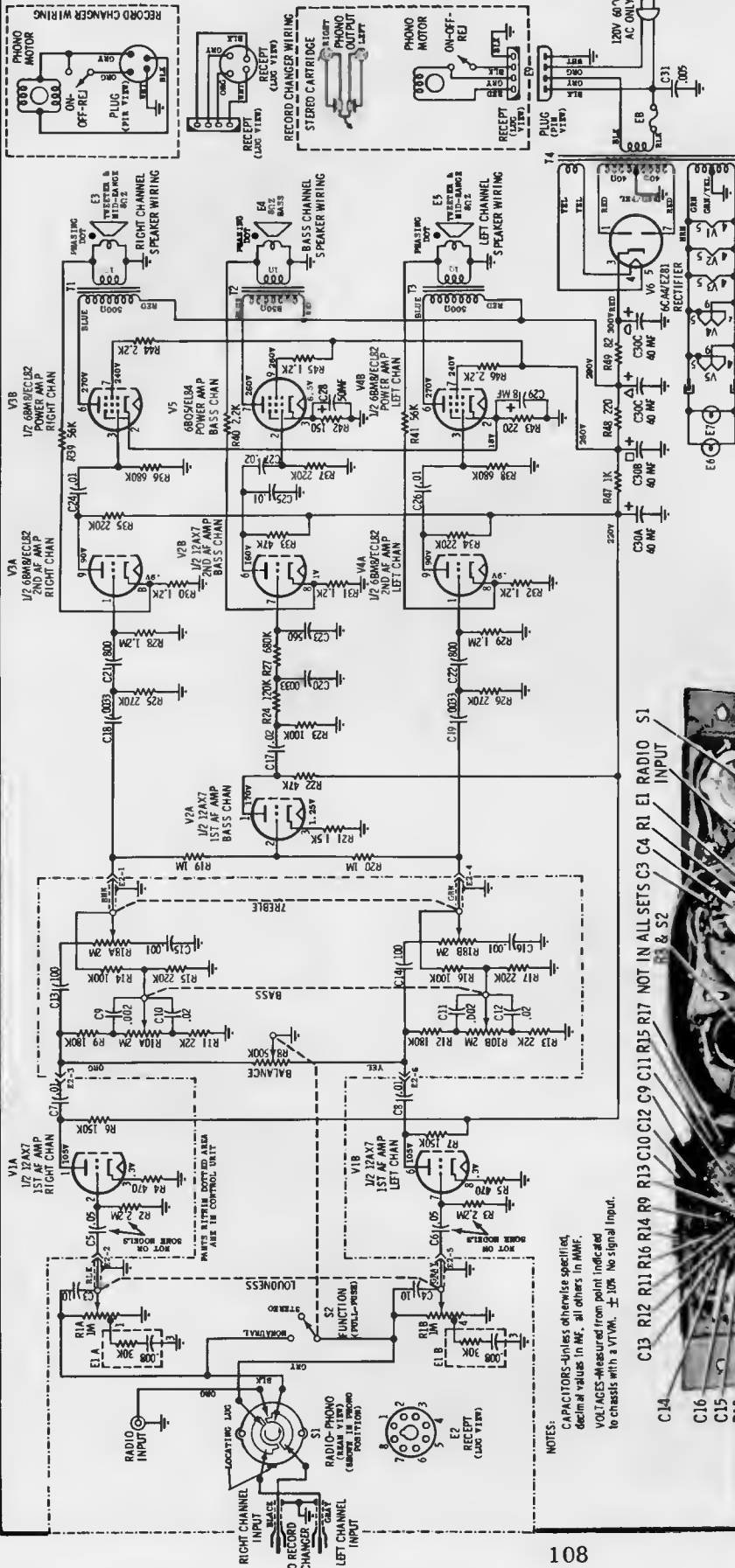
- STYLUS PART NUMBERS**
- 1 MIL SAPPHIRE-MOTOROLA 9K60B340M
  - 1.7 MIL DIAMOND-MOTOROLA 9K60B340D
  - 3 MIL SAPPHIRE-MOTOROLA 9K60B340S
- STYLUS REPLACEMENT**

**TO REMOVE CHASSIS**

1. Remove perforated baffleboard - 3 screws hold it in place.
2. Remove cabinet base - 4 escutcheon mounting nuts, 2 escutcheon knobs, 2 escutcheon mounting nuts, 2 escutcheon; then remove two control strip mounting screws.
3. Disconnect control strip cables from amplifier chassis & record changer; remove control strip.
4. Unsolder all speaker and power hinge connecting leads from amplifier chassis (code all leads). Disconnect cable between amplifier and power supply. Disconnect AC cord from power supply chassis, then remove on-off indicator light - 1 screw holds it in place.
5. Remove 2 amplifier mounting nuts & 4 power supply mounting nuts.
6. Remove chassis from cabinet.
7. NOTE: Before replacing chassis into cabinet, remember: (1) to restaple the interconnecting cables to their original locations, and (2) to push the perforated baffleboard into its mounting slot in the record changer mounting board as it is being installed.



# VOLUME R-21, MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED 1961 RADIO SERVICING INFORMATION



## PRODUCTION CHANGES

Chassis Coding	Changes
HS-833A	Original chassis TO REDUCE NOISY LOUDNESS CONTROL OPERATION: C-5 (.05 mf), C-6 (.05 mf), R-2 (470K), and R-3 (470K) added.
HS-833B	
HS-833C	TO ADD BASS BOOST: R-2 and R-3 (both 470K) changed to 2.2 meg.
HS-833D	TO REDUCE LEAKAGE CURRENT: C-31 (.05 mf) changed to .005 mf.

**MOTOROLA INC.**

MODEL CHASSIS  
 SK40 HS-833  
 SK40-1 HS-833  
 SK41 HS-833

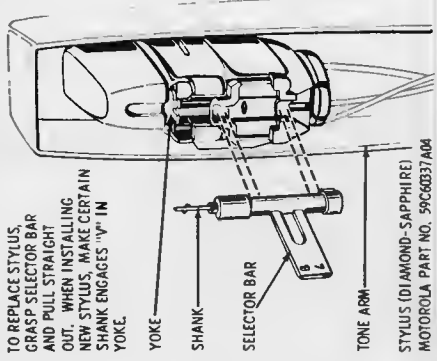
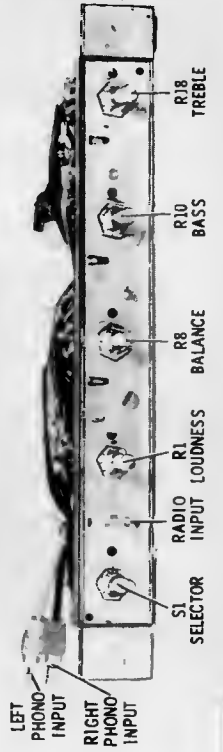
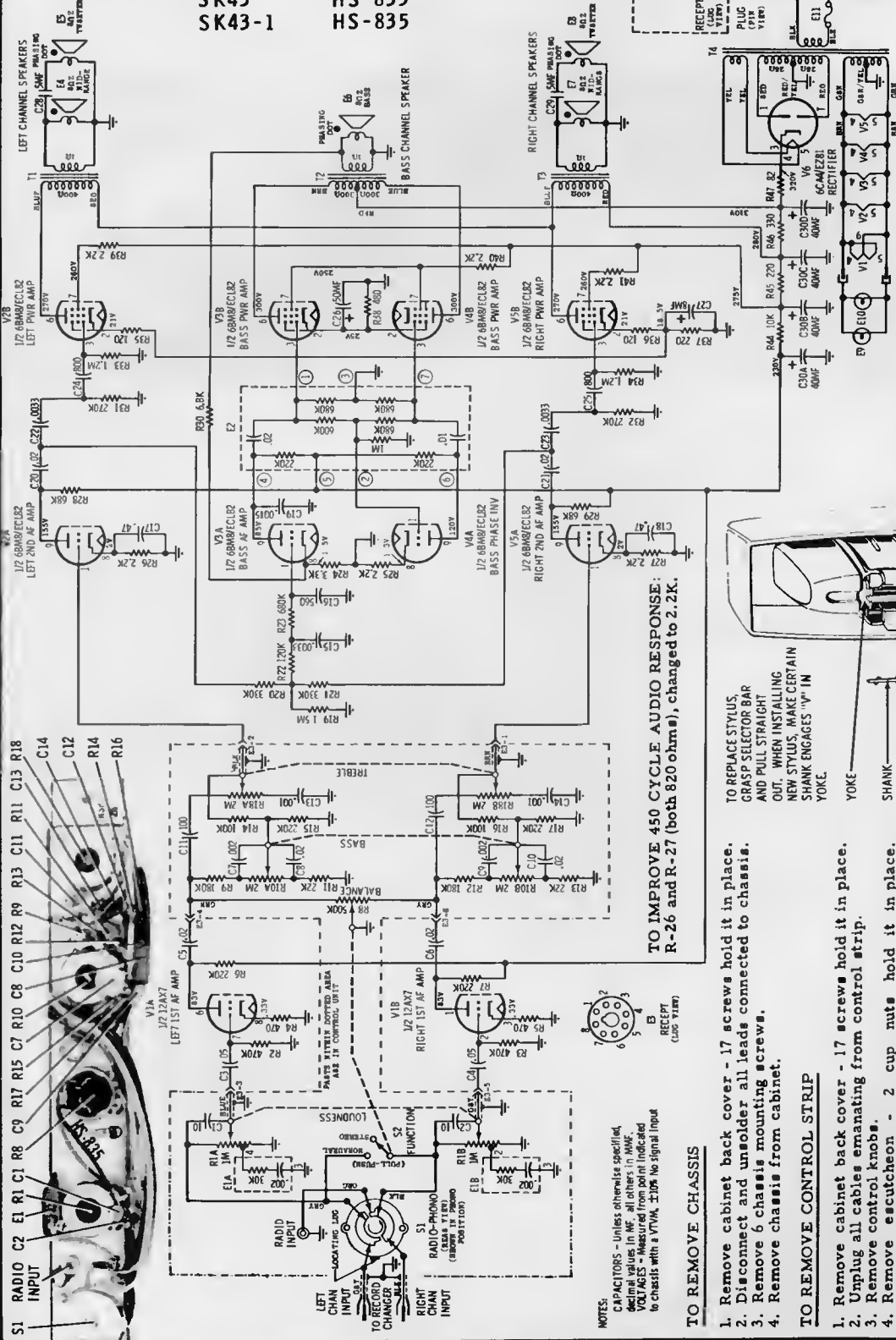


NOTES:  
 CAPACITORS—unless otherwise specified, decimal values in MF, all others in MMF.  
 VOLTAGES—measured from point indicated to chassis with a VTVM. ± 30% No signal input.

# MOTOROLA

MODEL SK43  
SK43-1

CHASSIS HS-835  
HS-835



TO IMPROVE 450 CYCLE AUDIO RESPONSE: R-26 and R-27 (both 820 ohms), changed to 2.2K.

NOTES:  
CAPACITORS - unless otherwise specified, capacitor values in MF - all others in MKE  
VOLTAGES - Measured from point indicated to chassis with a VTVM, ±10% No signal input

**TO REMOVE CHASSIS**

1. Remove cabinet back cover - 17 screws hold it in place.
2. Disconnect and unsolder all leads connected to chassis.
3. Remove 6 chassis mounting screws.
4. Remove chassis from cabinet.

**TO REMOVE CONTROL STRIP**

1. Remove cabinet back cover - 17 screws hold it in place.
2. Unplug all cables emanating from control strip.
3. Remove control knobs.
4. Remove escutcheon - 2 cup nuts hold it in place.
5. Remove 2 control strip mounting screws and remove control strip.

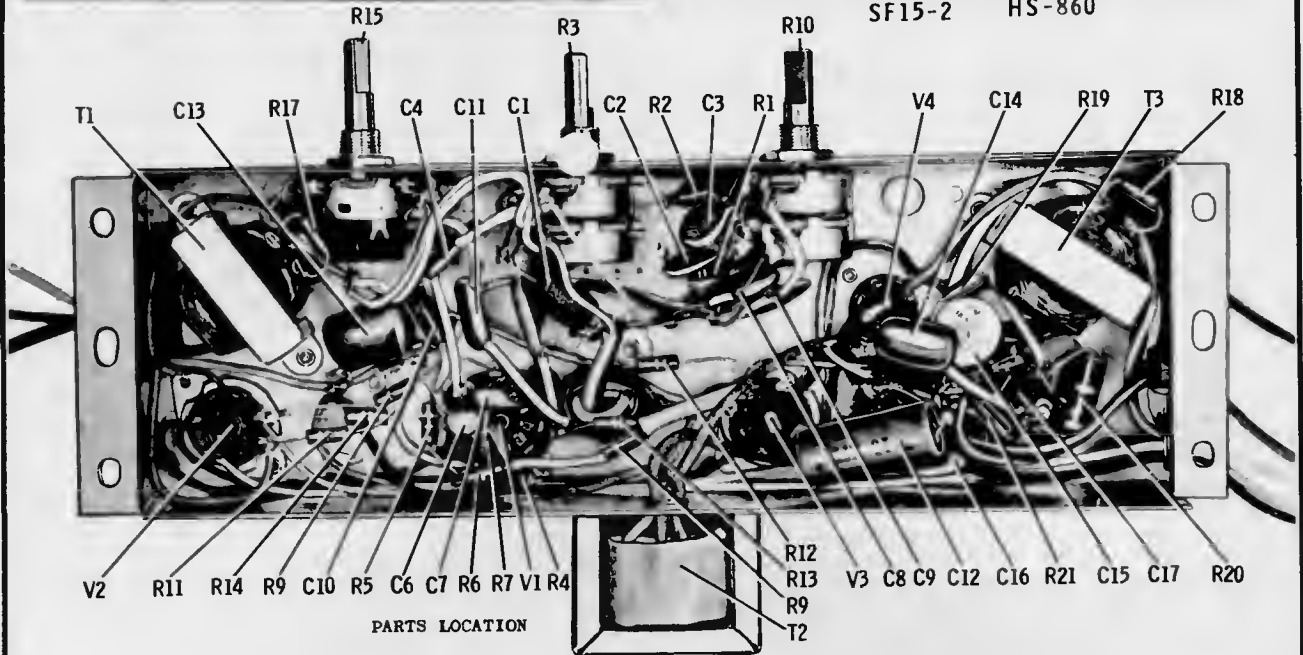
**TO REMOVE RECORD CHANGER**

1. Turn the 2 changer mounting screws clockwise until flush with the changer base.
2. Remove cabinet back cover - 17 screws hold it in place.
3. Unplug power and audio cables from record changer.
4. Turn the mounting clips, located at the ends of the mounting screws, so they are parallel with the mounting screws, then lift changer out of cabinet.

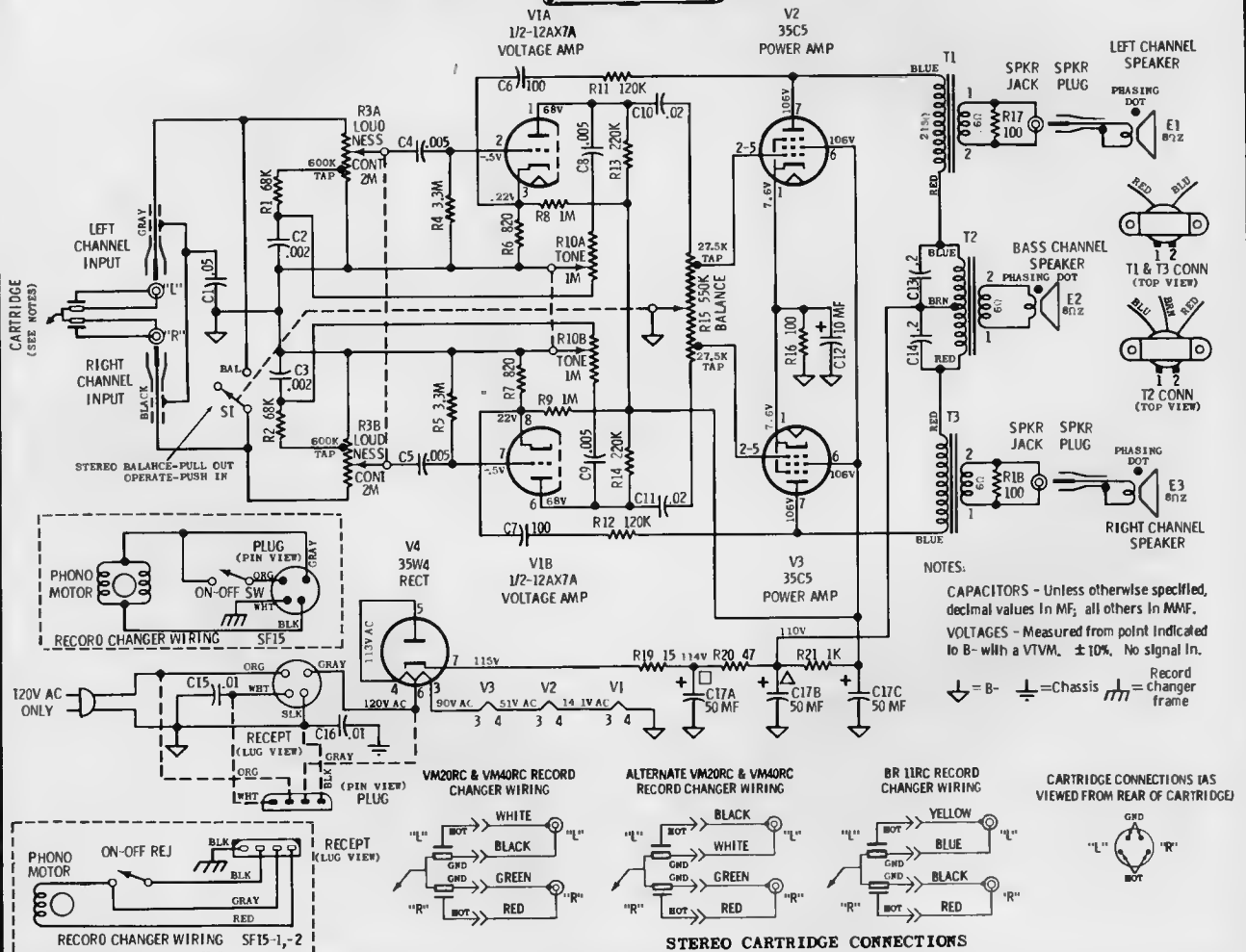
STYLUS REPLACEMENT SK43-1 SERIES

# MOTOROLA

MODEL	CHASSIS
SF15	HS-860
SF15-1	HS-898
SF15-2	HS-860



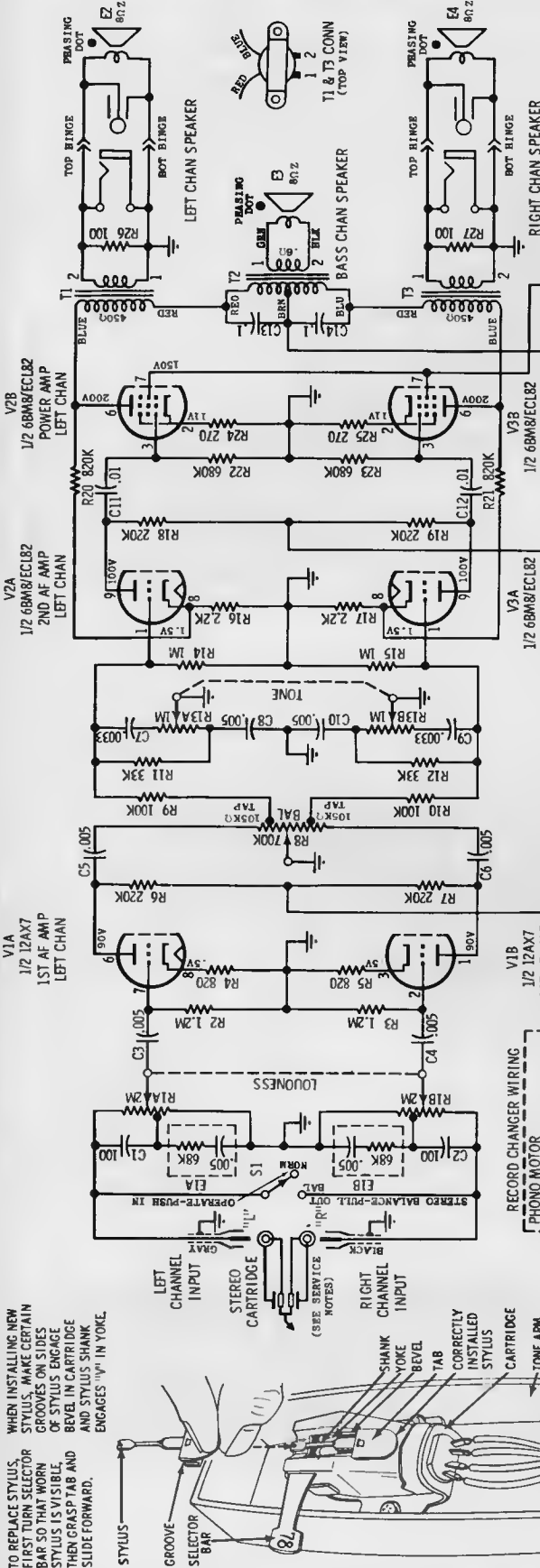
PARTS LOCATION



**MOTOROLA INC.**

MODEL  
SH19

CHASSIS  
HS-861 AUDIO AMP  
HS-869 PWR SUPPLY

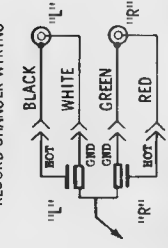


NOTES:  
CAPACITORS - Unless otherwise specified, decimal values in MF, all others in MMF.  
VOLTAGES - Measured from point indicated to chassis with a VTVM, ±10% No signal input.

CARTRIDGE CONNECTIONS (AS VIEWED FROM REAR OF CARTRIDGE)

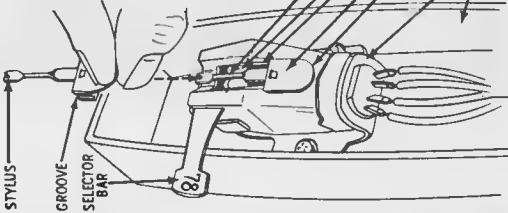


ALTERNATE VM35 RC RECORD CHANGER WIRING



STEREO CARTRIDGE CONNECTIONS

WHEN INSTALLING NEW STYLUS, MAKE CERTAIN GROOVES ON SIDES OF STYLUS ENGAGE BEVEL IN CARTRIDGE AND STYLUS SHANK ENGAGES "V" IN YOKE.

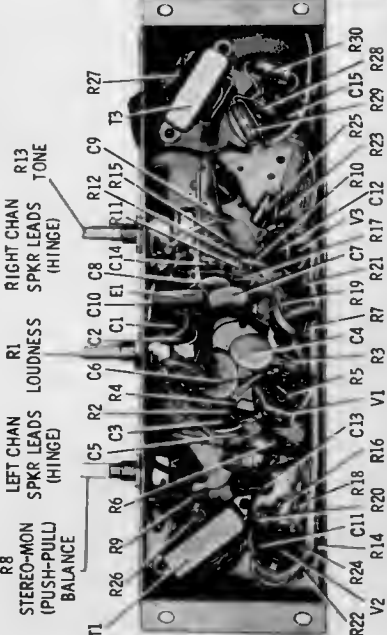


STYLUS PART NUMBERS

- .7 MIL SAPPHIRE-MOTOROLA 59C4B36A04
- .7 MIL DIAMOND-MOTOROLA 59C6B36A05
- 3 MIL SAPPHIRE-MOTOROLA 59C4B36A0B

**STYLUS REPLACEMENT**

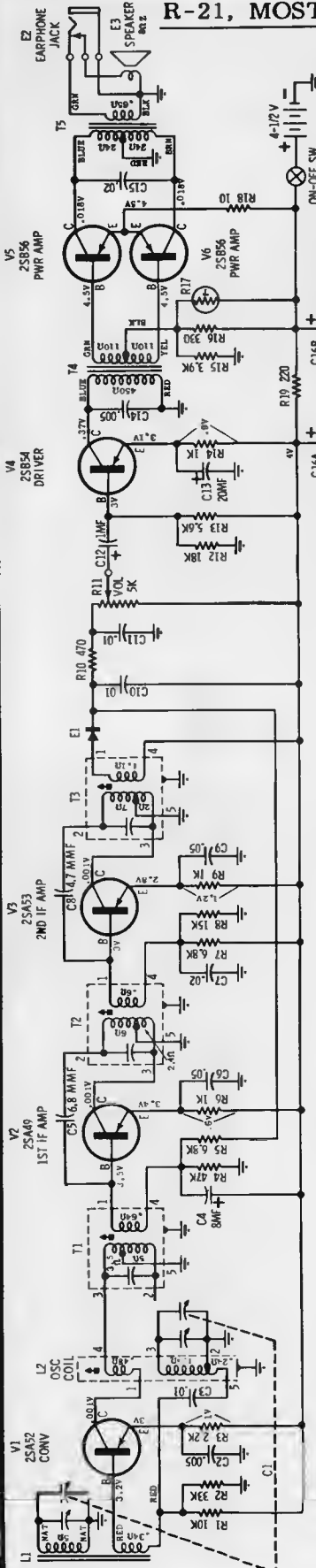
HS-861 - 869 PARTS LOCATION



# R-21, MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED 1961 RADIO SERVICING INFORMATION

MODEL CHASSIS  
X21W HS-876

**MOTOROLA**



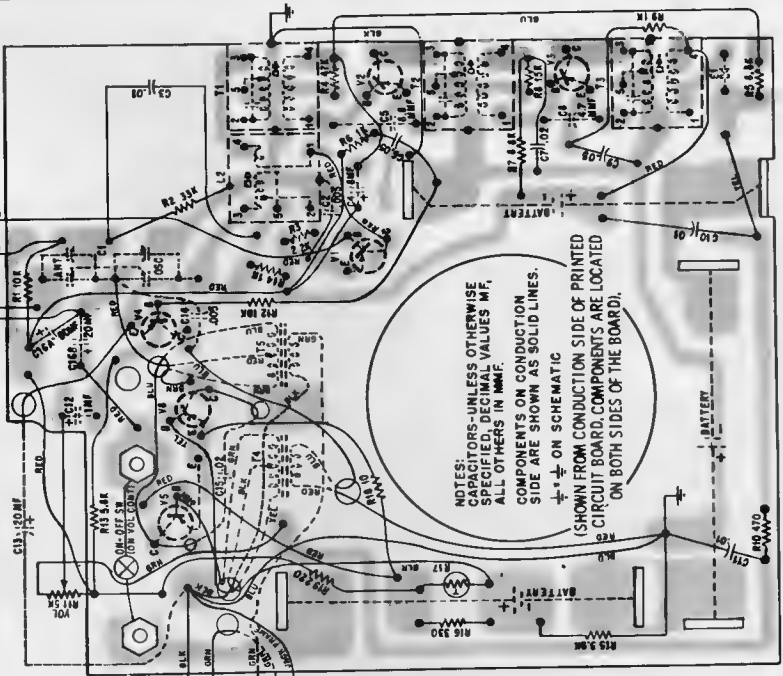
**PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD**

TUNING RANGE - 532KC to 1620KC  
IF - 455KC

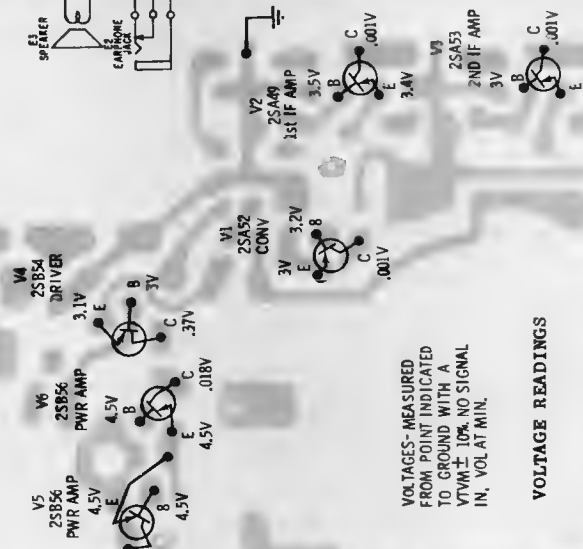
NOTES:  
CAPACITORS - Unless otherwise specified, decimal values in MF, all others in MMF.  
VOLTAGES - Measured from point indicated to ground with a VTVM,  $\pm 10\%$ . No signal in.  
ZERO SIGNAL CURRENT - 4.8MA A. MIN VOU



T1, T2, 3 & L2 CONN  
LEAD VIEW



NOTES:  
CAPACITORS - UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED, DECIMAL VALUES MF, ALL OTHERS IN MMF.  
COMPONENTS ON CONDUCTION SIDE ARE SHOWN AS SOLID LINES.  
⊕ ⊖ ON SCHEMATIC (SHOWN FROM CONDUCTION SIDE OF PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD, COMPONENTS ARE LOCATED ON BOTH SIDES OF THE BOARD).



VOLTAGES - MEASURED FROM POINT INDICATED TO GROUND WITH A VTVM  $\pm 10\%$ . NO SIGNAL IN, VOL AT MIN.

**VOLTAGE READINGS**



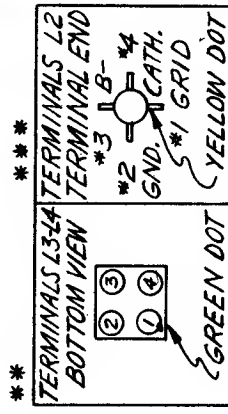
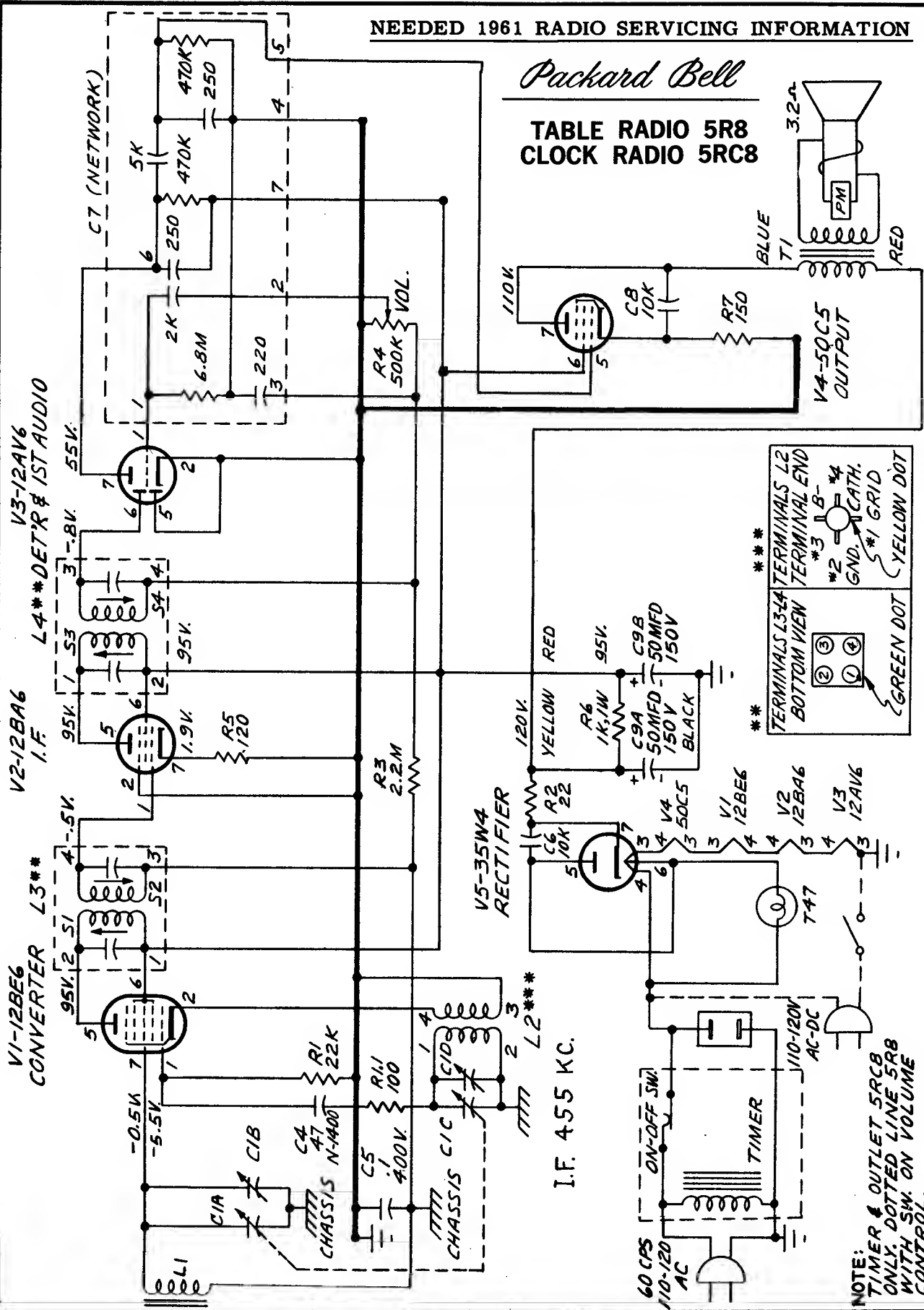
- 1 ANT CORE 600 KC
- 2 ANT TRIM 1400 KC
- 3 OSC TRIM 1620 KC
- 4 OSC CORE 532 KC
- 5 1ST IF 455 KC
- 6 2ND IF 455 KC
- 7 3RD IF 455 KC

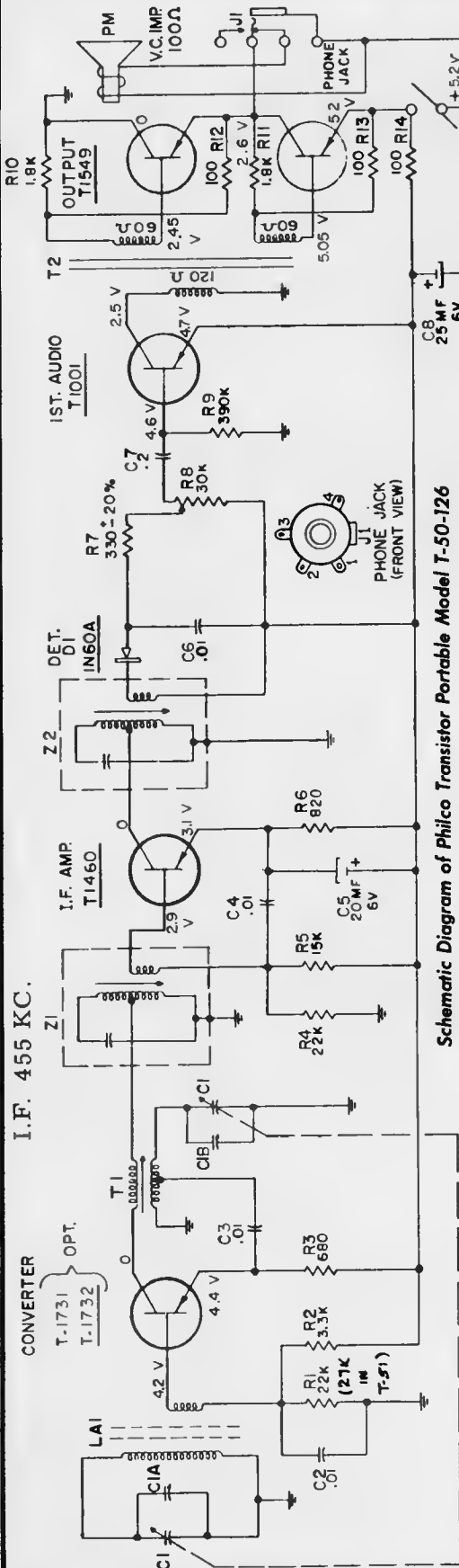
**ALIGNMENT POINT LOCATIONS**



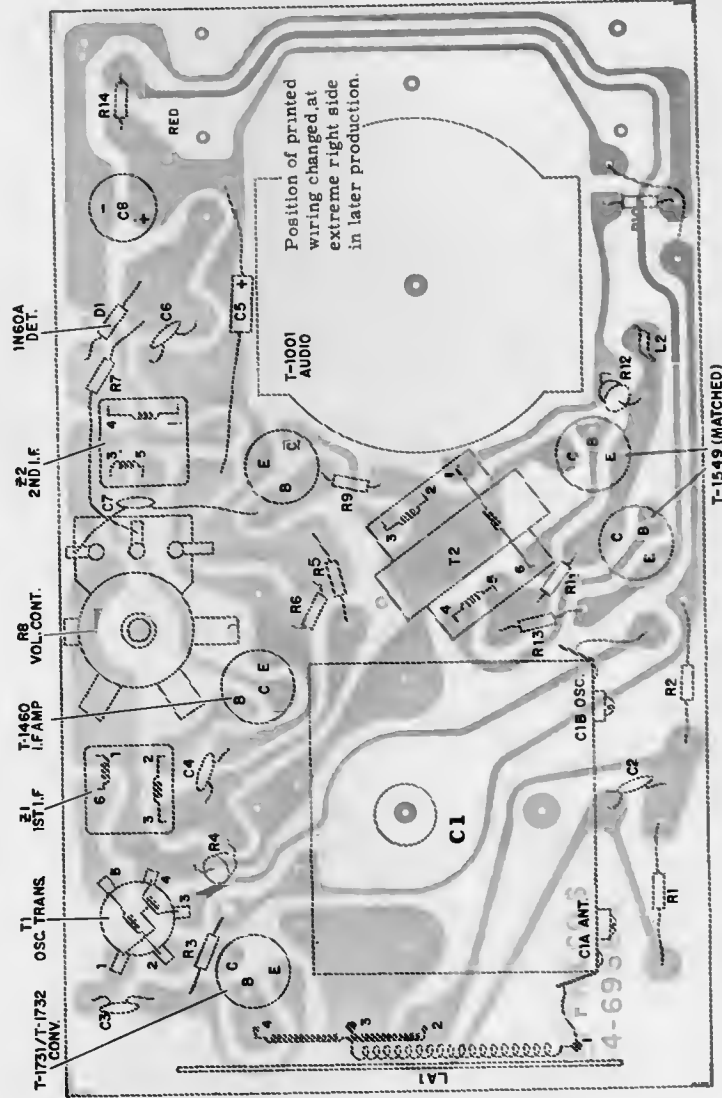
Packard Bell

TABLE RADIO 5R8  
CLOCK RADIO 5RC8





Schematic Diagram of Philco Transistor Portable Model T-50-126



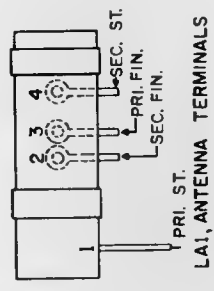
Printed Wiring Panel—Under Side Showing Parts Location

**PHILCO MODEL T-50-126  
MODEL T51-124**

**NOTES:**  
ALL RESISTORS 1/2W, 10% CARBON.  
VOLTAGES MEASURED TO GROUND WITH  
A 20,000 Ω/VOLT METER UNDER  
NO SIGNAL CONDITION.  
COIL RESISTANCES READ WITH COIL  
IN CIRCUIT.

**PANEL LEAD CONNECTIONS**

Black lead from negative battery contact to switch lug #7.  
Bare wire from switch lug #6 to ground tab of volume control  
and to frame of gang.  
Red lead from positive battery contact to switch lug #5.  
Red lead from switch lug #4 to Panel.  
White lead from voltage supply center-tap to J1, lug #1.  
Blue lead from J1, lug #1, to speaker.  
White lead from J1, lug #3, to speaker.  
Brown lead from J1, lug #2 to panel L2.



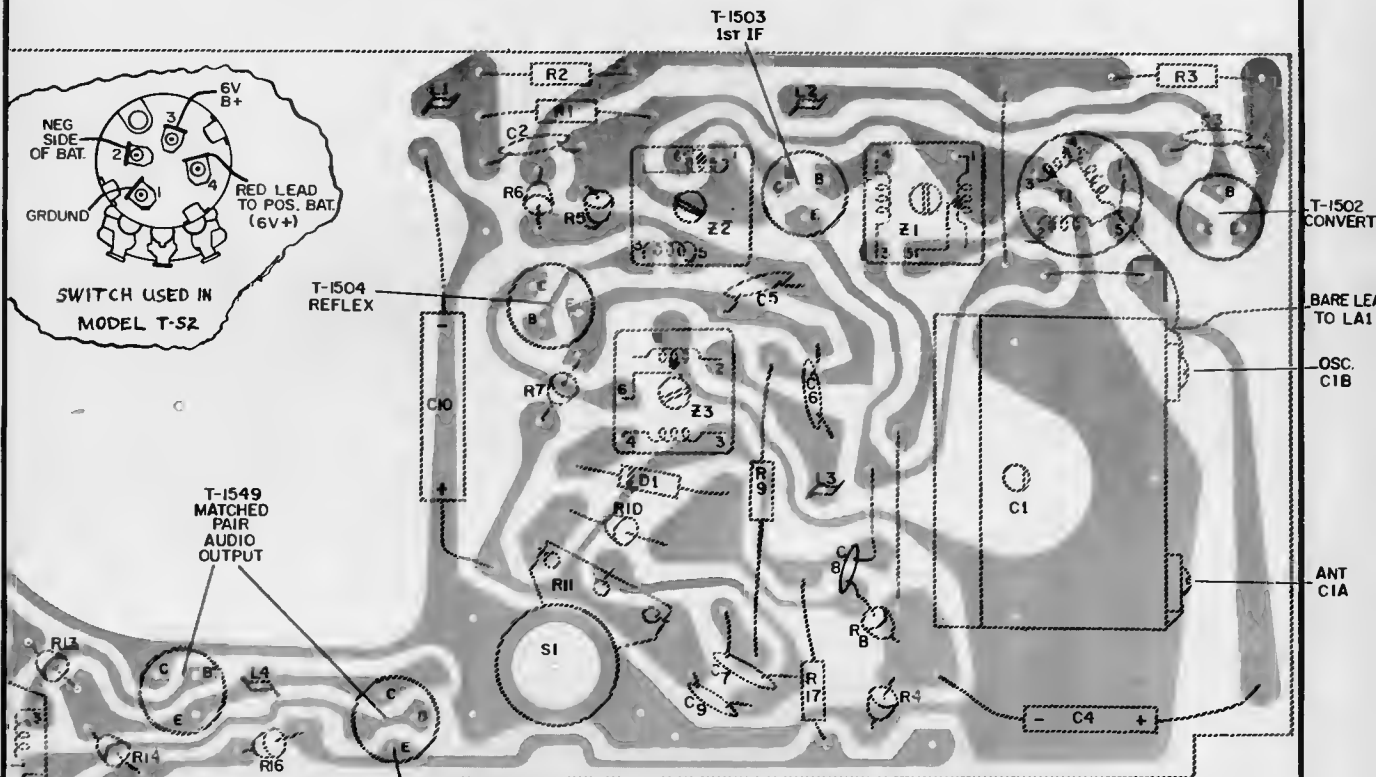
L A1, ANTENNA TERMINALS

PHILCO Models T-50-126, T-51-124

VOLUME R-21, MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED 1961 RADIO SERVICING INFORMATION

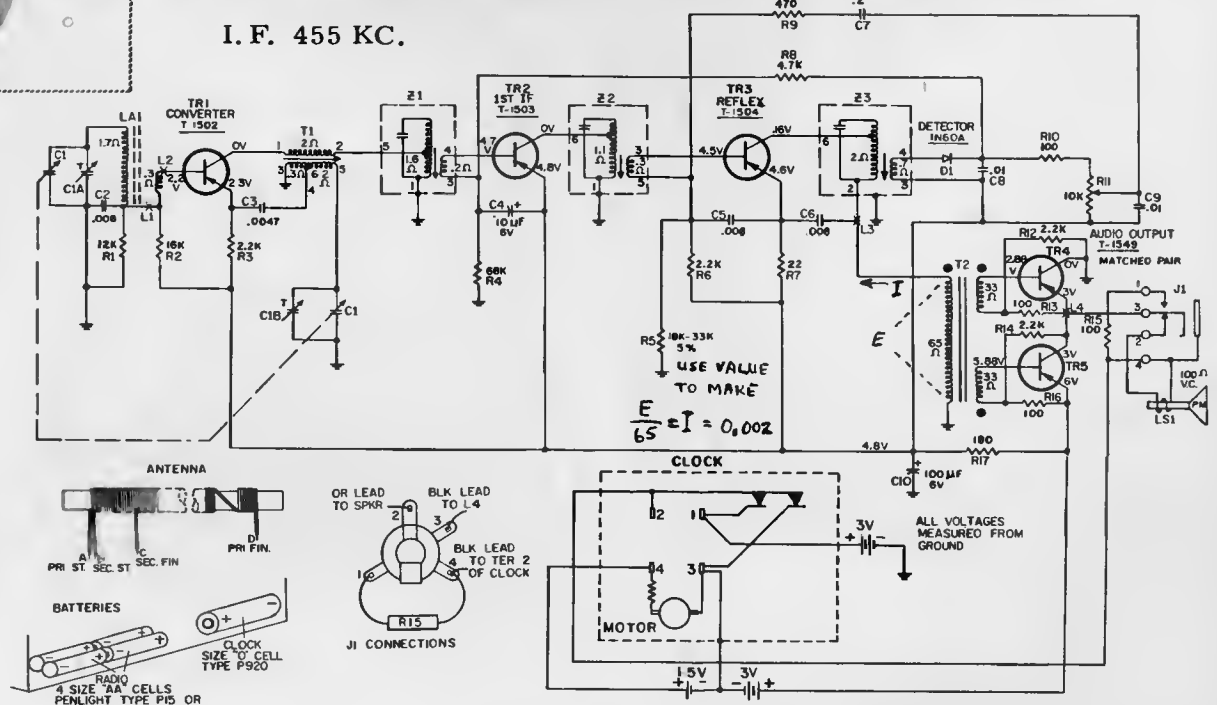
PHILCO MODEL T-52, CODE 124, and CLOCK RADIO MODEL TC-57

These two models use identical perma-circuit panel assembly, but the switch of T-52 is manually operated.



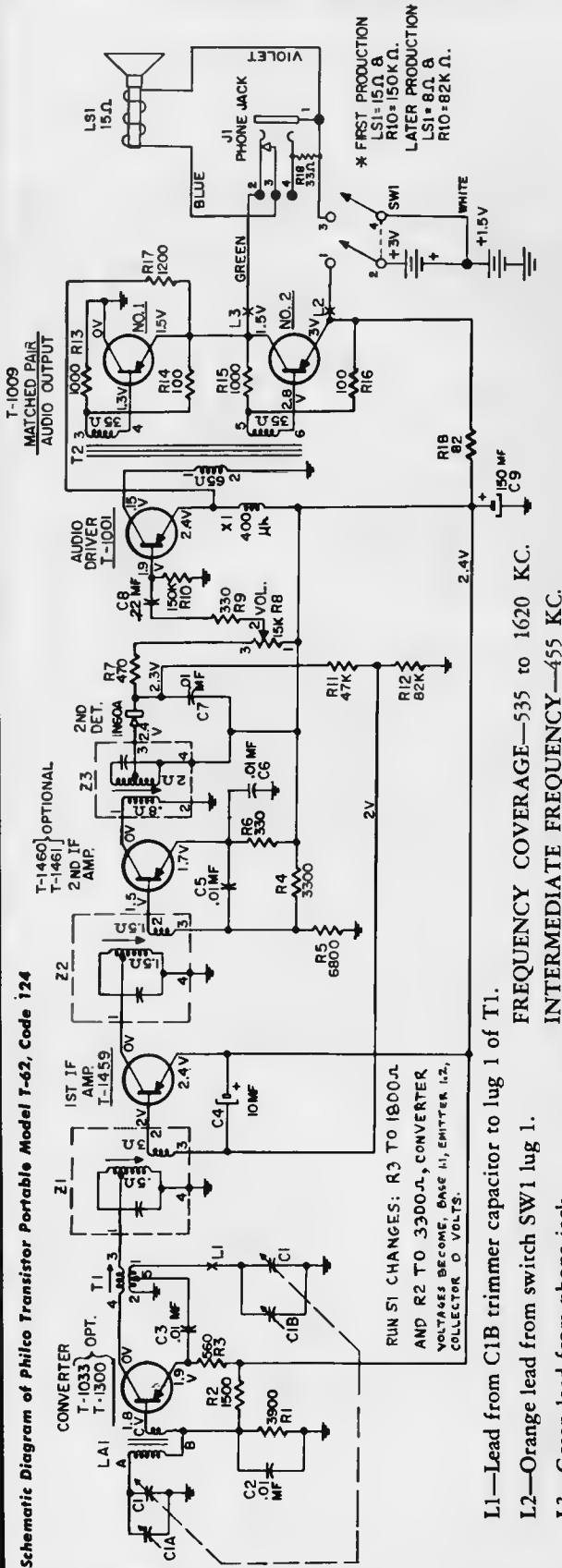
Composite View, Bottom of Panel

I. F. 455 KC.



Schematic Diagram, Model TC-57

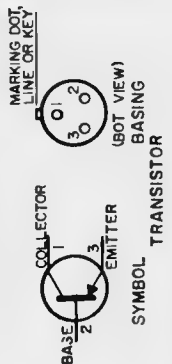
PHILCO PORTABLE RADIO TRANSISTOR MODEL T-62, CODE 124



- L1—Lead from C1B trimmer capacitor to lug 1 of T1.
- L2—Orange lead from switch SW1 lug 1.
- L3—Green lead from phone jack.

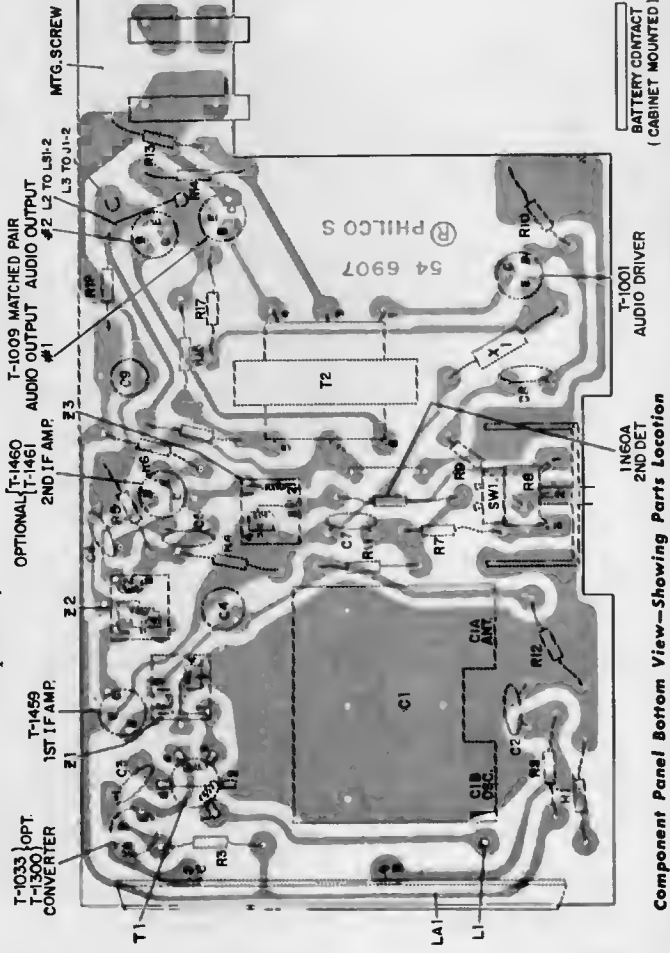
RUN SW1 CHANGES: R3 TO 1800Ω AND R2 TO 3300Ω, CONVERTER VOLTAGES BECOME, BASE 1V, EMITTER 1.2V, COLLECTOR 0 VOLTS.

**SERVICE NOTES**  
 When signal tracing, inject signal at transistor collector and limit input to keep signal across speaker below .6 volt.  
 Normally, the transistors should be the last item suspected. If C9 opens serious audio oscillation will result.



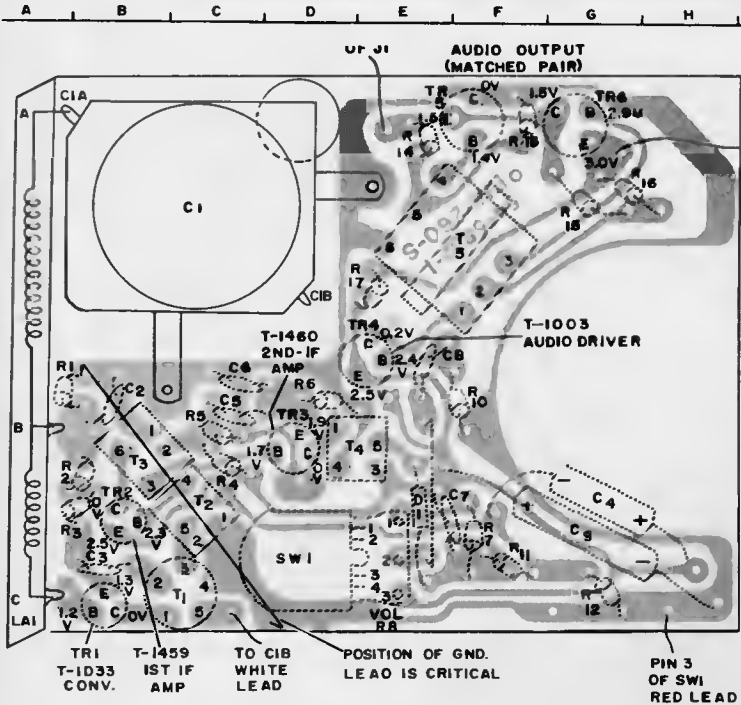
**PRINTED-WIRE PANEL REMOVAL**

1. Remove the snap-on back of the cabinet and the batteries.
2. Remove the tri-mount fastener next to the battery clips.
3. Carefully spread the sides of the cabinet to free the panel from each of the 4 slotted cabinet supports.
4. Withdraw the panel assembly by sliding it toward the speaker end of the cabinet to free the tuning knob.



Component Panel Bottom View—Showing Parts Location

**PHILCO PORTABLE RADIO TRANSISTOR MODEL T-66, CODE 124**



**NOTE:**  
 PIN 2 OF SW1  
 TO POS. TERM.  
 YEL. LEAD  
 PIN 1 OF SW1  
 YEL. LEAD  
 PIN 4 OF SW1  
 TO NEG. TERM  
 RED LEAD

**SERVICE NOTES**

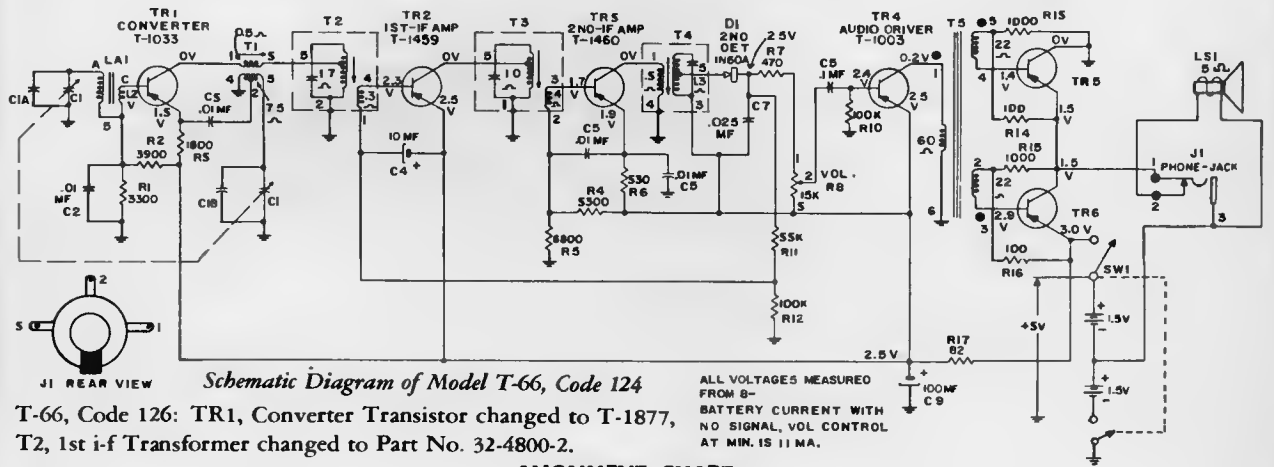
When signal tracing, inject signal at transistor collector and limit input to keep signal across speaker below .6 volt.

Normally, the transistors should be the last item suspected. If C9 opens serious audio oscillation will result.

**NOTE: Panel Removal**

Before panel can be removed from cabinet, a screw located next to the 2nd I-F transformer (C4 graph location) must be removed. Then depress clips on each side of cabinet. Speaker will remain in cabinet.

Composite Bottom View



Schematic Diagram of Model T-66, Code 124

T-66, Code 126: TR1, Converter Transistor changed to T-1877, T2, 1st i-f Transformer changed to Part No. 32-4800-2.

ALL VOLTAGES MEASURED FROM B- BATTERY CURRENT WITH NO SIGNAL, VOL CONTROL AT MIN. IS 11 NA.

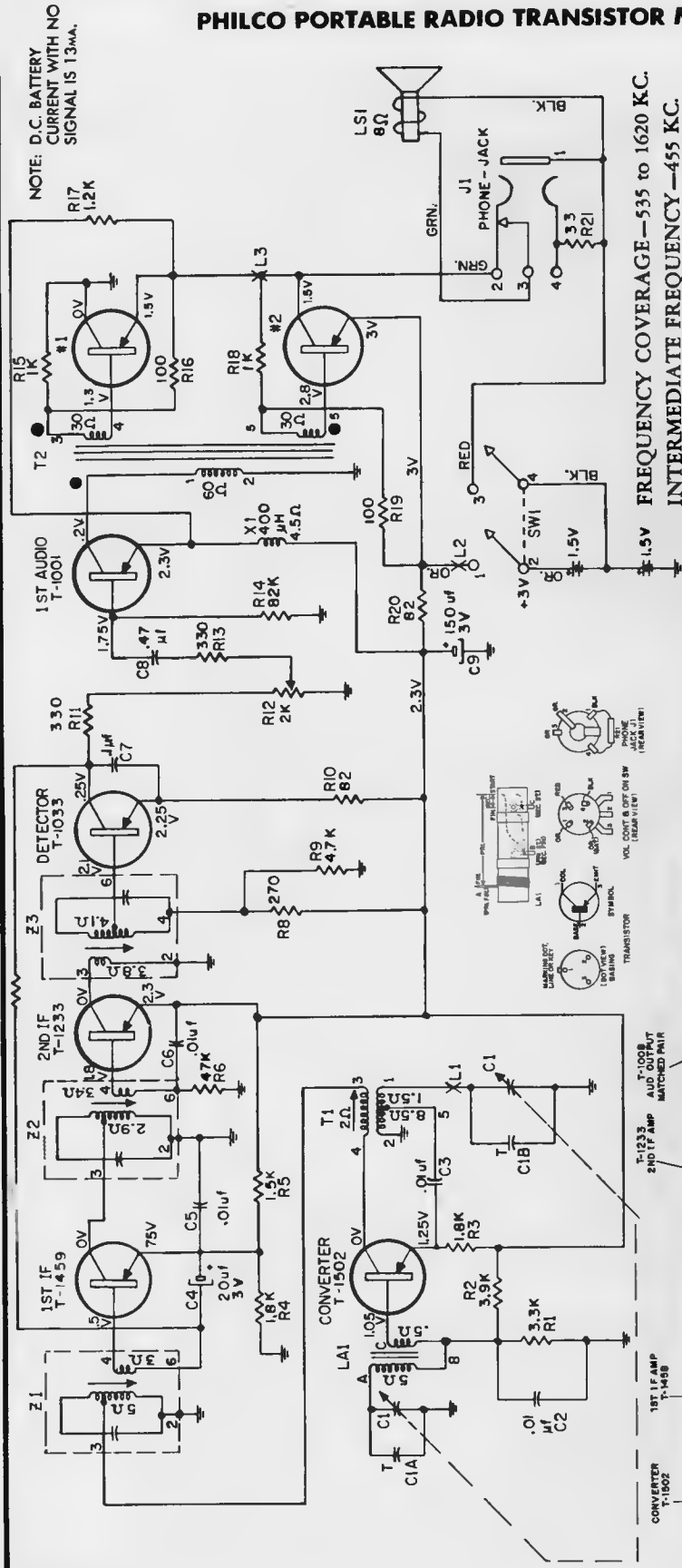
**ALIGNMENT CHART**

STEP	SIGNAL GENERATOR		RADIO		ADJUST
	CONNECTION TO RADIO	DIAL SETTING	DIAL SETTING	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS	
1	Connect signal generator through a .1-uf. condenser to ant. section of gang.	455 kc.	Tuning gang fully open.	Adjust for maximum output in order given.	T4—3rd I-F T3—2nd I-F T2—1st I-F
2	Use radiating loop. (See NOTE 1 below)	600 kc.	600 kc.	Adjust for maximum output. Rock tuning gang while making this adjustment.	T1—osc. core
3	Same as step 2.	1620 kc.	1620 kc. (Tuning gang fully open)	Adjust for maximum output.	C1B—osc. trimmer
4	Same as step 2.	1400 kc.	1400 kc.	Adjust for maximum output.	C1A—antenna trimmer
5	Repeat steps 2, 3 and 4 until no further improvement is obtained. Always stop on step 4.				

NOTE 1. Use a 6-to-8-turn, 6-inch-diameter loop made up of insulated wire. Connect to generator terminals, and place about one foot from radio loop.

PHILCO PORTABLE RADIO TRANSISTOR MODEL T-70, CODE 124

AUDIO OUTPUT  
T-100B  
MATCHED PAIR



TERMINAL LUG IDENTIFICATION

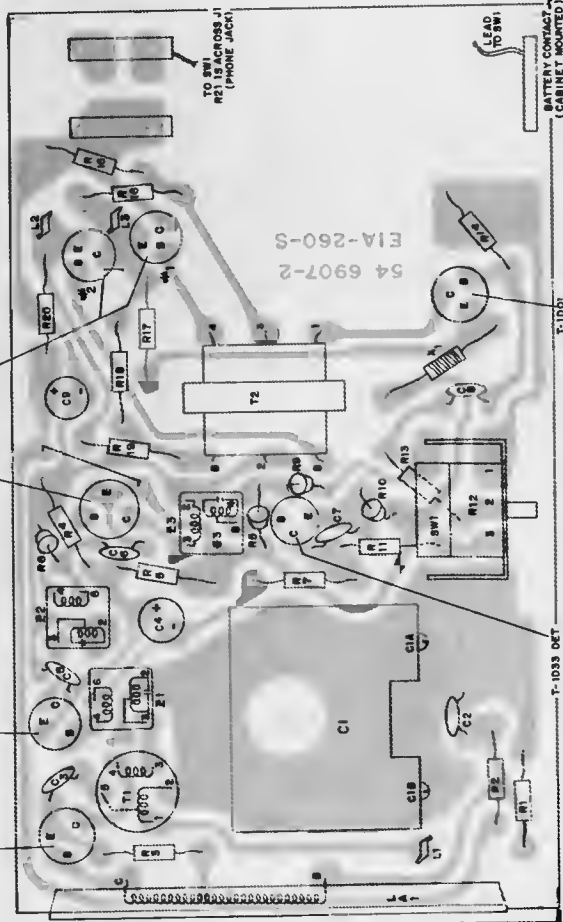
- L1—Lead from CIB Trimmer Capacitor Lug 1 of T1
- L2—Green Lead from Switch SW1, Lug 1
- L3—Green Lead from Phono Jack

SERVICE NOTES

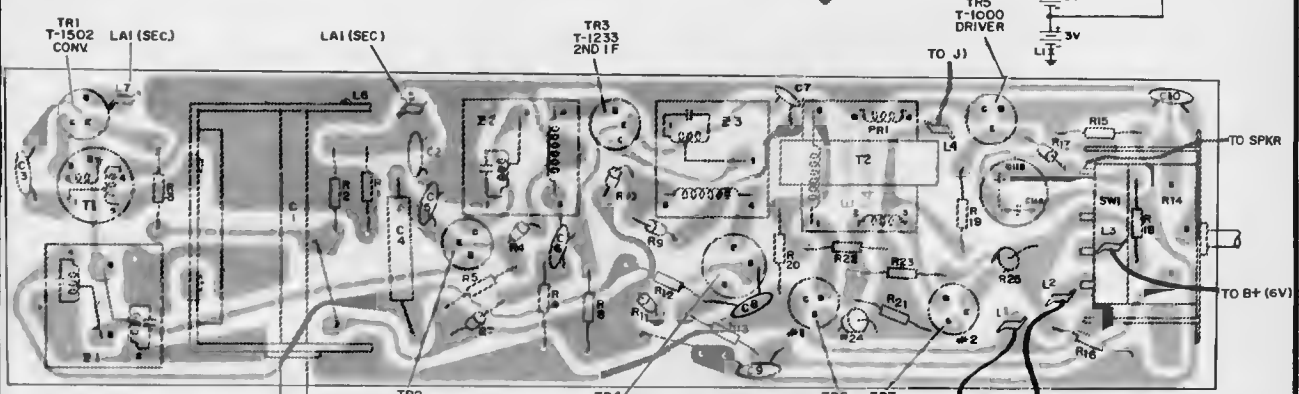
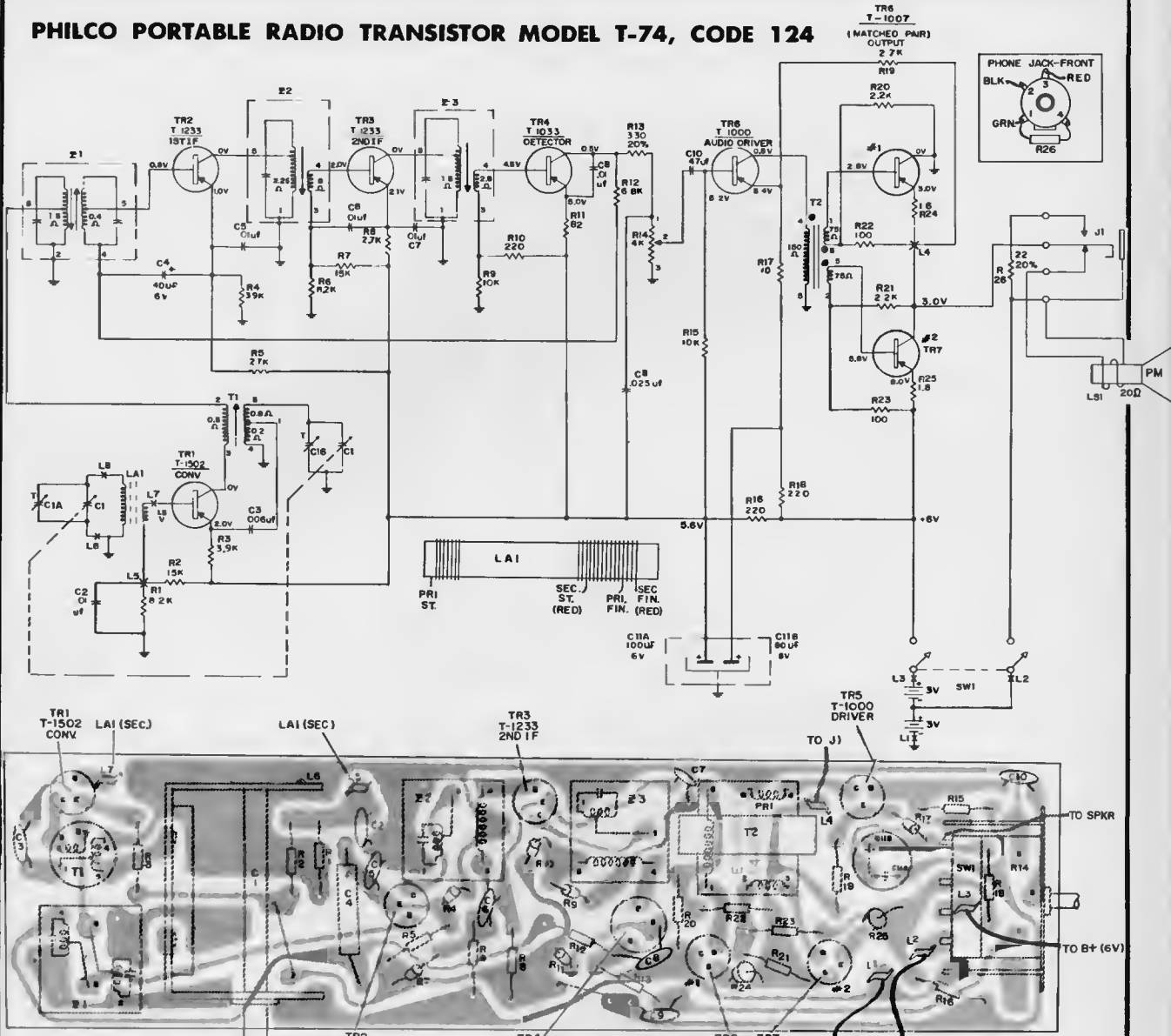
When signal tracing, inject signal at transistor collector and limit input to keep signal across speaker below .6 volt.  
Normally, the transistors should be the last item suspected. If C9 opens serious audio oscillation will result.

SCHEMATIC NOTES

All voltages taken with a Philco Meter Model 8102, 20,000 ohms per volt. All measurements taken between ground and points indicated. Coil resistances read with coil in circuit.  
●—Black dots located at (T2) Audio Transformer indicates phasing polarity of transformer.



PHILCO PORTABLE RADIO TRANSISTOR MODEL T-74, CODE 124



Bottom Composite View of Perma-Circuit Panel

ALIGNMENT CHART

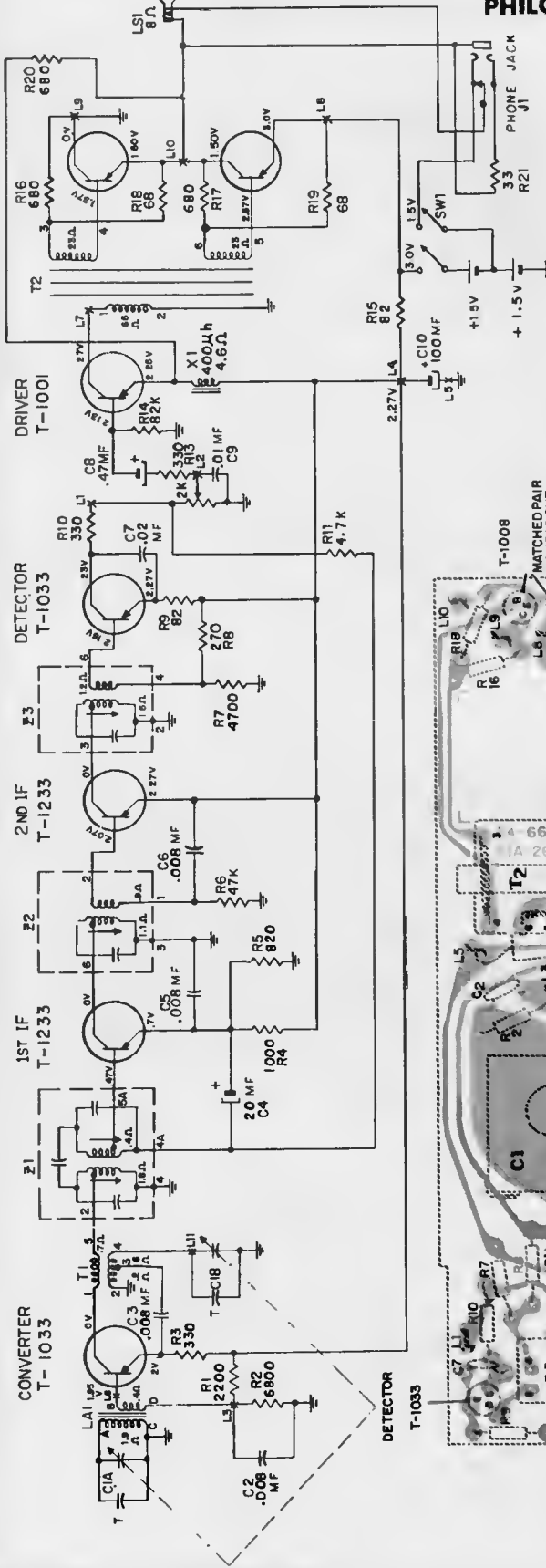
STEP	SIGNAL GENERATOR		RADIO		ADJUST
	CONNECTION TO RADIO	DIAL SETTING	DIAL SETTING	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS	
1	Connect signal generator through a .1-uf. condenser to ant. section of gang.	455 kc.	Tuning gang fully open.	Adjust for maximum output in order given.	Z3—3rd i-f Z2—2nd i-f Z1—1st i-f
2	Use radiating loop. (See NOTE 1 below)	600 kc.	600 kc.	Adjust for maximum output. Rock tuning gang while making this adjustment.	T1—osc. core
3	Same as step 2.	1620 kc.	1620 kc. (Tuning gang fully open)	Adjust for maximum output.	C1B—osc. trimmer
4	Same as step 2.	1400 kc.	1400 kc.	Adjust for maximum output.	C1A—antenna trimmer
5	Repeat steps 2, 3 and 4 until no further improvement is obtained. Always stop on step 4.				

NOTE 1. Use a 6-to-8-turn, 6-inch-diameter loop made up of insulated wire. Connect to generator terminals, and place about one foot from radio loop.

**PHILCO PORTABLE RADIO MODEL T-76, CODE 124**

**PHILCO PORTABLE RADIO TRANSISTOR MODEL T-76, CODE 124**

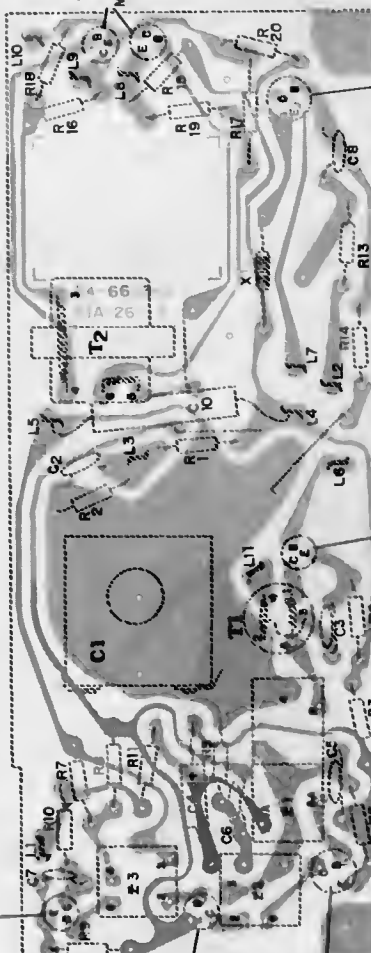
AUDIO OUTPUT  
T-1008, MATCHED PAIR



FREQUENCY COVERAGE—535 to 1620 KC.  
INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY—455 KC.

**SERVICE NOTES**

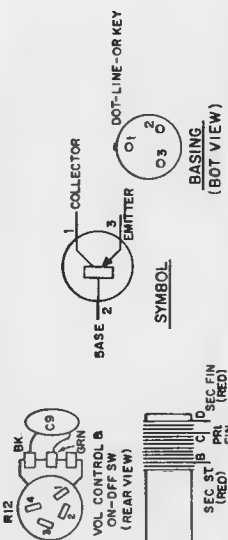
When signal tracing, inject signal at transistor collector and limit input to keep signal across speaker below .6 volts.  
Normally, the transistors should be the last item suspected.  
If C12 opens serious audio oscillation will result.  
Dress of black lead from top, center, frame lug of gang to end ground lug is important to reduce beat. See base layout for lead dress.



**Printed Wiring Panel, Foil Side, Showing Parts Location**

**PANEL LUG CONNECTION**

- L1 Yellow wire from volume control
- L2 Green wire from volume control
- L3 Green wire from LA1 secondary
- L4 Positive lead of C10
- L5 Black lead from C1
- L6 Green lead from LA1 secondary
- L7 Red wire from T2
- L8 Red wire to lug 4 on switch
- L9 Black wire to chassis ground
- L10 Yellow wire to speaker
- L11 Yellow wire to private listening jack
- L12 Black & white wire to C11



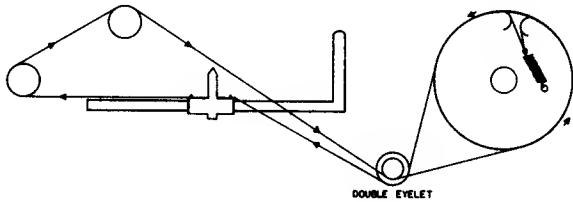


**PHILCO MODELS J-769 J-772 J-773 J-774 J-775  
J-838 J-840 J-842 J-845 J-846**

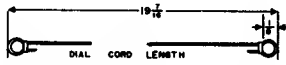
Material applicable to these sets is below and on pages 122 and 123.

**MODELS J-769, J-772, J-773, J-774 and J-775** have similar circuitry with slight variations as shown.

**MODELS J-838, J-840, J-842, J-845 and J-846** have similar circuitry with slight variations as shown.



DOUBLE EYELET

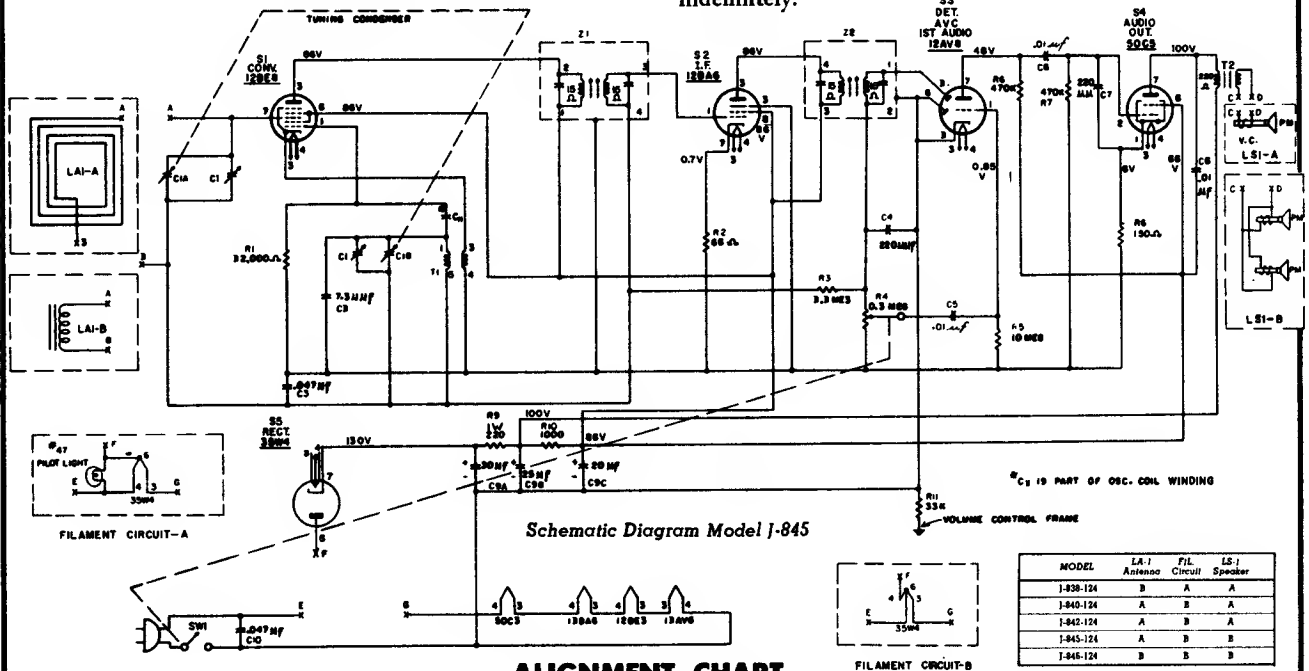


Dial Cord Installation—Model J-774 (Rear View)

**SPEAKER PHASING, Models J-845, J-846**—When replacing or connecting the two paralleled speakers, it is possible that an out of phase condition may exist; this is readily apparent by weak output and serious distortion. To correct, interchange the leads to one of the speakers.

**MODELS J-774 J-775**

The push button on top of the cabinet is the Forty Winks alarm control. This feature enables the user to silence the buzzer for 10 minutes. After 10 minutes the buzzer will come on again. The 10 minute cycle may be repeated indefinitely.



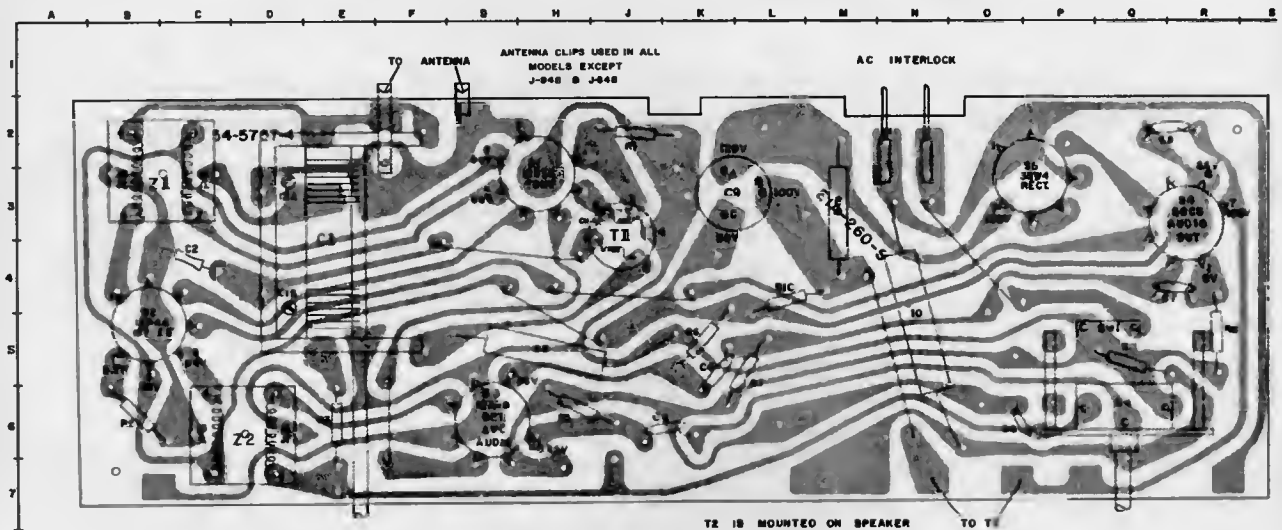
**ALIGNMENT CHART**

STEP	SIGNAL GENERATOR	RADIO			ADJUST
	CONNECTION TO RADIO	DIAL SETTING	DIAL SETTING	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS	
1.	Ground lead to B—; output lead through a .1 mf condenser to grid (pin 7) of 12BE6 or top of r-f tuning condenser.	455 kc.	Tuning gang fully open.	Adjust tuning cores, in order given, for maximum output.	Z2—top Z2—bottom  Z1—bottom Z1—top
2.	Radiating loop (See Note below).	1620 kc.	1620 kc.	Adjust for maximum output.	C1-B—osc.
3.	Same as step 2.	1500 kc.	1500 kc.	Adjust for maximum output.	C1-A—aerial

**NOTE:** Make up a 6-8 turn, 6 inch diameter loop from insulated wire, connect to signal-generator leads, and place near radio loop.

VOLUME R-21, MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED 1961 RADIO SERVICING INFORMATION

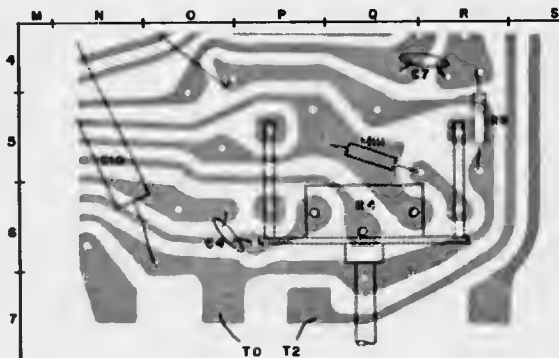
PHILCO Models J-769, J-772, J-773, J-774, J-775, J-838, J-840, etc., Continued



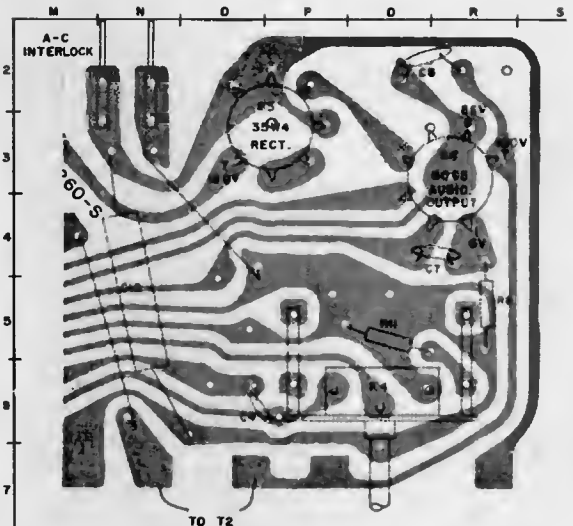
Bottom View of Perma Circuit Panel Component Layout Model J-838

**MODEL J-773**

In model J-773 the silence time for the forty winks is 7 minutes. After 7 minutes the buzzer goes on again. This 7 minute cycle may be repeated 5 times.



Bottom View, Partial Printed Panel Showing Model J-769 Foil Difference in B-Circuit



Bottom View, Partial Printed Panel Showing Model J-775 Foil Difference in Rect Fil Circuit and Connections to T2

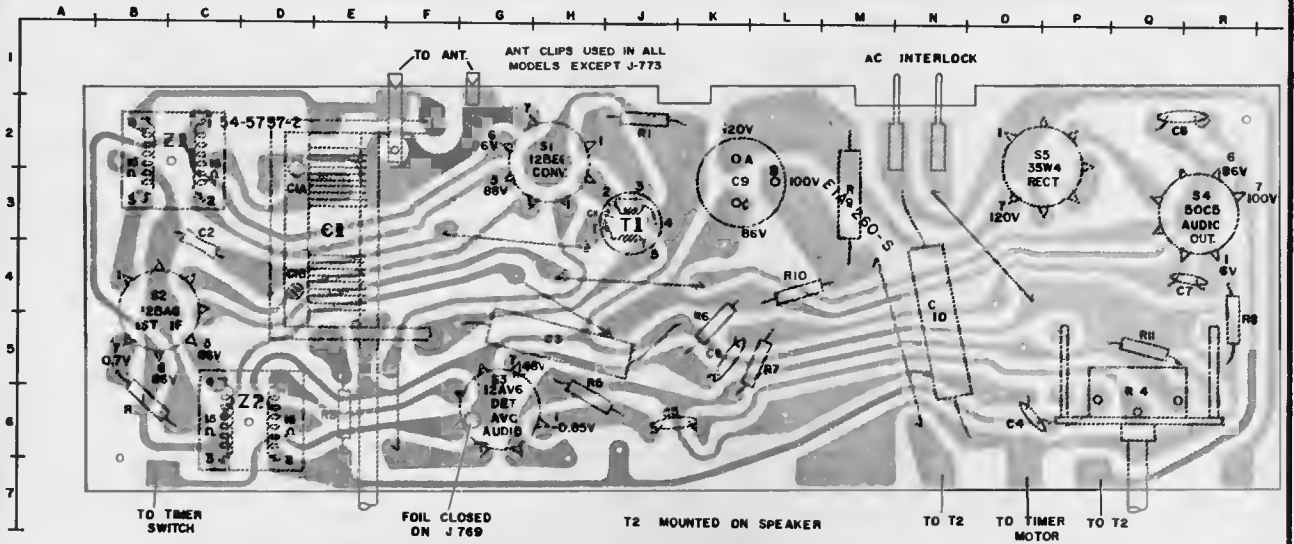
**PARTS COMMON TO ALL MODELS**

Sym- bol	Loca- tion	Description	Service Part No
C1	E3	Capacitor, variable, tuning	
C2	C4	Capacitor, 7.5 mmf, temp. comp.	30-1224-83
C3	H5	Capacitor, .047 mf, AVC	30-4650-45
C4	O6	Capacitor, 220 mmf, diode filter	30-1262-23
C5	J6	Capacitor, .01 mf, 1st audio grid	30-1262
C6	K5	Capacitor, .01 mf, output grid	30-1262
C7	Q4	Capacitor, 220 mmf, output grid	30-1262-23
C8	Q2	Capacitor, .01 mf, output plate	30-1262
C9	L3	Capacitor, electrolytic (3 section) 20 mf, 25 mf, 30mf, +150VDC	30-2585-11
C10	N5	Capacitor, .047 mf line bypass	30-4650-45
R1	J2	Resistor, converter grid, 22,000 ohms	66-3228340
R2	B6	Resistor, I-F bias, 68 ohms	66-0688340
R3	E6	Resistor, AVC filter, 2.2 megohms	66-5228340

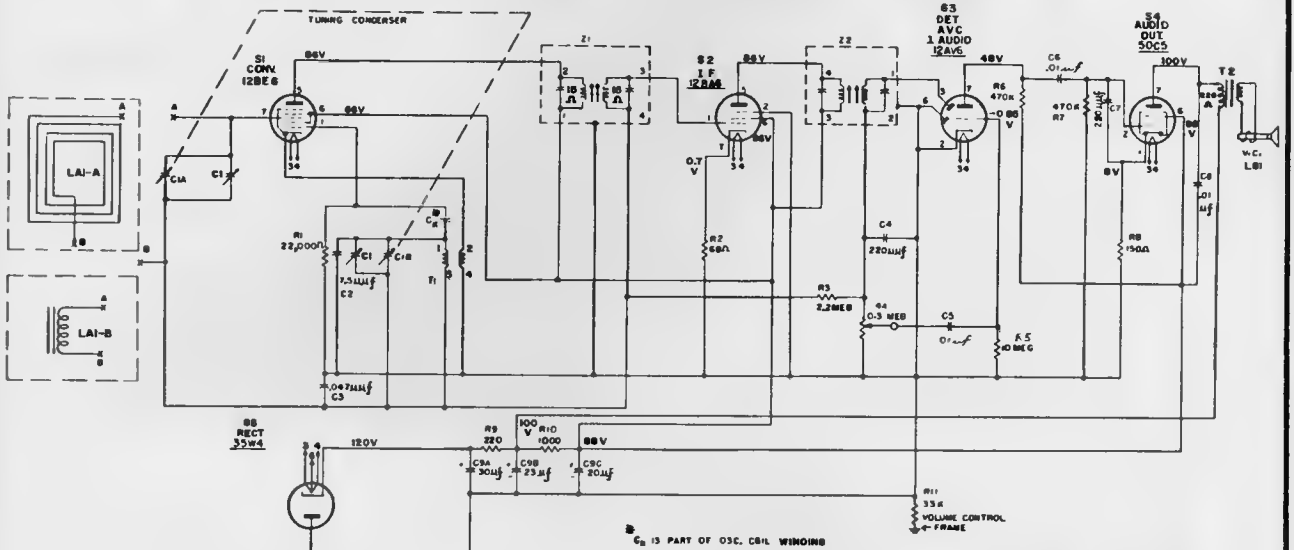
Sym- bol	Loca- tion	Description	Service Part No.
R4	Q6	Resistor, volume control, .5 megohms	
R5	H6	Resistor, 1st audio grid, 10 megohms	66-6108340
R6	K5	Resistor, 1st audio plate, 470,000 ohms	66-4478340
R7	L5	Resistor, audio output grid, 470,000 ohms	66-4478340
R8	R5	Resistor, audio output bias, 150 ohms	66-1158340
R9	M3	Resistor, B+ filter, 220 ohms, 1 watt	66-1224340
R10	L4	Resistor, B+ filter, 1000 ohms	66-2108340
R11	Q5	Resistor, isolation, 33,000 ohms	66-3338340
T1	J3	Transformer, osc.	32-4756-1
T2		Part of Speaker	32-8384-2
Z1	C2	Transformer, 1st I-F	32-4583-23
Z2	D6	Transformer, 2nd I-F	32-4583-23
G1		Contact Panel, antenna	28-12282

VOLUME R-21, MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED 1961 RADIO SERVICING INFORMATION

PHILCO Models J-769, J-772 thru J-775, J-838, J-840, J-842, etc., Continued



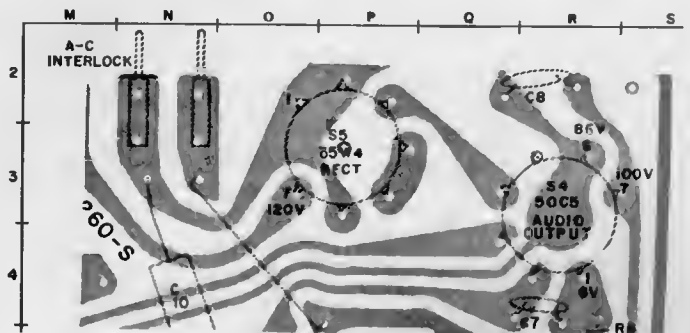
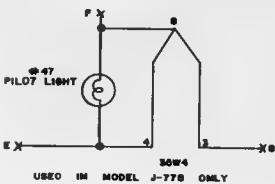
Bottom View of Perma Circuit Panel Component Layout Models J-772, J-773, J-774



MODEL	LA 1 Antenna	TIMER Switch
J-769-124	A	B
J-772-124	A	A
J-773-124	B	A
J-774-124	A	A
J-775-124	B	

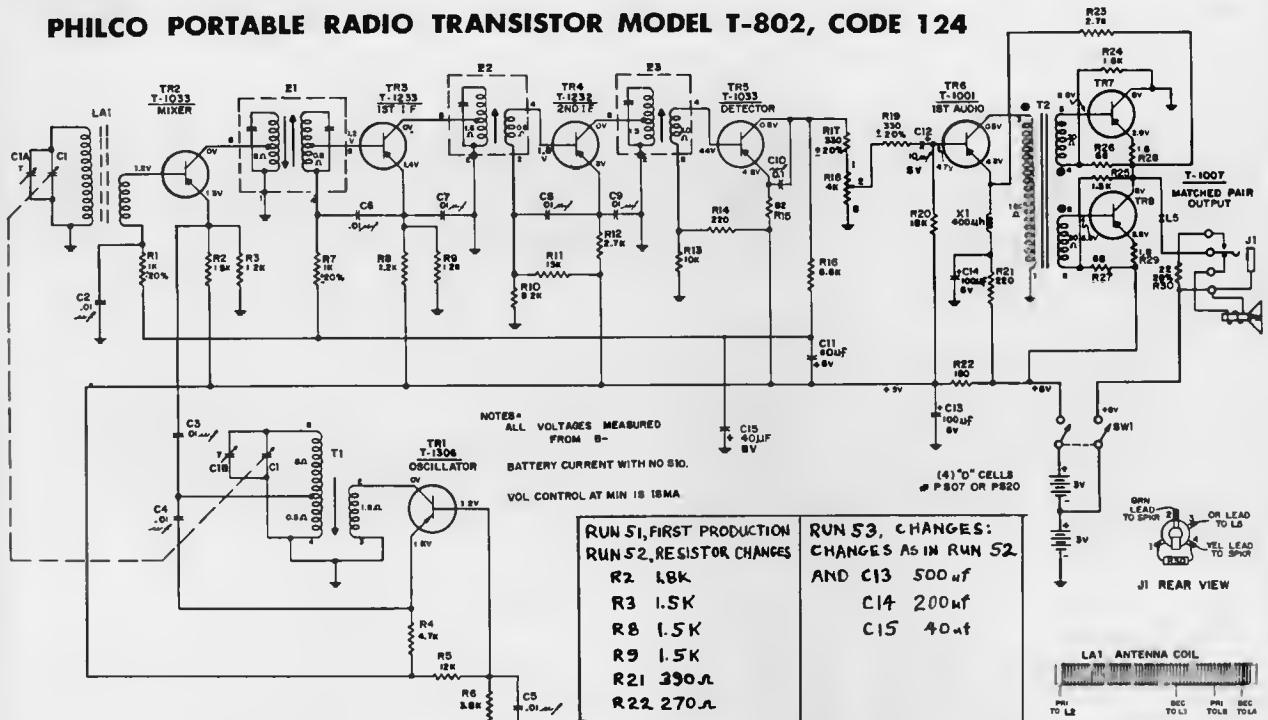
CIRCUIT DIFFERENCES FOR MODEL VARIATIONS

Schematic Diagram Model J-772



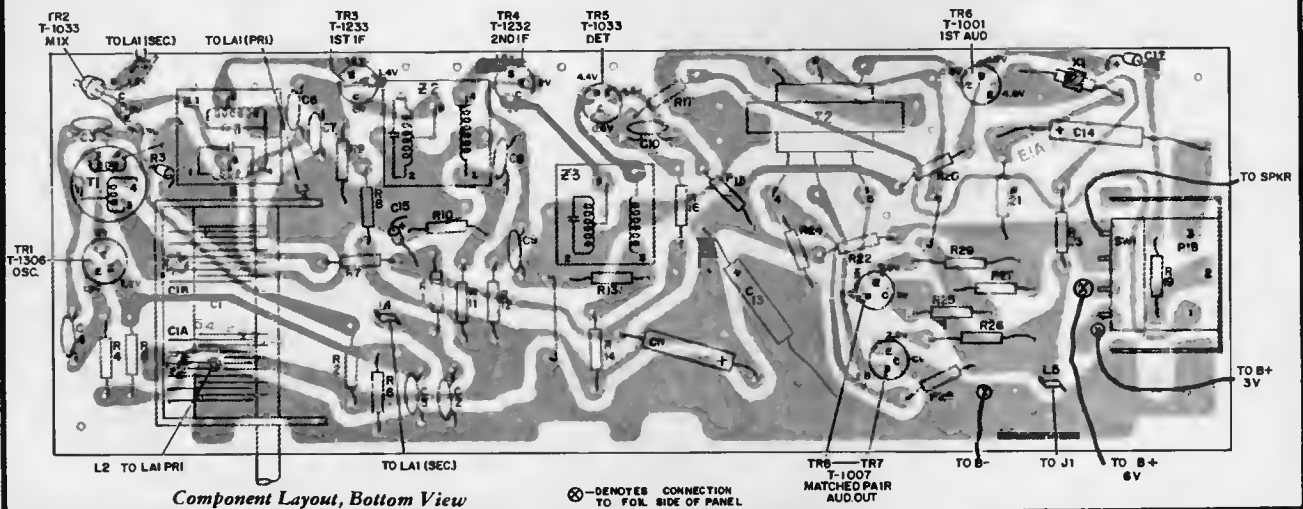
Bottom View, Partial Printed Panel Showing Models J-840, J-842, J-846. Foil Difference in Rect. Filament Circuit

PHILCO PORTABLE RADIO TRANSISTOR MODEL T-802, CODE 124



STEP	SIGNAL GENERATOR		RADIO		ADJUST
	CONNECTION TO RADIO	DIAL SETTING	DIAL SETTING	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS	
1	Connect signal generator through a .1-uf. condenser to ant. section of gang.	455 kc.	Tuning gang fully open.	Adjust for maximum output in order given.	Z3—3rd i-f pri. Z2—2nd i-f pri. Z1—bot. core Z1—top core
2	Use radiating loop. (See NOTE 1 below).	600 kc.	600 kc.	Adj. for maximum output. Rock tuning gang while making adj.	T1—osc. core
3	Same as step 2.	1620 kc.	1620 kc. (Tuning gang fully open)	Adjust for maximum output.	C1B—osc. trim.
4	Same as step 2.	1400 kc.	1400 kc.	Adjust for maximum output.	C1A—ant. trim.
5	Repeat steps 2, 3 and 4 until no further improvement is obtained. Always stop on step 4.				

NOTE 1. Use a 6-to-8-turn, 6-inch diameter loop made up of insulated wire. Connect to generator terminals, and place about one foot from radio loop.



**PHILCO PORTABLE RADIO TRANSISTOR MODEL T-901, CODE 124**

Reference Symbol	Location	Description	Reference Symbol	Location	Description	Reference Symbol	Location	Description
C1	—	Capacitor, variable, tuning	R6	B1	Resistor, 1.0K $\Omega$ , r-f amp. base	R33	J1	Resistor, 22 $\Omega$ , jack
C2	A6	Capacitor, .008 mfd, r-f base	R7	B5	Resistor, 47K $\Omega$ , mixer base	SW1	R21	Switch
C3	C8	Capacitor, .008 mfd, r-f emitter	R8	B2	Resistor, 39K $\Omega$ , mixer base	T1	E3	XFMR, osc.
C4	F7	Capacitor, .008 mfd, osc. emitter	R9	D5	Resistor, 3.3K $\Omega$ , mixer emitter	T2	N7	XFMR, aud. out.
C5	F6	Capacitor, .008 mfd, osc. base	R10	A3	Resistor, 1.0K $\Omega$ , 1st i-f base	TR1	A7	Transistor, r-f amp., T-1233
C6	B5	Capacitor, .008 mfd, mixer base	R11*	E3	Resistor, 1.2K $\Omega$ , 1st i-f emit.	TR2	F7	Transistor, osc., T-1306
C7	D7	Capacitor, .008 mfd, mixer emitter	R12*	E1	Resistor, 1.2K $\Omega$ , 1st i-f emit.	TR3	D5	Transistor, mixer, T-1033
C8	E3	Capacitor, .008 mfd, 1st i-f	R13	F5	Resistor, 8.2K $\Omega$ , 2nd i-f base	TR4	D1	Transistor, 1st i-f, T-1233
C9	E1	Capacitor, .008 mfd, 1st i-f	R14	F5	Resistor, 1.5K $\Omega$ , 2nd i-f base	TR5	H3	Transistor, 2nd i-f, T-1232
C10	F5	Capacitor, .008 mfd, 2nd i-f	R15	H5	Resistor, 2.7K $\Omega$ , 2nd i-f emit.	TR6	H5	Transistor, det., T-1033
C11	H2	Capacitor, .008 mfd, 2nd i-f	R16	M4	Resistor, 10K $\Omega$ , 2nd det. base	TR7	L7	Transistor, aud. drive, T-1001
C12	K5	Capacitor, .008 mfd, det. base	R17	M4	Resistor, 330 $\Omega$ , 2nd det. base	TR8**	R9	Transistor, aud. out., T-1007
C13	J6	Capacitor, .025 mfd, det. collector	R18	K5	Resistor, 82 $\Omega$ , 2nd det. emit.	TR9**	R8	Transistor, aud. out., T-1007
C14	G9	Capacitor, .1 mfd, volume control	R19	J6	Resistor, 6.8K $\Omega$ , 2nd det. col.	X1	K7	Choke, 400 $\mu$ h
C15	L6	Capacitor, 40 mfd, AVC filter	R20	H7	Resistor, 330 $\Omega$ , 2nd det. col.	Z1	B6	Transformer, R-F transistor
C16*	M5	Capacitor, 40 mfd, AVC filter	R21	—	Resistor, 4K $\Omega$ , var. vol. control	Z2	B3	Transformer, 1st I-F
C17	L8	Capacitor, 10 mfd, Audio coupling	R22	L9	Resistor, 330 $\Omega$ , driver input filter	Z3	F3	Transformer, 2nd I-F
C18A*	N5	Capacitor, 200 mfd, B+ filter	R23*	M6	Resistor, 3.9K $\Omega$ , aud. driver base	Z4	J3	Transformer, 3rd I-F
C18B*	N5	Capacitor, 100 mfd, driver emitter	R24*	Q3	Resistor, 120 $\Omega$ , B+ filter			
J1	Case	Jack, listening	R25*	Q4	Resistor, 220 $\Omega$ , aud. driver emit.			
LA1	Case	Antenna coil	R26	Q8	Resistor, 2.7K $\Omega$ , aud. feed-back			
LS1	Case	Speaker, 12 $\Omega$ V.C., 4 inch	R27	P3	Resistor, 1.5K $\Omega$ , aud. collector			
R1	G8	Resistor, 1.5K $\Omega$ , r-f amp. emit.	R28	R5	Resistor, 1.5K $\Omega$ , aud. output col.			
R2*	C9	Resistor, 1.5K $\Omega$ , r-f amp. emit.	R29	Q5	Resistor, 68 $\Omega$ , TR8 base			
R3	C8	Resistor, 4.7K $\Omega$ , osc. emit.	R30	S3	Resistor, 68 $\Omega$ , TR9 base			
R4	H8	Resistor, 12K $\Omega$ , osc. base	R31	S6	Resistor, 1.8 $\Omega$ , TR8 emitter			
R5	H6	Resistor, 3.9 K $\Omega$ , osc. base	R32	R5	Resistor, 1.8 $\Omega$ , TR9 emitter			

\* RUN 2—CHANGE INFORMATION

C16—deleted	R12—1.5K $\Omega$
C18A—400 mfd	R23—12K $\Omega$
C18B—300 mfd	R24—270 $\Omega$
R2—1.8K $\Omega$	R25—390 $\Omega$
R11—1.5K $\Omega$	

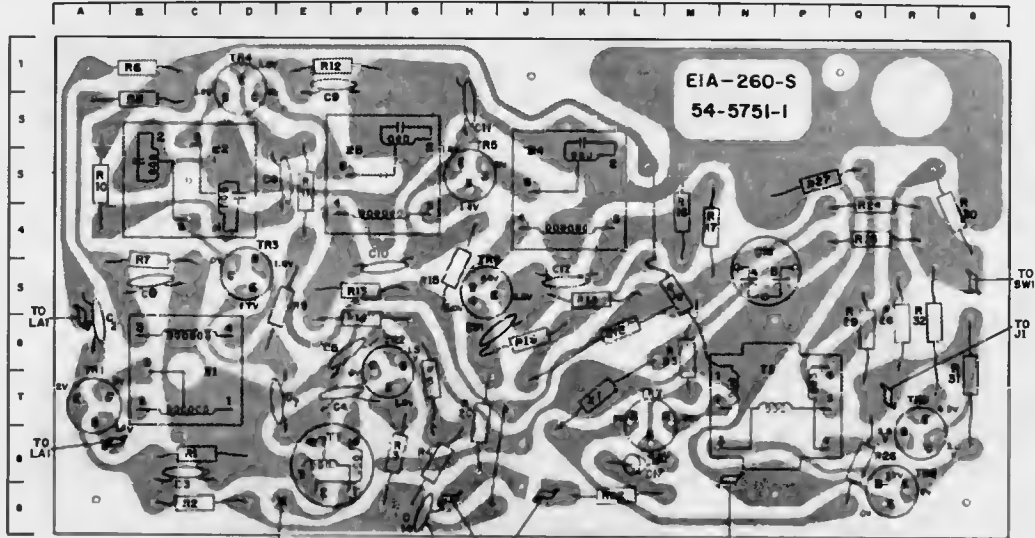
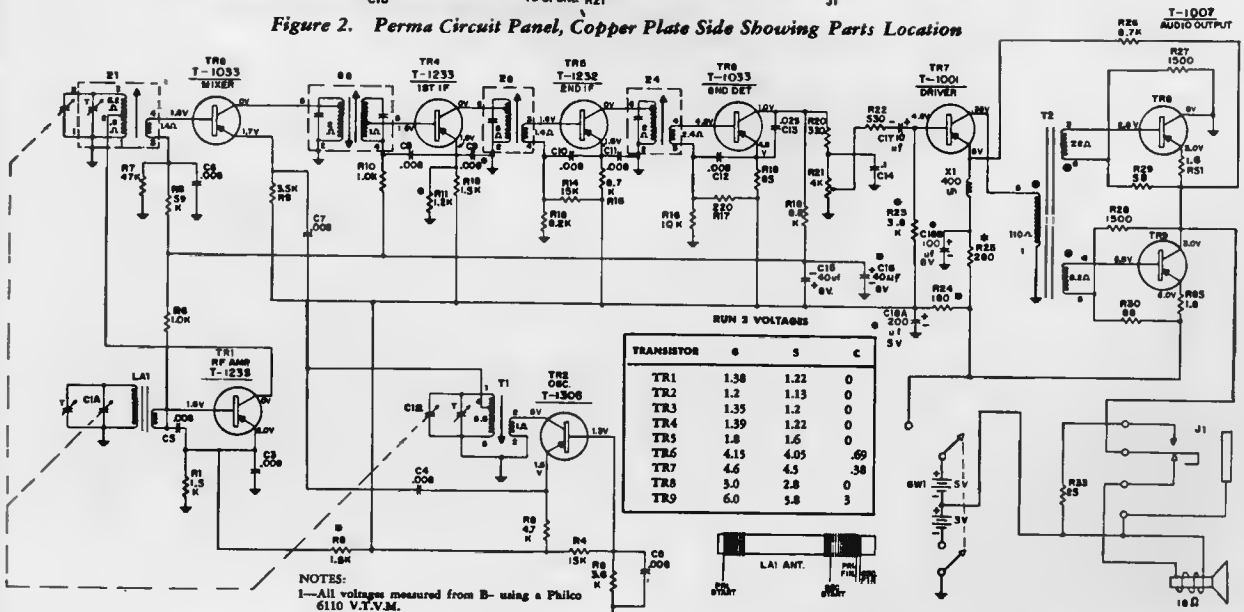


Figure 2. Perma Circuit Panel, Copper Plate Side Showing Parts Location



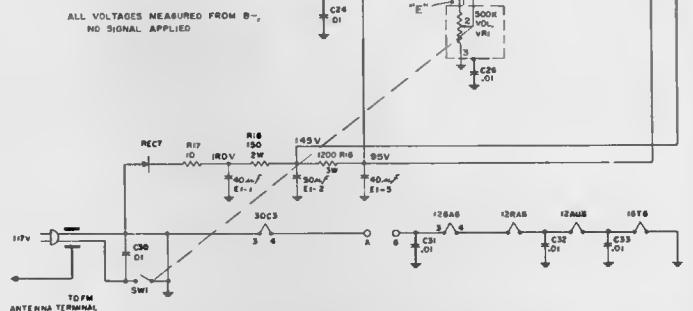
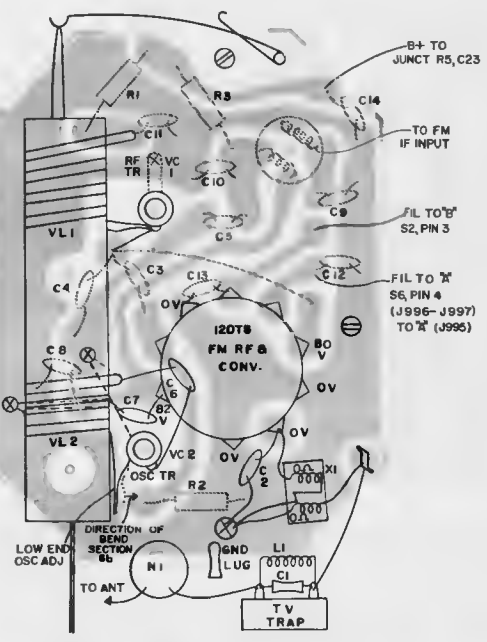
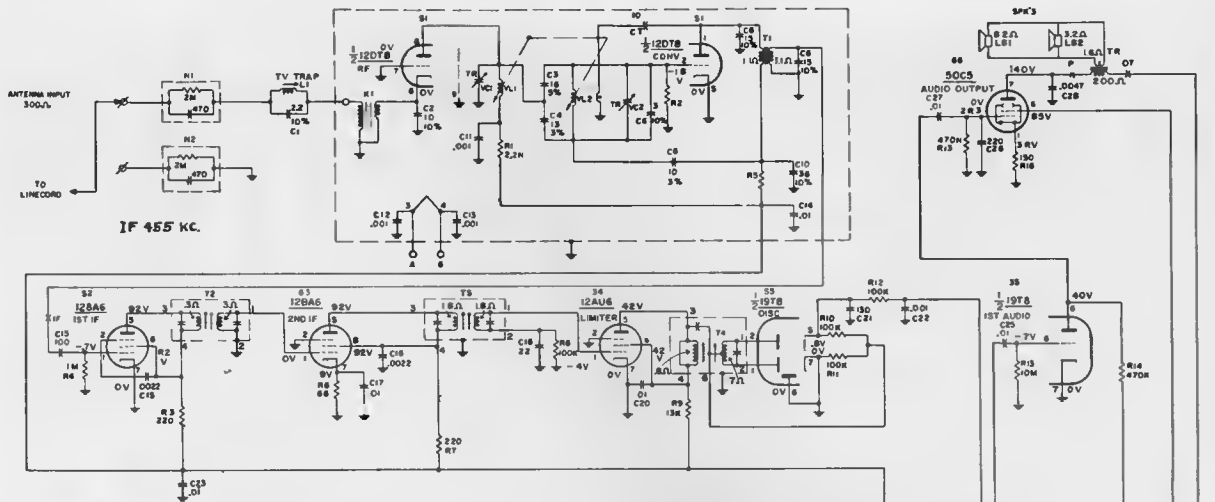
Schematic Diagram

NOTES:  
 1—All voltages measured from B— using a Philco 6110 V.T.V.M.  
 2—Components marked with an asterisk have been changed in run 2. See the voltage chart for these sets. Voltages indicated on this schematic are correct for Run 1 set only.

3—Total set current drain measured across SW1 between B— and ground is as follows:  
 Run 1 sets—13ma.  
 Run 2 sets—13ma.

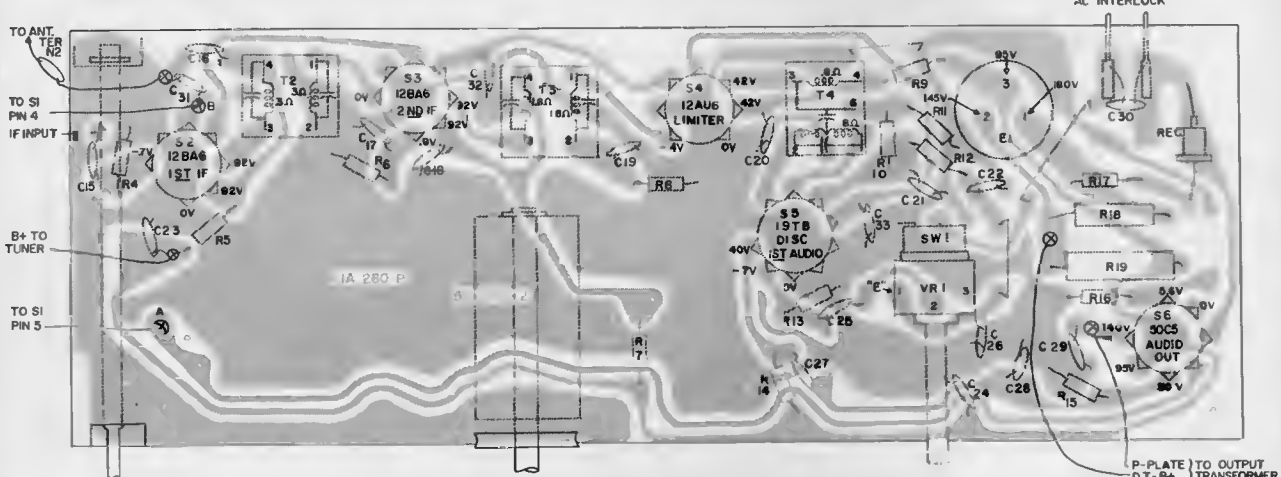
I. F. 455 KC.

PHILCO FM MODEL J-995



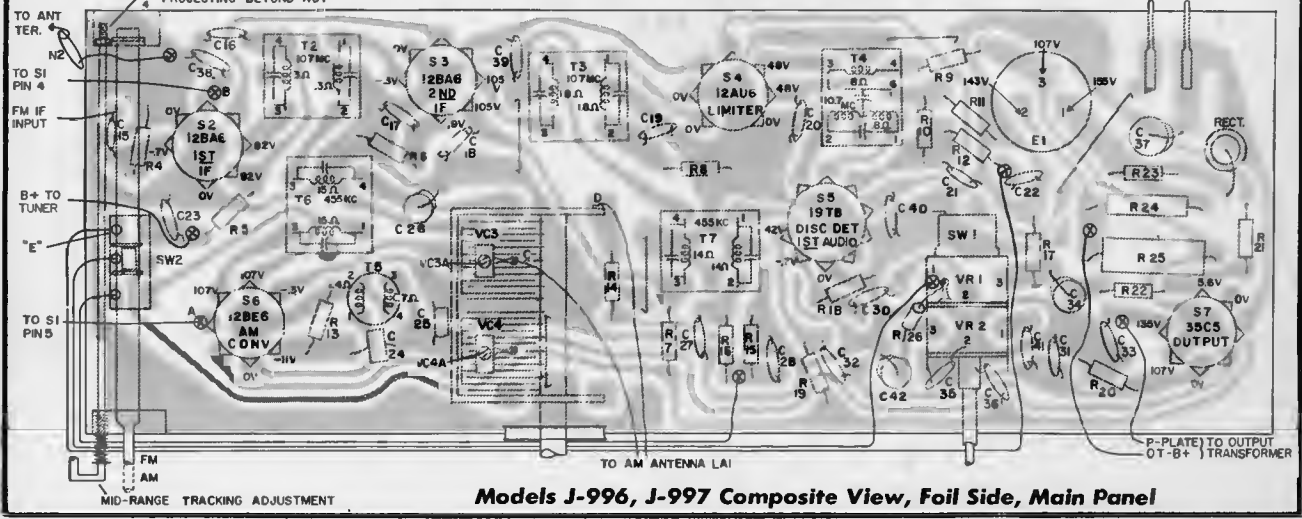
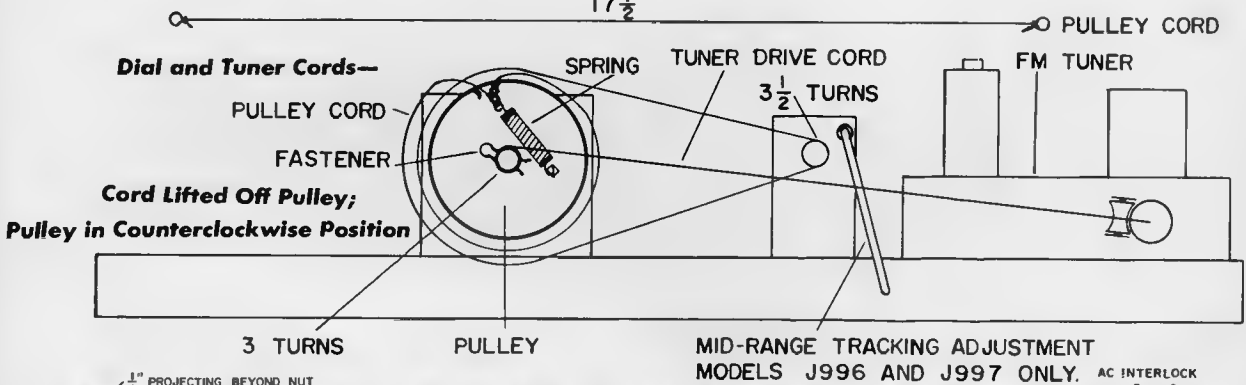
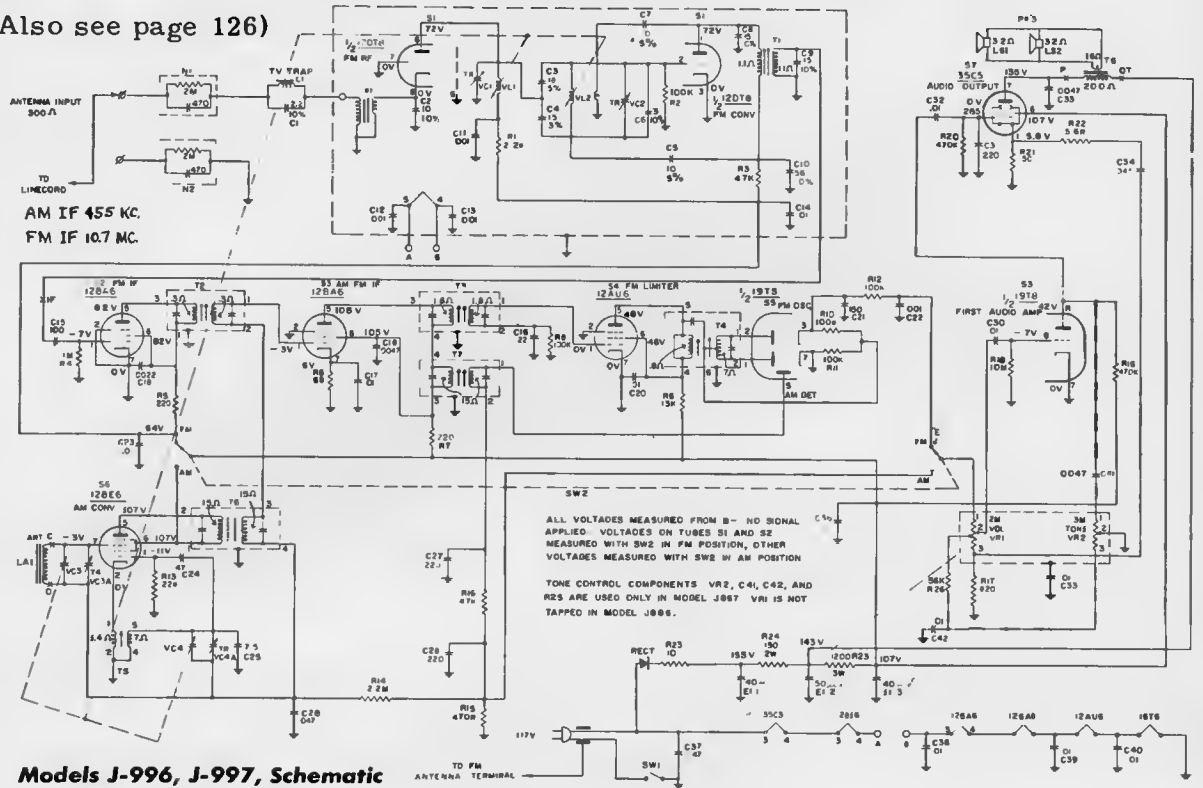
**FM tuner disassembly.** Remove chassis from cabinet and place foil side up, tuner toward left. Remove bottom shield from tuner between two screws located at left edge of shield and screw located under left lug of antenna terminal board (remove terminal board mounting screw first). Loosen screw located near antenna terminal board and remaining tuner mounting screw located near left front corner of main panel. Slide shield to left far enough to clear wires and screws. Retighten remaining tuner mounting screws. The perma-circuit wiring panel can now be removed. To do so, remove screw holding TV trap mounting board. Disconnect ground lug from panel and the tuner drive cord from the pulley shaft. Remove screws holding panel in housing. The panel may now be lifted up and out of the tuner housing.

( For dial stringing see page 127)



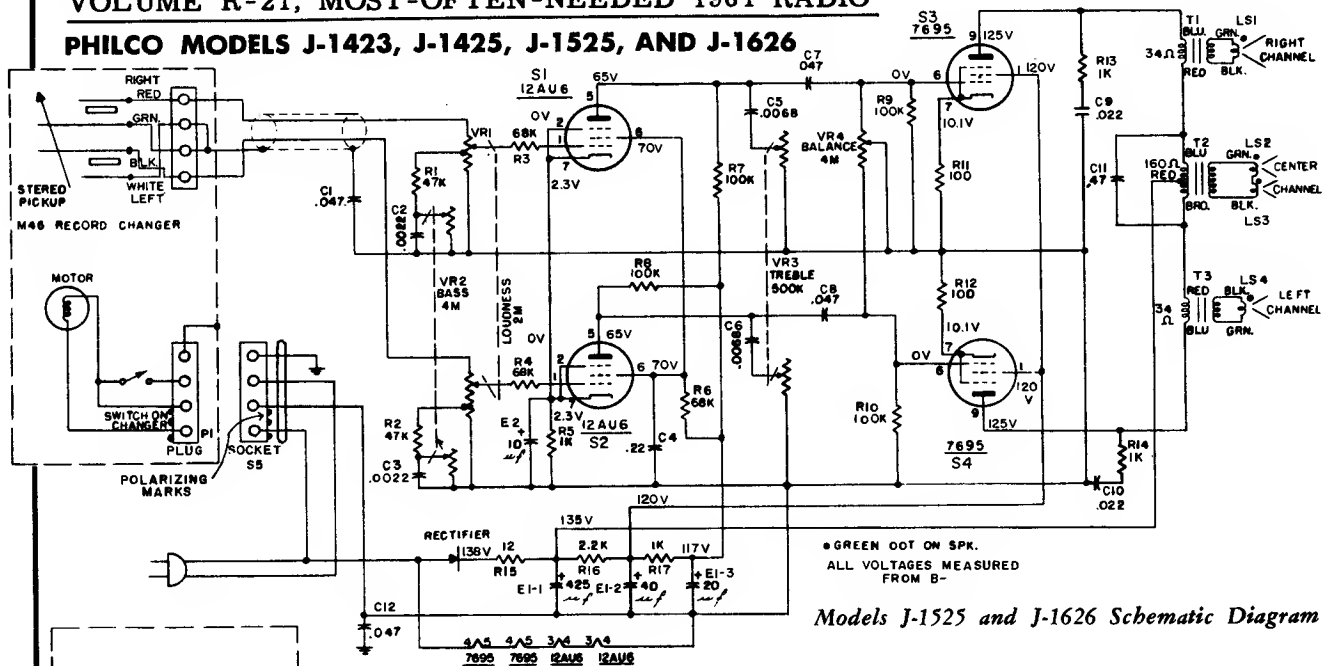
PHILCO AM/FM MODELS J-996, J-997

(Also see page 126)

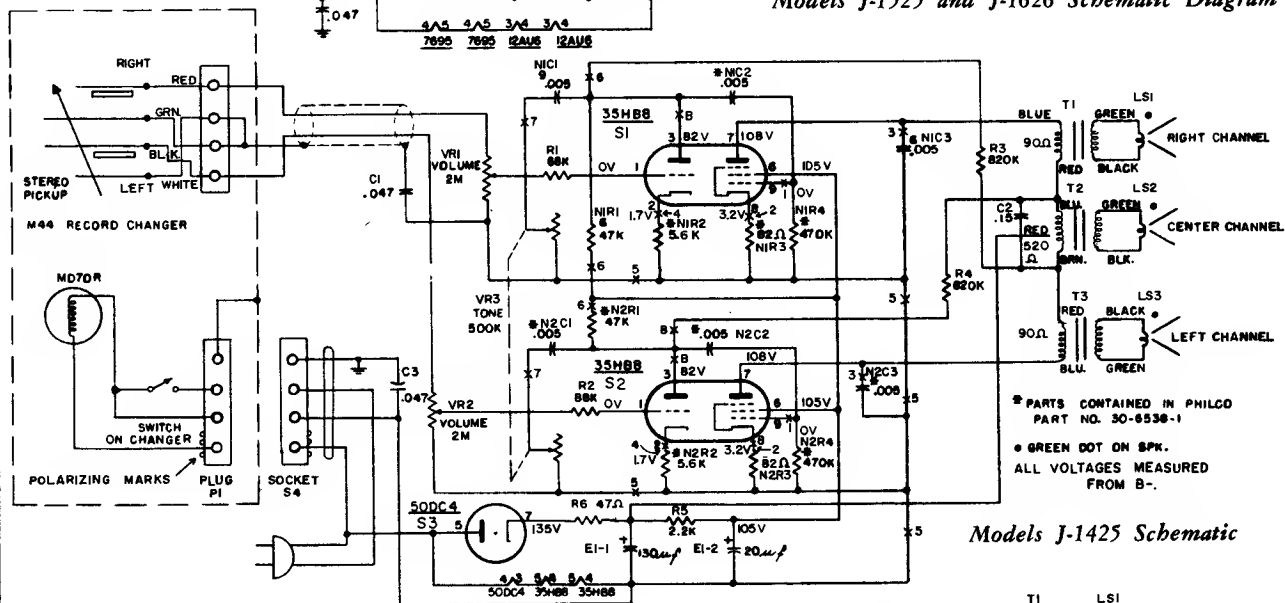


# VOLUME R-21, MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED 1961 RADIO

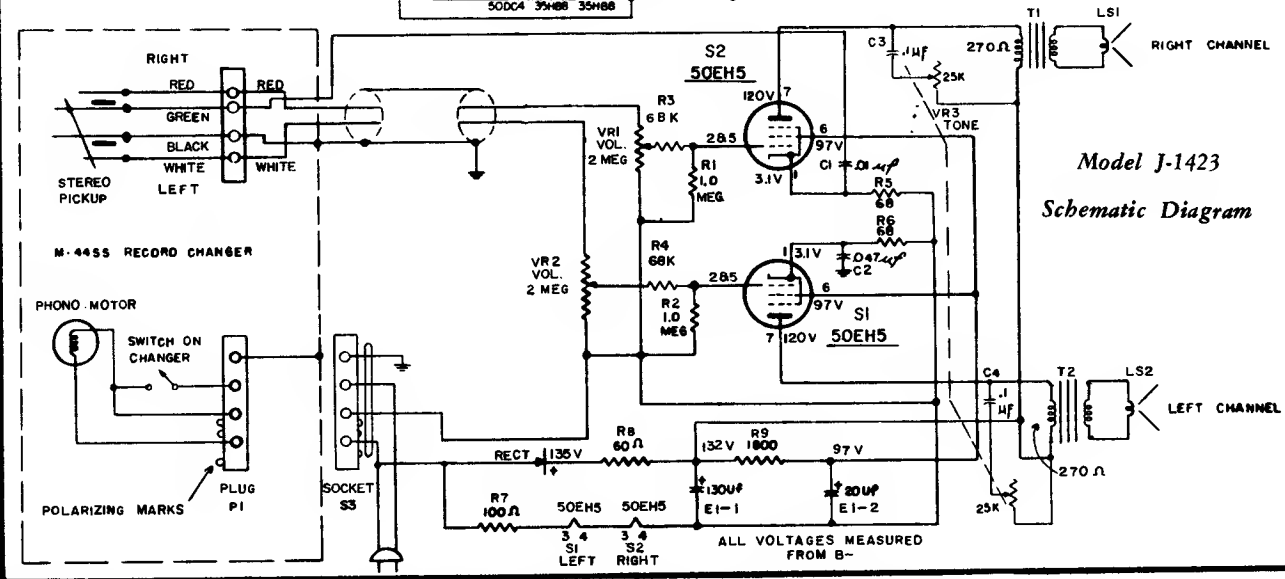
## PHILCO MODELS J-1423, J-1425, J-1525, AND J-1626



Models J-1525 and J-1626 Schematic Diagram



Models J-1425 Schematic



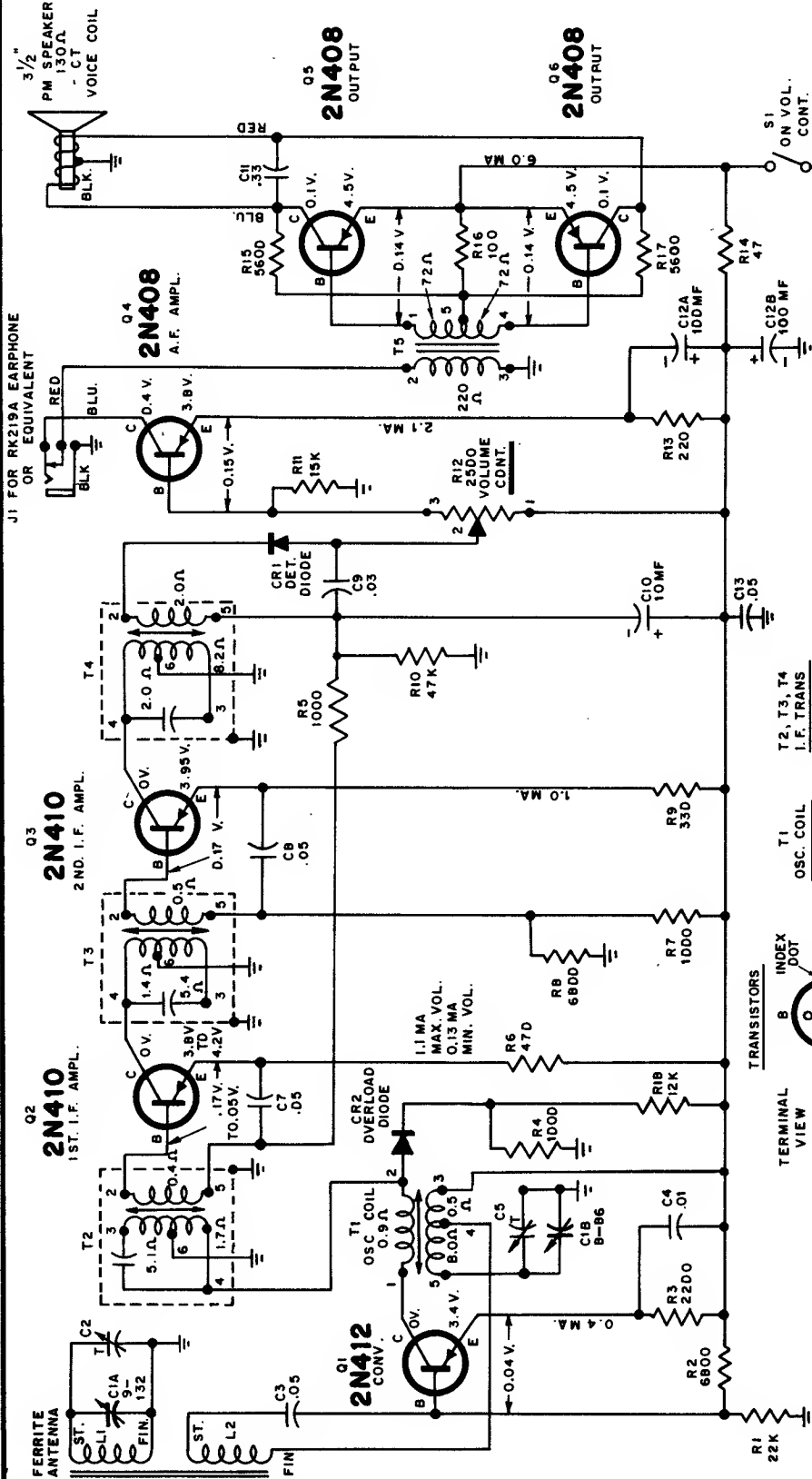
Model J-1423 Schematic Diagram



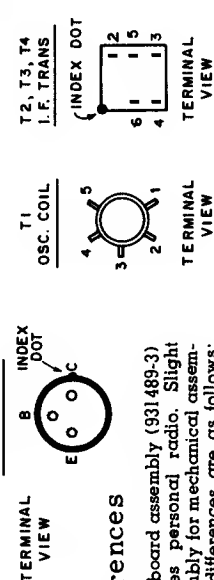


# RCA VICTOR

1-T-1, 1-T-2 Series, and Models 1-T-3, 1-TC-4  
 Chassis RC-1200 and RC-1200A  
 (Continued on the next page)



VOLTAGES MEASURED WITH "VOLTOHMYST"  
 FROM (-) BATTERY SHOULD HOLD WITHIN  
 +20% WITH NEW BATTERY, VOLUME CON-  
 TROL AT MINIMUM AND NO SIGNAL.  
 K=1000. ALL RESISTANCE VALUES LESS THAN 1.0 ARE IN  
 MF, THOSE ABOVE 1.0 ARE IN MMF EXCEPT AS NOTED.

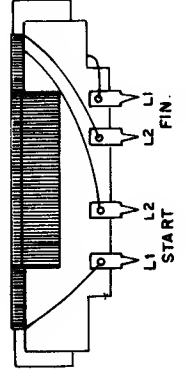


### Model 1-T-4 Differences

Model 1-TC-4 uses the same circuit board assembly (931489-3) previously used in the 1-T-2 Series personal radio. Slight modifications were made in this assembly for mechanical assembly and for clock operation. Major differences are as follows:

1. The battery contacts are attached to the bottom cover and not to the chassis.
2. There is no earphone jack.
3. The antenna is mounted on a fiber plate and is parallel to the lengthwise dimension of the chassis.
4. The switch on the volume control is a double-pole single-throw type and is used to select either RADIO or ALARM mode of operation. At maximum counterclockwise rotation S1A is open and S1B is closed. With the volume control in this position and the radio energized, audio regeneration occurs and a buzzing noise is reproduced by the speaker.

BATTERY CURRENT vs. OUTPUT	
Output Voltage Across Speaker (Blue to Red)	Approximate Battery Current
0	11 ma
1.14 r.m.s. — 3.2 p-p	24 ma
1.8 r.m.s. — 5.0 p-p	32 ma
2.5 r.m.s. — 7.0 p-p	42 ma
3.9 r.m.s. — 10.9 p-p	68 ma



# RCA VICTOR

(Continued from preceding page)

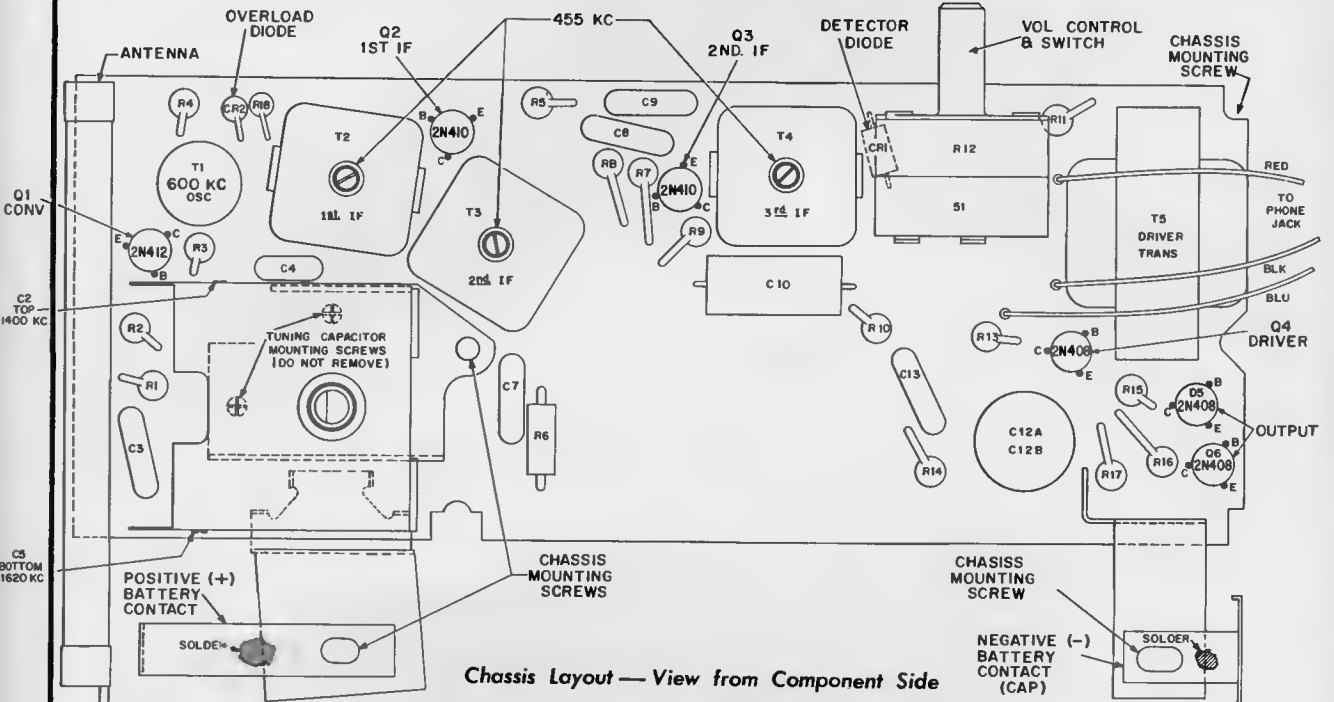
# 1-T-1 SERIES

Chassis No. RC-1200

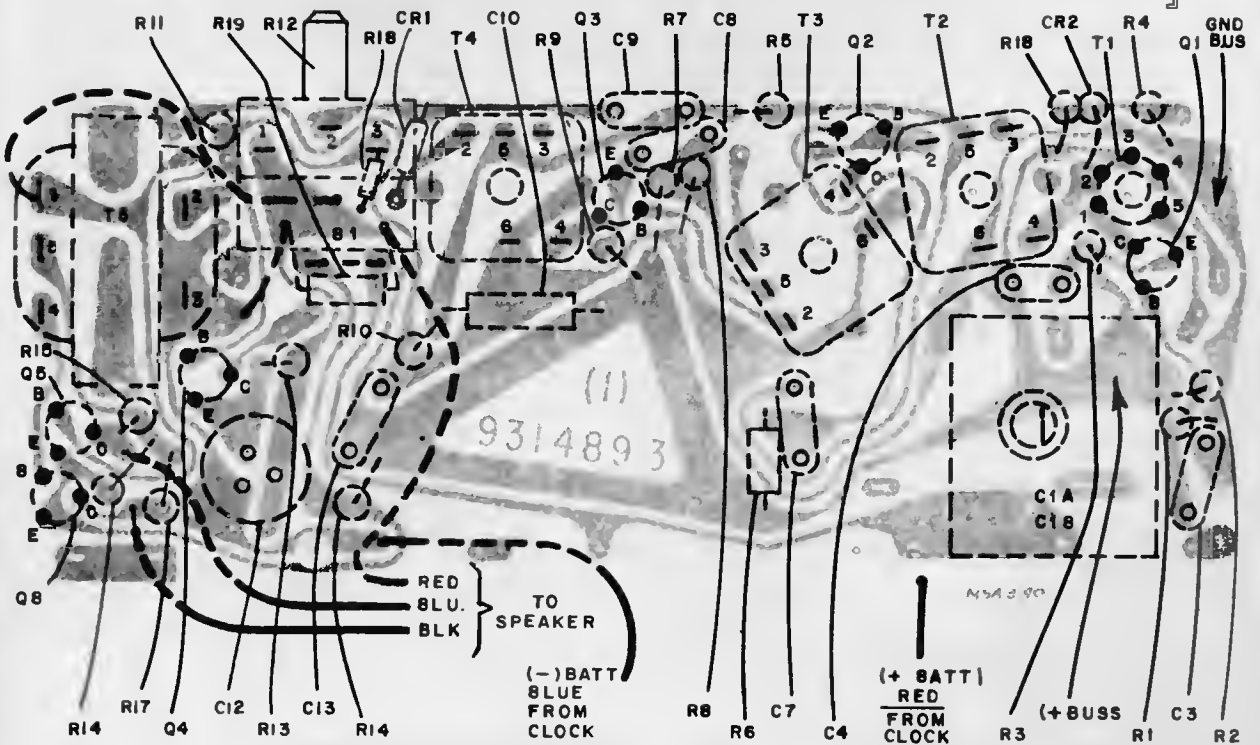
# 1-T-2 SERIES, MODEL 1-T-3 1-TC-4

Chassis No. RC-1200A

Circuit Board No. 931489-3



Chassis Layout — View from Component Side



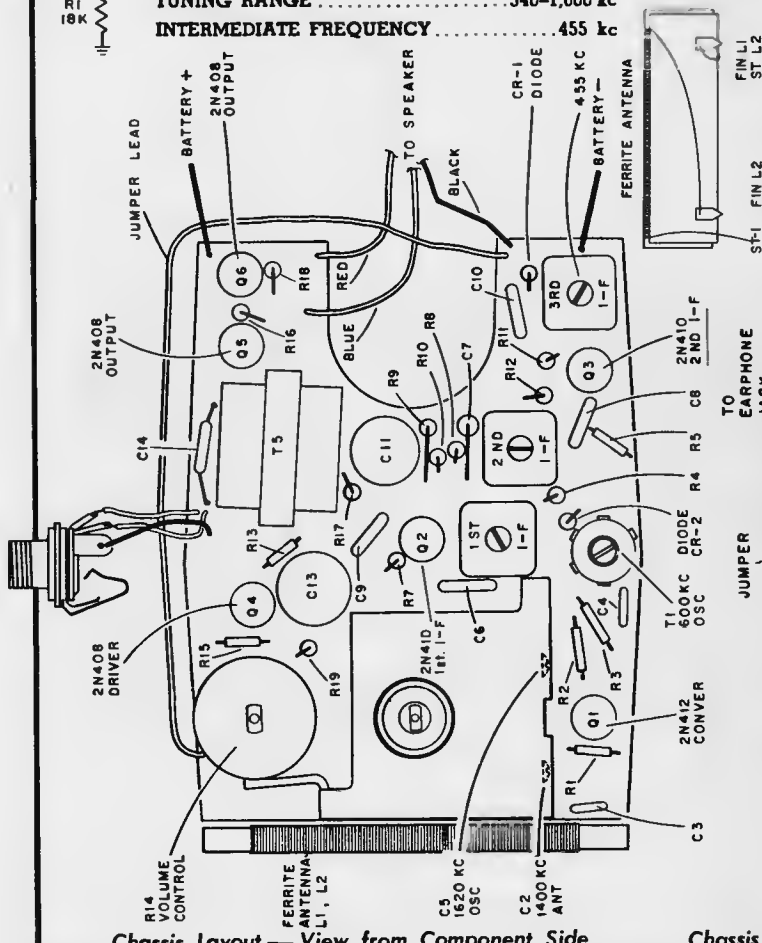
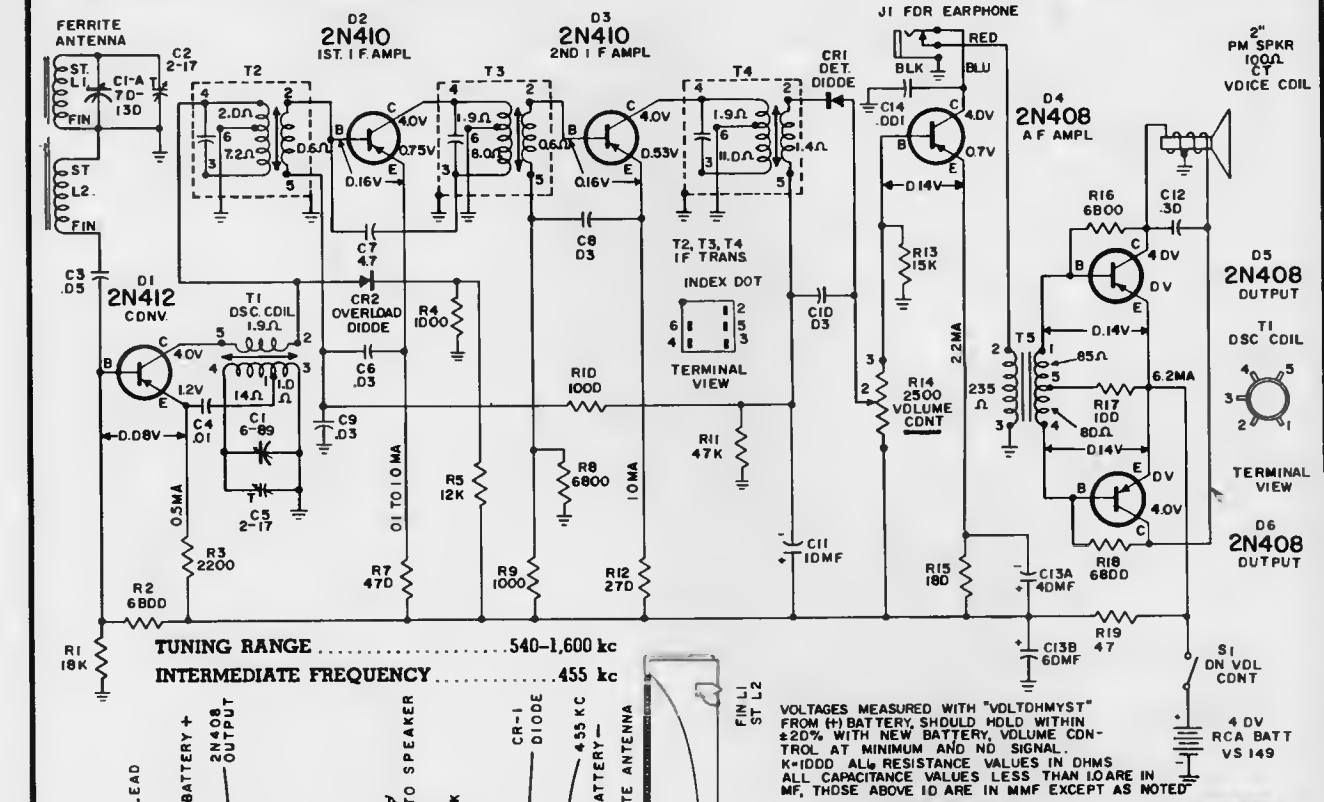
Chassis Wiring and Components — View from Wiring Side

# RCA VICTOR

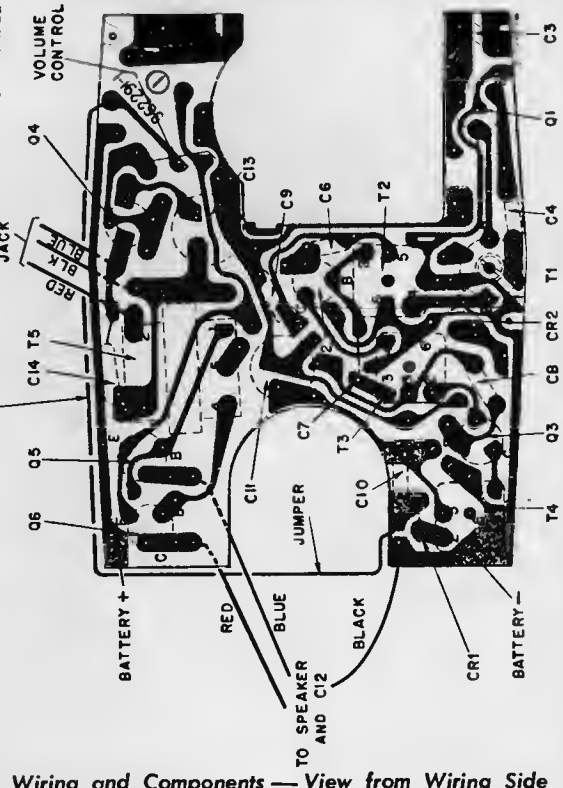
(For later type see next page)

## 1-TP-1 SERIES, 1-TP-2 SERIES

Chassis No. RC-1199  
RC-1199-A  
Circuit Board No. 962291-1



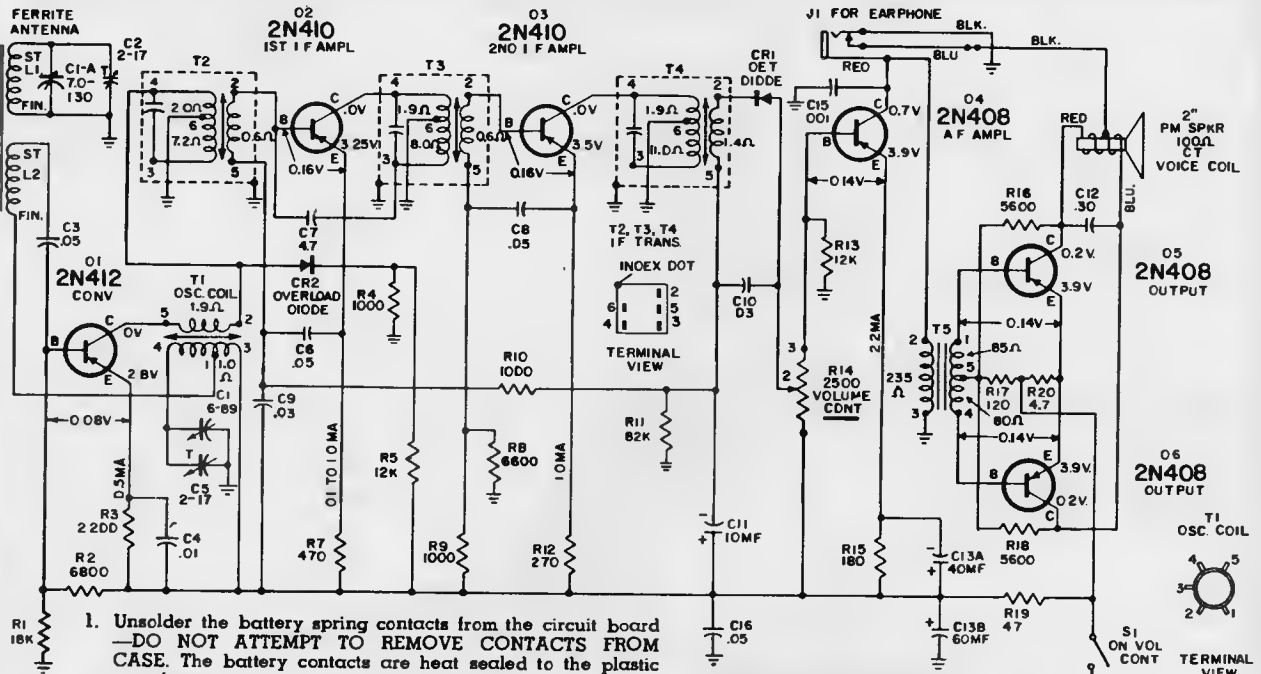
Chassis Layout — View from Component Side



Chassis Wiring and Components — View from Wiring Side

# RCA VICTOR 1-TP-1 SERIES

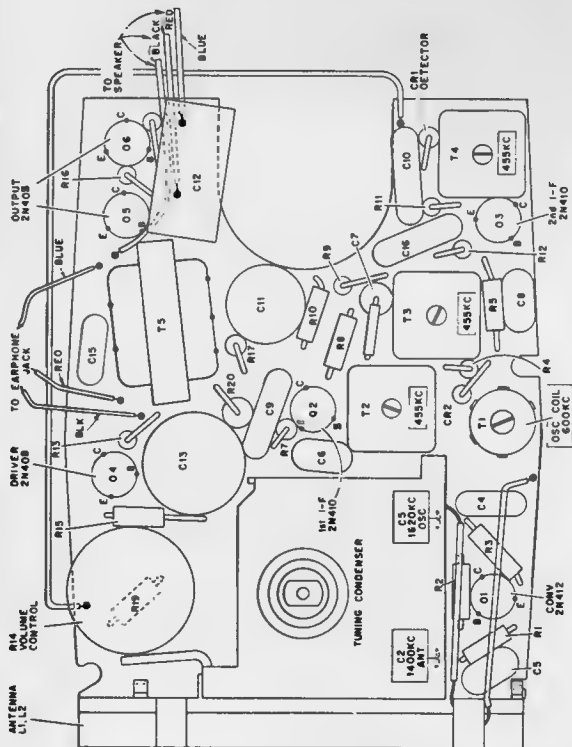
Chassis No. RC-1199B  
Circuit Board No. 962537-1



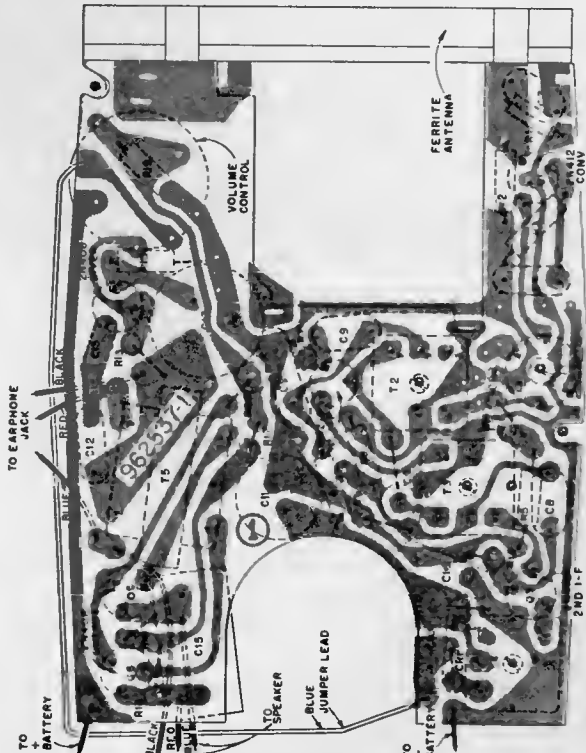
1. Unsolder the battery spring contacts from the circuit board — DO NOT ATTEMPT TO REMOVE CONTACTS FROM CASE. The battery contacts are heat sealed to the plastic case front.
2. Unsolder the three leads from the speaker terminals. The chassis may be serviced without disconnecting it from the speaker.
3. On the 1-TP-1 Series only, pull the dial knob off the tuning condenser shaft.
4. Remove the knurled nut holding the earphone jack to the case.

VOLTAGES MEASURED WITH "VOLTOHMYST" FROM (-) BATTERY (+), SHOULD HOLD WITHIN ±20% WITH NEW BATTERY, VOLUME CONTROL AT MINIMUM AND NO SIGNAL.  
K-1000 ALL RESISTANCE VALUES IN OHMS  
ALL CAPACITANCE VALUES LESS THAN 10 ARE IN MF, THOSE ABOVE 10 ARE IN MMF EXCEPT AS NOTED

5. Remove the two screws holding the circuit board to the case and lift chassis from the case.



Chassis Layout — View from Component Side



Wiring and Components — View from Wiring Side

The assembly represented above is viewed from the wiring side of the board. The printed wiring, on the near side of the board, is presented in "phantom" view superimposed on the component layout of the reverse side.

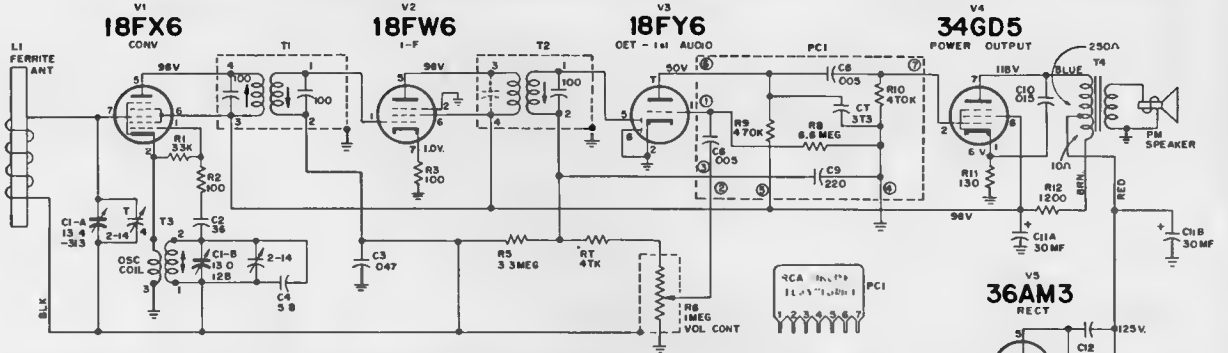
RCA

1-X-2 SERIES, 1-X-3 SERIES

Chassis No. RC-1202A, RC-1202B

1-X-4 SERIES

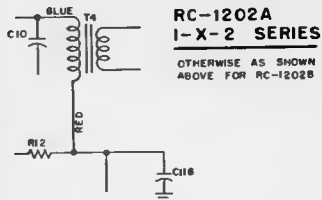
Chassis No. RC-1202C



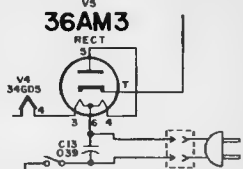
RC-1202 B  
1-X-3 SERIES

K-1000  
ALL RESISTANCE VALUES IN OHMS. ALL CAPACITANCE VALUES LESS THAN 1.0 IN MF. VALUES ABOVE 1.0 IN MMF UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED.

VOLTAGES MEASURED TO COMMON NEGATIVE (⊖) WITH "VOLTOHMYST" AND SHOULD HOLD WITHIN ±20% WITH IT VOLT INPUT

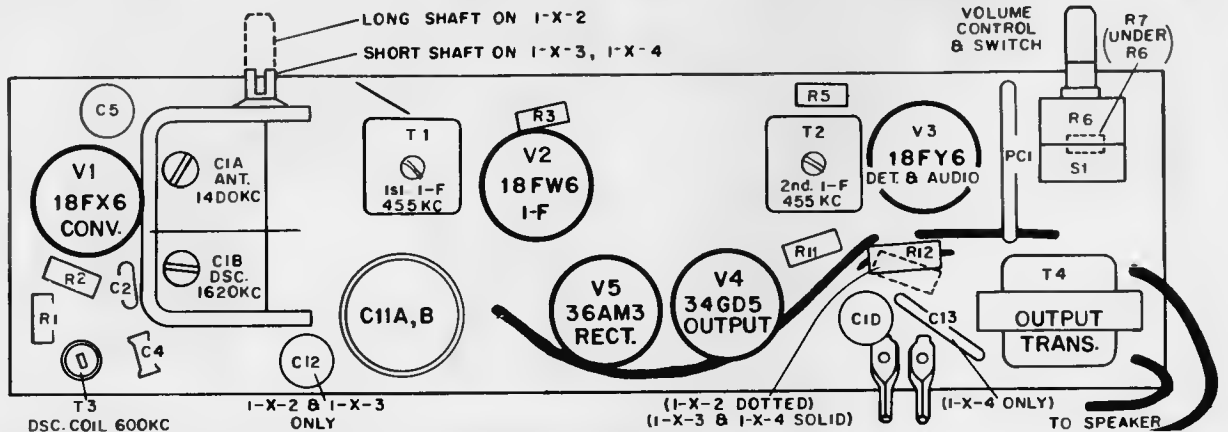
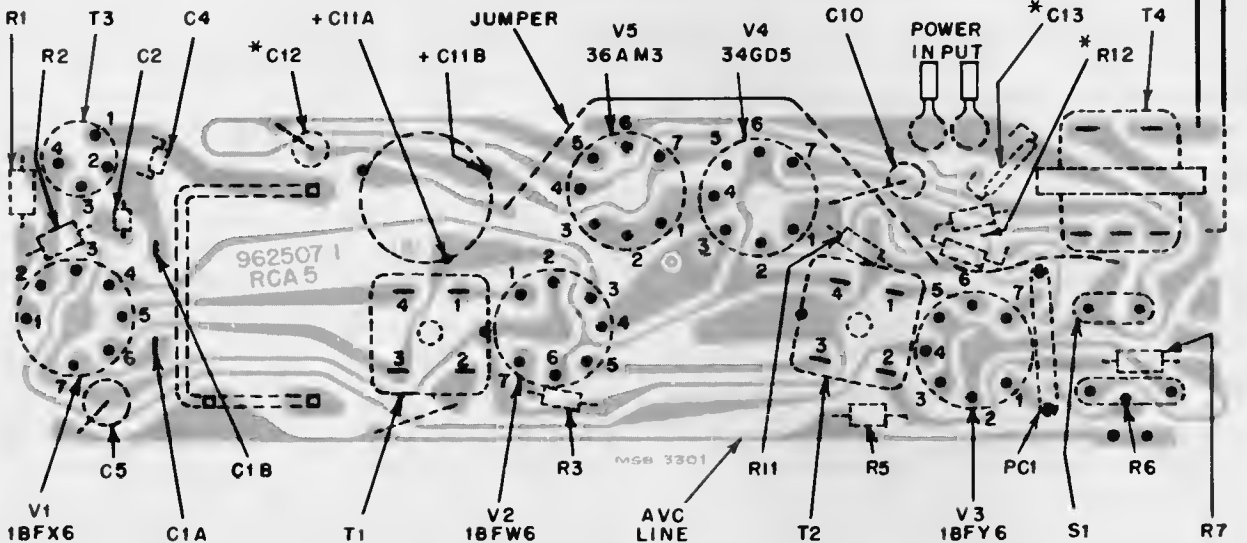


RC-1202A  
1-X-2 SERIES  
OTHERWISE AS SHOWN ABOVE FOR RC-1202B



RC-1202C  
1-X-4 SERIES  
OTHERWISE AS SHOWN ABOVE FOR RC-1202B EXCEPT  
C1-A IS 15 2-39B  
C1-B IS 11 2-116  
C1B IS TO MF  
C12 IS NOT USED

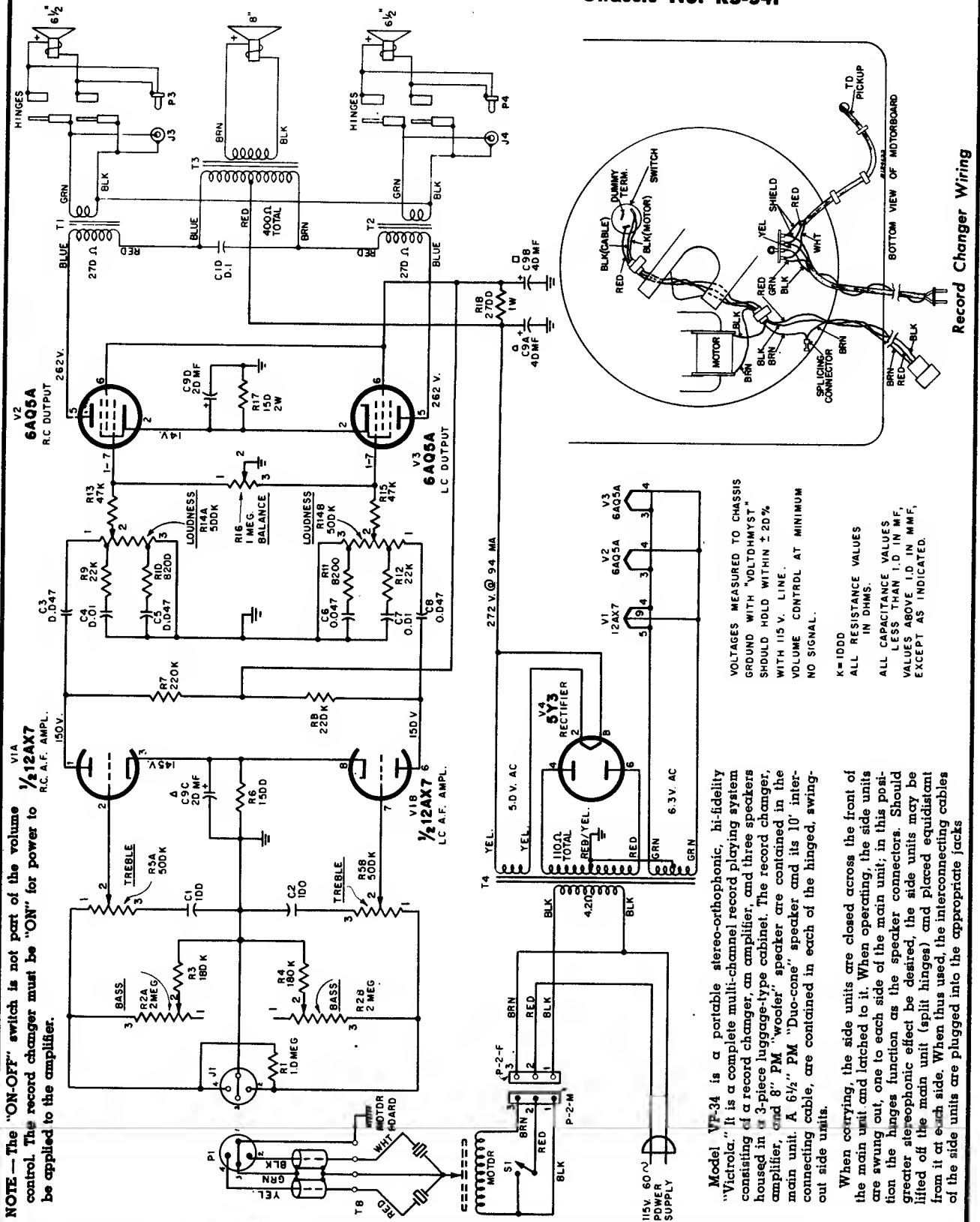
\* C12 USED IN 1-X-2 & 1-X-3  
C13 USED IN 1-X-4  
TWO POSITIONS SHOWN FOR R12



# RCA VICTOR

## VP-34 SERIES

Chassis No. RS-34P



**NOTE**—The "ON-OFF" switch is not part of the volume control. The record changer must be "ON" for power to be applied to the amplifier.

VOLTAGES MEASURED TO CHASSIS GROUND WITH "VOLTHYST" SHOULD HOLD WITHIN  $\pm 2\%$  WITH 115 V. LINE. VOLUME CONTROL AT MINIMUM NO SIGNAL.

K=1000  
ALL RESISTANCE VALUES IN OHMS.  
ALL CAPACITANCE VALUES LESS THAN 1.0 IN MF, VALUES ABOVE 1.0 IN M.M.F., EXCEPT AS INDICATED.

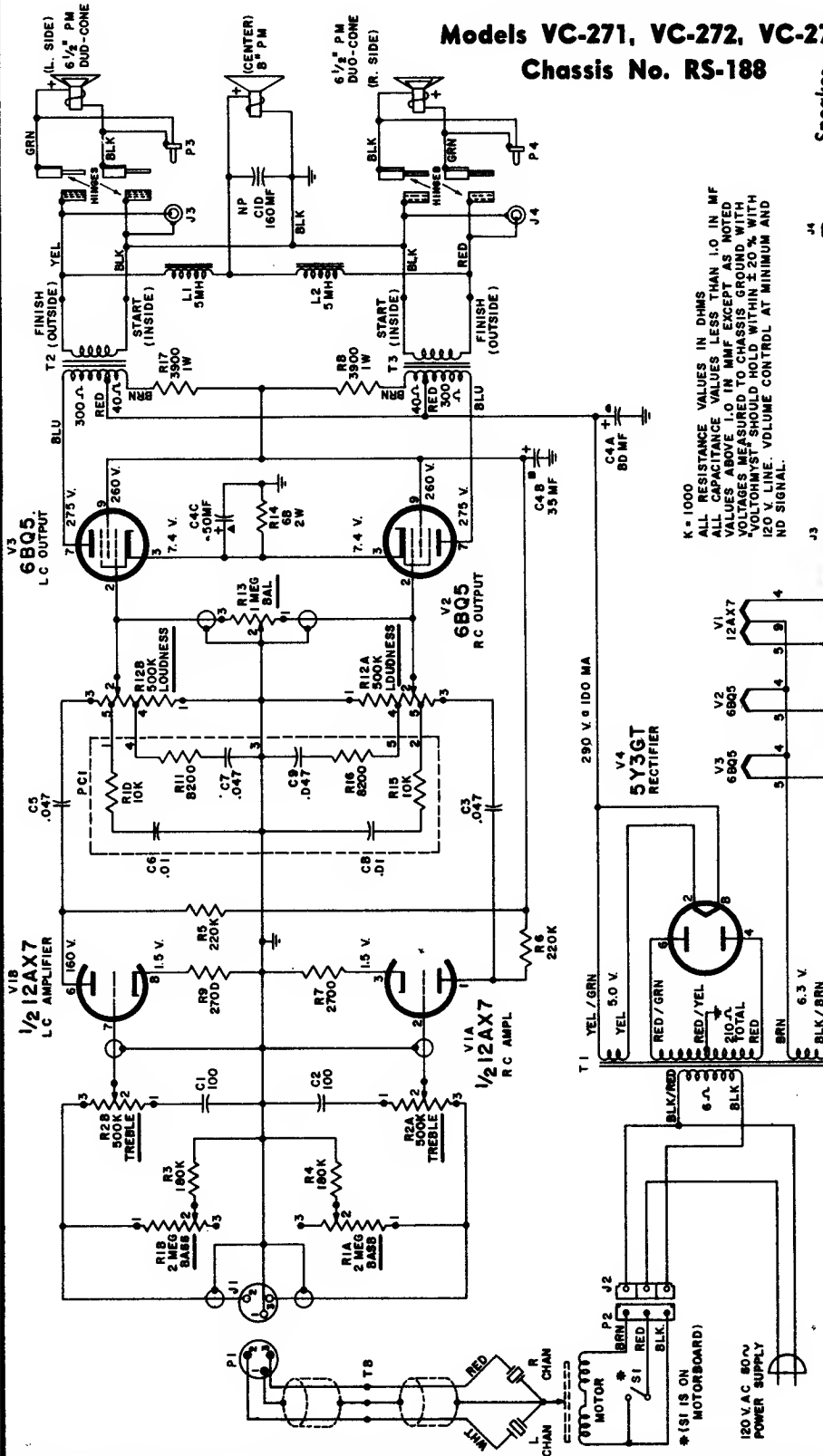
Model VP-34 is a portable stereo-orthophonic, hi-fidelity "Victrola." It is a complete multi-channel record playing system consisting of a record changer, an amplifier, and three speakers housed in a 3-piece luggage-type cabinet. The record changer, amplifier, and 8" PM "woofer" speaker are contained in the main unit. A 6½" PM "Duo-cone" speaker and its 10' interconnecting cable, are contained in each of the hinged, swing-out side units.

When carrying, the side units are closed across the front of the main unit and latched to it. When operating, the side units are swung out, one to each side of the main unit; in this position the hinges function as the speaker connectors. Should greater stereophonic effect be desired, the side units may be lifted off the main unit (split hinges) and placed equidistant from it at each side. When thus used, the interconnecting cables of the side units are plugged into the appropriate jacks

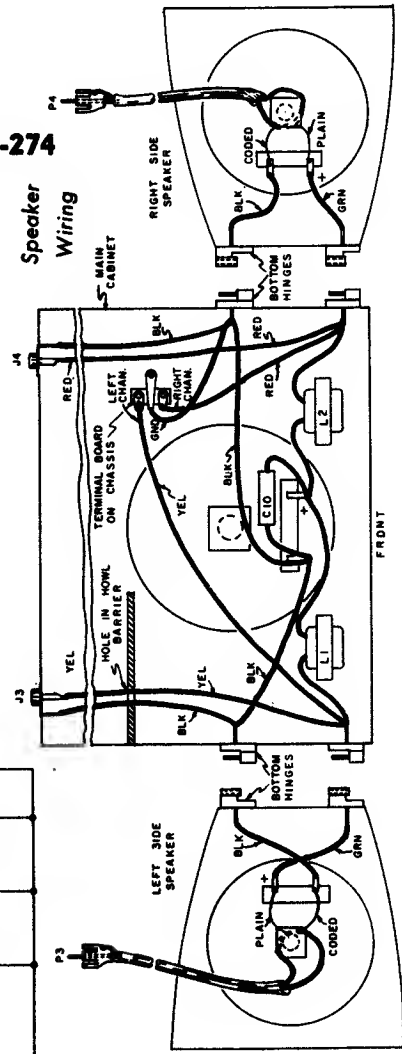
Record Changer Wiring

# RCA VICTOR VP-33 SERIES VC-270 SERIES

Models VC-271, VC-272, VC-274  
Chassis No. RS-188



K = 1000  
ALL RESISTANCE VALUES IN OHMS  
ALL CAPACITANCE VALUES IN MF  
EXCEPT AS NOTED  
VALUES ABOVE 1.0 IN MF  
VALUES ABOVE 1.0 IN MF  
EXCEPT AS NOTED  
VOLTAGE MEASURED TO CHASSIS GROUND WITH  
120 V. LINE. VOLUME CONTROL AT MINIMUM AND  
NO SIGNAL.



## CHASSIS REMOVAL

The rear flange of the chassis is fastened to the cabinet by two bolts and the forward (front) flange is held by a retaining clip.

To remove the chassis — (1) remove the knobs, (2) remove the two screws holding the escutcheon and lift it off, (3) remove the two screws holding the changer, (4) unplug the two cables from the chassis and remove the changer, (5) remove the six screws holding the changer mounting board and the four screws holding the metal panel covering the amplifier, (6) lift off the changer mounting board and amplifier cover panel AS A UNIT, (7) remove the two bolts holding the rear flange of the chassis, (8) slide the chassis to the rear of the cabinet and lift it out.

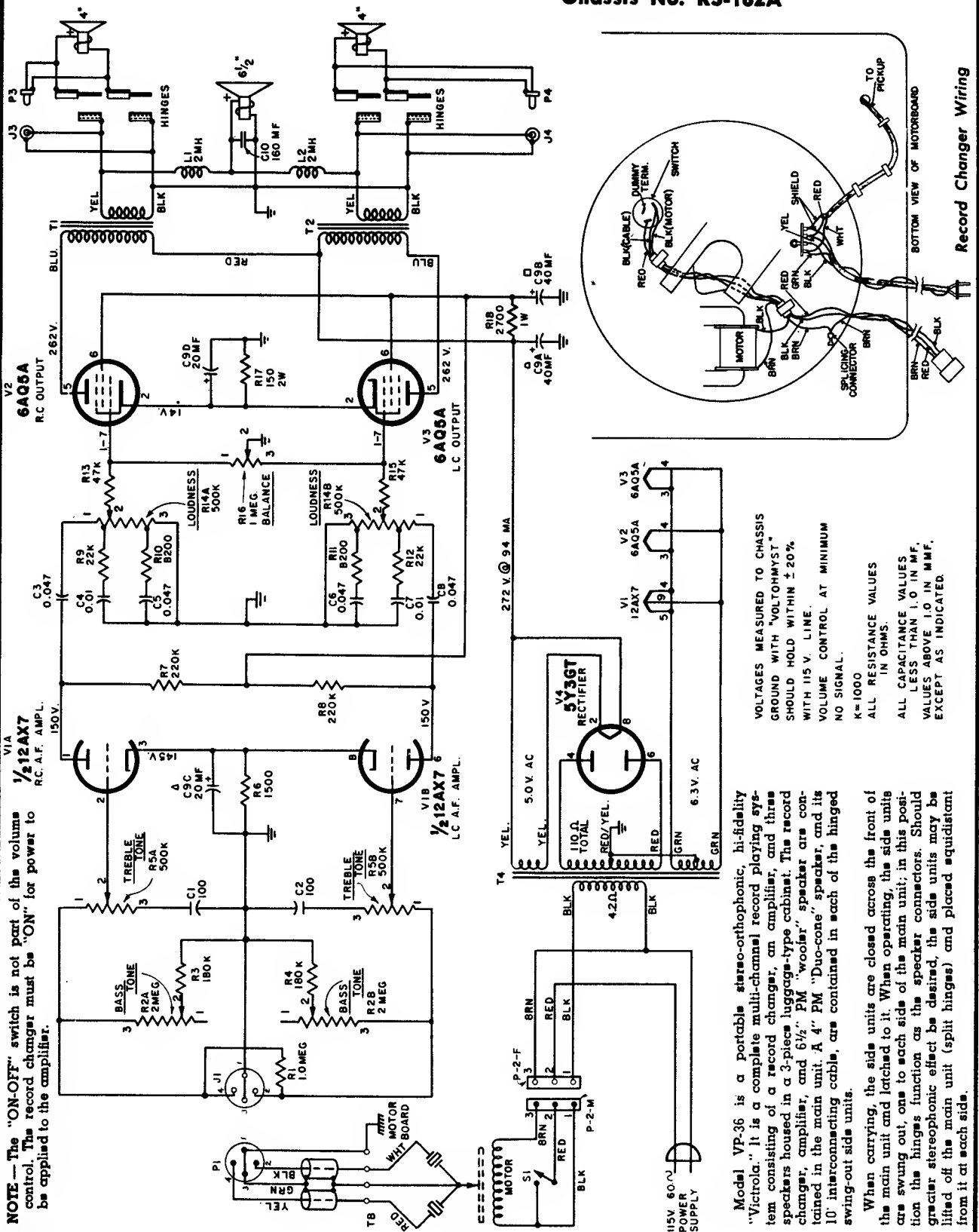
To install the chassis, reverse the above procedure.



# RCA VICTOR

# MODEL VP-36

Chassis No. RS-182A



**NOTE**—The "ON-OFF" switch is not part of the volume control. The record changer must be "ON" for power to be applied to the amplifier.

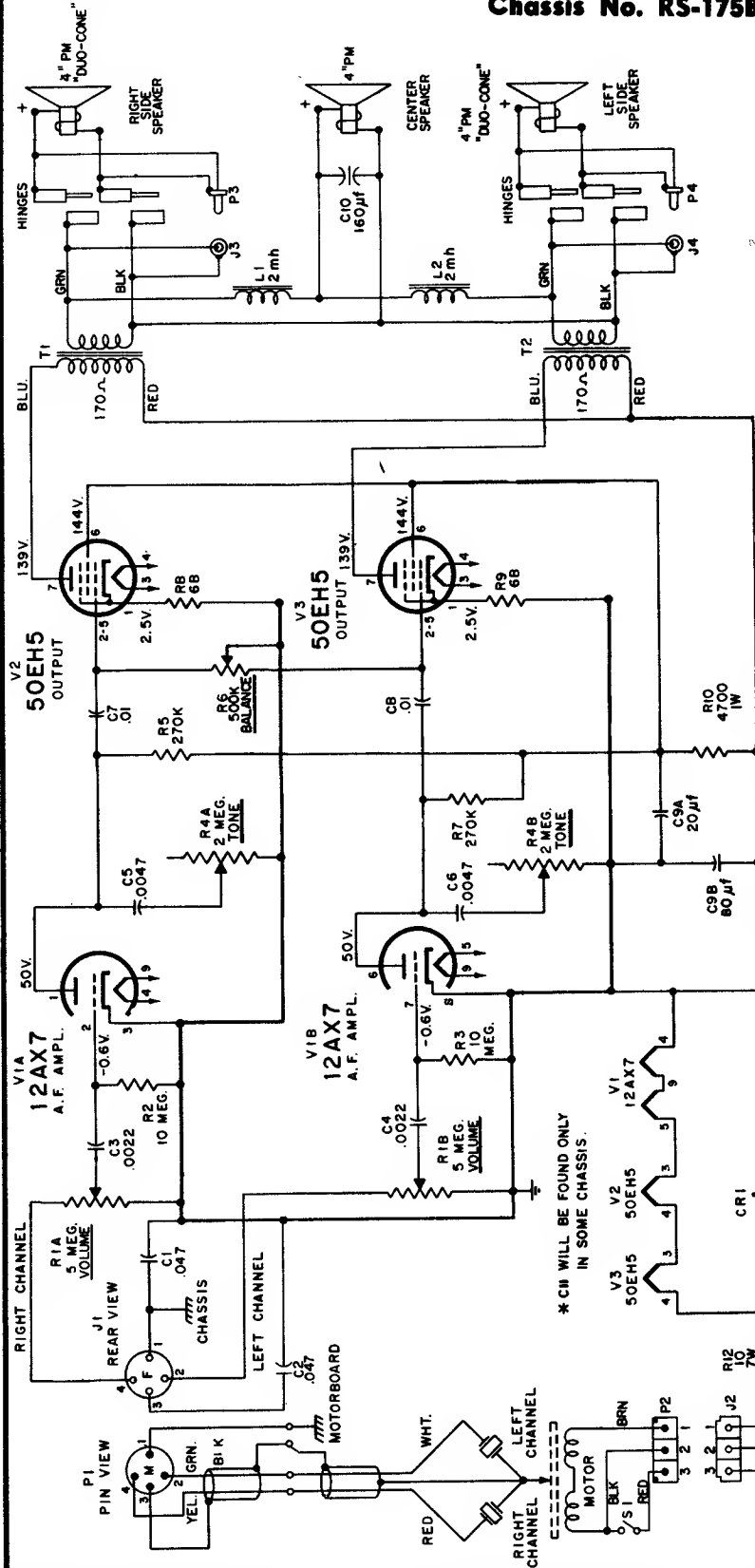
VOLTAGES MEASURED TO CHASSIS GROUND WITH "VOLTHYST" SHOULD HOLD WITHIN  $\pm 20\%$  WITH 115 V. LINE. VOLUME CONTROL AT MINIMUM NO SIGNAL.  
 K=1000  
 ALL RESISTANCE VALUES IN OHMS.  
 ALL CAPACITANCE VALUES LESS THAN 1.0 IN MF. VALUES ABOVE 1.0 IN MMF. EXCEPT AS INDICATED.

Model VP-36 is a portable stereo-orthophonic, hi-fidelity "Victrola." It is a complete multi-channel record playing system consisting of a record changer, an amplifier, and three speakers housed in a 3-piece luggage-type cabinet. The record changer, amplifier, and 6 1/2" PM "woolser" speaker are contained in the main unit. A 4" PM "Duo-cone" speaker, and its 10' interconnecting cable, are contained in each of the hinged swing-out side units.

When carrying, the side units are closed across the front of the main unit and latched to it. When operating, the side units are swung out, one to each side of the main unit; in this position the hinges function as the speaker connectors. Should greater stereophonic effect be desired, the side units may be lifted off the main unit (split hinges) and placed equidistant from it at each side.

# RCA VICTOR MODEL VP-38

Chassis No. RS-175B



K = 1000. ALL RESISTANCE VALUES IN OHMS. ALL CAPACITANCE VALUES LESS THAN 1.0 IN µF, VALUES ABOVE 1.0 IN µF EXCEPT AS INDICATED.

The three speakers are connected together. A capacitor (C10) is connected across the center speaker.

The side speakers are designed primarily to reproduce only those frequencies in the middle and higher ranges. The two 2mH reactors (L1 and L2) pass and combine the low frequencies of the two side channels to the center speaker. The 160 µF capacitor (C10) acts as an additional bypass to filter out any of the middle range and higher frequencies thus preventing their reproduction by the center speaker. To prevent electrical cancellation of frequencies at the center speaker, the side-channel signals must be in-phase; this condition is achieved by the use of an "in-phase" pickup. In this system the middle range and higher frequencies, wherein lay the greatest stereophonic effect, are reproduced only in the left and right side speakers; and the combined low frequencies, of the two side channels, are reproduced in the center speaker. The cross-over frequency is approximately 200 cycles.

Each channel of the dual-channel amplifier uses one-half of the 12AX7 tube as an AF amplifier, and one of the 50EH5 tubes as a power amplifier. The Volume and Tone controls are dual section potentiometers; one section of each control is connected in each channel, thus providing simultaneous regulation of the two channels. The Balance control is a single section potentiometer connected between the grid circuits of the two output stages; it has its variable arm grounded. Channel balance is achieved as the arm of the control moves toward one end or the other, thus decreasing the gain of one channel while concurrently increasing the gain of the other. Multi-channel operation is accomplished by the use of three speaker systems and a filter network in the speaker circuitry. The left and right side speakers are direct connected to their respective output transformers. Two reactors (L1 and L2) are connected in series between the high sides of the two output transformer secondaries, and the center speaker is connected to the junction of the two reactors. The low (ground) side of

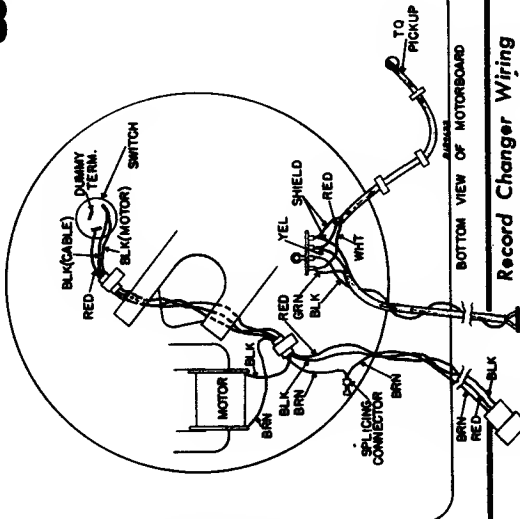
the three speakers are connected together. A capacitor (C10) is connected across the center speaker.

115V 60V PWR. SUPP.

\* C11 WILL BE FOUND ONLY IN SOME CHASSIS.

\* C11 .27µF ±10%, 400V. PAPER TUBULAR WITHIN ±20%.

\* C11 .27µF ±10%, 400V. PAPER TUBULAR WITHIN ±20%.

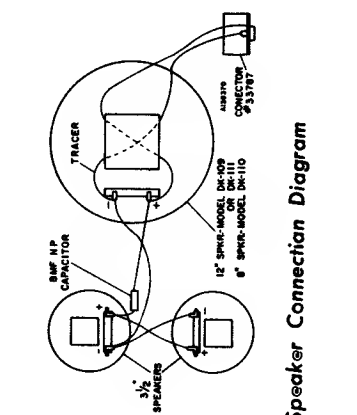
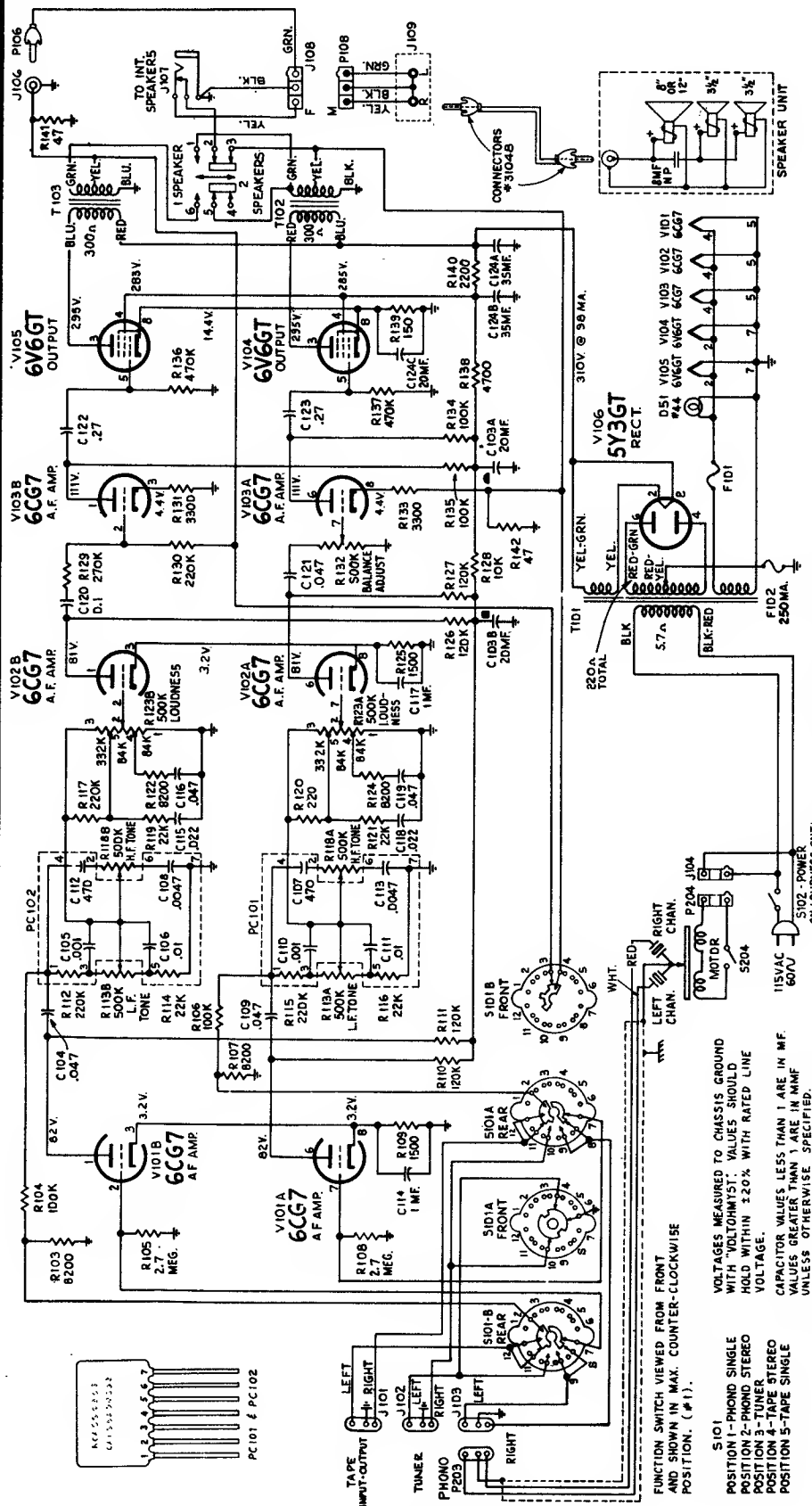


Record Changer Wiring

# VOLUME R-21, MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED 1961 RADIO SERVICING INFORMATION

RCA Victor Model BK-1, Chassis RS-187, and Speakers DK-109, DK-110, DK-111

TO EXTERNAL SPEAKERS FOR LEFT CHANNEL



Speaker Connection Diagram

4. Both Right and Left speaker systems must be connected or the outputs loaded equally with resistors. If output is measured with an output meter, a channel having no speakers connected will have an abnormally high output voltage reading.  
Adjust the equalization control (R132) to obtain right channel output equal to left channel output. The left channel gain is not adjustable.

### SPEAKER SELECTION SWITCH

The speaker selection switch (S103) must be set at "1 SPKR" at all times except when a speaker unit is connected to the left channel output J109L. When only one speaker unit is used it should be connected to J109R.  
For stereophonic reproduction, speaker units must be connected to both J109R and J109L. The speaker selection switch must be set at "2 SPKR".

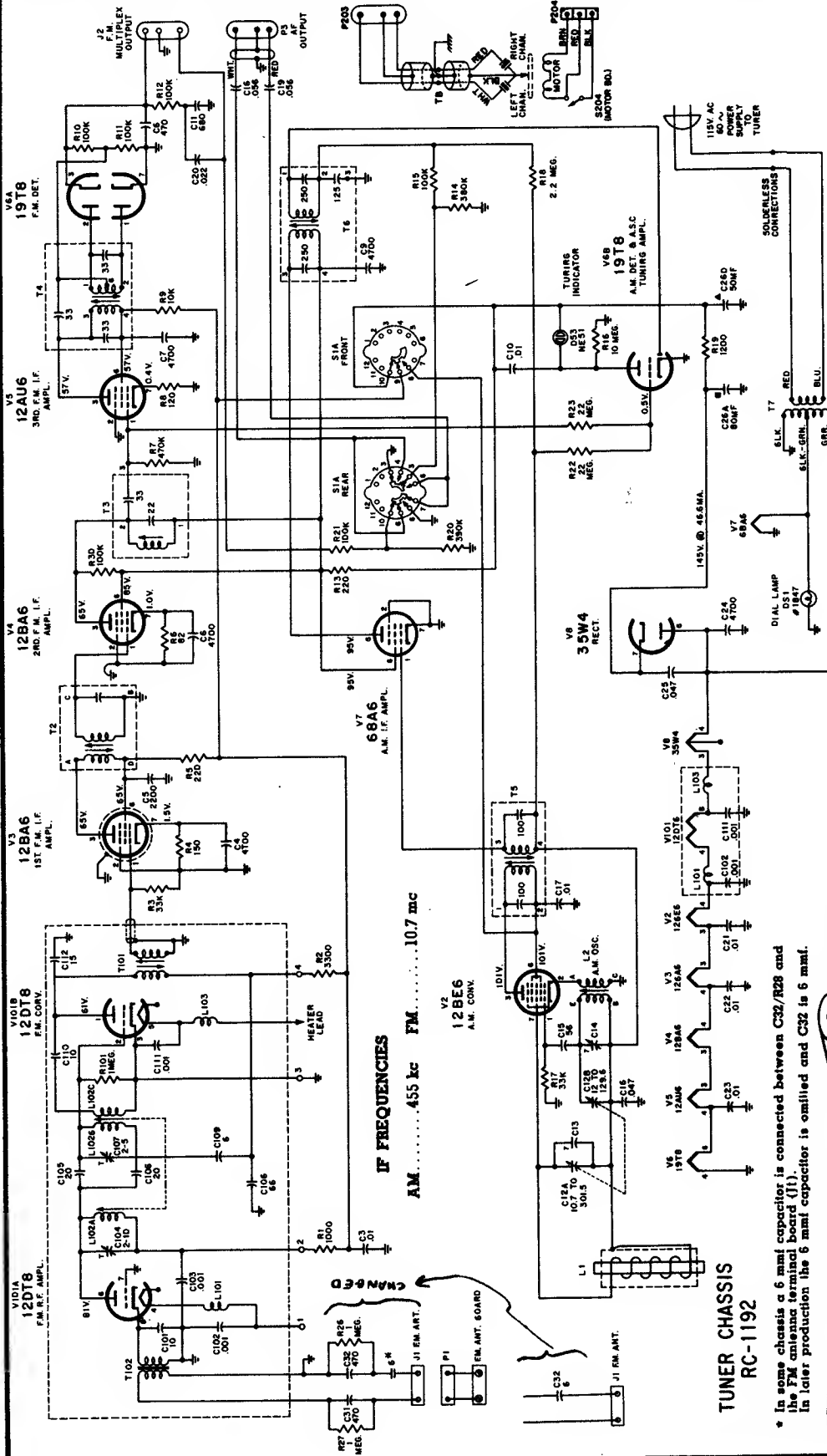
### CHANNEL GAIN EQUALIZATION

A gain equalization control is provided to enable the gain of the RIGHT CHANNEL speakers to be balanced with the gain of the LEFT CHANNEL speakers.  
This equalization control (R132) is located on the bottom apron of the chassis forward the front of the cabinet. When adjusting this control, four conditions must exist:  
1. A monaural signal input must be used. This should be a monaural record; use a frequency test record when measuring with an output meter or use a music record for listening test.  
2. The function switch (S101) must be in #2 position (PH STEREO). This enables the two channels to have independent outputs.  
3. The speaker selection switch (S103) must be in the "2 SPKRS" position. This is necessary for the two channels to have independent outputs.

VOLTAGES MEASURED TO CHASSIS GROUND WITH "VOLTOHMIST". VALUES SHOULD HOLD WITHIN 1.0% WITH RATED LINE VOLTAGE.  
CAPACITOR VALUES LESS THAN 1 ARE IN MF. VALUES GREATER THAN 1 ARE IN MUF UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED. RESISTANCE VALUES IN OHMS. K=1000.

S101 FUNCTION SWITCH VIEWED FROM FRONT AND SHOWN IN MAX. COUNTER-CLOCKWISE POSITION. (#1).

S101 POSITION 1-PHONO SINGLE POSITION 2-PHONO STEREO POSITION 3-TUNER POSITION 4-TAPE STEREO POSITION 5-TAPE SINGLE

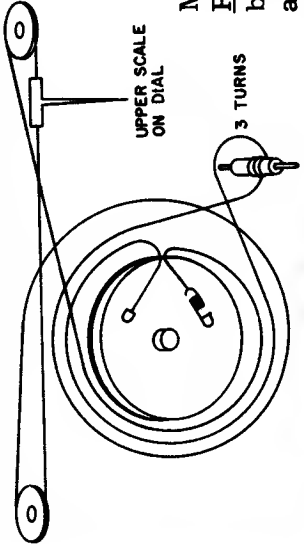


# RCA VICTOR

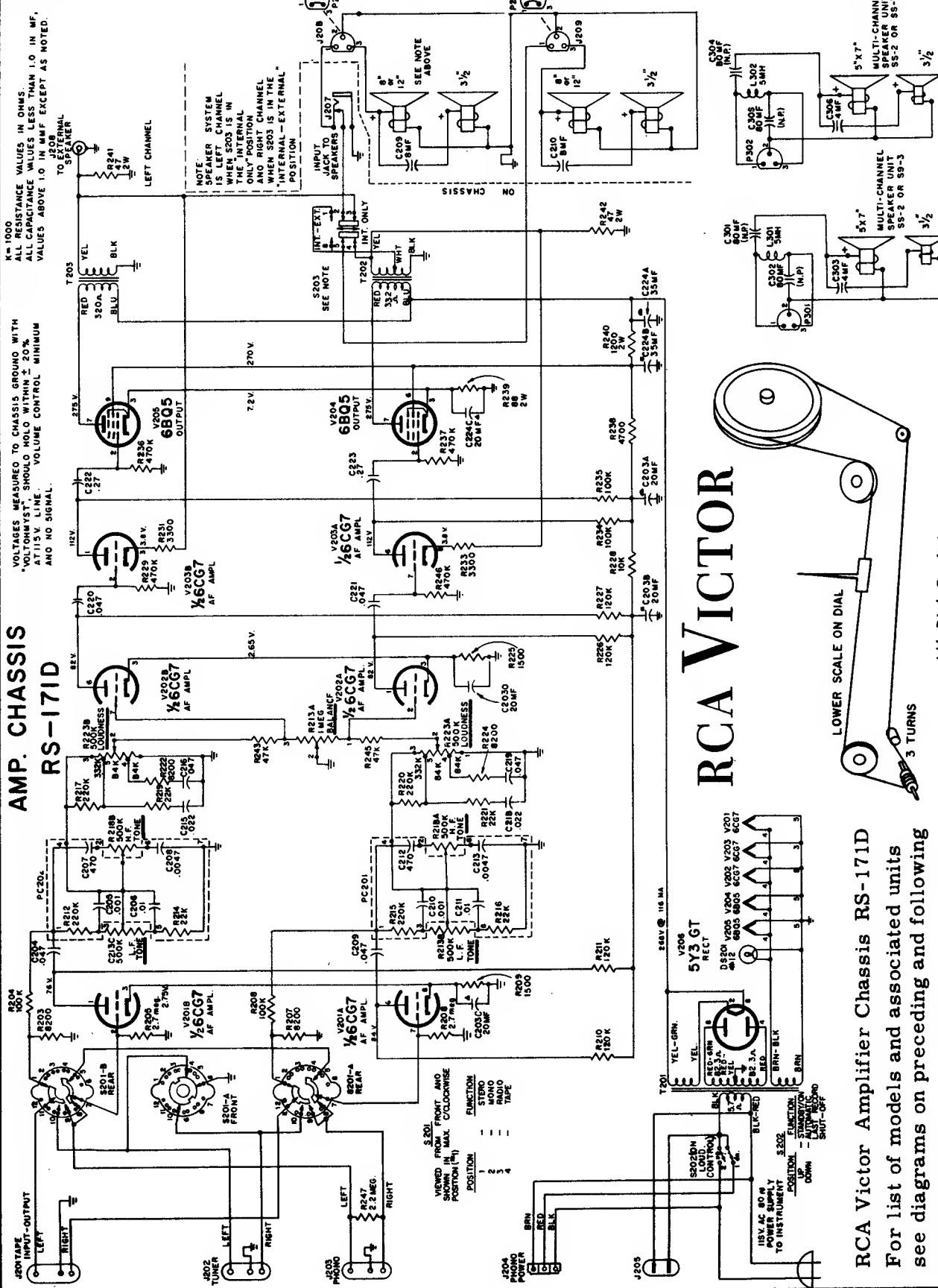
Models TPM-11, TPM-12, TPM-13, VC-13, VCR-13, VC-14, VCR-14, VC-16, PM-17, VC-17, PM-18, and VC-22, all use tuner RC-1192. Some of these combinations use Pre-Amplifier RS-179 and Power Amplifier RS-177A. Others use amplifier RS-171D or RS-171F. Material above and on the next two pages.

K = 1000  
 ALL RESISTANCE VALUES IN OHMS  
 CAPACITANCE VALUES LESS THAN 1.0 IN MF.  
 VALUES ABOVE 1.0 IN MMF EXCEPT AS NOTED.  
 \*VOLTAGES MEASURED TO CHASSIS GROUND WITH  
 VOLTOHMETER SET ON VOLUME CONTROL MINIMUM  
 AND NO SIGNAL.

\* In some chassis a 6 mfd capacitor is connected between C32/R28 and the FM antenna terminal board (11). In later production the 6 mfd capacitor is omitted and C32 is 6 mfd.



FM Dial Cord Arrangement



K=1000  
 ALL RESISTANCE VALUES IN OHMS.  
 ALL CAPACITANCE VALUES LESS THAN 1.0 IN MF.  
 VALUES ABOVE 1.0 IN MF EXCEPT AS NOTED.

VOLTAGES MEASURED TO CHASSIS GROUND WITH  
 "VOLTOHMYST" SHOULD HOLD WITHIN ± 20%  
 AT 115 V. LINE. VOLUME CONTROL MINIMUM  
 AND NO SIGNAL.

NOTE: SPEAKER SYSTEM  
 PANEL WHEN S203 IS IN  
 THE "INTERNAL"  
 ONLY POSITION  
 AND RIGHT CHANNEL  
 WHEN S203 IS IN THE  
 "INTERNAL-EXTERNAL"  
 POSITION

SEE NOTE ABOVE

ON CHASSIS

SEE NOTE ABOVE

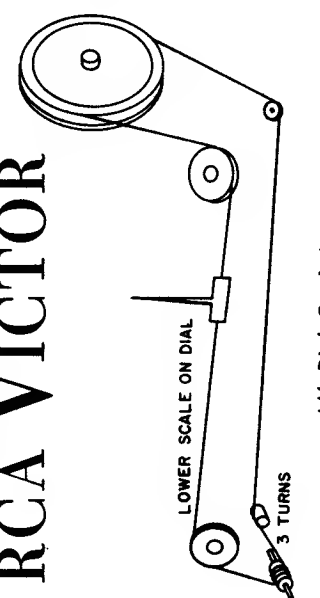
SEE NOTE ABOVE

SEE NOTE ABOVE

SEE NOTE ABOVE

AMP. CHASSIS  
 RS-171D

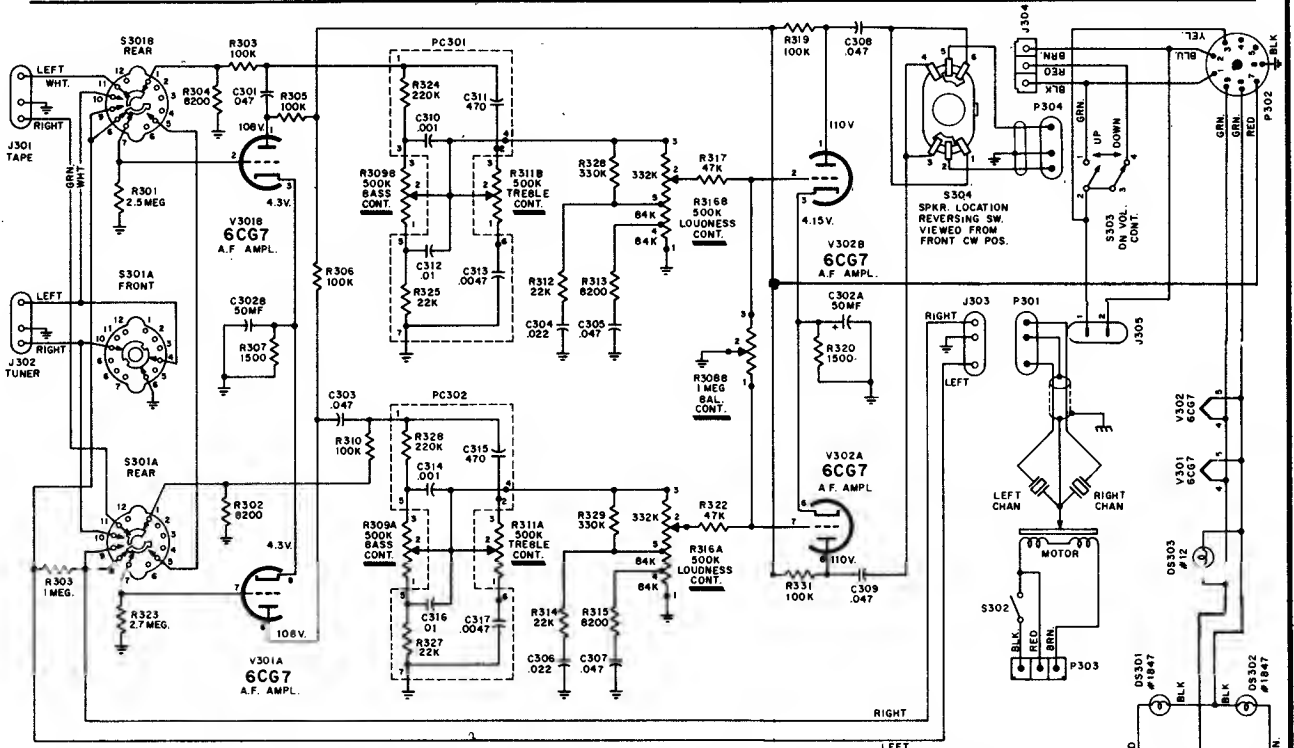
RCA VICTOR



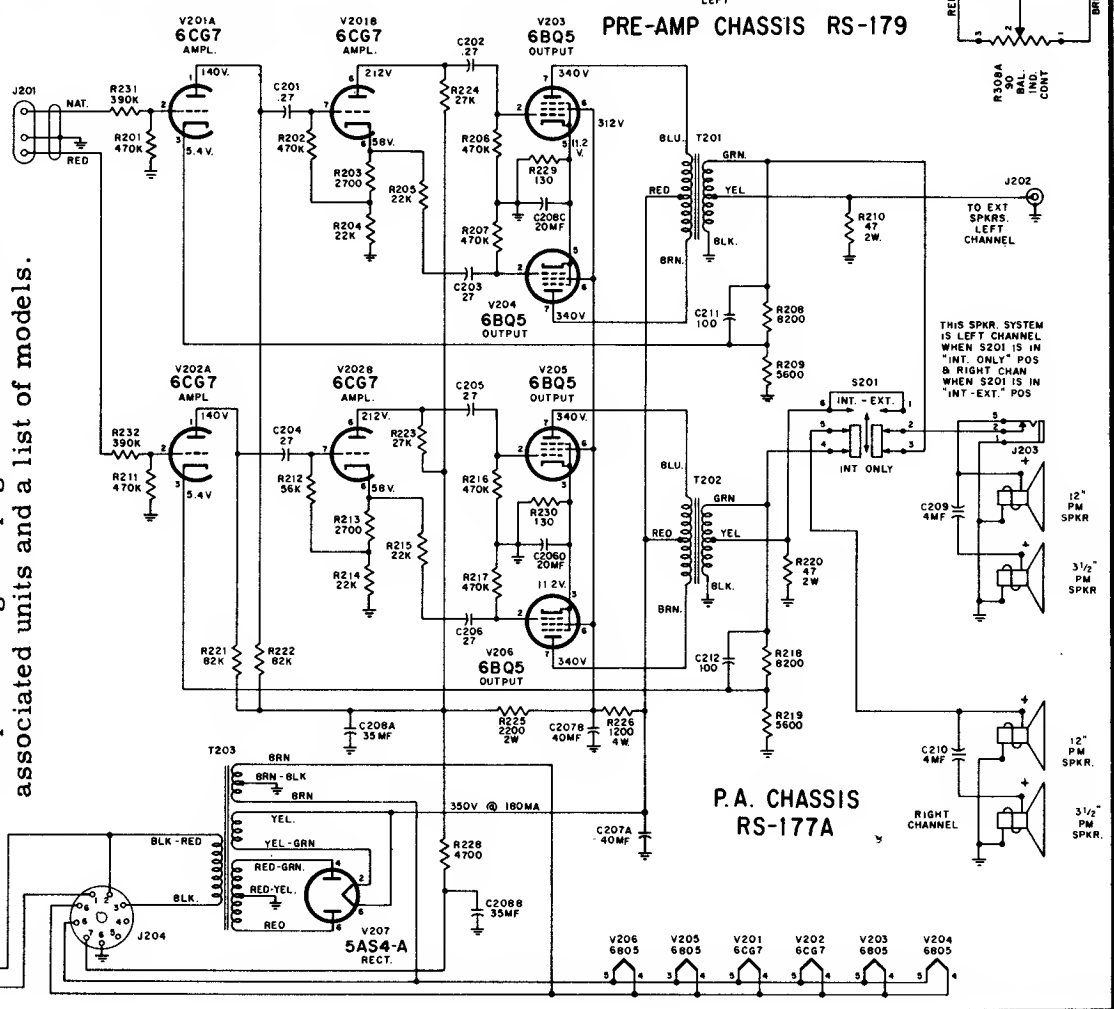
RCA Victor Amplifier Chassis RS-171D  
 For list of models and associated units  
 see diagrams on preceding and following  
 pages.

AM Dial Cord Arrangement

VOLUME R-21, MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED 1961 RADIO SERVICING INFORMATION



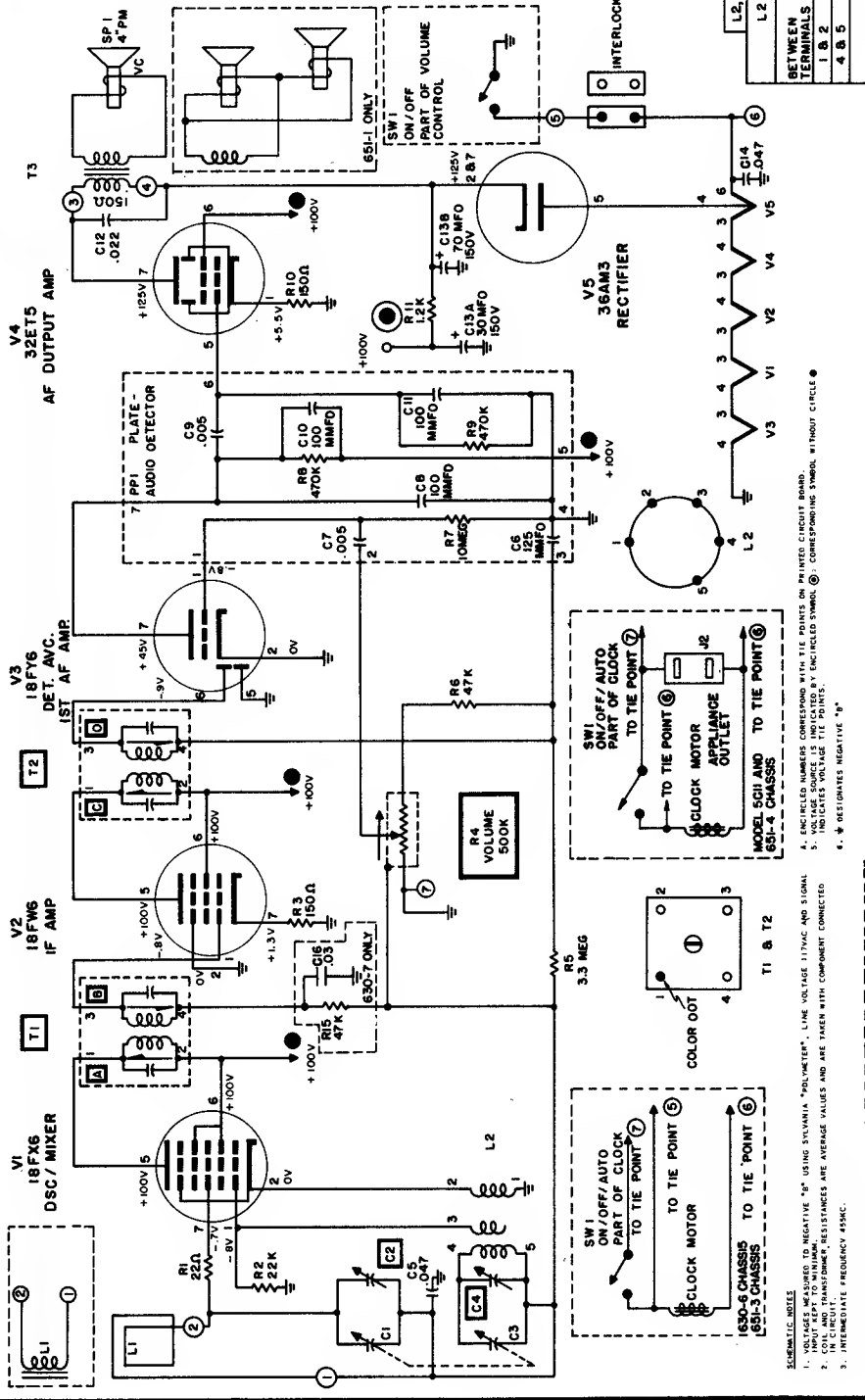
**RCA VICTOR**  
 Diagrams of Chassis RS-179 and RS-177A  
 See preceding two pages for material of  
 associated units and a list of models.



SYLVANIA

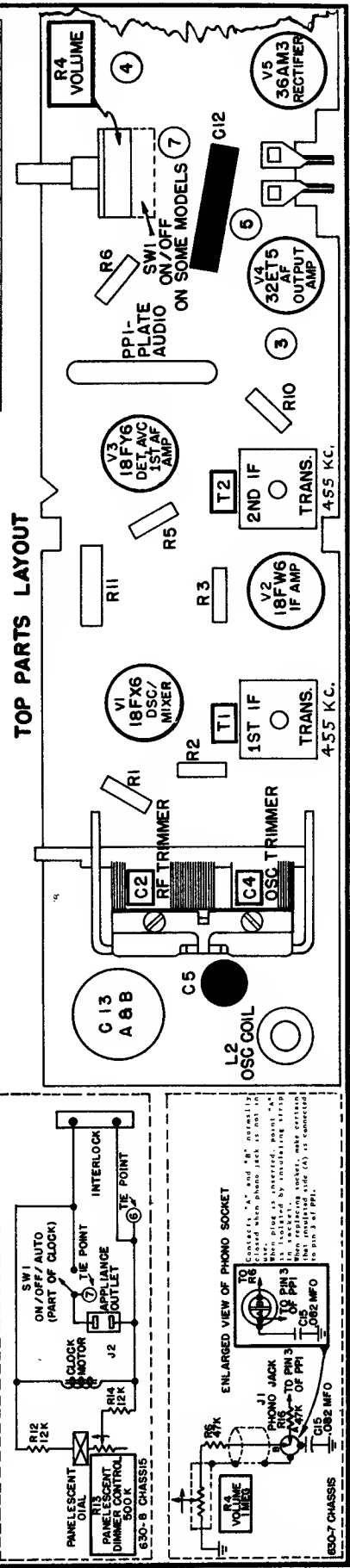
**CHASSIS 630-5 THRU-8  
651-1 THRU-4**

Models 5C10B, P, 5C11B, T, 5C12R, T, W, 5T10B, P, 5T11B, T, 5T12R, T, W, 1100, 1111, 1160, 1212, 1219, 1286, 1300, 1301, 1306, 1309, 1322, 1400, 1512, 1519, 1600, 1701, 1704, 1708, and 1709



L2, T1 & T2 RESISTANCE CHART

L2		T1		T2	
BETWEEN TERMINALS	RES. Ω	BETWEEN TERMINALS	RES. Ω	BETWEEN TERMINALS	RES. Ω
1 & 2	1	1 & 2	15	1 & 2	15
4 & 5	7	3 & 4	15	3 & 4	15



MODEL SCHEMATIC TO TIE POINT (6)  
CLOCK MOTOR APPLIANCE OUTLET  
SW1 OFF/AUTO ON/OFF PART OF CLOCK

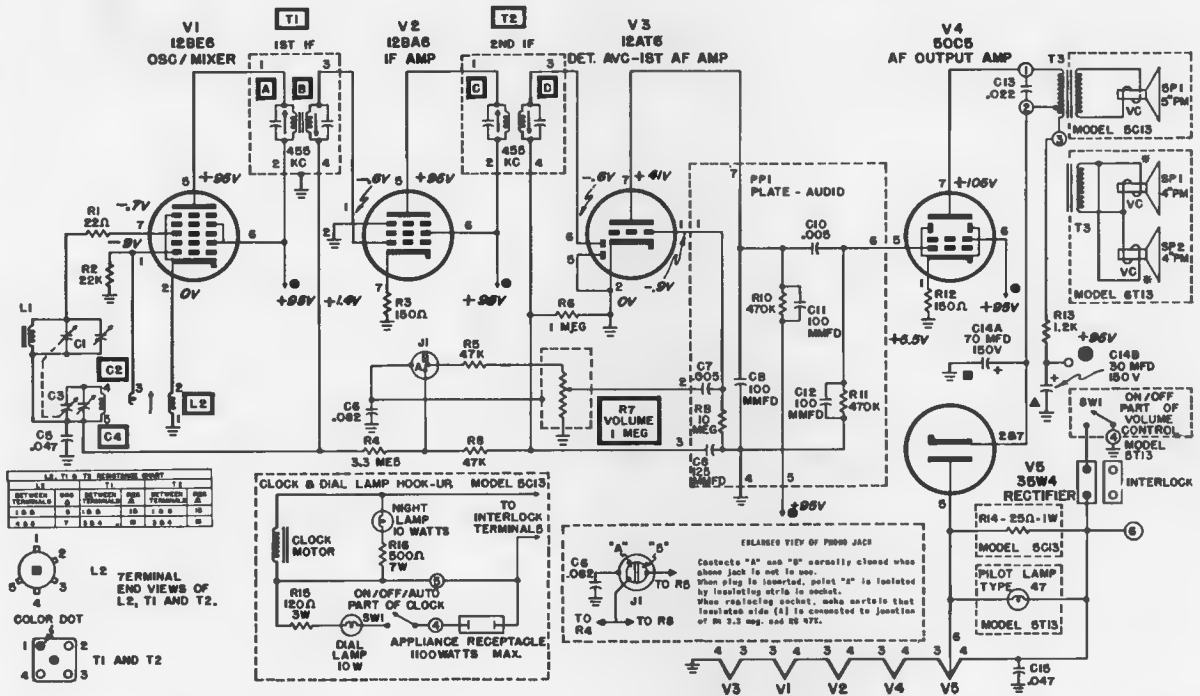
MODEL SCHEMATIC TO TIE POINT (6)  
CLOCK MOTOR APPLIANCE OUTLET  
SW1 OFF/AUTO ON/OFF PART OF CLOCK

ENLARGED VIEW OF PHONO SOCKET

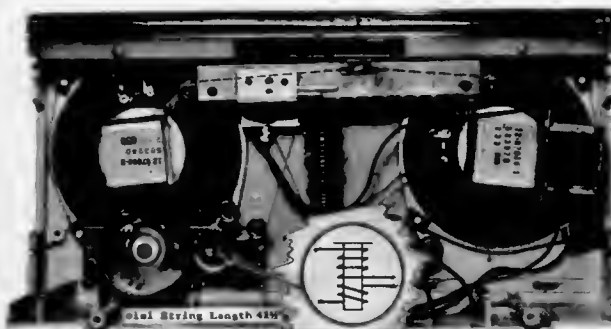
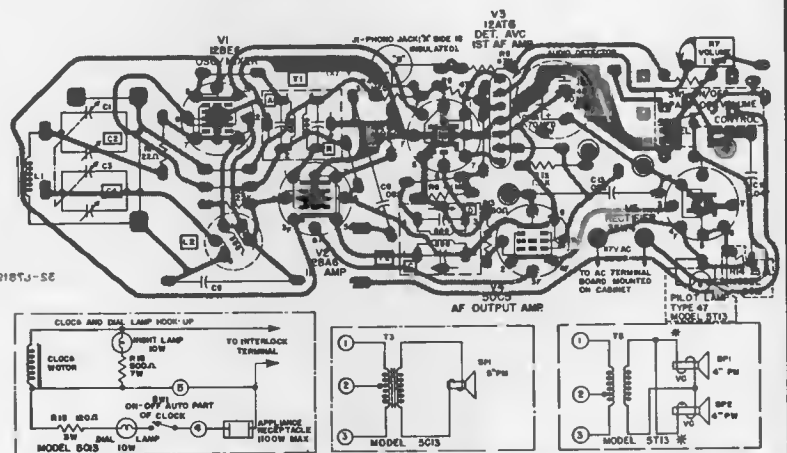
1. VOLTAGES MEASURED TO NEGATIVE "B" USING SYLVANIA "POLYMETER". LINE VOLTAGE 117VAC AND SIGNAL. 2. COIL AND TRANSFORMER RESISTANCES ARE AVERAGE VALUES AND ARE TAKEN WITH COMPONENT CONNECTED. 3. IN CIRCUIT. 4. RESISTANCE FREQUENCY ASK. 5. INDICATES VOLTAGE TIE POINTS. 6. INDICATES FREQUENCY ASK. 7. RESISTANCE FREQUENCY ASK.

# SYLVANIA

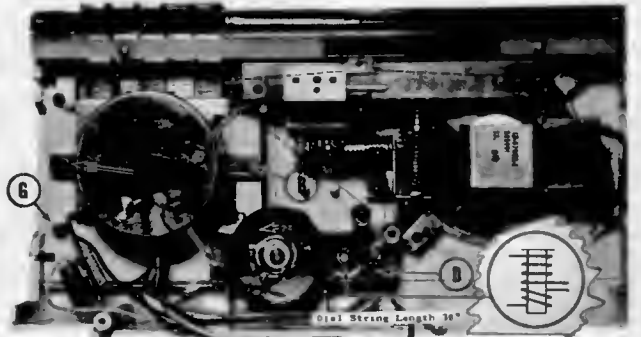
**CHASSIS: 631-2-3**  
**MODELS: 5C13, 5T13**



I. F. 455 KC. Encircled numbers correspond with tie points on printed board. Voltage source is indicated by encircled dot symbol; corresponding symbol dot without circle is voltage tie point. Ground  $\perp$  is B- and reference point for voltage measurements.



5T13 - Dial Drive & Speaker Assm.

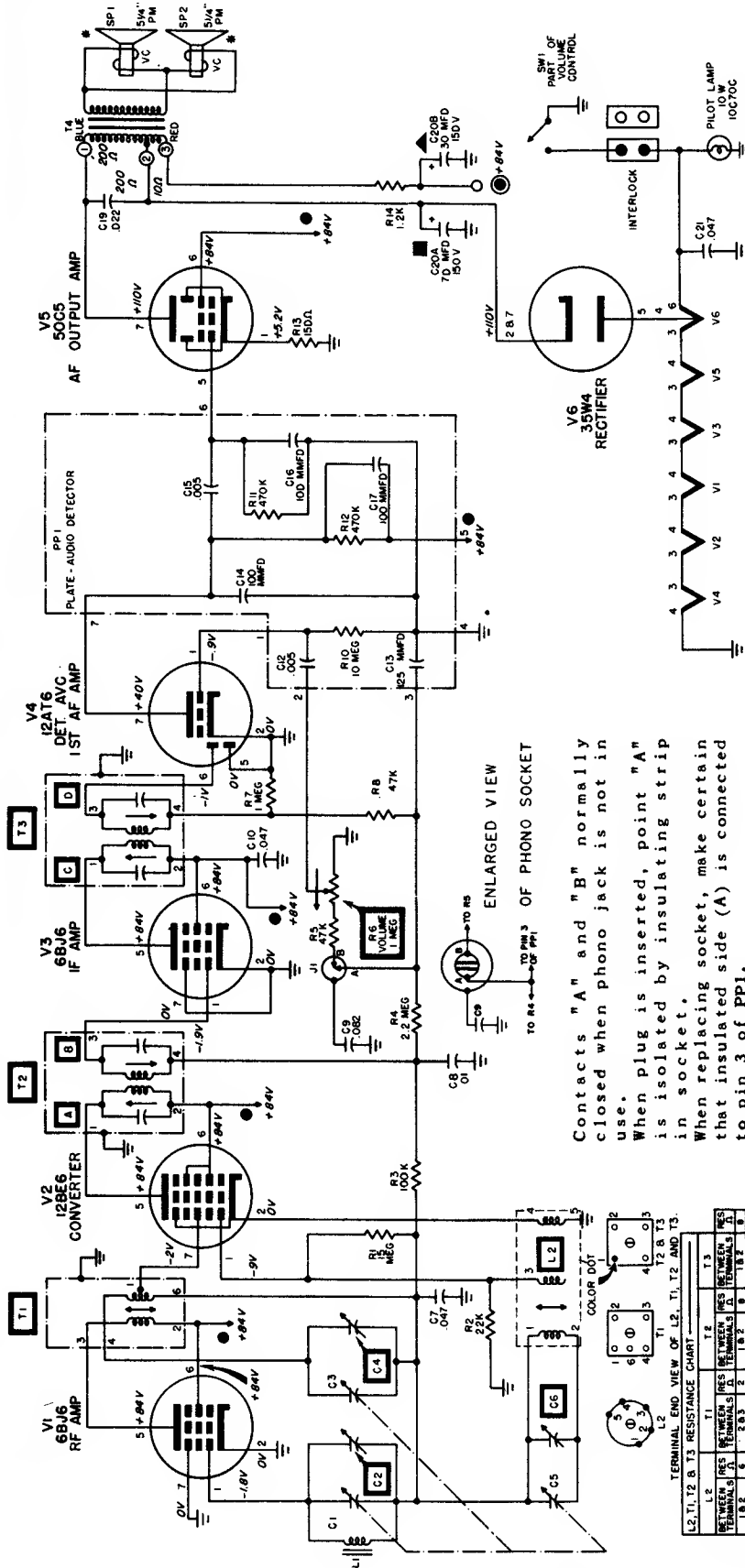


5C13 - Clock, Dial Drive & Speaker Assm.



# SYLVANIA

CHASSIS: 632-3  
MODELS: 6T14 SERIES

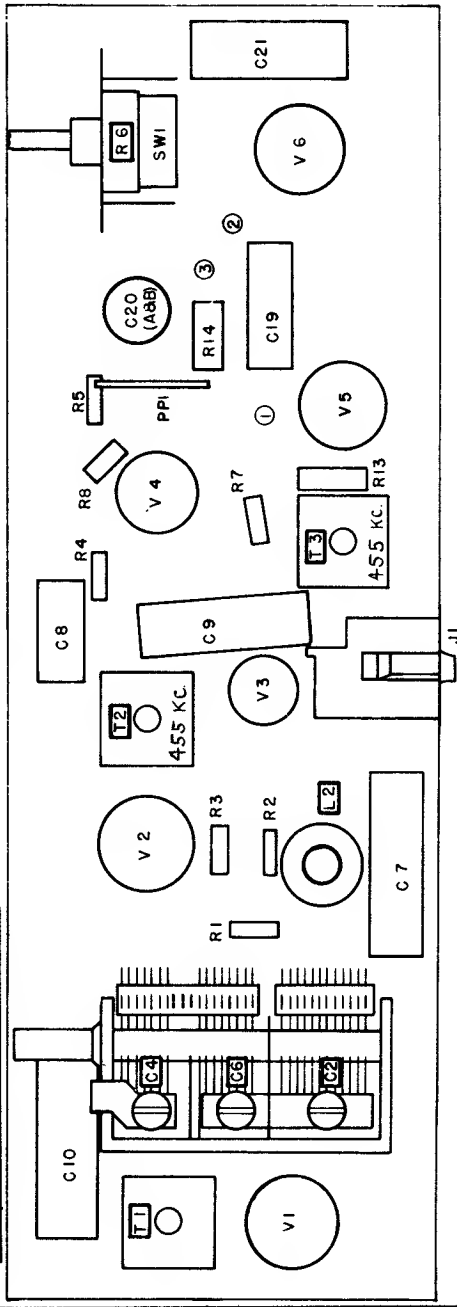


ENLARGED VIEW OF PHONO SOCKET

Contacts "A" and "B" normally closed when phono jack is not in use. When plug is inserted, point "A" is isolated by insulating strip in socket. When replacing socket, make certain that insulated side (A) is connected to pin 3 of PPI.

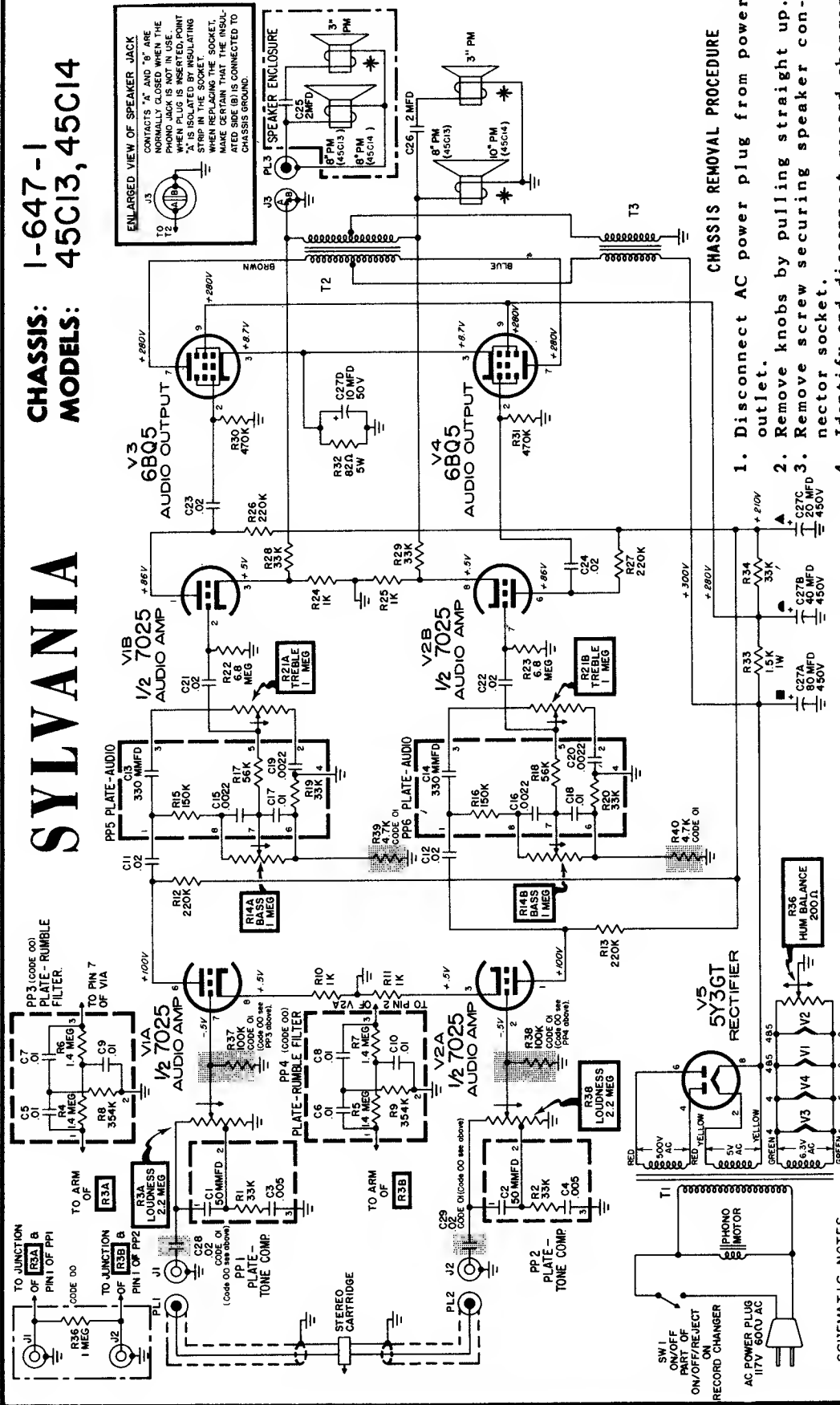
TERMINAL RESISTANCE CHART

RESISTANCE	T1	T2	T3
100 Ω	100 Ω	100 Ω	100 Ω
10 Ω	10 Ω	10 Ω	10 Ω
1 Ω	1 Ω	1 Ω	1 Ω
0.1 Ω	0.1 Ω	0.1 Ω	0.1 Ω
∞	∞	∞	∞



CHASSIS: 1-647-1  
 MODELS: 45C13, 45C14

**SYLVANIA**



**CHASSIS REMOVAL PROCEDURE**

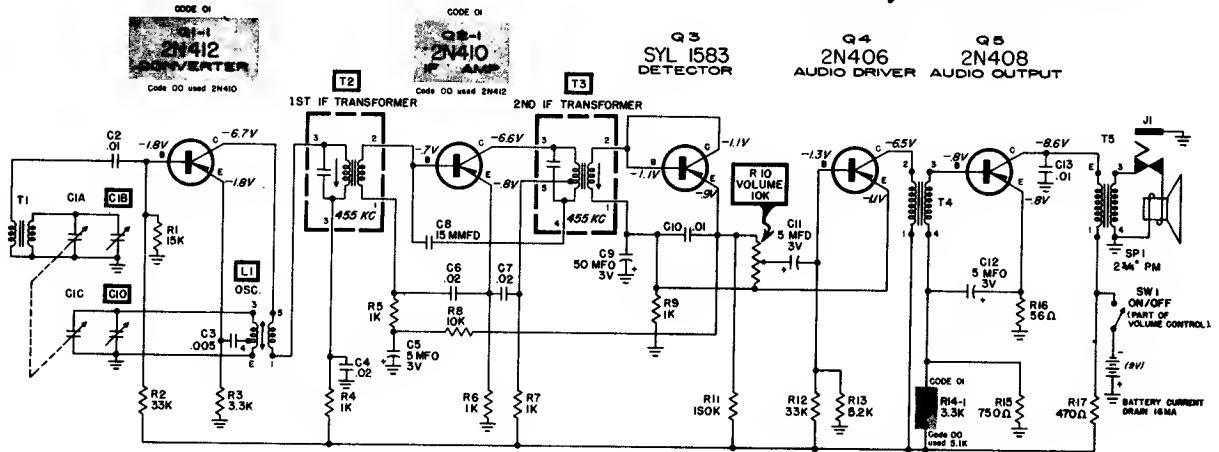
1. Disconnect AC power plug from power outlet.
2. Remove knobs by pulling straight up.
3. Remove screw securing speaker connector socket.
4. Identify and disconnect record changer motor leads, signal input leads and speaker leads.
5. While supporting chassis remove the three (3) screws securing chassis mounting board to cabinet. Remove chassis and board.
6. For under chassis tests, etc. remove the four (4) screws securing chassis to board. Remove board.

**SCHEMATIC NOTES**

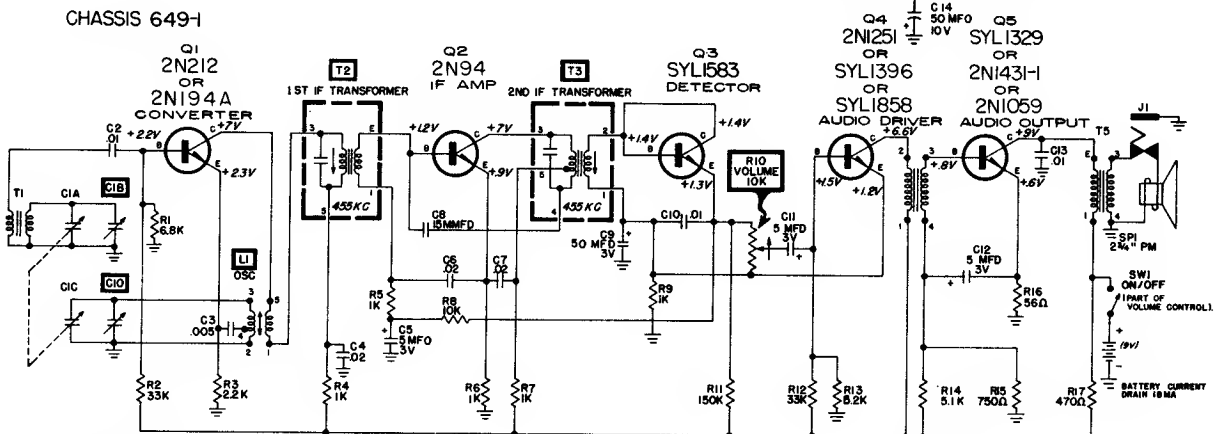
1. VOLTAGES SHOWN ARE AVERAGE READINGS MEASURED TO CHASSIS WITH NO SIGNAL INPUT. VARIATIONS MAYBE NOTED DUE TO NORMAL PRODUCTION TOLERANCES.
2. LINE VOLTAGE 117 VOLT 60 CYCLE.
3. LOUDNESS, BASS AND TREBLE CONTROLS ARE DUAL GANGED CONTROLS.
4. SHADED AREAS DESIGNATE CODE CHANGES.
5. ALL CAPACITORS IN MICROFARADS UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.
6. \* INDICATE COLOR DOT ON SPEAKERS FOR CORRECT PHASING.
7.  $\perp$  DESIGNATE CHASSIS GROUND.

# SYLVANIA

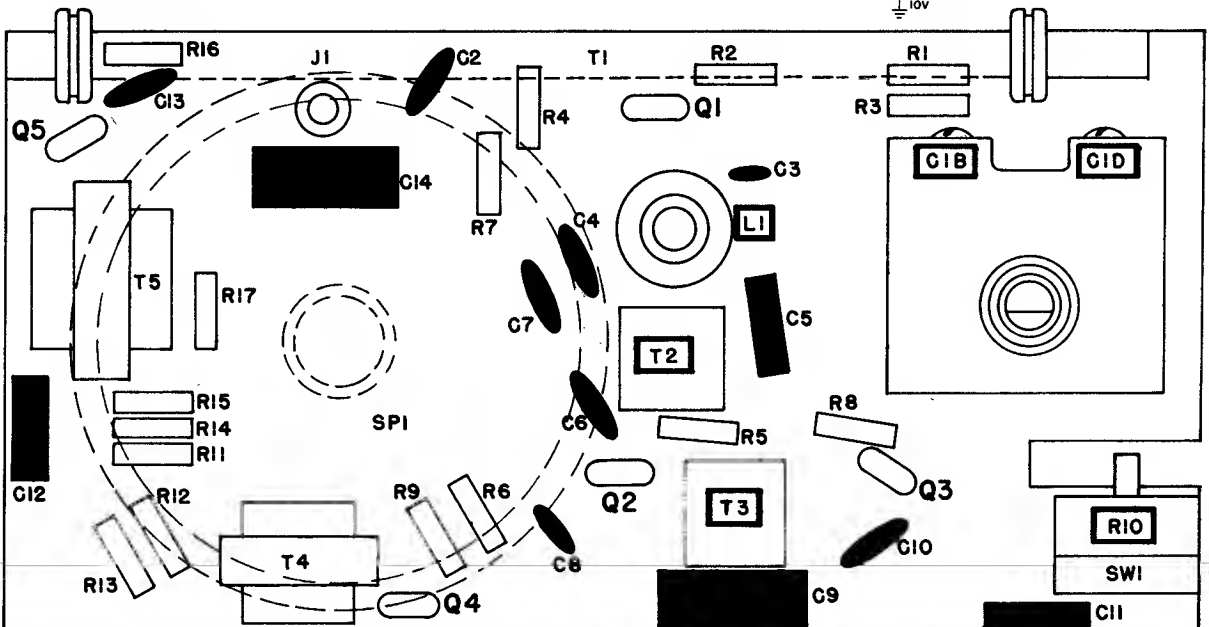
**CHASSIS: 649-1,-2**  
**MODELS: 5P16**  
**2300,2400,2500,**  
**2600,2700 SERIES**

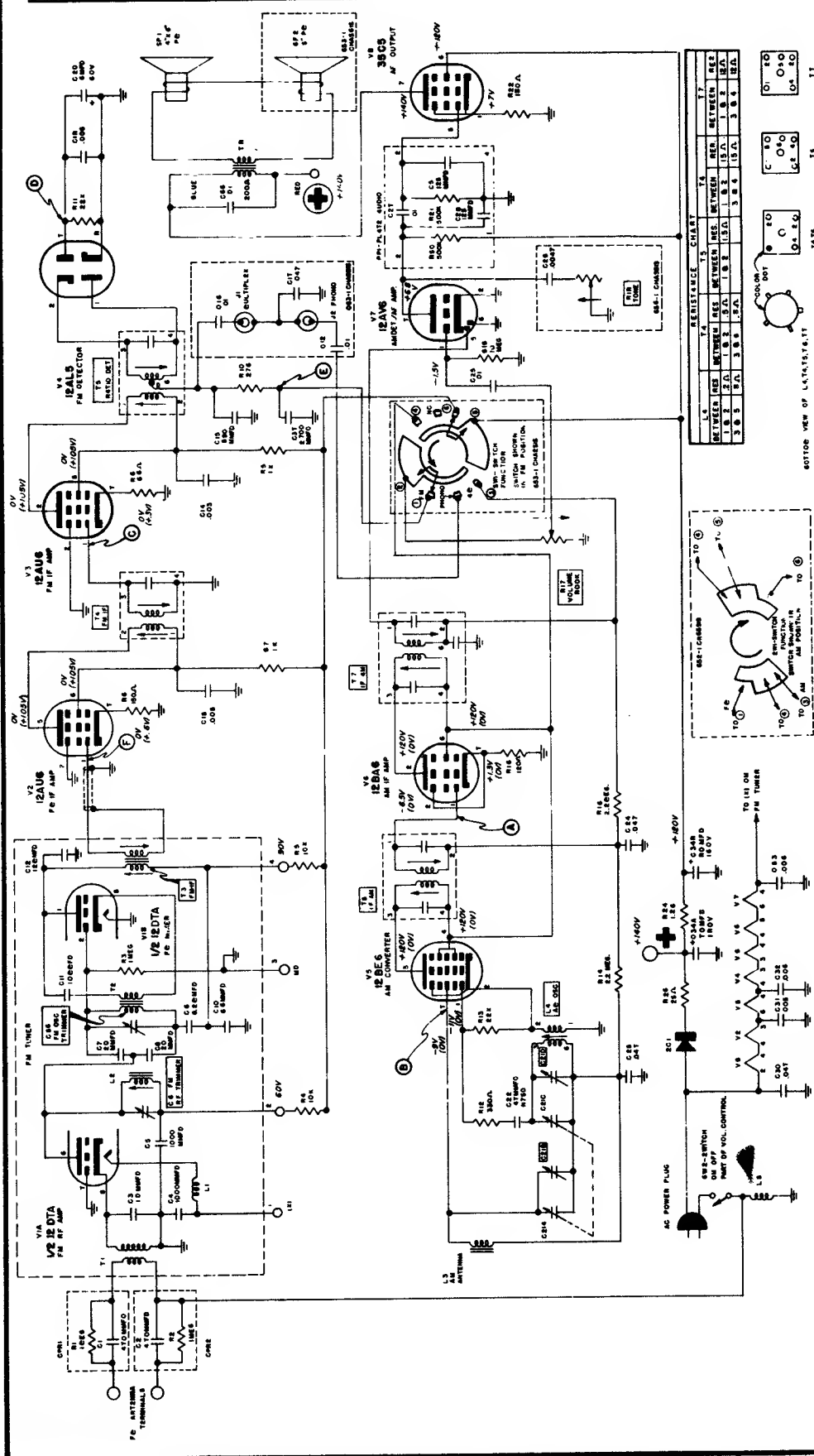


CHASSIS 649-1



CHASSIS 649-2





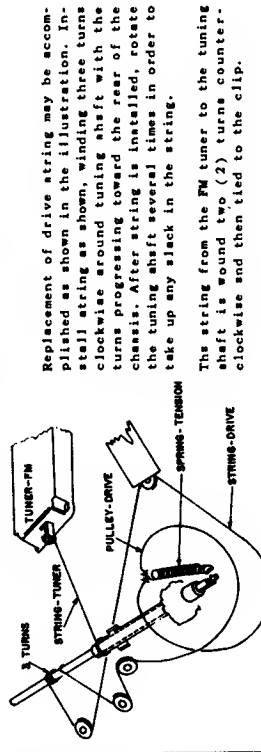
# SYLVANIA

**CHASSIS: 652-1/653-1**  
**MODELS: 8F15, 8F16**

**SPECIFICATIONS**

**FREQUENCY RANGE (AM) 540KC to 1650KC**  
**FREQUENCY RANGE (FM) 88MC to 108MC**  
**POWER SUPPLY 117 VOLTS, 60 CYCLE (AC)**  
**POWER CONSUMPTION..... 35 WATTS**  
**INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY (IF) AM 455KC**  
**INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY (IF) FM 10.7MC**

### DRIVE STRING REPLACEMENT



Replacement of drive string may be accomplished as shown in the illustration. Install string as shown, winding three turns clockwise around tuning shaft with the turns progressing toward the rear of the chassis. After string is installed, rotate the tuning shaft several times in order to take up any slack in the string.

This string from the FM tuner to the tuning shaft is wound two (2) turns counter-clockwise and then tied to the clip.

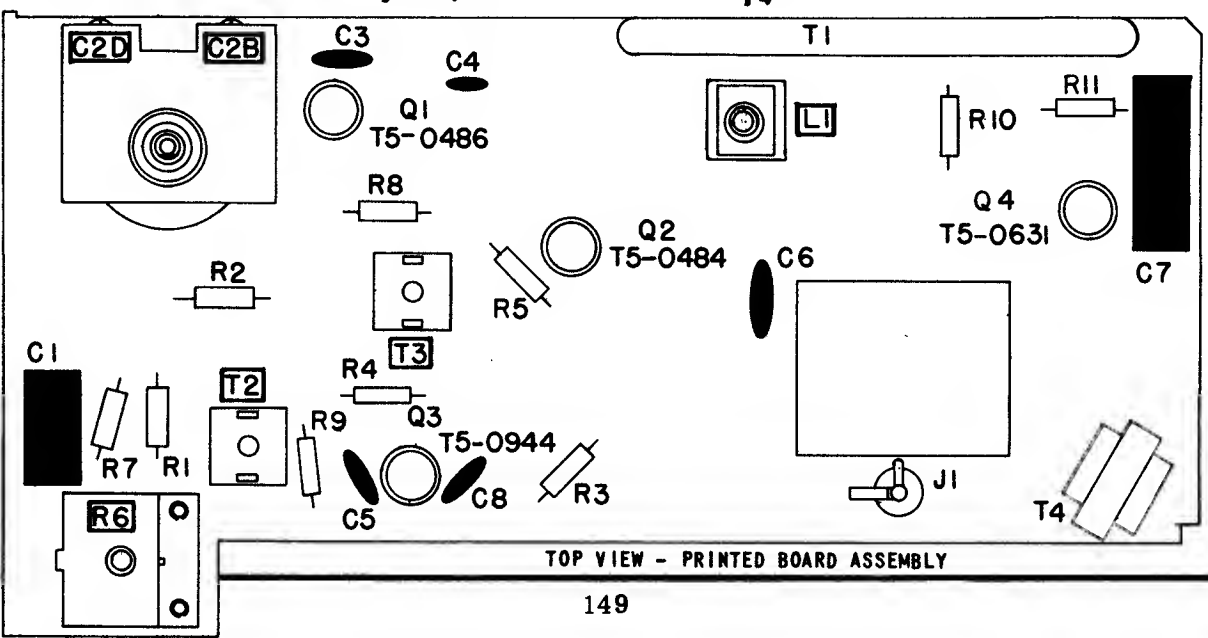
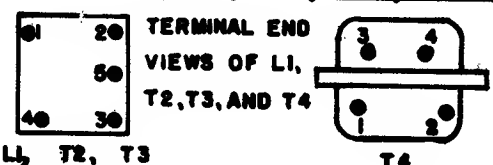
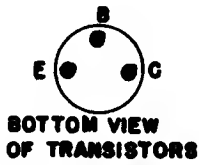
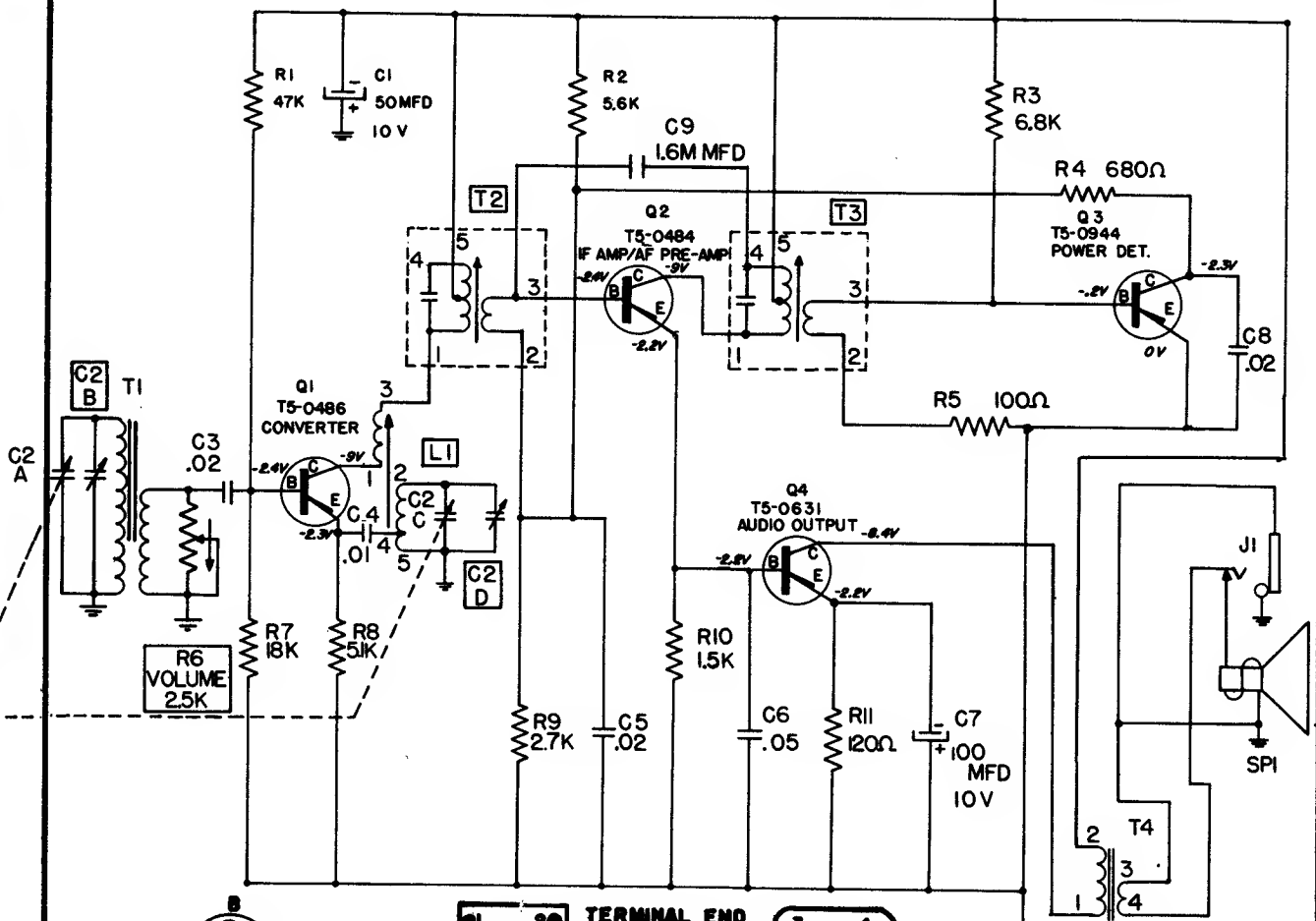
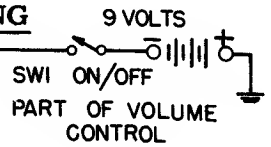
RESISTANCE CHART

RESISTOR	RES.	RES.	RES.	RES.	RES.
1	2	3	4	5	6
1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1
1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2
1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3
1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4
1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5

RESISTOR VIEW OF L4, L5, L6, L7, L8, L9, L10, L11, L12, L13, L14, L15, L16, L17

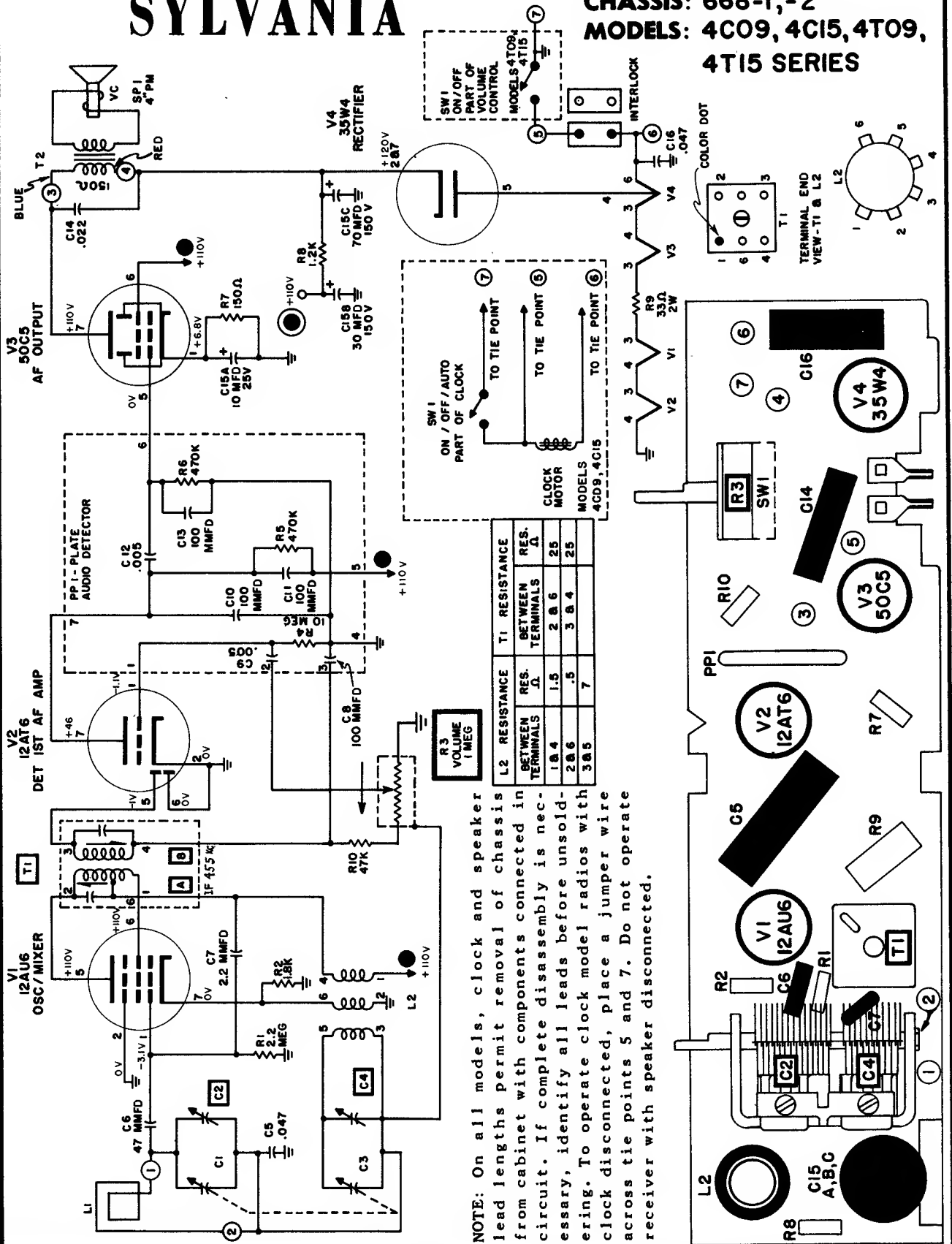
# SYLVANIA

CHASSIS: 661-1  
MODEL 4PI4, 4PI5



# SYLVANIA

**CHASSIS: 668-1,-2**  
**MODELS: 4C09, 4C15, 4T09,**  
**4T15 SERIES**

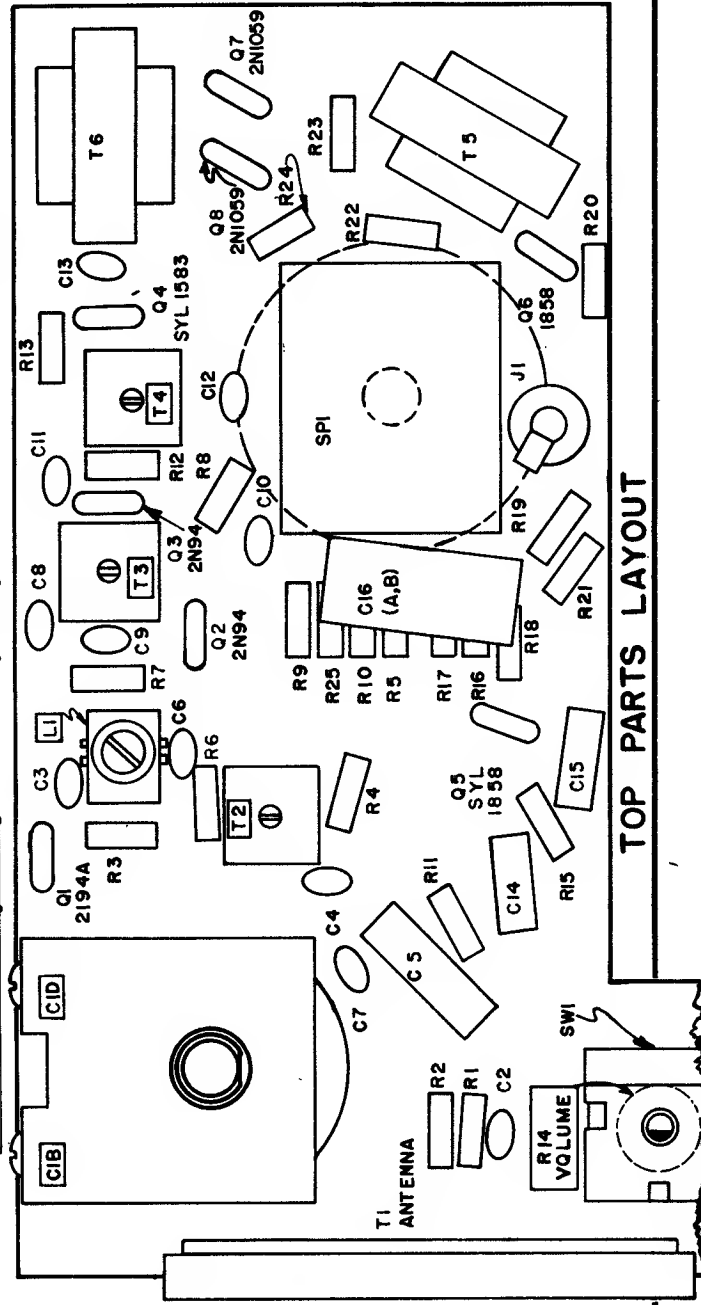
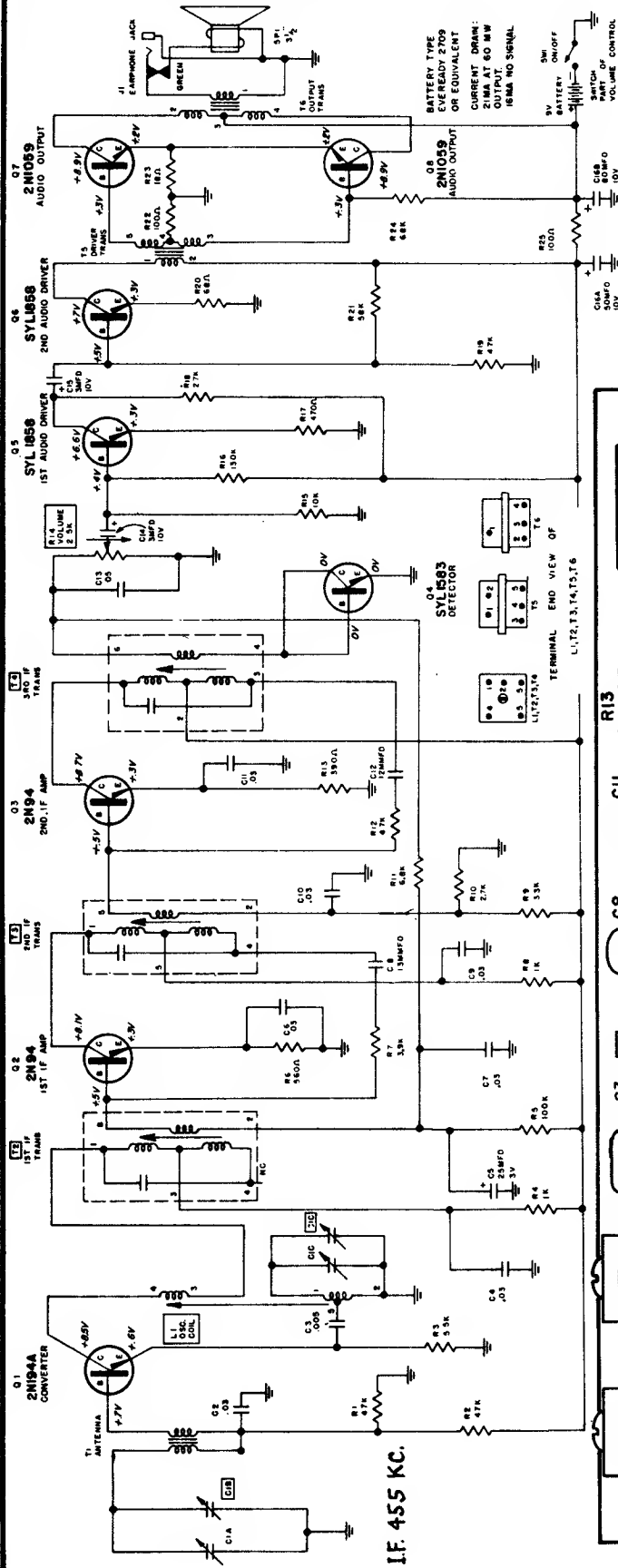


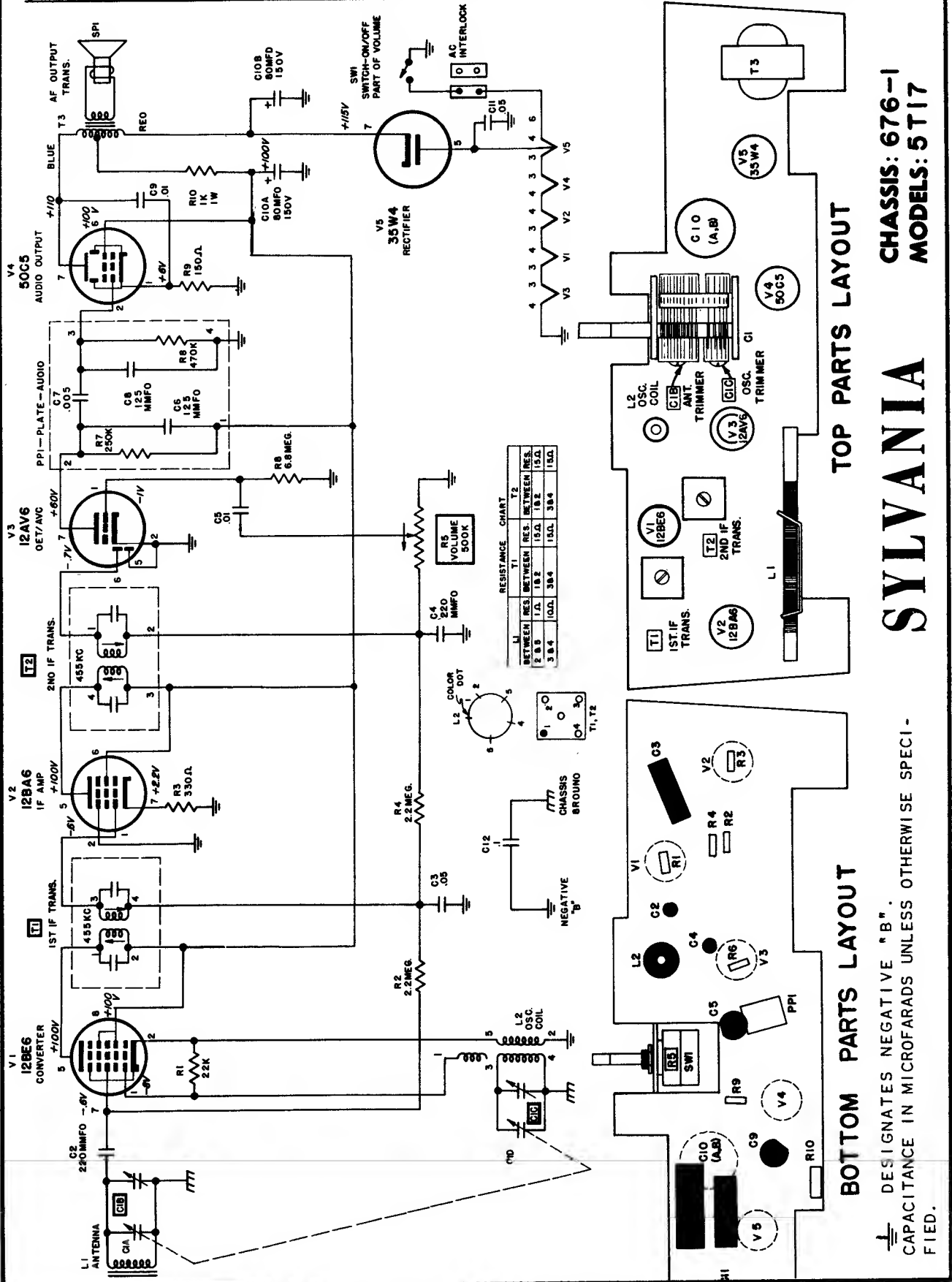
**NOTE:** On all models, clock and speaker lead lengths permit removal of chassis from cabinet with components connected in circuit. If complete disassembly is necessary, identify all leads before unsoldering. To operate clock model radios with clock disconnected, place a jumper wire across tie points 5 and 7. Do not operate receiver with speaker disconnected.

# SYLVANIA

**CHASSIS: 673-1**  
**MODELS: 8PI8 SERIES**

RESISTANCE CHART											
L1		T2		T3		T4		T5		T6	
BETWEEN	RES	BETWEEN	RES	BETWEEN	RES	BETWEEN	RES	BETWEEN	RES	BETWEEN	RES
182	5Ω	183	35Ω	183	35Ω	182	25Ω	182	300Ω	284	100Ω
185	5Ω	184	75Ω	184	75Ω	185	5Ω	384	150Ω	283	55Ω
384	1Ω	285	1Ω	285	1Ω	485	1Ω	385	250Ω		





CHASSIS: 676-1  
MODELS: 5 T17

**SYLVANIA**

TOP PARTS LAYOUT

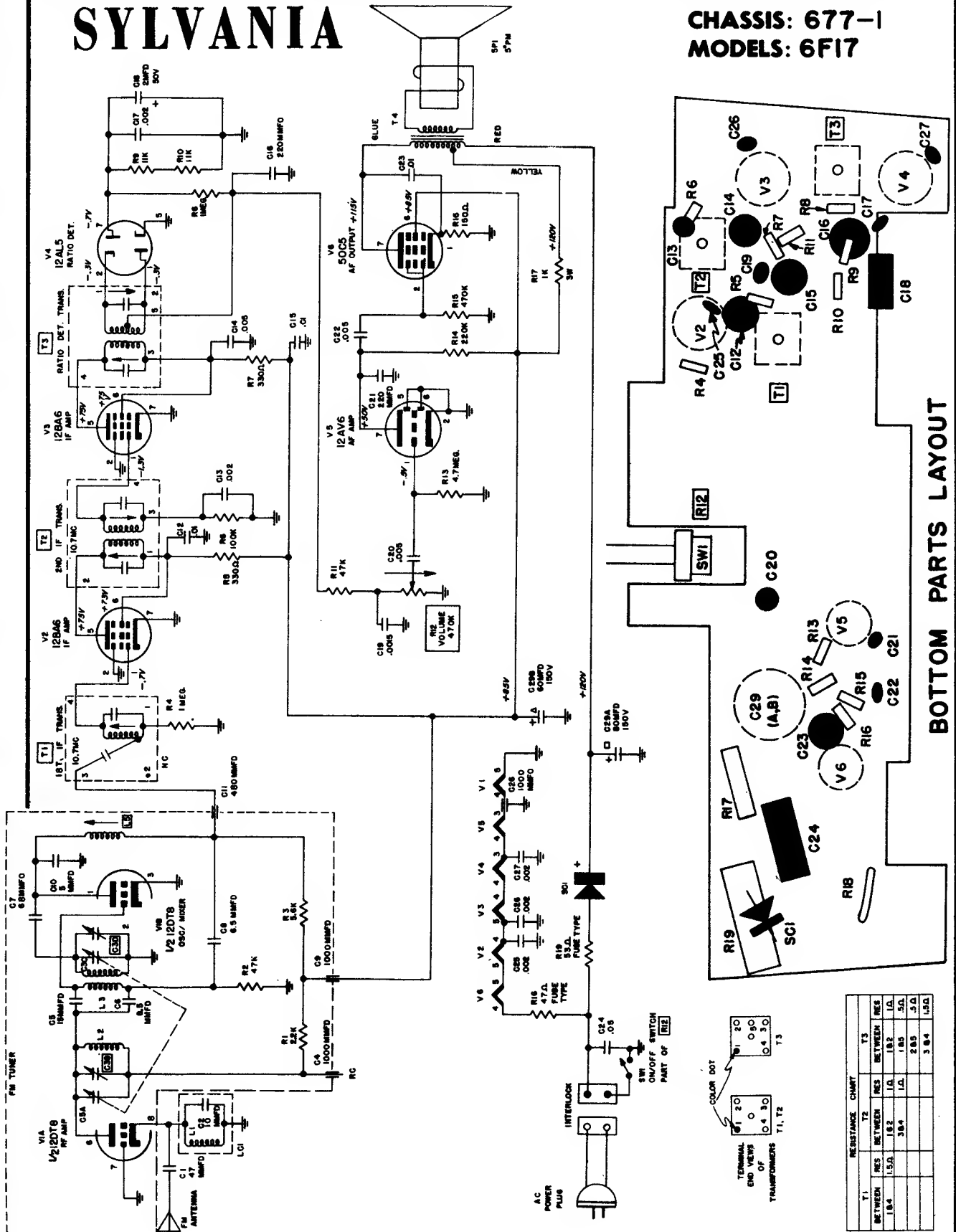
BOTTOM PARTS LAYOUT

DESIGNATES NEGATIVE "B".  
CAPACITANCE IN MICROFARADS UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.



# SYLVANIA

**CHASSIS: 677-1**  
**MODELS: 6F17**

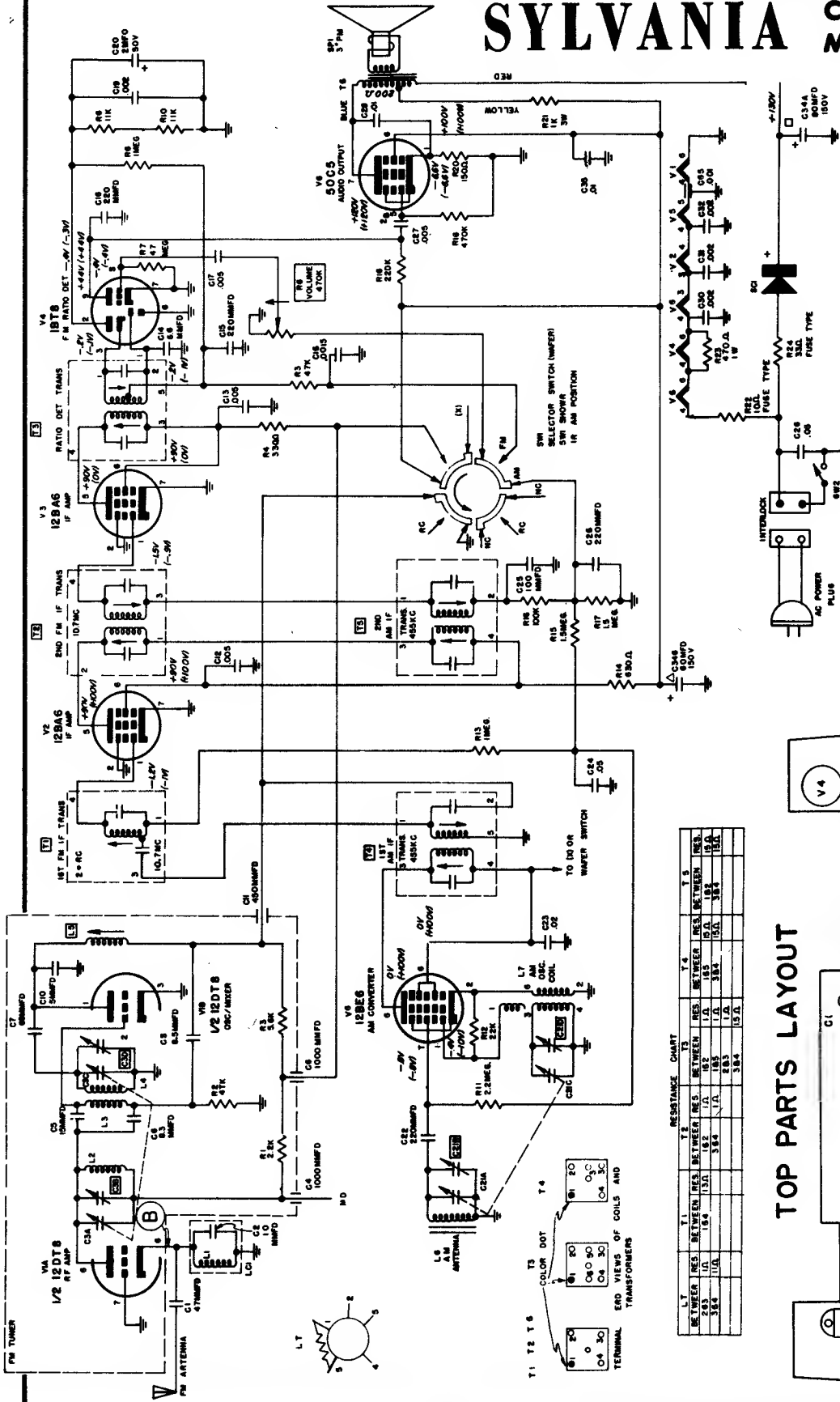


**BOTTOM PARTS LAYOUT**

RESISTANCE CHART			
T1	T2	T3	
BETWEEN NETS	BETWEEN NETS	BETWEEN NETS	RES
18V	15Ω	15Ω	10A
	38Ω	11L	18Ω
		28S	5Ω
		384	15Ω

# SYLVANIA

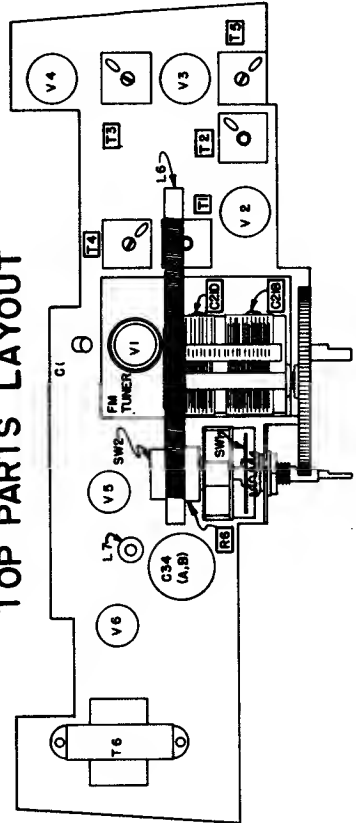
CHASSIS: 678-1  
MODELS: 6F18



RESISTANCE CHART

RES. BETWEEN T1	T2	T3	T4	T5
2.03	1.71	1.62	1.62	1.62
3.84	1.71	1.62	1.62	1.62
3.84	1.71	1.62	1.62	1.62
3.84	1.71	1.62	1.62	1.62
3.84	1.71	1.62	1.62	1.62

## TOP PARTS LAYOUT

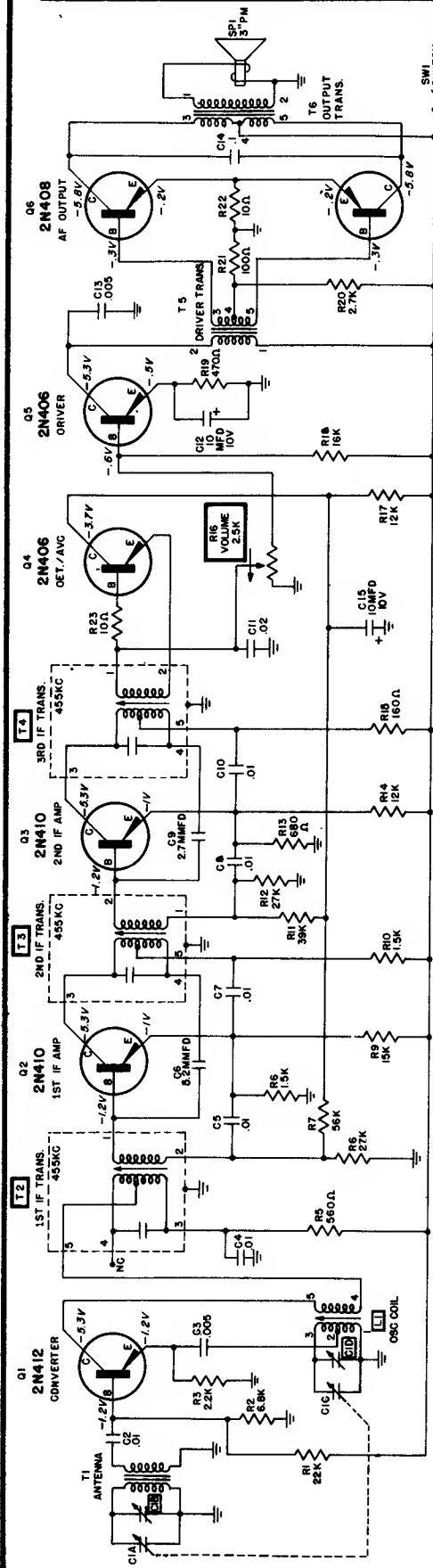


VOLTAGES SHOWN ARE AVERAGE READINGS MEASURED TO CHASSIS WITH NO SIGNAL INPUT. VARIATIONS MAY BE NOTED DUE TO NORMAL PRODUCTION TOLERANCES. VOLTAGE READINGS IN BRACKETS TAKEN WITH SELECTOR SWITCH IN THE AM POSITION. VOLTAGE READINGS WITHOUT BRACKETS TAKEN WITH SELECTOR SWITCH IN THE FM POSITION. RESISTANCES MEASURED WITH COMPONENTS IN THE CIRCUIT.  $\mu$  DESIGNATES CHASSIS GROUND.

**SYLVANIA**

**CHASSIS: 679-1**

**MODELS: 7K10, 7K11 SERIES**



RESISTANCE CHART

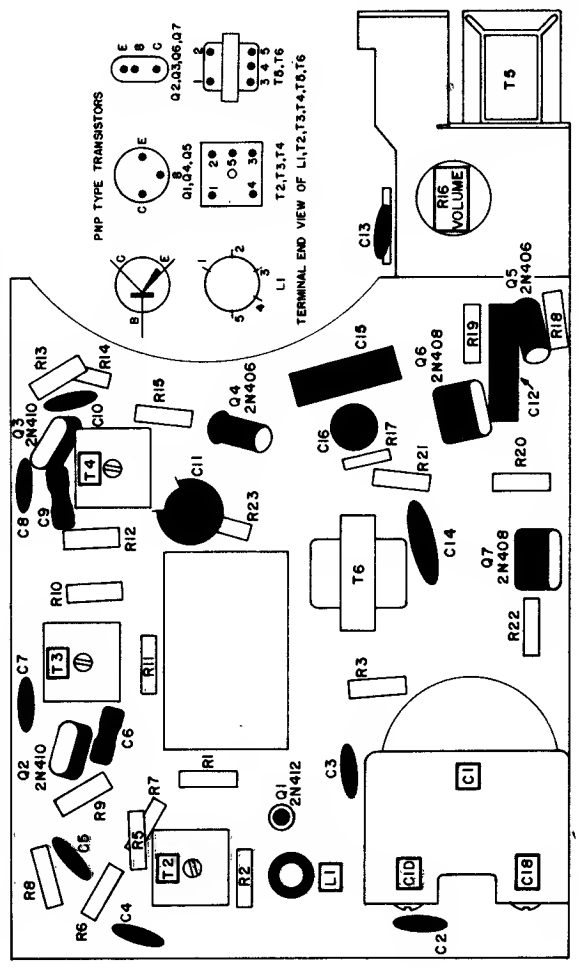
	T2	T3	T4	T5	T6
BETWEEN	RES. Ω	RES. Ω	RES. Ω	RES. Ω	RES. Ω
	BETWEEN	BETWEEN	BETWEEN	BETWEEN	BETWEEN
	RES. Ω	RES. Ω	RES. Ω	RES. Ω	RES. Ω
1	1.82	.5	1.82	.5	1.82
2	1.82	.5	1.82	.5	1.82
3	1.82	.5	1.82	.5	1.82
4	1.82	.5	1.82	.5	1.82
5	3.84	7	3.84	5.5	3.84
6	3.84	7	3.84	5.5	3.84
7	3.84	7	3.84	5.5	3.84
8	3.84	7	3.84	5.5	3.84
9	3.84	7	3.84	5.5	3.84
10	3.84	7	3.84	5.5	3.84
11	3.84	7	3.84	5.5	3.84
12	3.84	7	3.84	5.5	3.84
13	3.84	7	3.84	5.5	3.84
14	3.84	7	3.84	5.5	3.84
15	3.84	7	3.84	5.5	3.84
16	3.84	7	3.84	5.5	3.84
17	3.84	7	3.84	5.5	3.84
18	3.84	7	3.84	5.5	3.84
19	3.84	7	3.84	5.5	3.84
20	3.84	7	3.84	5.5	3.84
21	3.84	7	3.84	5.5	3.84
22	3.84	7	3.84	5.5	3.84

RESISTANCE VALUES TAKEN WITH COMPONENTS IN THE CIRCUIT.  
ALL CAPACITORS IN MICROFARADS UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.

**CHASSIS REMOVAL**

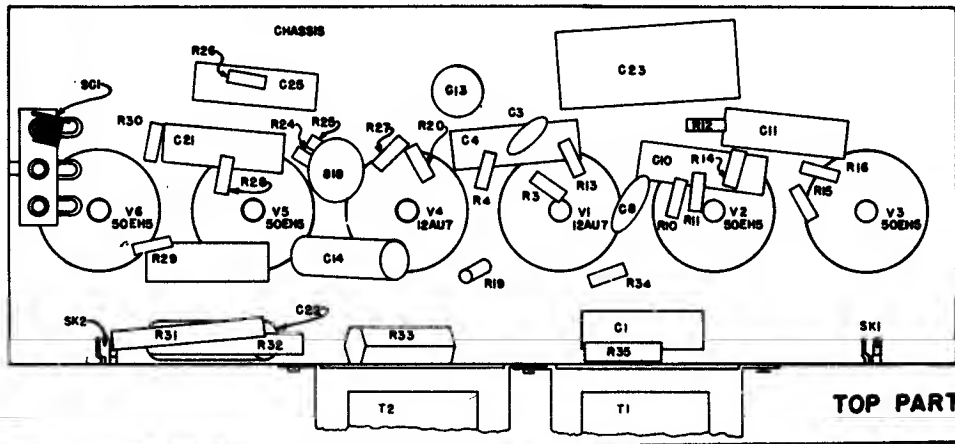
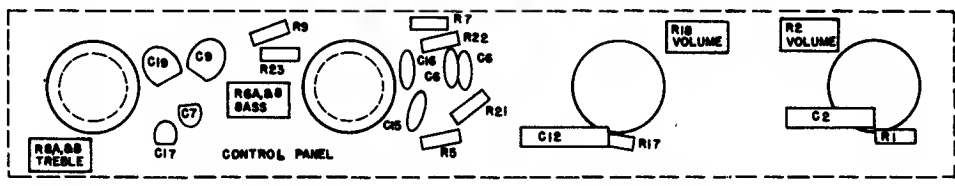
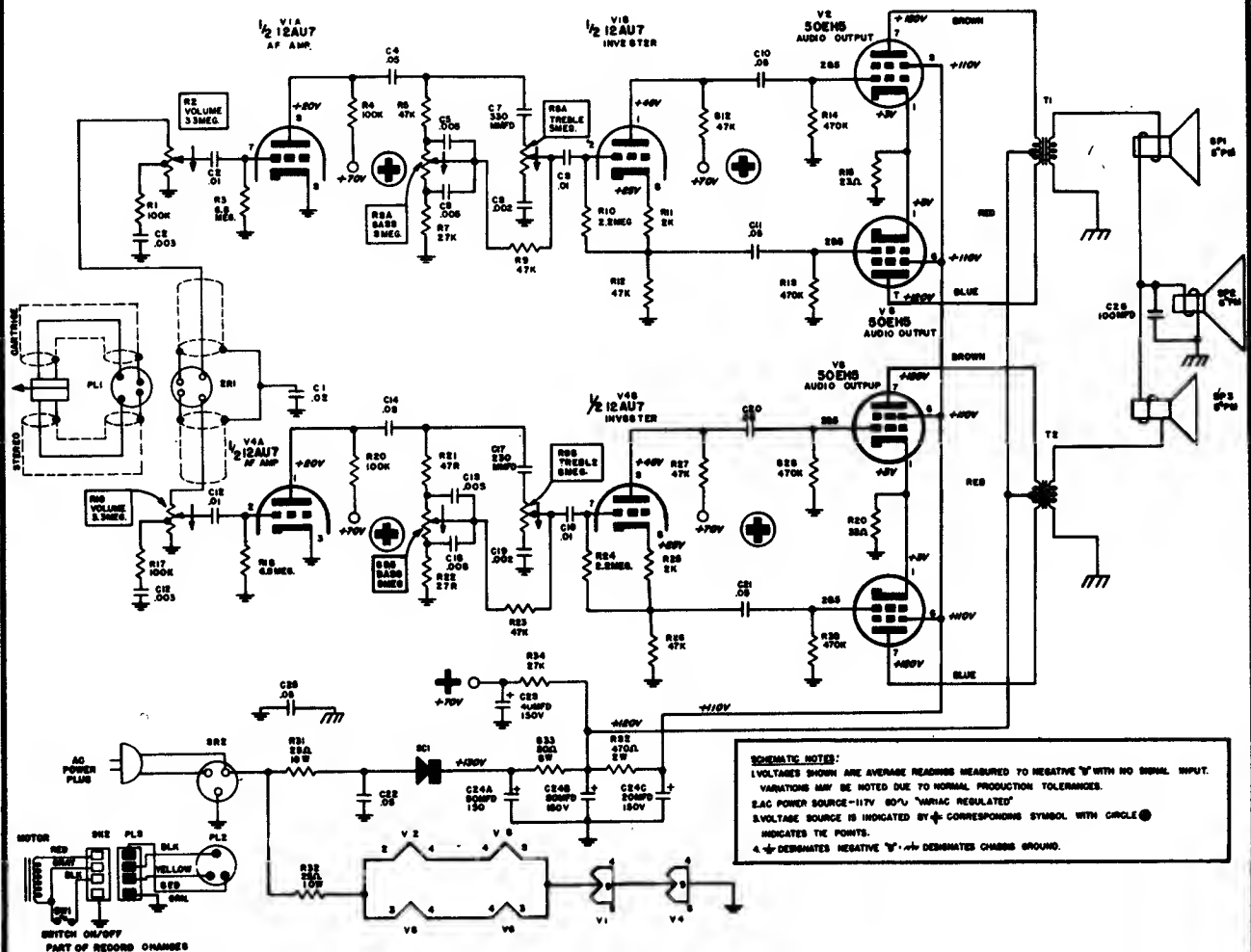
1. Remove volume and station selector knobs by pulling straight outward.
2. Press the right side of case to separate back cover from front of case. Remove back being careful to pass time set knob thru hole in back cover.
3. Remove two (2) screws securing clock battery holder to speaker. Remove holder as far as leads permit.
4. Remove two (2) screws (located on the bottom of case) which secures radio battery holder to case. Remove holder as far as leads permit.
5. Remove three (3) screws and one (1) nut securing corners of chassis to case.
6. Lift chassis from case as far as leads permit.
7. To replace chassis reverse the above procedure making certain all insulating washers removed are replaced.

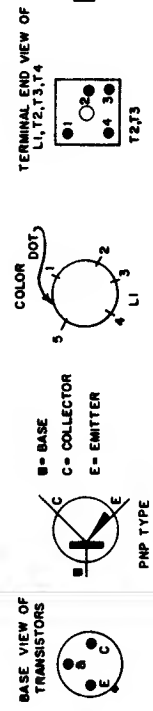
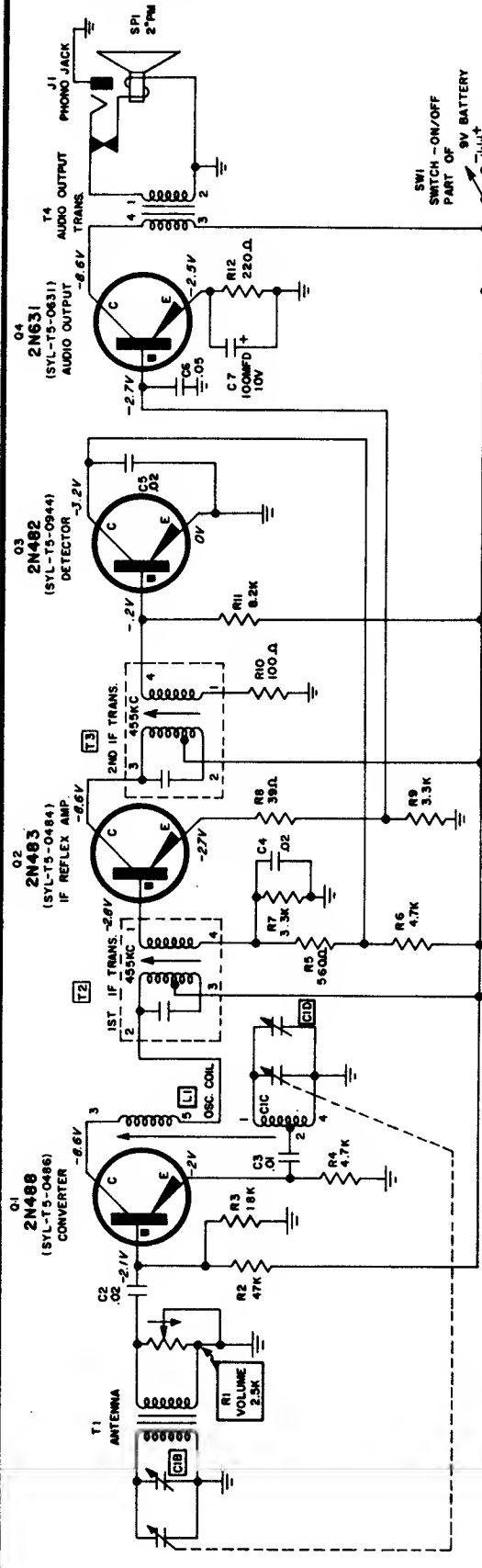
**NOTE:** Do not operate receiver with speaker disconnected.



# SYLVANIA

**CHASSIS: 680-1**  
**MODELS: 45P19**





BASE VIEW OF TRANSISTORS

TERMINAL END VIEW OF L1, T2, T3, T4

COLOR DOT

B = BASE  
C = COLLECTOR  
E = EMITTER

PNP TYPE

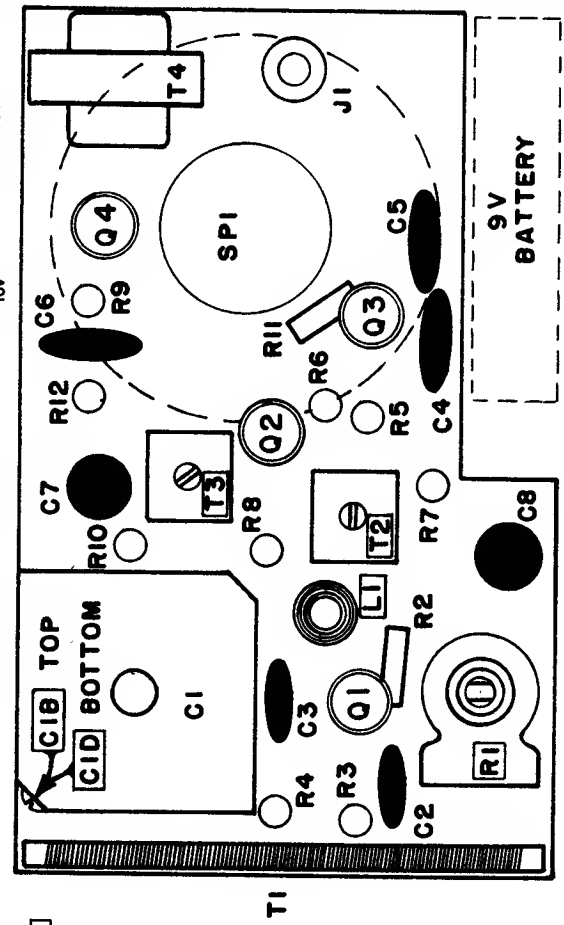
RESISTANCE CHART

L1	T2	T3	T4
BETWEEN RES.	BETWEEN RES.	BETWEEN RES.	BETWEEN RES.
1.82	8.0	1.0	1.0
1.84	1.0	1.0	1.0
1.84	1.0	1.0	1.0
2.84	1.0	1.0	1.0
3.85	1.0	1.0	1.0

SCHMATIC NOTES

1. VOLTAGES MEASURED TO CHASSIS GROUND, WITH RECEIVER NOT TUNED TO ANY SPECIFIC STATION.
2. BATTERY VOLTAGE WITH RECEIVER OPERATING 9 VOLTS.
3. VOLTAGES SHOWN ARE AVERAGE READINGS. VARIATIONS MAY BE NOTED DUE TO NORMAL PRODUCTION TOLERANCE.
4. COIL AND TRANSFORMER RESISTANCE ARE TAKEN WITH COMPONENTS CONNECTED IN THE CIRCUIT.
5. ALL CAPACITORS IN MICROFARADS UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.
6. INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY (IF), 455KC.
7.  $\frac{\square}{\square}$  DESIGNATES CHASSIS GROUND.

TOP PARTS LAYOUT

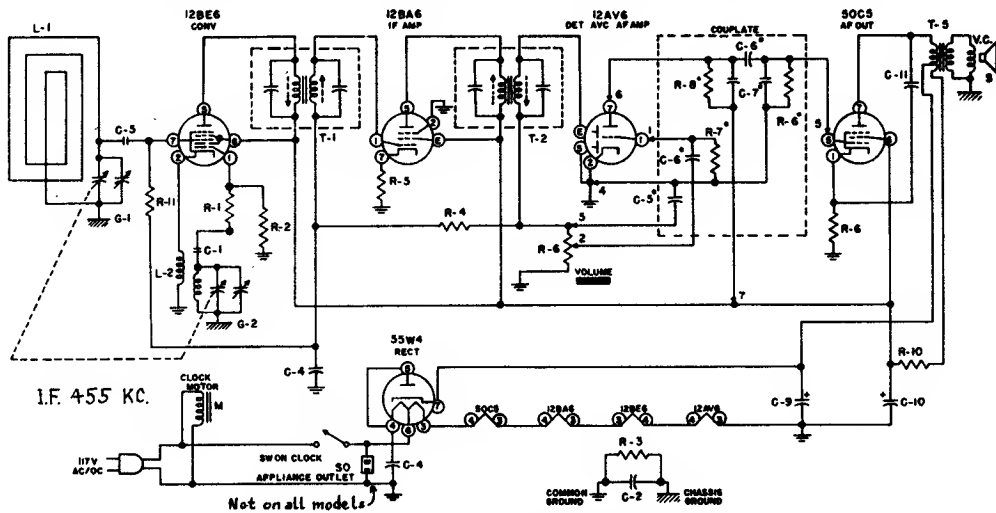


CHASSIS: 690-1  
MODELS: 4P05, 4P06

SYLVANIA

# VOLUME R-21, MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED 1961 RADIO SERVICING INFORMATION

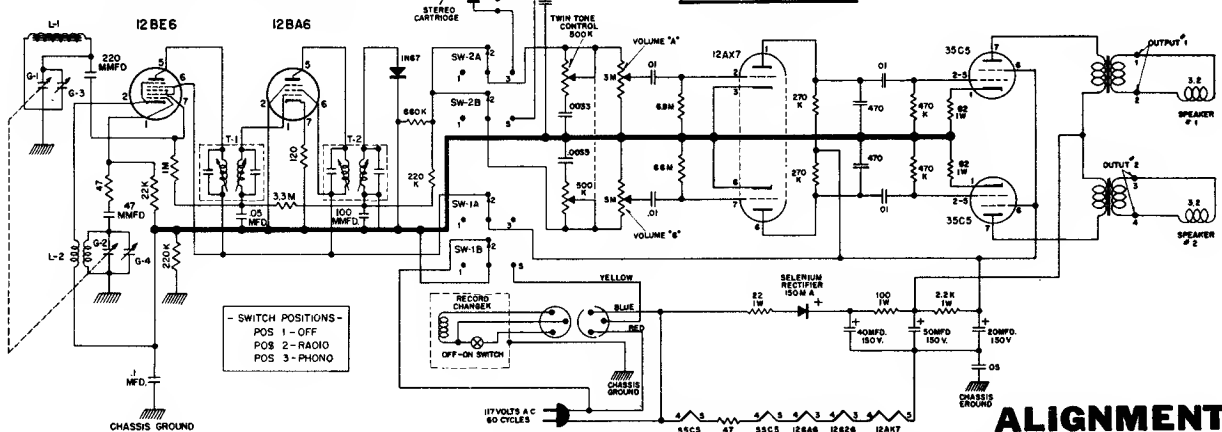
TRAV-LER Models 60C300, 60C301, 60C302, 60C303, 60C320, 60C321, 60C322, 60C323



PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
IR-4	R-1 47Ω. RESISTOR 1/2W. 20%	CC-12	C-1 47 MMF0 GERMANIC CONDENSER	SPK-55X	S 4" P.M. SPEAKER
IR-45	R-2 22MΩ. RESISTOR 1/2W. 10%	PC-8	C-2 .1 MFD. CONDENSER 400 V.	V.C.	VOICE COIL
IR-20	R-3 220MΩ. RESISTOR 1/2W. 20%	CC-33	C-3 220 MMF0. 500V. 20% GER. COND.	T-5	OUTPUT TRANSFORMER
IR-25	R-4 3.3MEG. RESISTOR 1/2W. 20%	PC-5	C-4 .05 MFD. CONDENSER 400 V.	LL-48	L-1 LOOP ANTENNA
IR-195	R-5 20Ω. RESISTOR 1/2W. 10%	C-5	C-5 250 MMF0.	LO-27	L-2 OSC. COIL
VC-101	R-6 1 MEG. VOLUME CONTROL.	C-6	C-6 .002 MFD.	SO-34	M 50 APPLIANCE OUTLET SOCKET
MG-19	R-7 6.6 MEG.	C-7	C-7 250 MMF0.	CK-7	ELECTRIC CLOCK
	R-8 470MΩ.	C-8	C-8 .005 MFD.		
IR-98	R-9 150Ω. RESISTOR 1/2W. 10%	EC-68	C-6 70 MFD. 150 W.V.O. ELECTROLYTIC		
IR-42	R-10 1000Ω. RESISTOR 1 W. 10%	C-10	C-10 4D MFD.		
IR-12	R-11 1 MEG. RESISTOR 1/2W. 20%	PC-47	C-11 .02 MFD. CONDENSER 400V.		
LI-19	T-1 INPUT I.F. TRANSFORMER	GC-24	G-1 TUNING CONDENSER		
	T-2 OUTPUT I.F. TRANSFORMER		G-2		

## TRAV-LER RADIO

## MODEL-1130

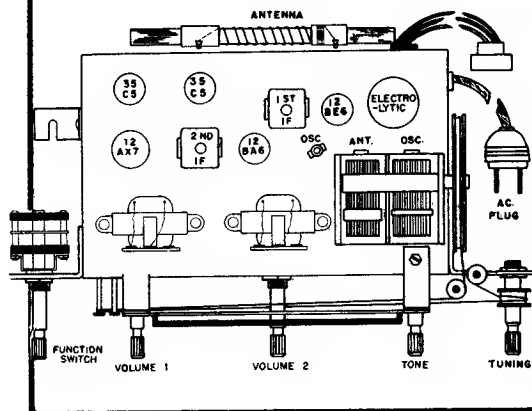


## ALIGNMENT

**FIRST STEP:** Connect the hot lead from the generator to the ANT. section of the gang condenser through a .1 MFD. condenser. The ground lead from the generator must be connected to "B" minus under the chassis. Turn the gang condenser to complete minimum capacity. Set the generator to 455 KC. Adjust the movable iron cores in the IF cans.

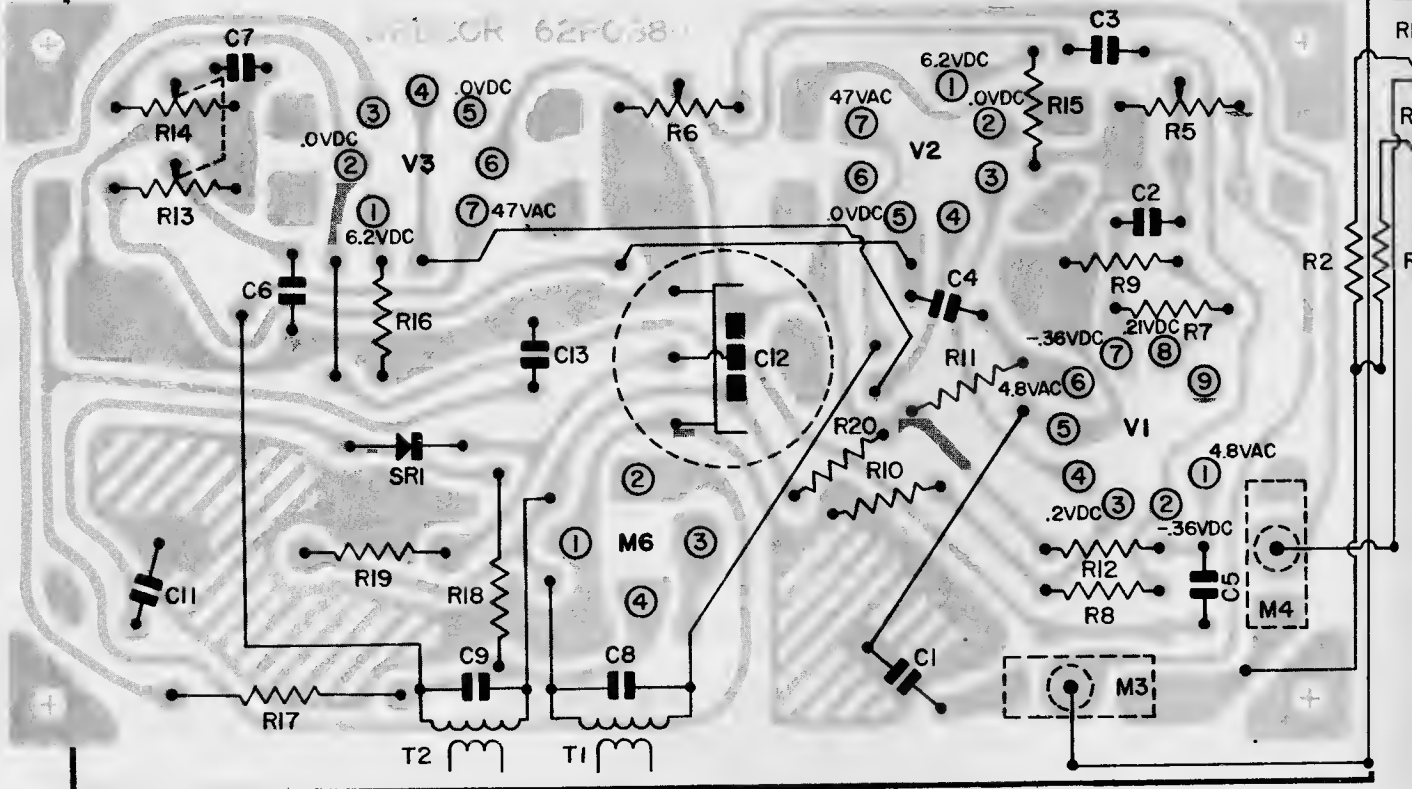
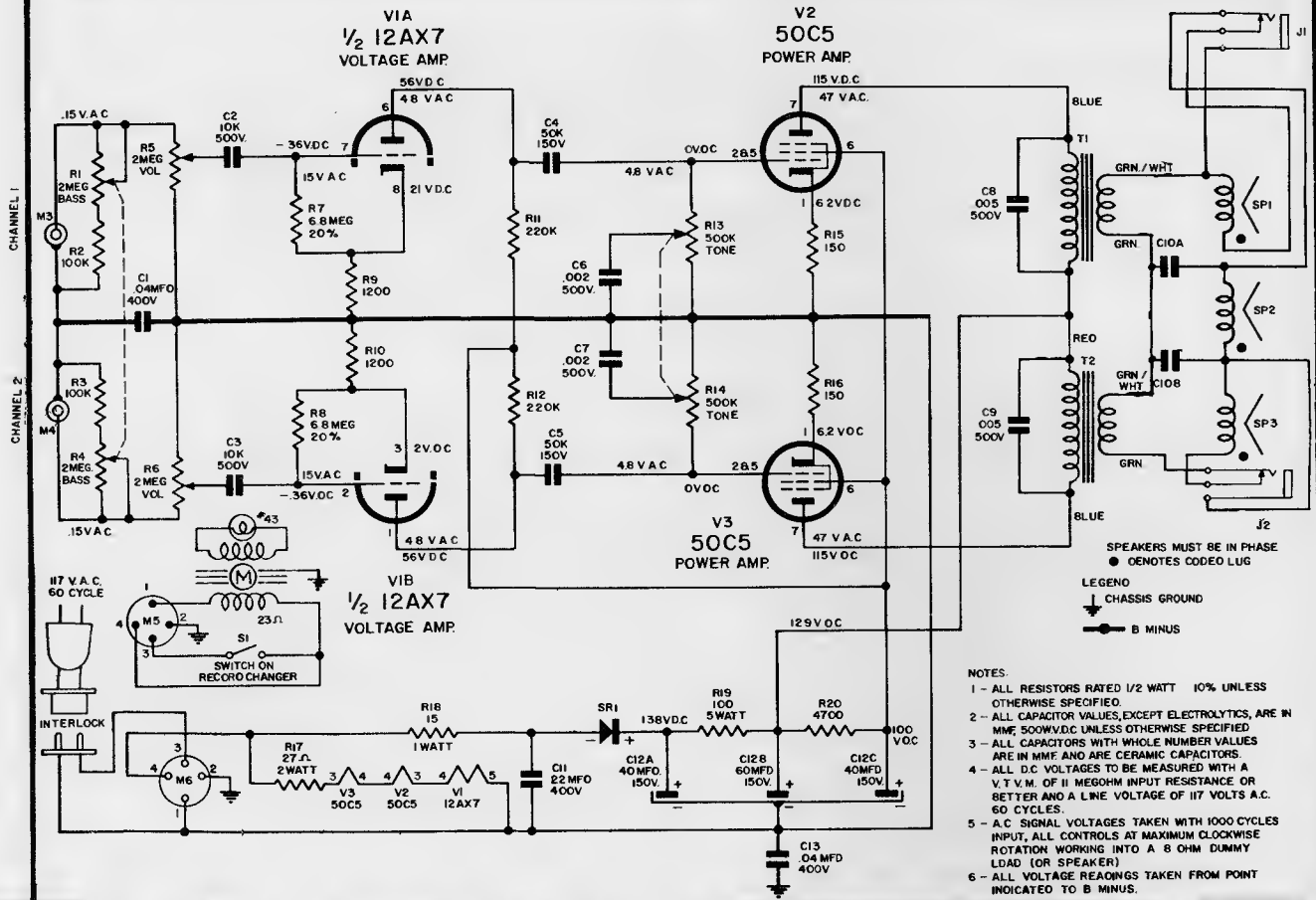
**SECOND STEP:** With the leads from the generator still connected as in IF alignment, adjust the generator to 1610 KC. Make sure that the gang condenser is turned to complete minimum capacity. Adjust the generator to 1610 KC. and adjust the oscillator trimmer of the receiver until the signal is tuned in. Next, turn the gang condenser to complete maximum capacity. Adjust the generator to 540 KC., then adjust the iron core in the end of the oscillator coil until the signal is tuned in.

**THIRD STEP:** Remove the generator leads from the gang condenser and the chassis. Loosely couple the generator to the antenna by laying the hot generator lead near the antenna rod. Set the generator at 1400 KC. and tune in the 1400 KC. signal on the receiver. Adjust the ANT. trimmer until a maximum signal is noted on the output meter.



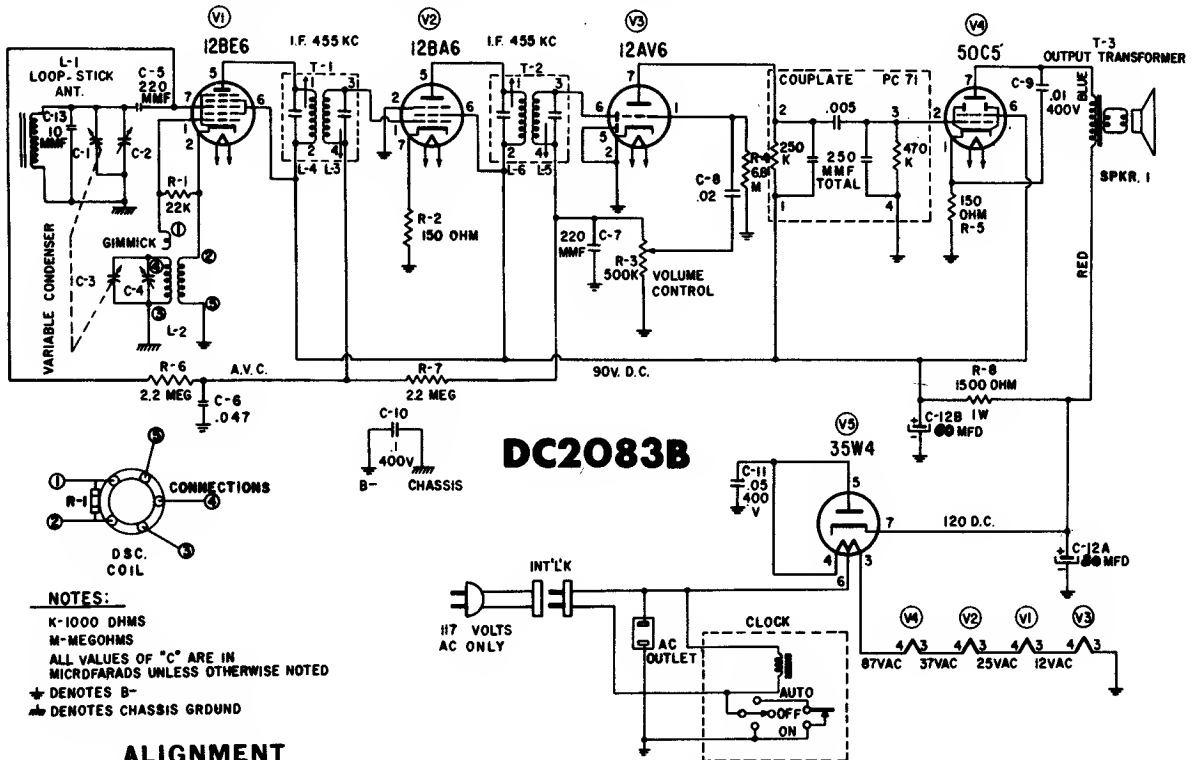


**WEBCOR** Amplifier 14X331, used in Models BC1055, MC1055, WC1055





**WESTERN AUTO Model DC2083B**, Exact Service Material.  
 Model DC2173A is the same electrically, while additional  
 Models DC2082B and DC2172A are very similar electrically  
 but do not use clock-switching network.

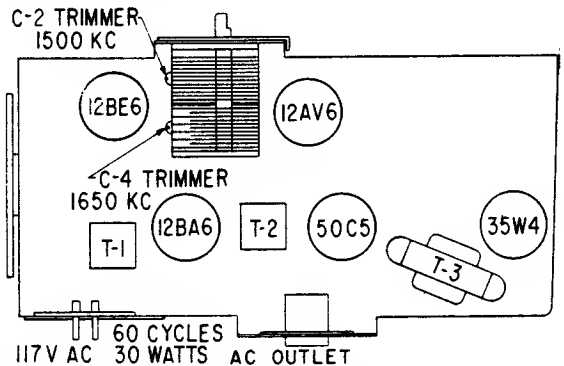


**ALIGNMENT**

Equipment required: Modulated RF signal generator; output meter; insulated screwdriver, two .1 mfd 600 volt condensers. To insure proper alignment, a radiated signal will be required during part of the alignment procedure. To radiate a signal, connect a loop of about 6 inches in diameter (two or three turns of #18 or #22 wire) across the output of the signal generator, and place this loop parallel to the loop of the receiver to be aligned, at a distance of about 10 or 12 inches. Connect the output meter and signal generator as follows:

Output meter: Connect across the speaker voice coil and turn the volume control to maximum (extreme clockwise position). Signal generator: When the generator is not used to radiate a signal, connect the low side to B--through a .1 mfd condenser, clip the high side through a .1 mfd 600 volt condenser to the point at which signal injection is required, and keep the output as low as possible. Proceed in the sequence shown in the alignment chart.

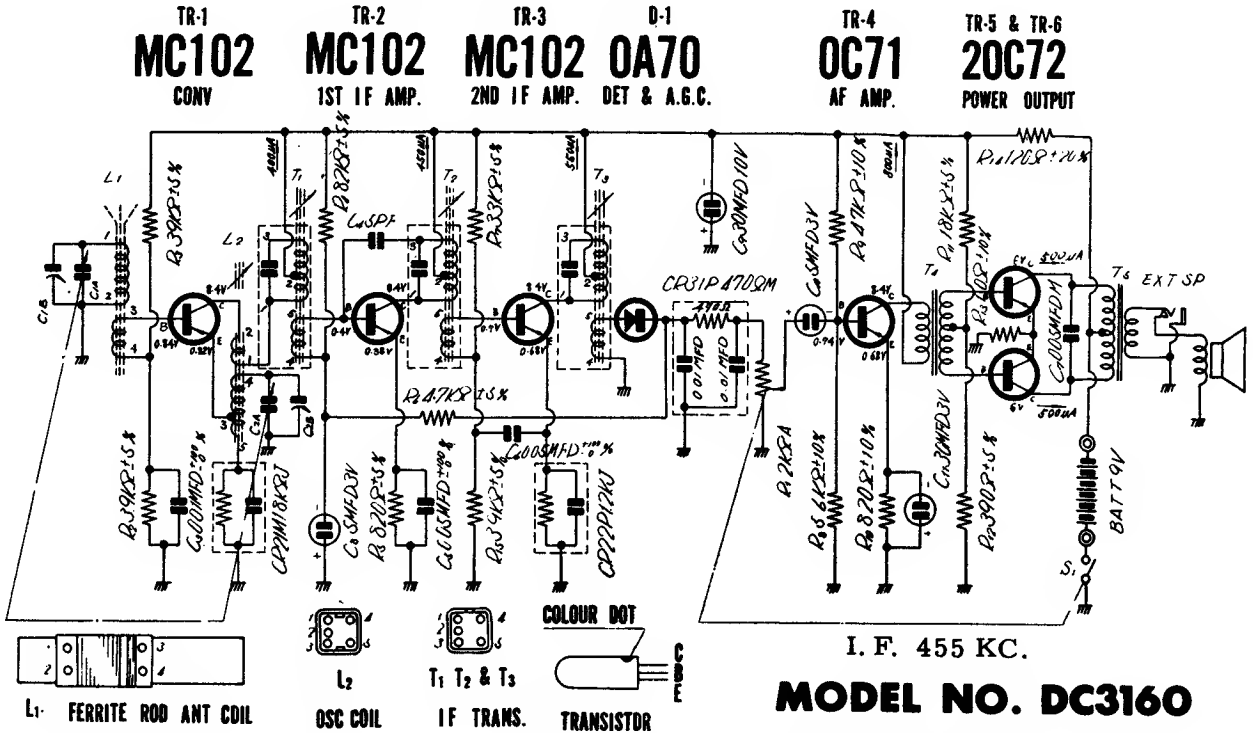
The chassis is attached to the front panel and must be removed from the cabinet before alignment can be performed. To remove the front panel from the cabinet remove the two screws on back of cabinet.



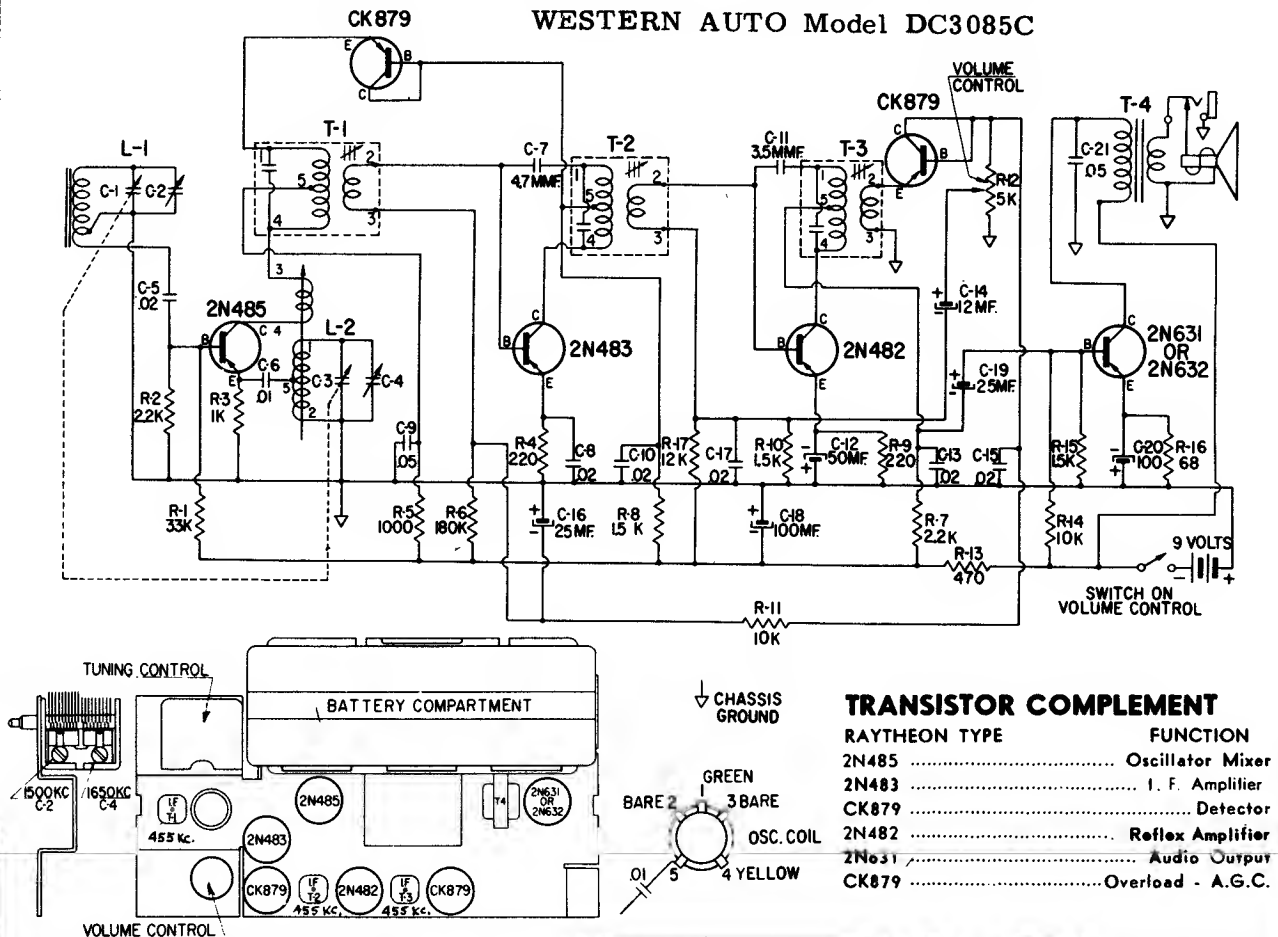
**ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE CHART**

Step	Connect High Side of Signal Generator To—	Set Signal Generator To—	Turn Receiver Dial To—	Adjust The Following for Maximum Output (Keep Signal From Signal Generator As Low As Possible)
1	Antenna Section Tuning Condenser in Series with .1MFD. Cond.	455 KC.	Full Counter Clockwise (Condenser Plates Fully Open)	Top and Bottom T2 and T1 (I.F. Transformers)
2		1650 KC.		C4 (Oscillator Trimmer)
3	Use Radiated Signal	1500 KC.	Maximum Signal Approx. 1500 KC.	C2 Antenna Trimmer)
4		Repeat Steps 2 and 3		

WESTERN AUTO Model DC3160



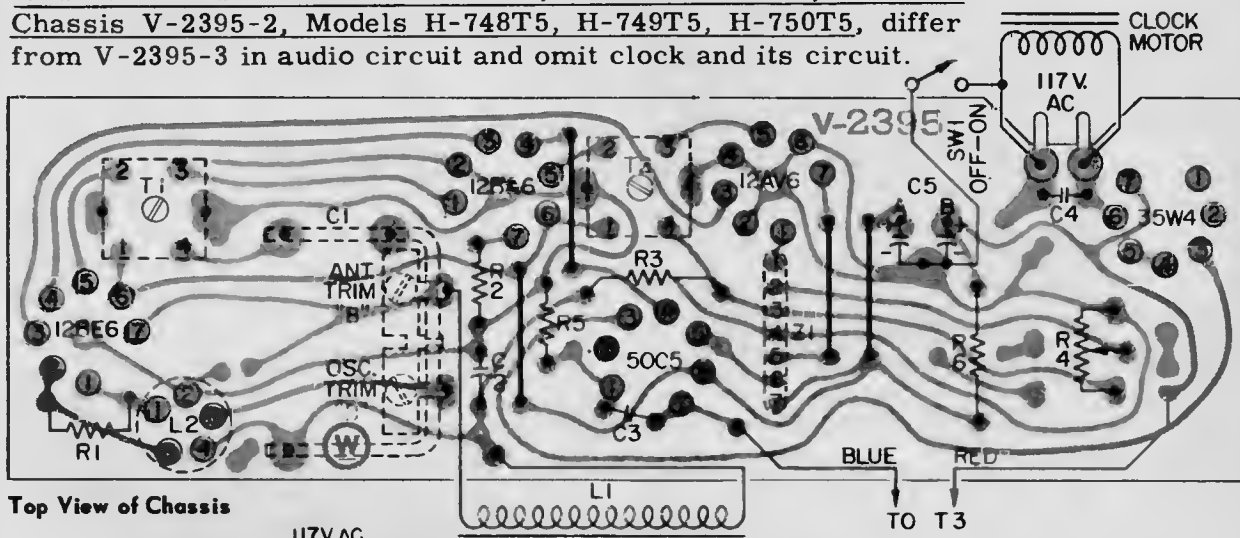
WESTERN AUTO Model DC3085C



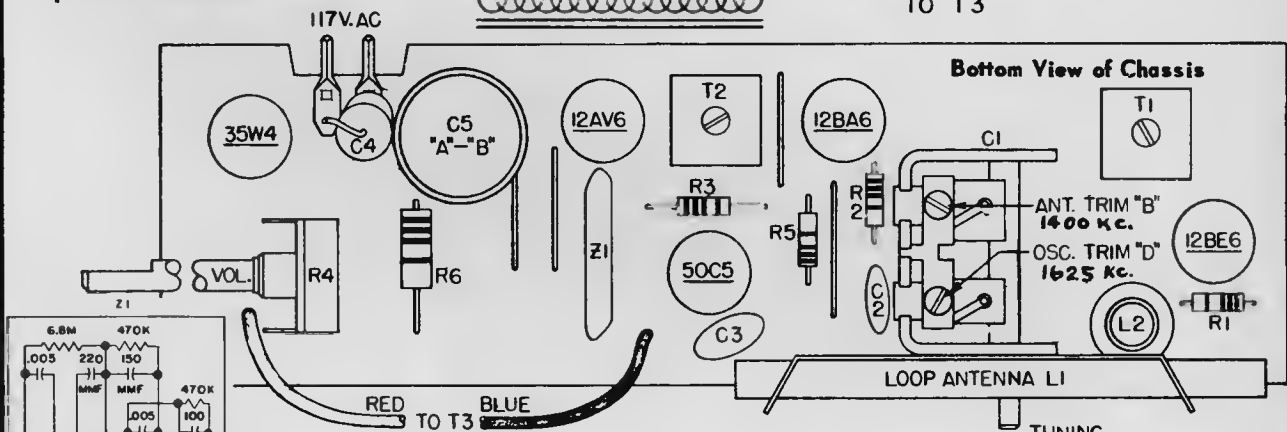
VOLUME R-21, MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED 1961 RADIO SERVICING INFORMATION

WESTINGHOUSE Chassis V-2395-3, Models H-753L5, H-755L5.

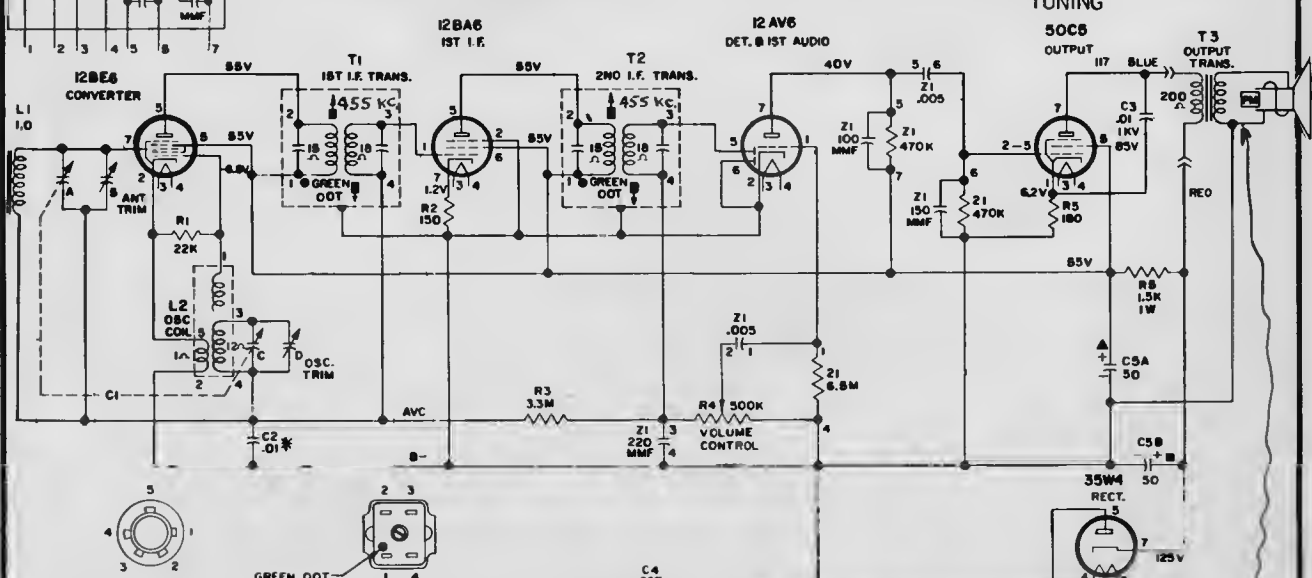
Chassis V-2395-2, Models H-748T5, H-749T5, H-750T5, differ from V-2395-3 in audio circuit and omit clock and its circuit.



Top View of Chassis



Bottom View of Chassis

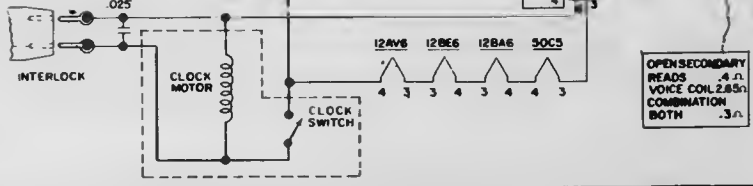


BOTTOM VIEW OF L2 OSC. COIL SHOWING CONNECTIONS

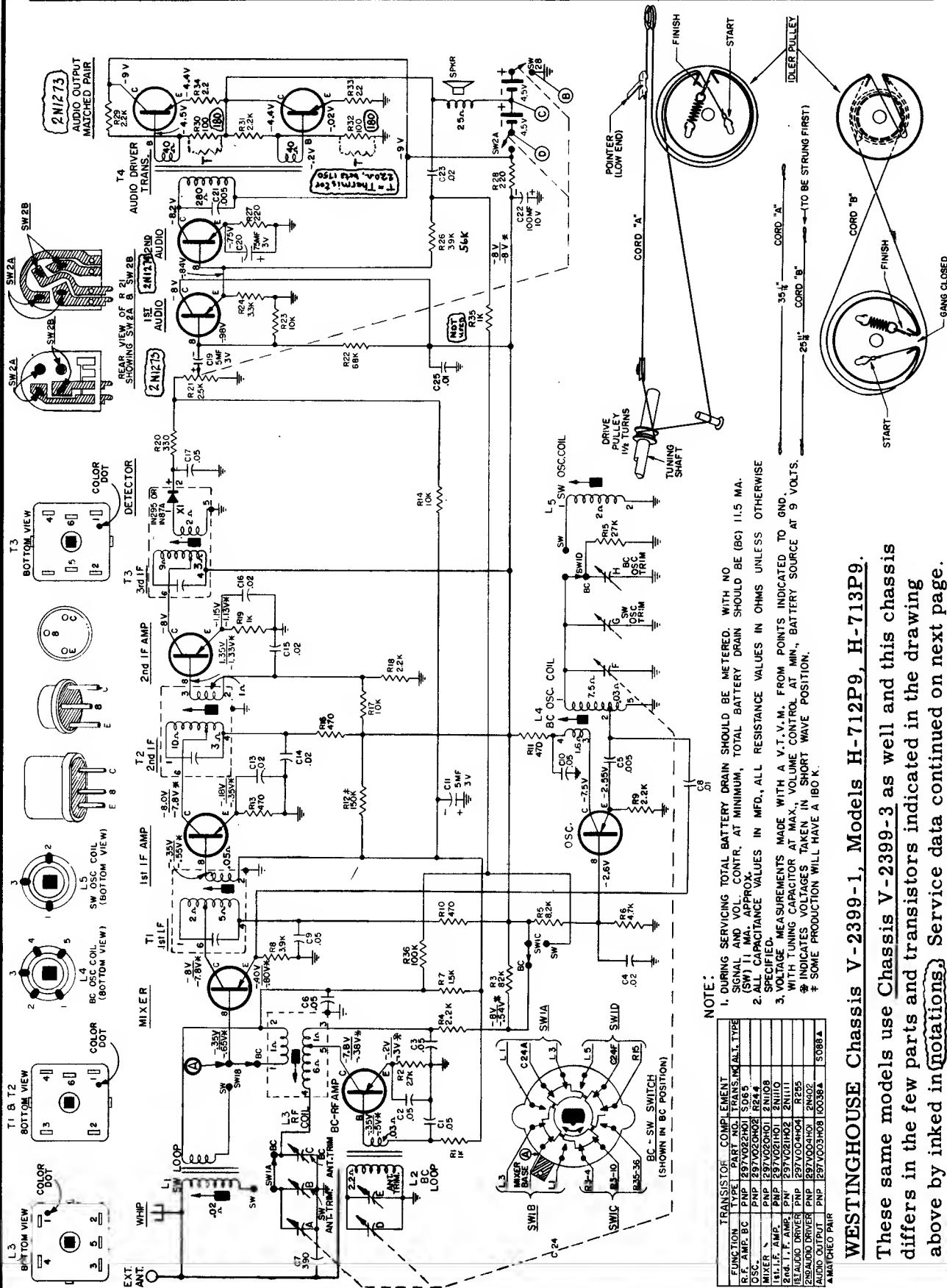
BOTTOM VIEW OF T1, T2, I.F. TRANS.

NOTES

1. ALL VOLTAGES MEASURED FROM COMMON NEGATIVE USING A V.T.V.M., VOLUME CONTROL AT MINIMUM, TUNING CAPACITOR AT MAXIMUM LINE VOLTAGE SET AT 117 V.AC, READINGS SHOULD BE AS SHOWN  $\pm 20\%$ .
2. ALL CAPACITANCE VALUES IN MFD. AND ALL RESISTANCE VALUES IN OHMS UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.



OPEN SECONDARY READS .4 Ω VOICE COIL 2.85 Ω COMBINATION BOTH .3 Ω



NOTE:

1. DURING SERVICING TOTAL BATTERY DRAIN SHOULD BE MONITORED. WITH NO SIGNAL, I.M.A. APPROX. (SW1) I.M.A. APPROX.
2. ALL CAPACITANCE VALUES IN MFD., ALL RESISTANCE VALUES IN OHMS UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.
3. VOLTAGE MEASUREMENTS MADE WITH A V.T.V.M. FROM POINTS INDICATED TO GND. \* INDICATES VOLTAGES TAKEN IN SHORT WAVE POSITION. # SOME PRODUCTION WILL HAVE A 100 K.

FUNCTION	TRANSISTOR TYPE	COMPLEMENT PART NO.	TRANS. MFG. TYPE
R.F. AMP. BC	BC107	297V022HO1	5065
OSC.	BC107	297V022HO1	2E24
MIXER	BC107	297V022HO1	2N1108
1st I.F. AMP.	BC107	297V022HO1	2N1111
2nd I.F. AMP.	BC107	297V022HO1	2N1111
1st AUDIO DRIVER	BC107	297V022HO1	R225
2nd AUDIO DRIVER	BC107	297V022HO1	2N602
AUDIO OUTPUT	2N1273	297V022HO1	10038A
4-MINORCO PAIR			5088A

**WESTINGHOUSE Chassis V-2399-1, Models H-712P9, H-713P9.**

These same models use Chassis V-2399-3 as well and this chassis differs in the few parts and transistors indicated in the drawing above by inked in notations. Service data continued on next page.

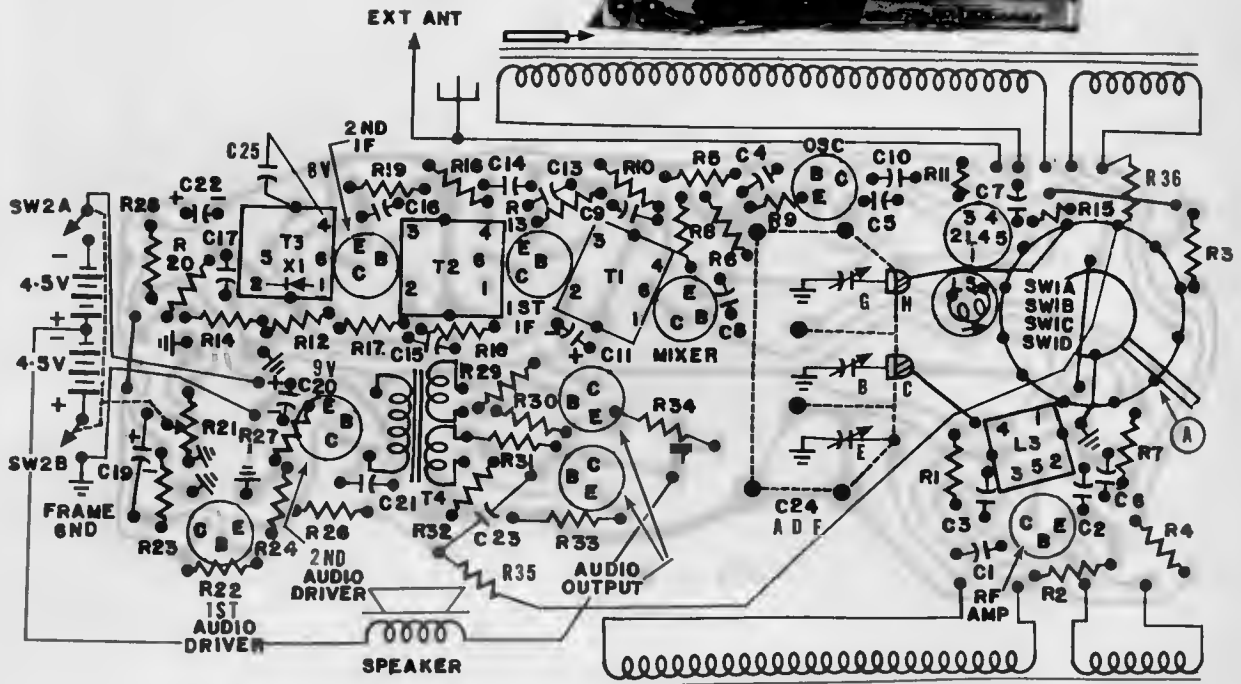
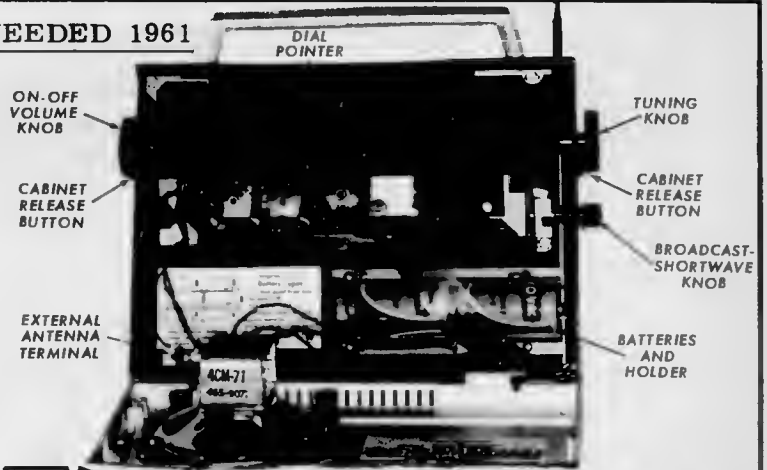
WESTINGHOUSE

Chassis V-2399-1

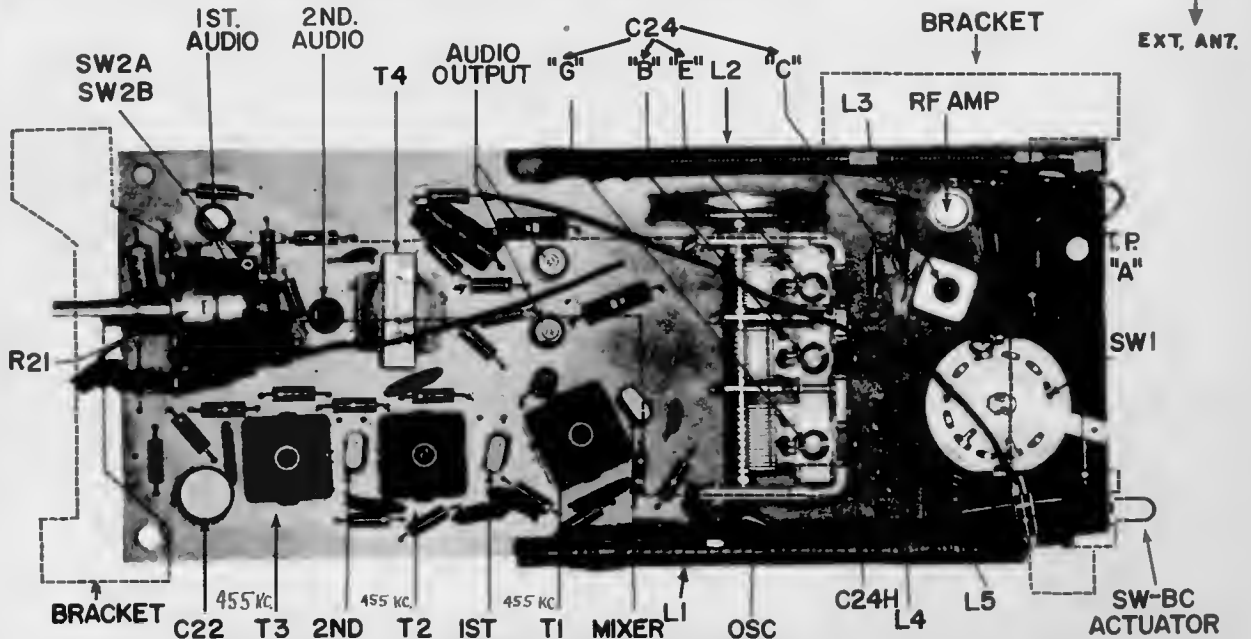
Models H-712P9, H-713P9

(Continued from preceding page.)

Frequency Range  
 Broadcast ..... 540 to 1600KC  
 Short Wave ..... 2.4 to 6.5MC  
 Intermediate Frequency ..... 455KC



Bottom view of printed circuit chassis, showing components symbolically.

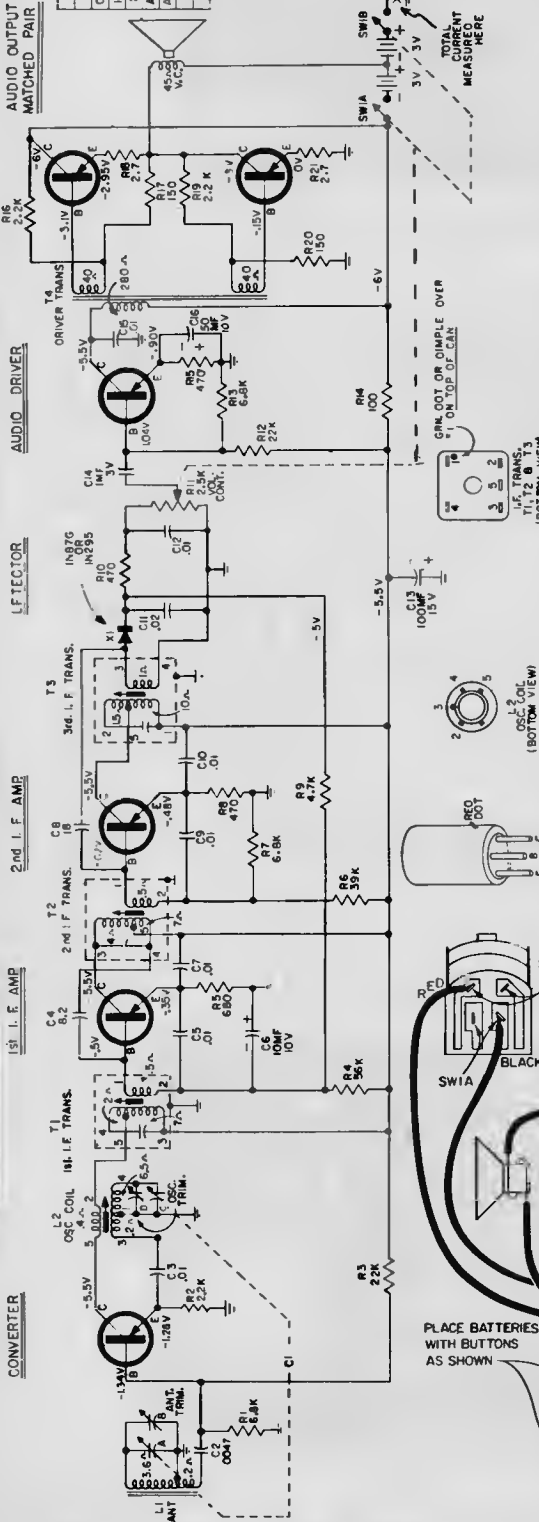


# MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED 1961 RADIO SERVICING INFORMATION

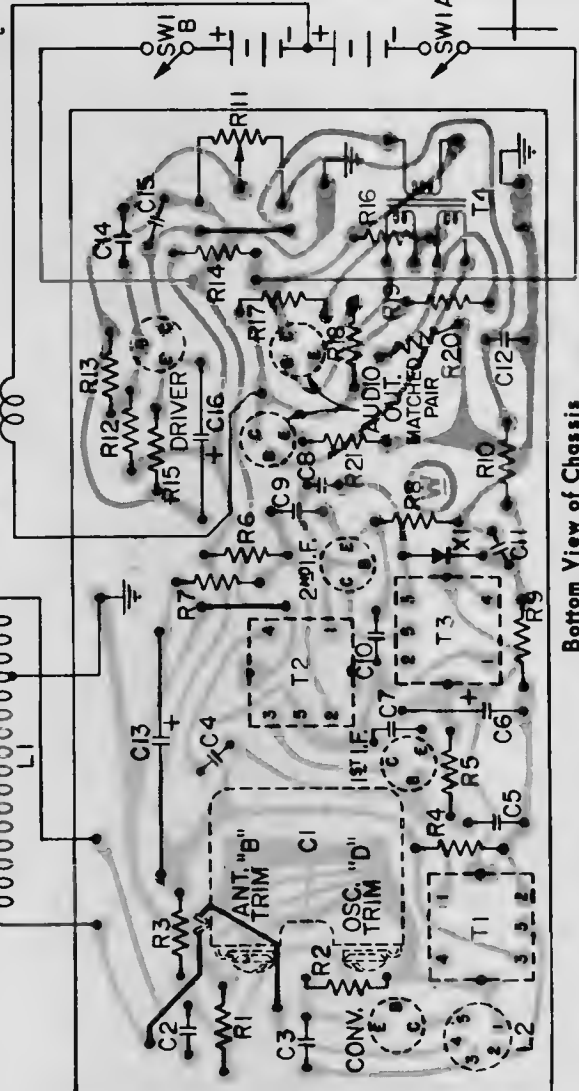
**Westinghouse Chassis V-2397-4,  
Models H-725P6A, H-726P6A,  
H-727P6A, H-728P6A, H-771P6,  
H-771P6GP, H-772P6, -GP,  
H-773P6, and H-773P6GP.**

FUNCTION	TRANSISTOR TYPE	PART NO. ALTERNATES	COMPLEMENT
CONVERTER	PNP	297V010H1 2M402	
1st I.F. AMP	PNP	297V0210S1 2M410	
2nd I.F. AMP	PNP	297V0210S2 2M410	
AUDIO DRIVER	PNP	297V0040A3 2M406	
AUDIO OUTPUT MATCHED PAIR	PNP	297V00390A3 2M406	

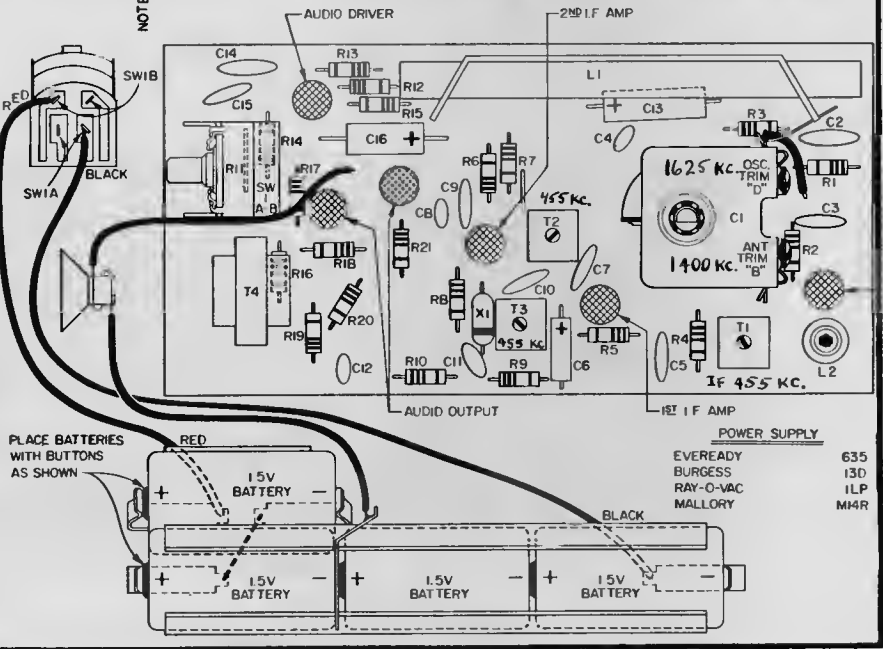
• MATCHED PAIR (SEE NOTES)



- NOTES:**
- DURING SERVICING, TOTAL BATTERY CURRENT SHOULD BE METERED. WITH NO SIGNAL, AND VOLUME CONTROL AT MINIMUM, TOTAL BATTERY DRAIN SHOULD BE APPROX. 9 MA.
  - VOLTAGE MEASUREMENTS MADE WITH A VTVM FROM POINTS INDICATED TO GROUND, WITH TUNING CAPACITOR AT MAXIMUM, VOLUME CONTROL AT MINIMUM & BATTERY SOURCE AT 6 VOLTS.
  - ALL CAPACITORS ESSENTIALLY EQUAL IN VALUE. ALL CAPACITORS GREATER THAN ONE ARE IN MMFD.
  - ANY TWO AUDIO OUTPUT TRANSISTORS WITH IDENTICAL COLOR CODE ON TOP CAN BE USED AS A MATCHED PAIR.

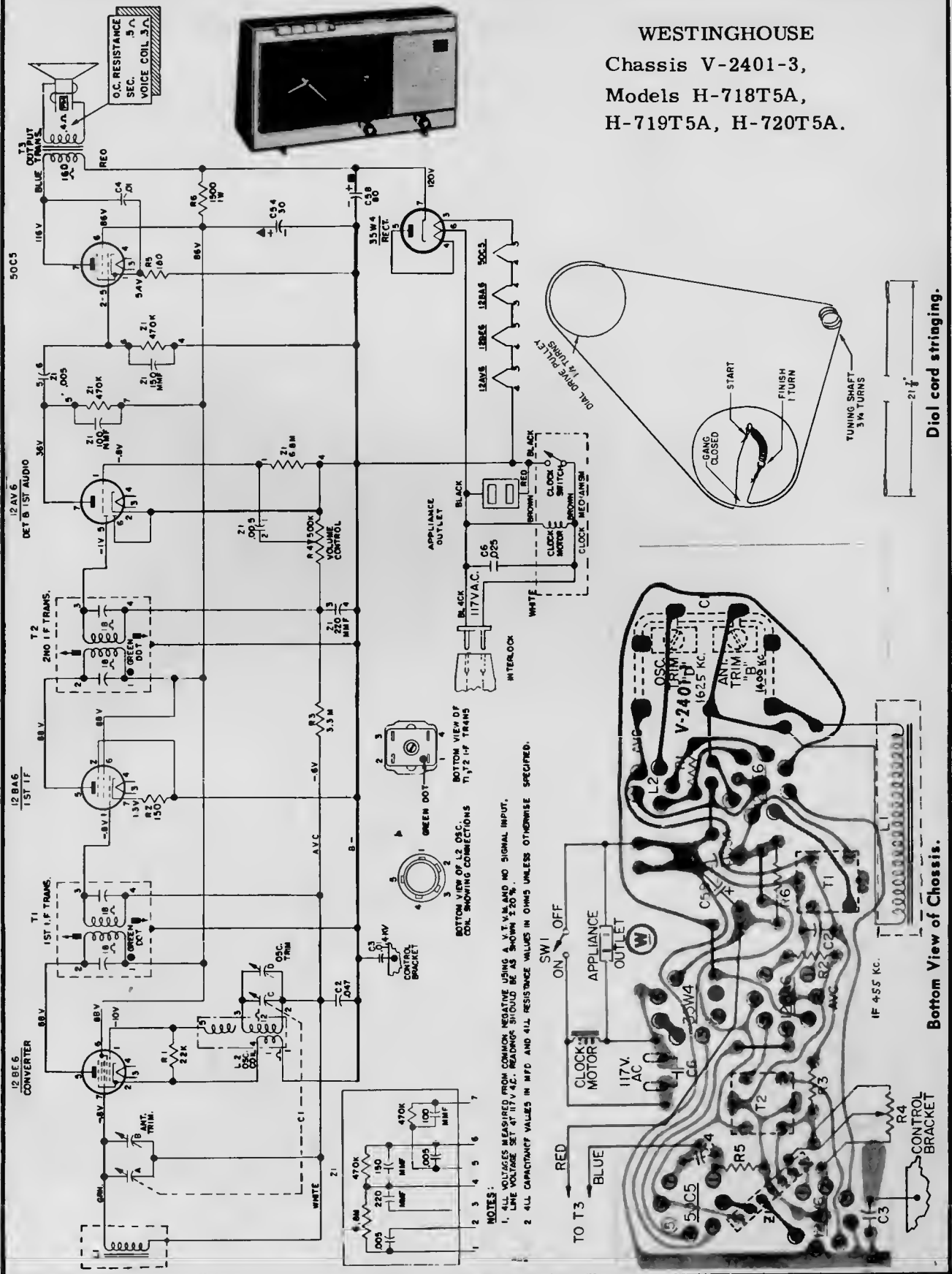
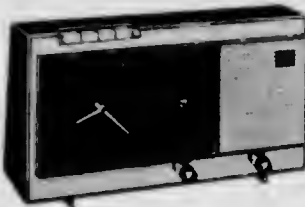


Bottom View of Chassis



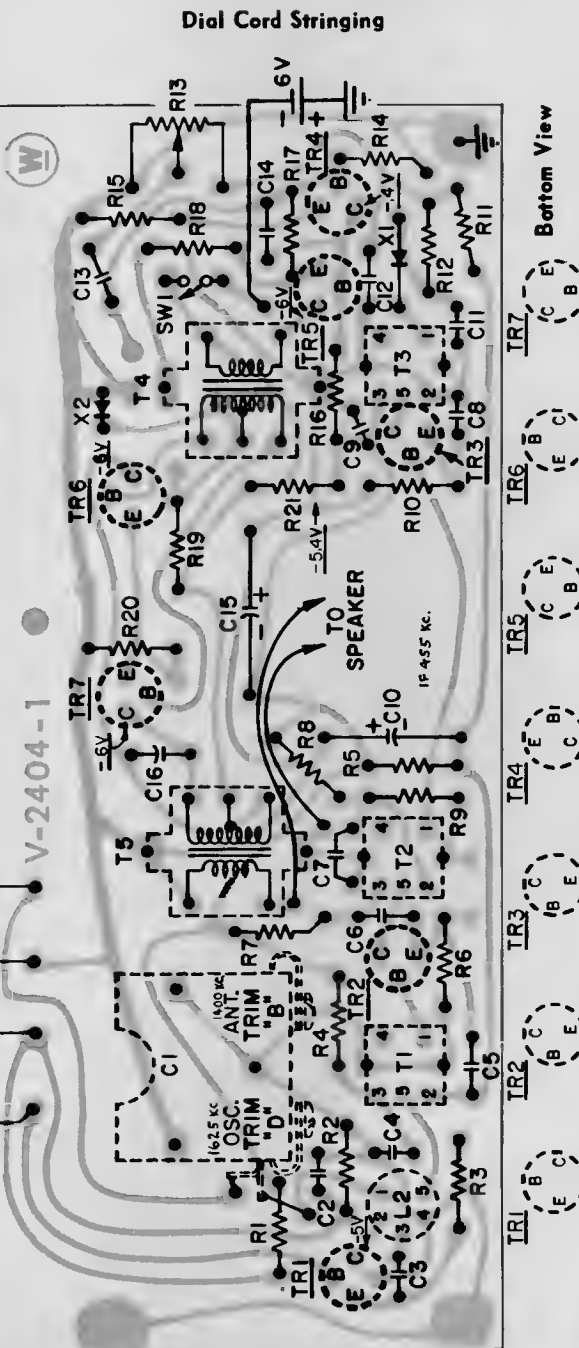
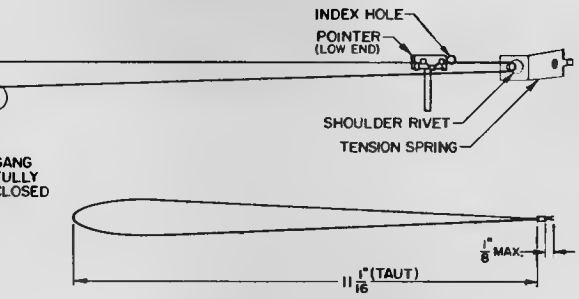
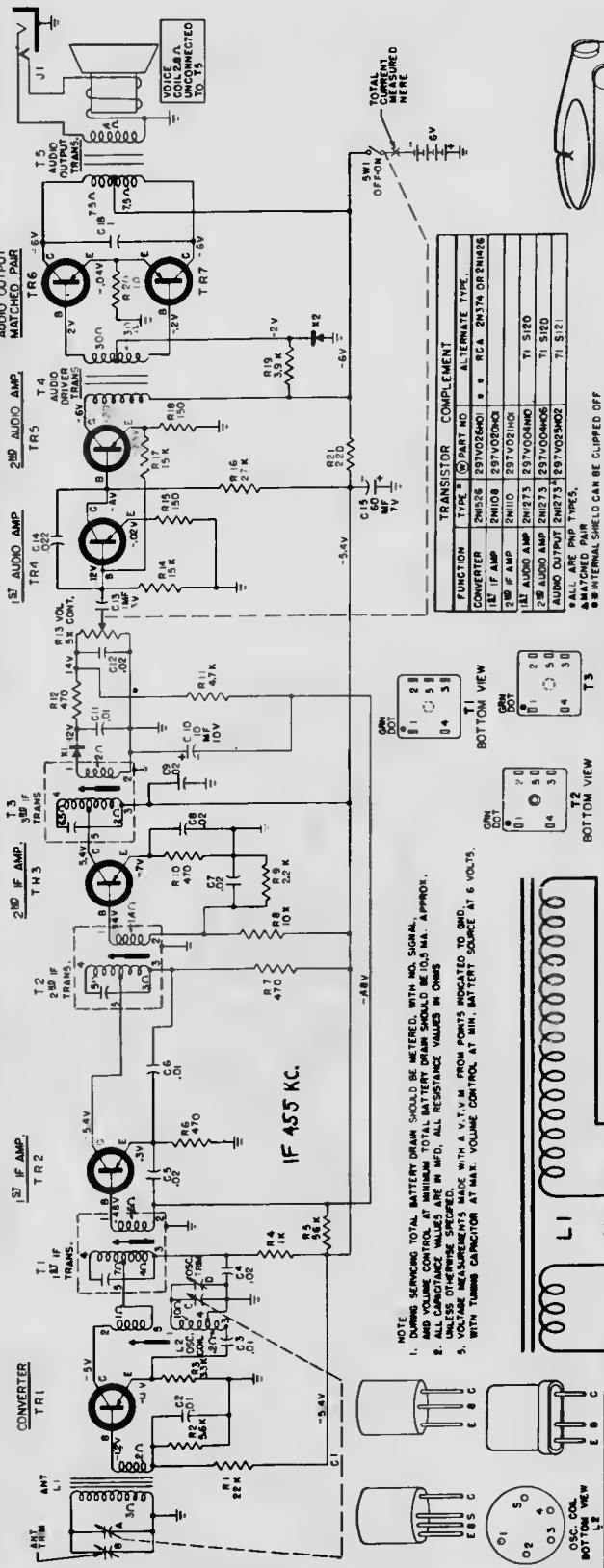
Top View of Chassis

WESTINGHOUSE  
Chassis V-2401-3,  
Models H-718T5A,  
H-719T5A, H-720T5A.



NOTES:  
1. ALL VOLTAGES MEASURED FROM COMMON NEGATIVE USING A V.T.V.M. AND NO SIGNAL INPUT. LINE VOLTAGE SET AT 117V AC. READINGS SHOULD BE AS SHOWN  $\pm 20\%$ .  
2. ALL CAPACITANCE VALUES IN MFD AND ALL RESISTANCE VALUES IN OHMS UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.

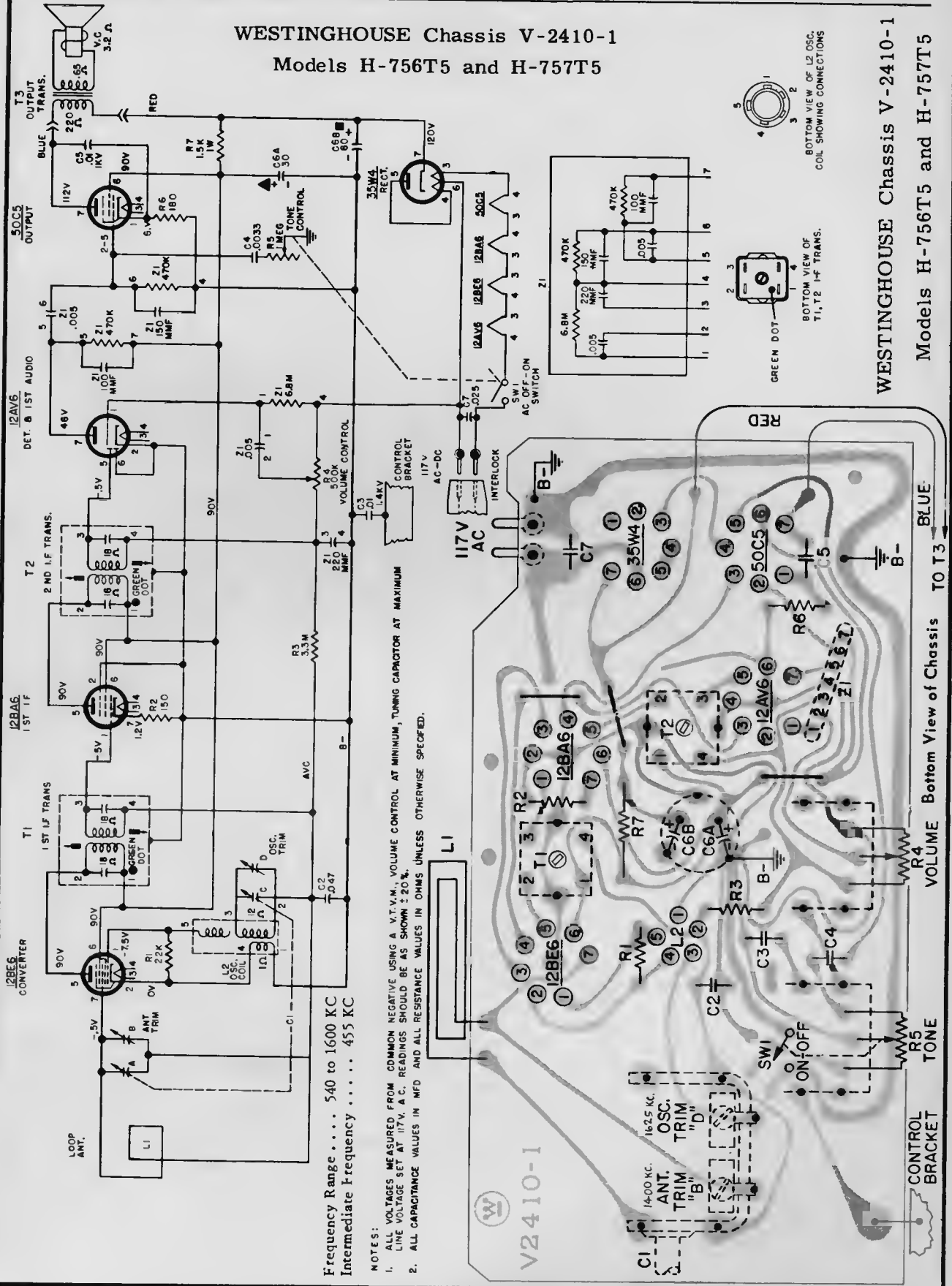
WESTINGHOUSE Chassis V-2404-1, Models H-737P7, H-738P7





WESTINGHOUSE Chassis V-2410-1  
Models H-756T5 and H-757T5

WESTINGHOUSE Chassis V-2410-1  
Models H-756T5 and H-757T5



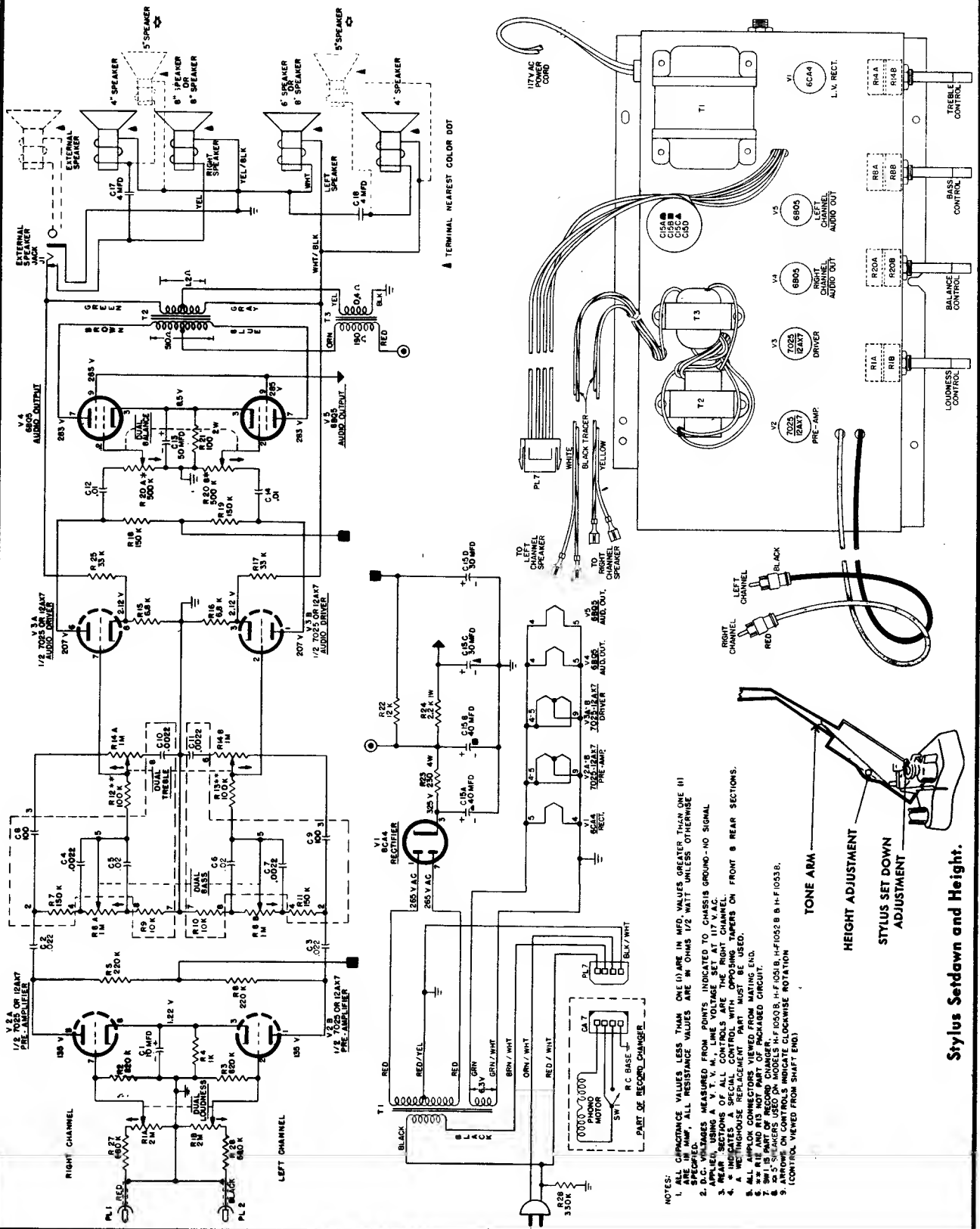
Frequency Range . . . . . 540 to 1600 KC  
Intermediate Frequency . . . . . 455 KC

NOTES:  
1. ALL VOLTAGES MEASURED FROM COMMON NEGATIVE USING A V.T.V.M., VOLUME CONTROL AT MINIMUM, TUNING CAPACITOR AT MAXIMUM. LINE VOLTAGE SET AT 117V. A.C. READINGS SHOULD BE AS SHOWN  $\pm 20\%$ .  
2. ALL CAPACITANCE VALUES IN MFD AND ALL RESISTANCE VALUES IN OHMS UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.



# VOLUME R-21, MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED 1961 RADIO SERVICING INFORMATION

WESTINGHOUSE Chassis V-2512-3, used in Models H-F1010A, H-F1011A, H-F1012A, H-F1013A, H-F1050B, H-F1051B, H-F1052B, H-F1053B



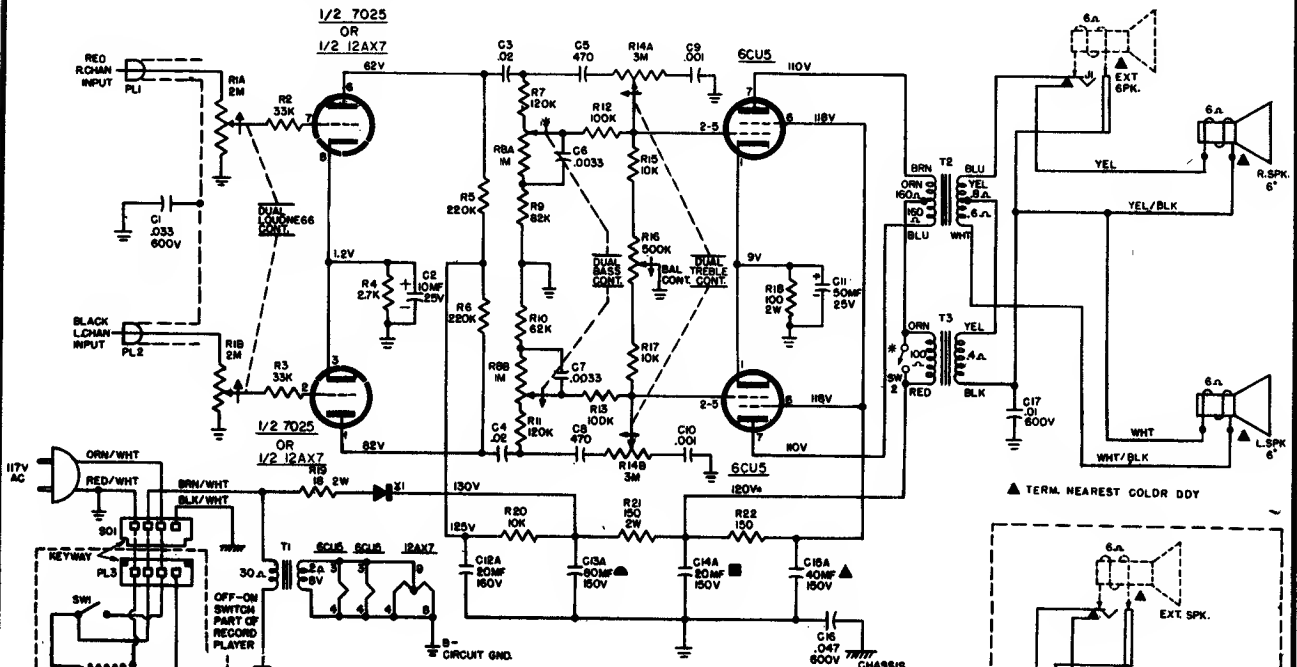
- NOTES:**
1. ALL CAPACITANCE VALUES LESS THAN ONE (1) ARE IN MFD. VALUES GREATER THAN ONE (1) SPECIFIED IN  $\mu$ . ALL RESISTANCE VALUES ARE IN OHMS UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.
  2. D.C. VOLTAGES MEASURED FROM POINTS INDICATED BY DOTS TO CHASSIS GROUND—NO SIGNAL APPLIED, USING A V. T. M., LINE VOLTAGE SET AT 117 V.A.C.
  3. ALL VOLTAGES MEASURED FROM POINTS INDICATED BY DOTS TO CHASSIS GROUND—NO SIGNAL APPLIED, USING A V. T. M., LINE VOLTAGE SET AT 117 V.A.C.
  4. INDICATES WESTINGHOUSE SPECIAL CONTROLS. SPECIAL CONTROLS MUST BE USED.
  5. INDICATES WESTINGHOUSE REPLACEMENT PARTS WHICH MUST BE USED.
  6. ALL AMP-LINK CONNECTORS VIEWED FROM MATING END.
  7. SW IN AND OUT NOT PART OF PACKAGED CIRCUIT.
  8. SW IN AND OUT NOT PART OF PACKAGED CIRCUIT.
  9. AMP-LINK ON CONTROLS INDICATE COUNTERCLOCKWISE ROTATION (CONTROL VIEWED FROM SHAFT END).

**Stylus Setdown and Height.**

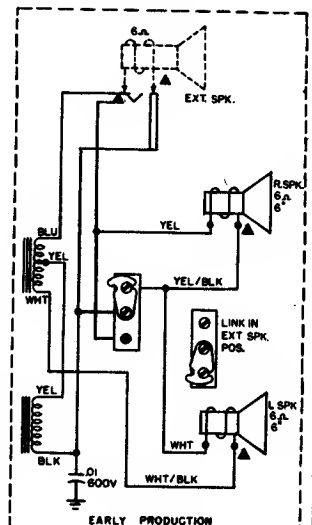
TONE ARM  
 HEIGHT ADJUSTMENT  
 STYLUS SET DOWN ADJUSTMENT



WESTINGHOUSE Chassis V-2507-8, Models H-70ACS1, H-70ACS3, H-70ACS4



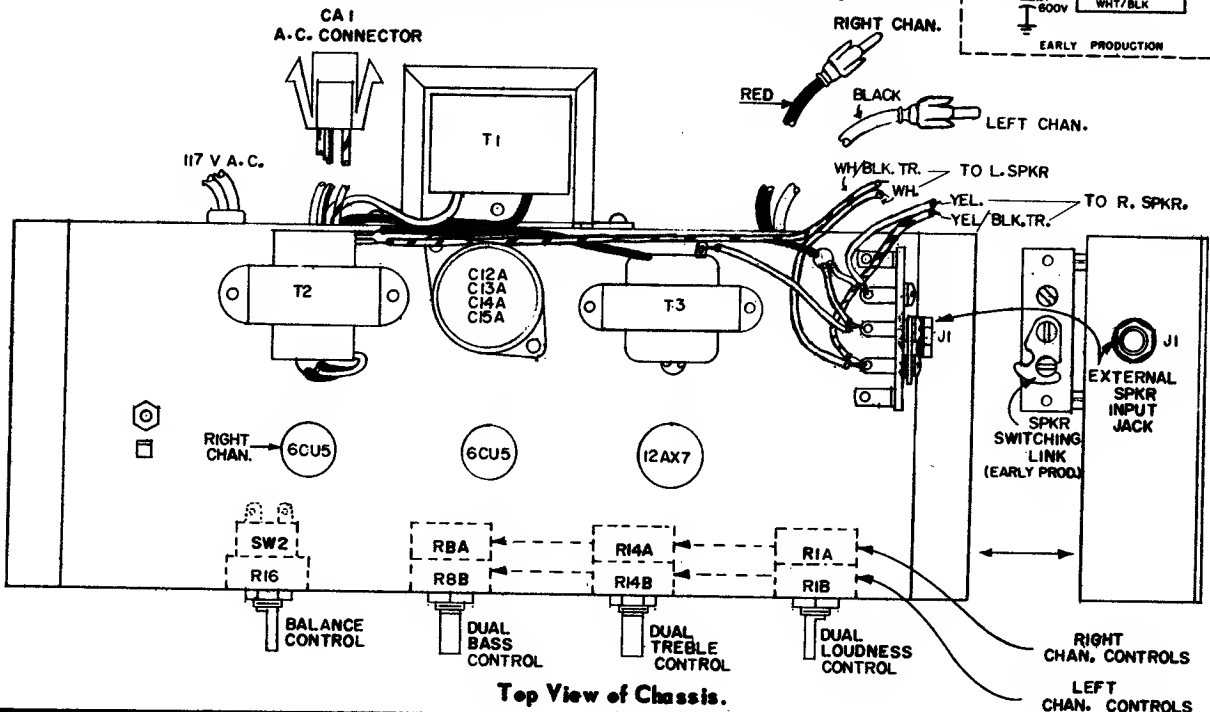
▲ TERM. NEAREST COLOR DOT



**CHASSIS REMOVAL**

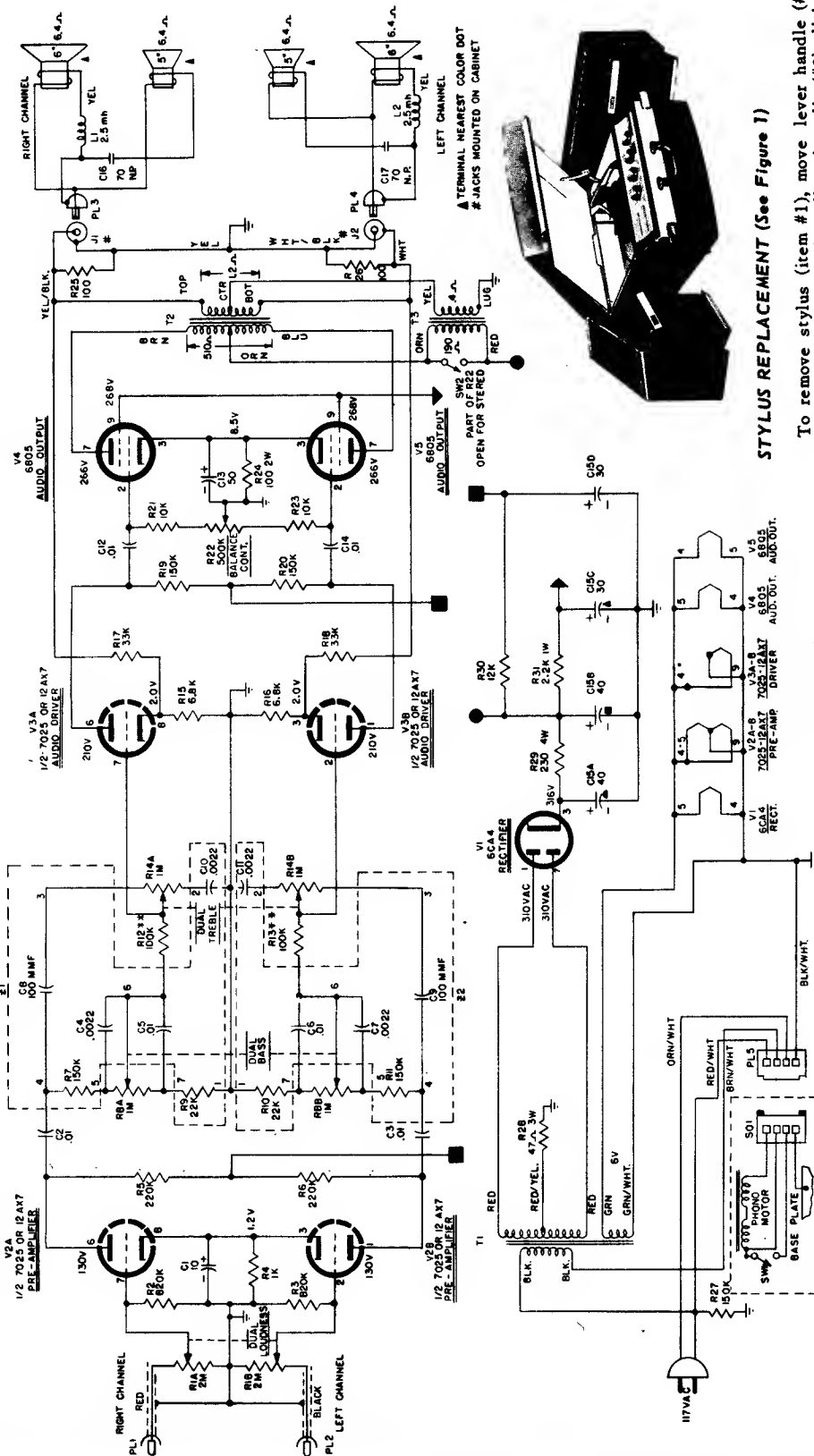
1. Remove control knobs.
  2. Disconnect Amp-Lok type plug from record changer.
  3. Remove phono plugs from record changer noting color of cables and their respective jacks.
  4. Disconnect speaker leads noting connections with regard to lead color and speaker phasing dots.
  5. Remove two nuts securing left speaker baffle and remove baffle.
  6. Remove four nuts securing chassis and remove chassis.
- NOTE: Be sure during chassis installation that phono cables to changer and leads to speakers are properly phased (refer to schematic diagram for speaker lead color coding).

- NOTES:**
1. ALL CAPACITANCE VALUES LESS THAN 1 ARE IN MPD, AND VALUES GREATER THAN 1 ARE IN MMFD, WHILE ALL RESISTANCE VALUES ARE IN OHMS 1/2 WATT, UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.
  2. D.C. VOLTAGES MEASURED FROM B-USING VTVM, LINE VOLT. SET AT 117 V.A.C. READINGS SHOULD BE WITHIN 20%.
  3. AMP-LOK CONNECTORS VIEWED FROM CONTACT END.
  4. REAR SECTIONS OF ALL CONTROLS ARE RIGHT CHANNEL.
  5. ARROWS ON CONTROLS INDICATE CLOCKWISE ROTATION (CONTROL VIEWED FROM SHAFT END)
  - \* SW 2 USED IN EARLY PRODUCTION ONLY. THIS SWITCH IS OPEN IN STEREO POSITION.



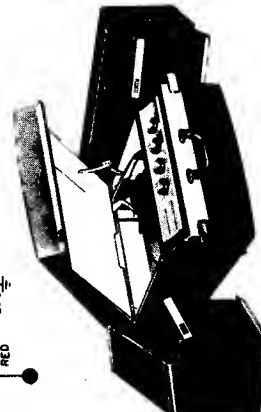
Top View of Chassis.

WESTINGHOUSE Chassis V-2507-6  
Models H-68ACS1 and H-68ACS2



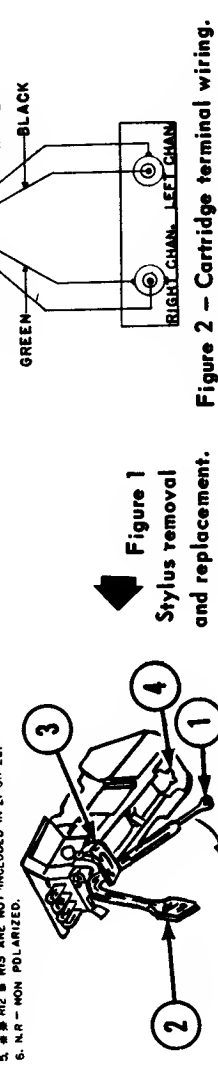
**STYLUS REPLACEMENT (See Figure 1)**

To remove stylus (item #1), move lever handle (#2) until it is pointing down. Gently pull spring clip (#3) slightly open with finger. Grasp stylus by lever handle and slip it out from under clip. To replace stylus, slip heel of stylus under clip. Gently pull clip slightly open with finger. Slip stylus in center of clip making certain that stylus shaft rests in center of coupler (#4).

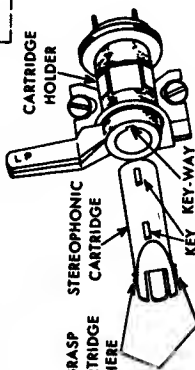
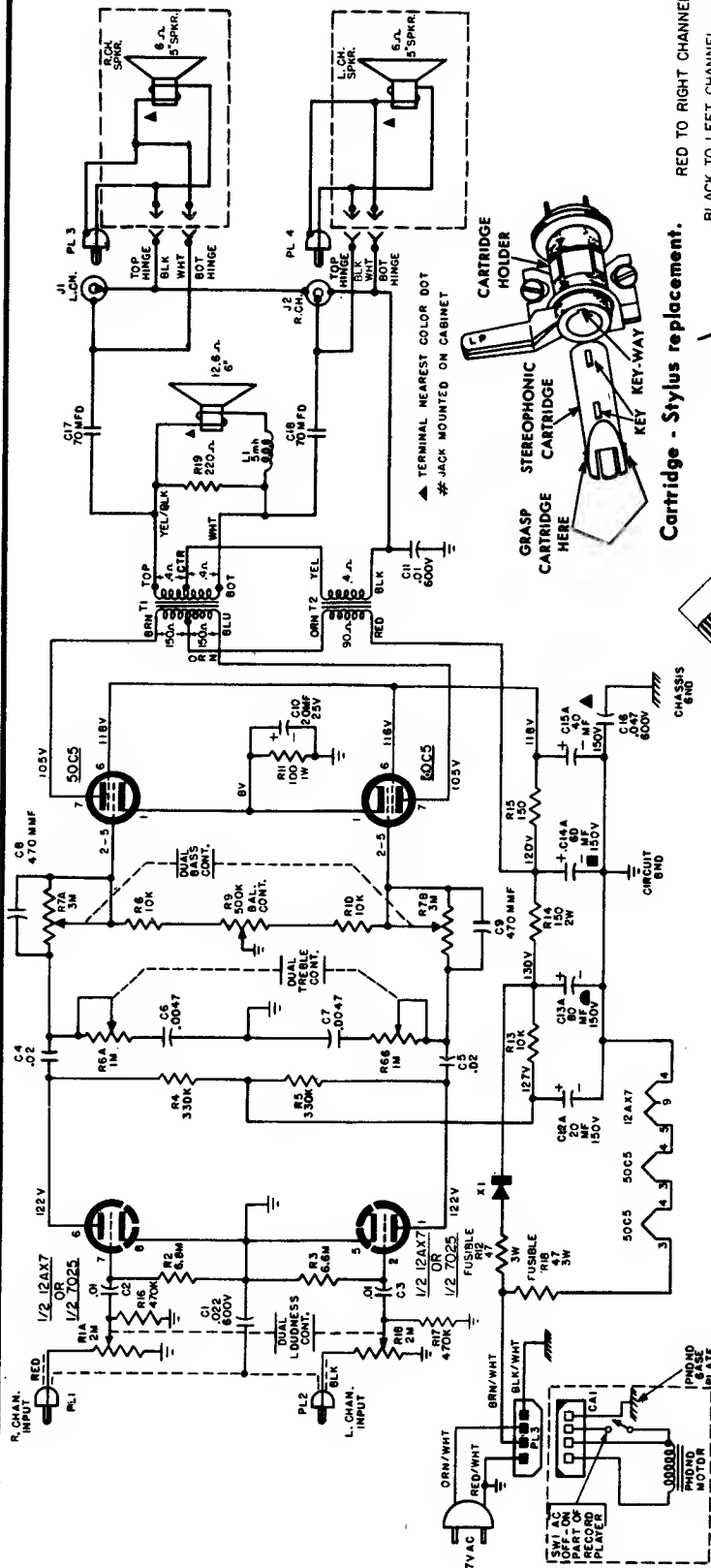


**CARTRIDGE REPLACEMENT**

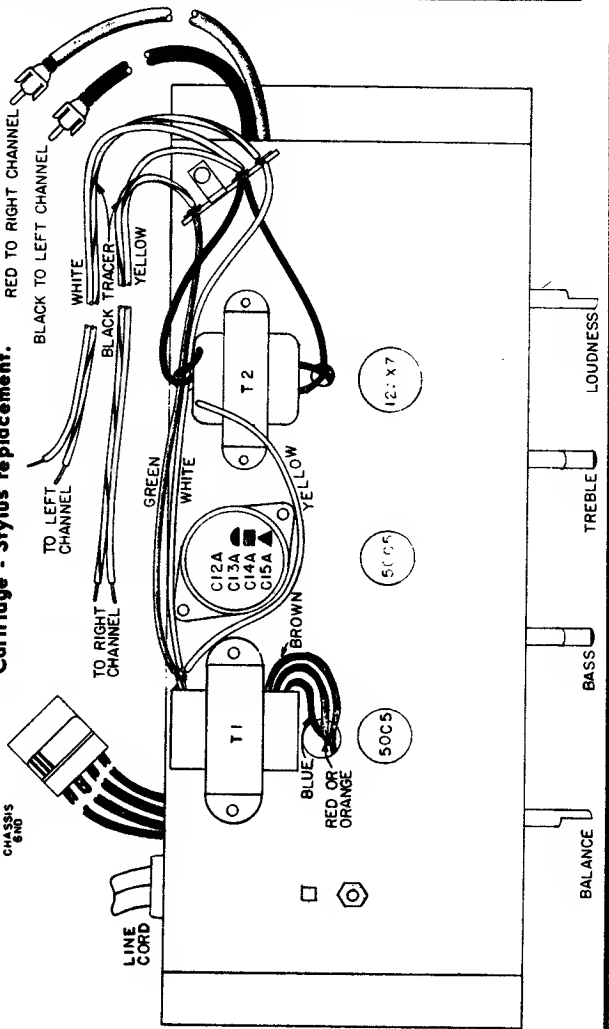
Write down the sequence of colored wires connecting to the four terminals at rear of cartridge. Remove the mounting screws securing the cartridge in the tone arm. Remove the push-on connectors from the cartridge terminals. Push the connectors onto the terminals of the replacement cartridge with the wire-colors in the sequence previously noted for the original cartridge.



WESTINGHOUSE Chassis V-2507-5  
Models H-67ACS1, H-67ACS2



Cartridge - Stylus replacement.



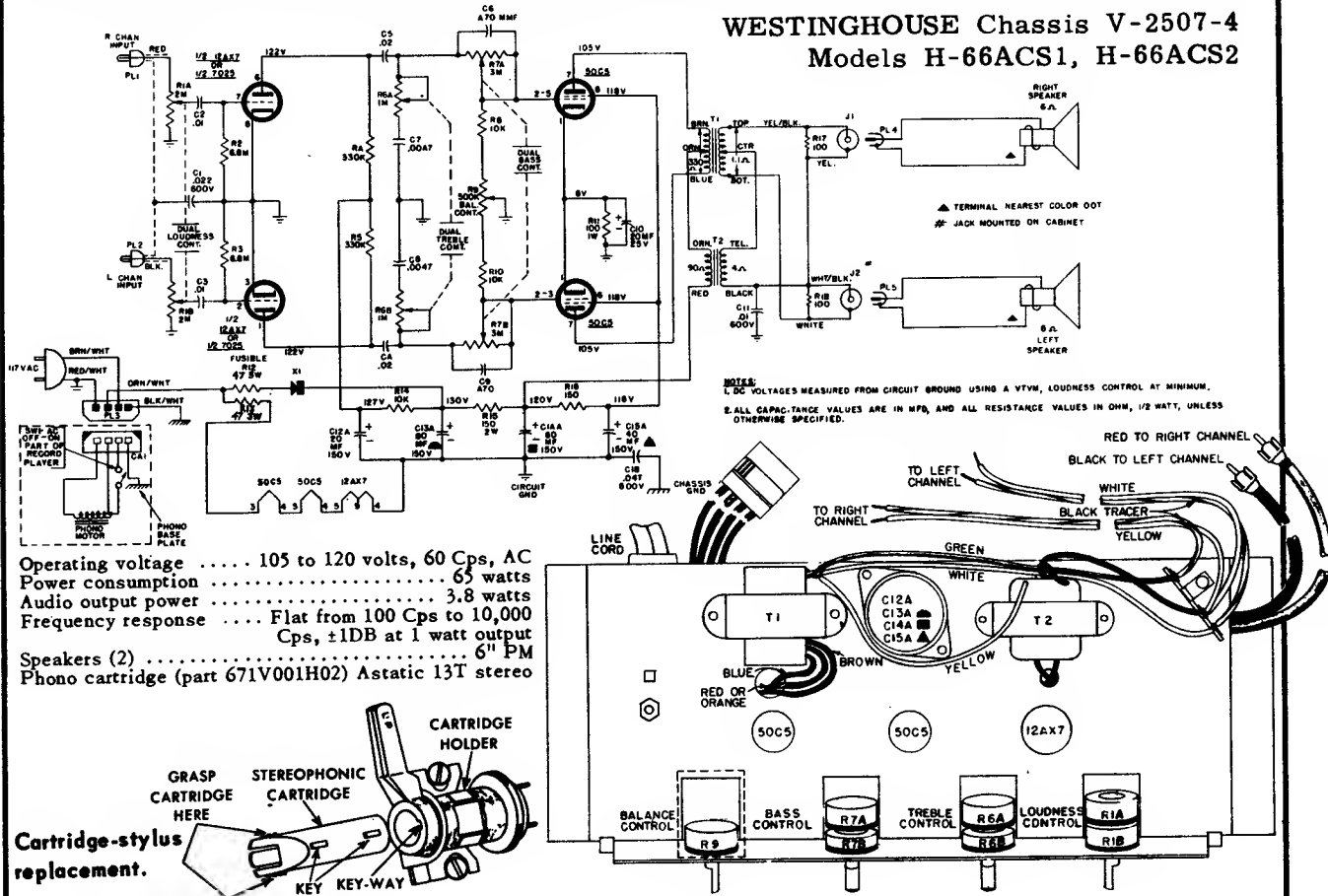
CHASSIS REMOVAL

1. Remove control knobs. Remove the escutcheon mounting board attached to the cabinet by 4 Phillips screws. Remove the perforated tube service cover which is attached to the cabinet by 3 Phillips screws.
2. Lift the motorboard.
3. Note the color and location of the two coax cables connecting to the record changer. Disconnect the amp-loc plug and the two coax cable plugs from the record changer. Remove the record changer.
4. Remove the 2 nuts holding the speaker to the cabinet front and remove the speaker. Note the connections of the speaker leads to the terminal board and unsolder them from the terminals.
5. Remove the 4 nuts holding the chassis and remove the chassis.

NOTES:  
1. DC VOLTAGES MEASURED FROM CIRCUIT GROUND USING A VTVM, LOUDNESS CONTROL AT MINIMUM.  
2. ALL CAPACITANCE VALUES ARE IN MFD, AND ALL RESISTANCE VALUES IN OHM, 1/2 WATT, UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.

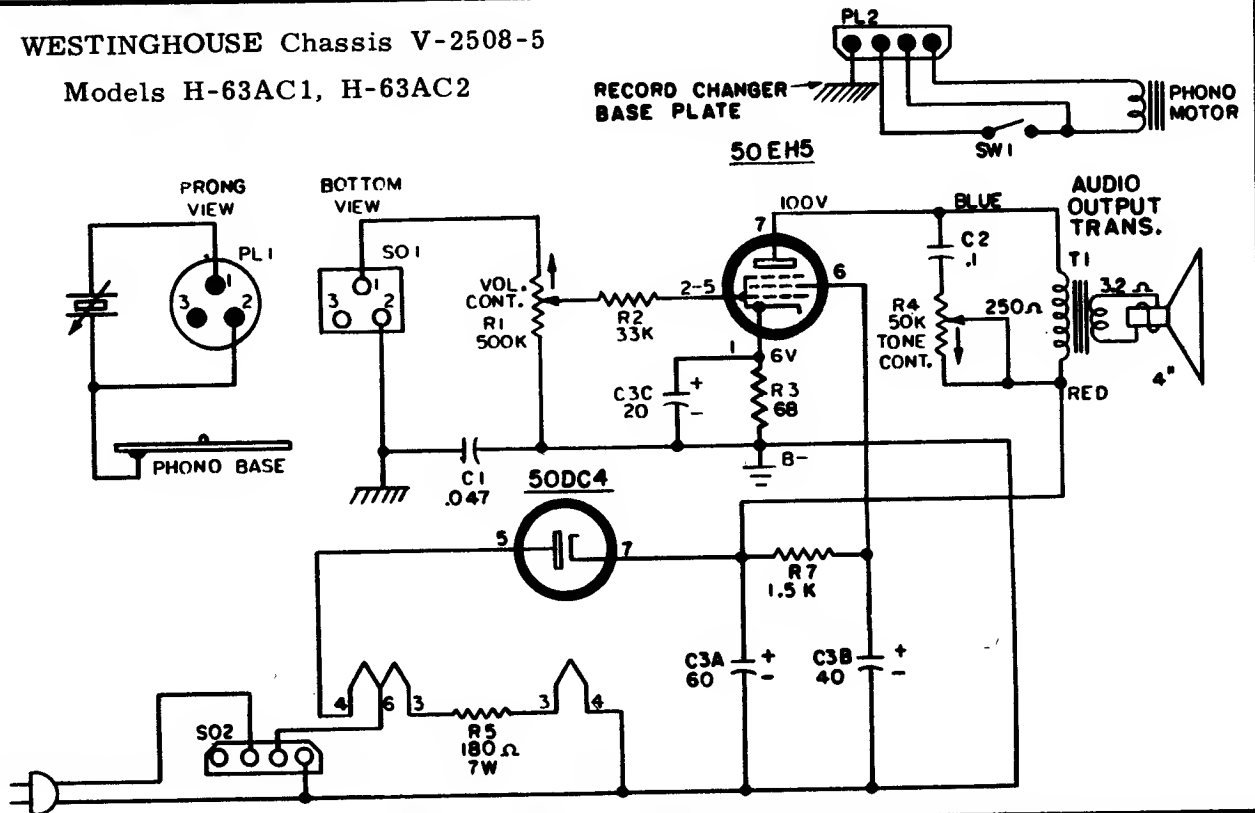
VOLUME R-21, MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED 1961 RADIO SERVICING INFORMATION

WESTINGHOUSE Chassis V-2507-4  
Models H-66ACS1, H-66ACS2



WESTINGHOUSE Chassis V-2508-5

Models H-63AC1, H-63AC2



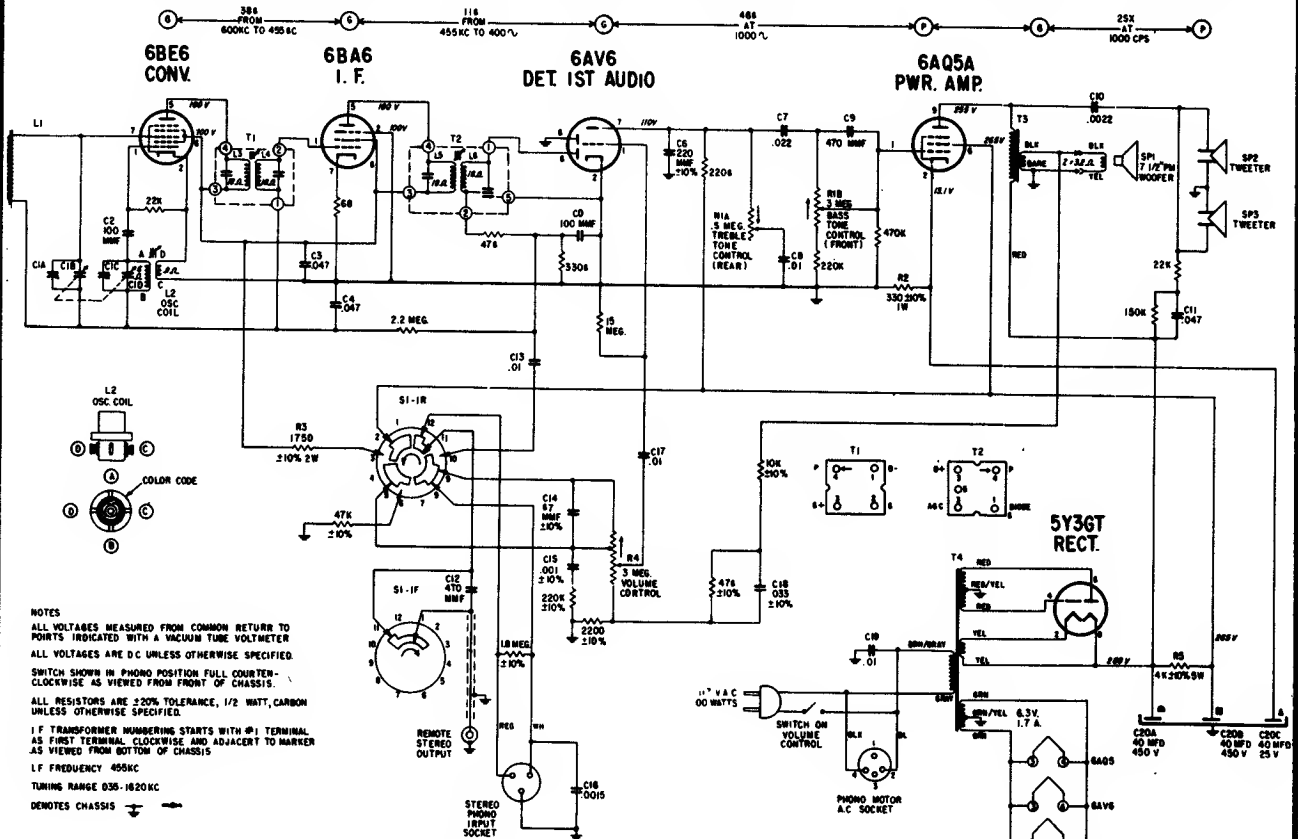




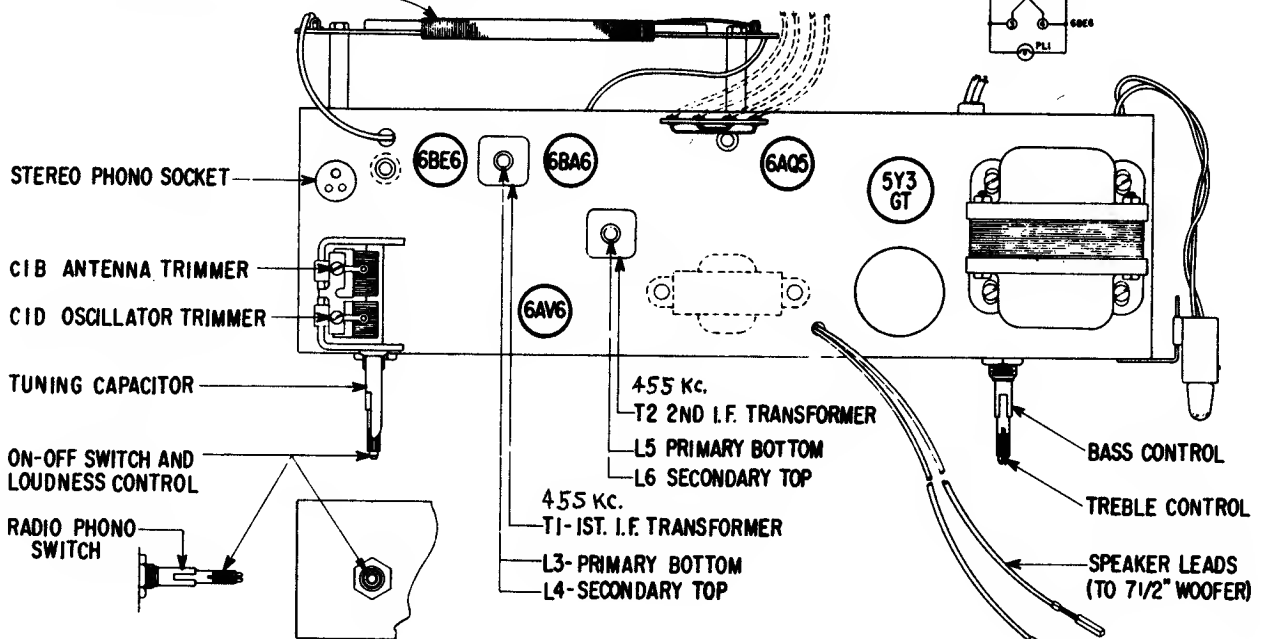
# ZENITH RADIO CORPORATION

## MODEL SFD-660 PORTABLE

### STEREOPHONIC PHONOGRAPH CHASSIS 5D20

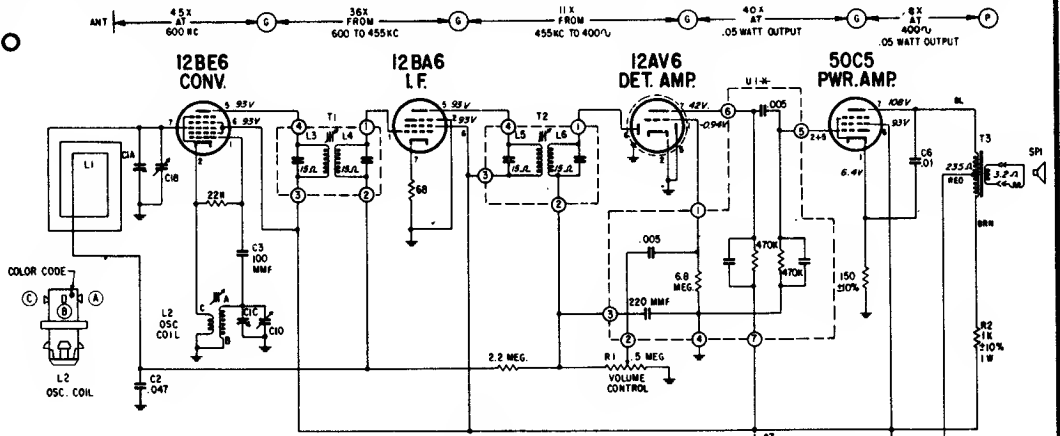


#### ANTENNA ASSEMBLY



# VOLUME R-21, MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED 1961 RADIO SERVICING INFORMATION

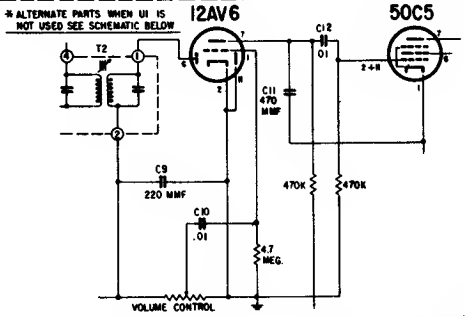
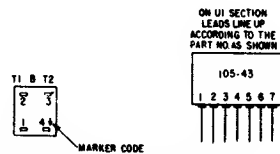
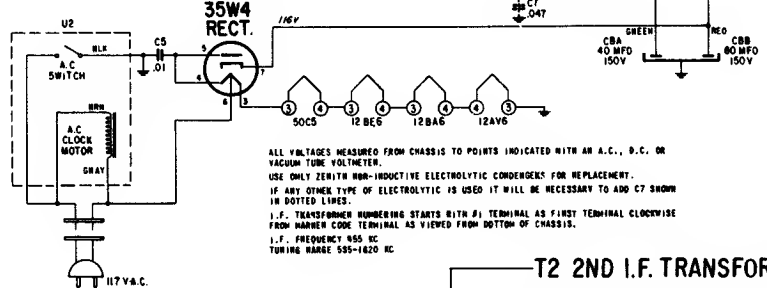
## ZENITH RADIO



## ZENITH RADIO

Chassis 5F03, used in Models XD60C, F, L, V.

Chassis 5E04 used in Models E514B, L, V, W, is the same electrically.



T1 1ST I.F. TRANSFORMER  
L3 PRIMARY BOTTOM  
L4 SECONDARY TOP

T2 2ND I.F. TRANSFORMER  
L5 PRIMARY BOTTOM  
L6 SECONDARY TOP

C1D OSCILLATOR TRIMMER  
C1B ANTENNA TRIMMER  
L2 OSCILLATOR COIL

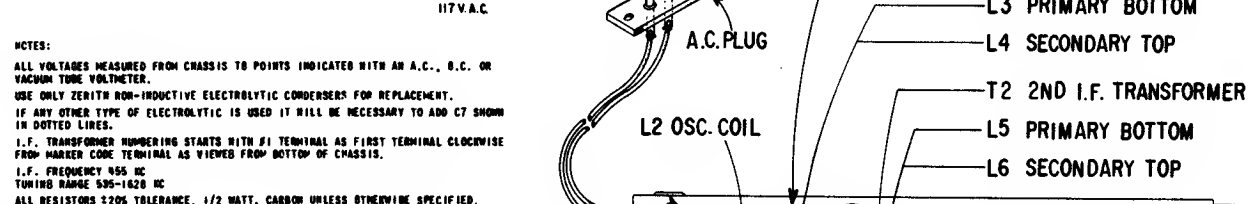
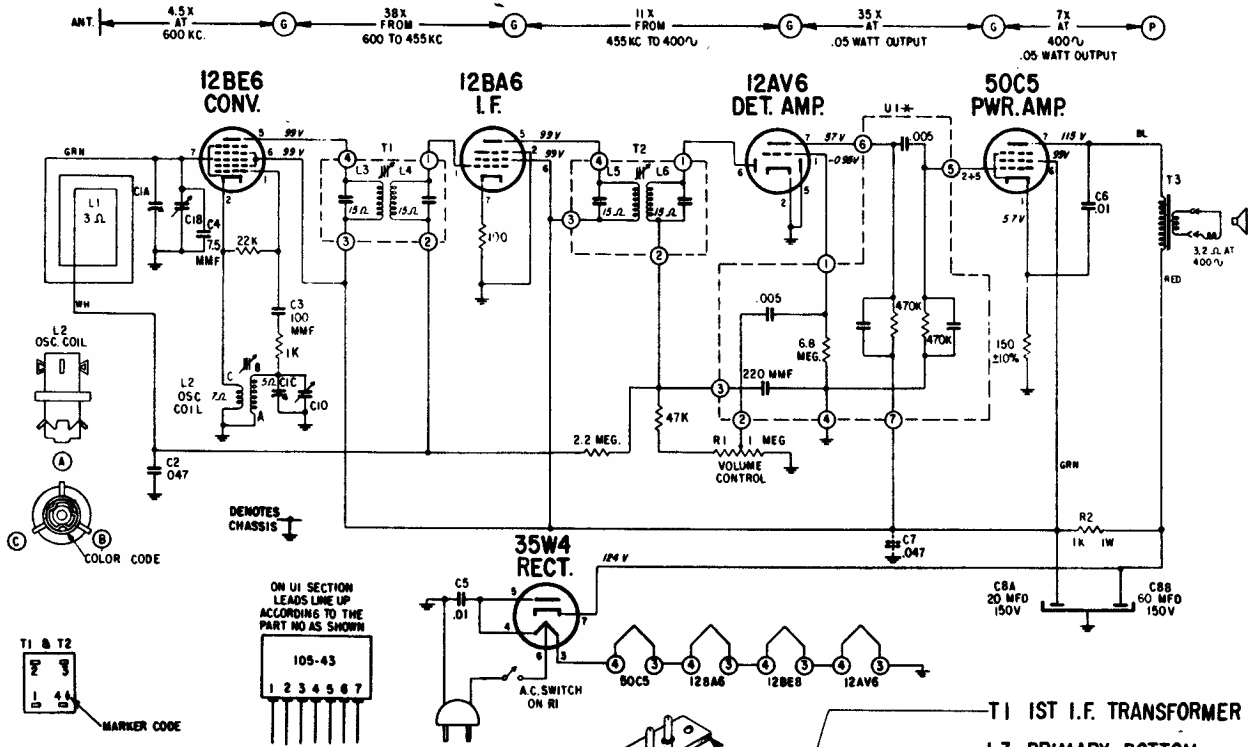
SPEAKER LEADS

VOLUME CONTROL

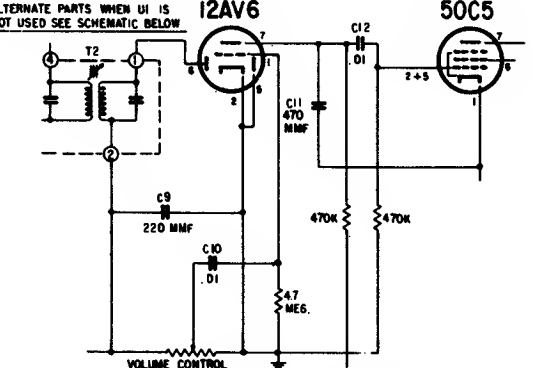
### ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

Operation	Connect Oscillator To	Dummy Antenna	Input Sig. Frequency	Set Dial At	Trimmers	Purpose
1	Converter Grid	.5 Mfd	455 Kc.	600 Kc.	L3, L4, L5, L6	For I.F. Alignment.
2	One Turn Loop Coupled Loosely to Wave Magnet	—	1600 Kc.	1600 Kc.	C1D	Set Oscillator to Dial Scale
3		—	1400 Kc.	1400 Kc.	C1B	Align Antenna Stage

# ZENITH RADIO MODELS F512F, C, W, L, CHASSIS 5F13



NOTES:  
 ALL VOLTAGES MEASURED FROM CHASSIS TO POINTS INDICATED WITH AN A.C., D.C. OR VACUUM TUBE VOLTMETER.  
 USE ONLY ZENITH NON-INDUCTIVE ELECTROLYTIC CONDENSERS FOR REPLACEMENT.  
 IF ANY OTHER TYPE OF ELECTROLYTIC IS USED IT WILL BE NECESSARY TO ADD C7 SHOWN IN DOTTED LINES.  
 I.F. TRANSFORMER NUMBERING STARTS WITH #1 TERMINAL AS FIRST TERMINAL CLOCKWISE FROM MARKER CODE TERMINAL AS VIEWED FROM BOTTOM OF CHASSIS.  
 I.F. FREQUENCY 455 KC  
 TUNING RANGE 530-1620 KC  
 ALL RESISTORS ±20% TOLERANCE, 1/2 WATT, CARBON UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.

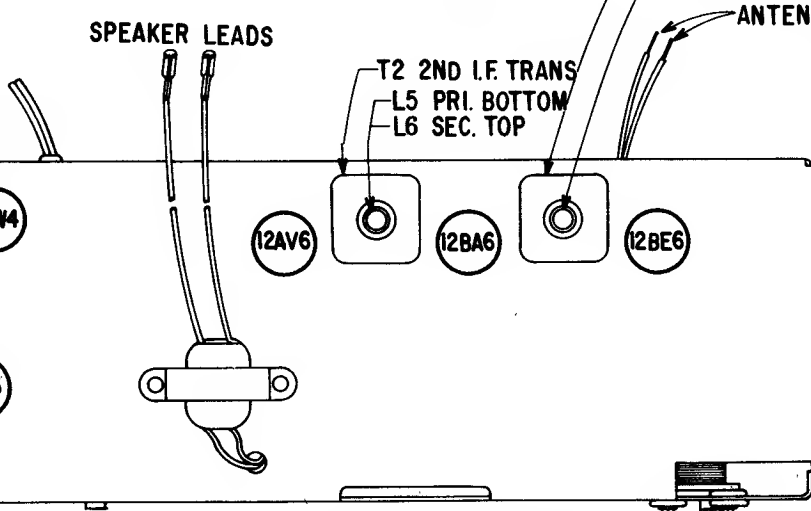
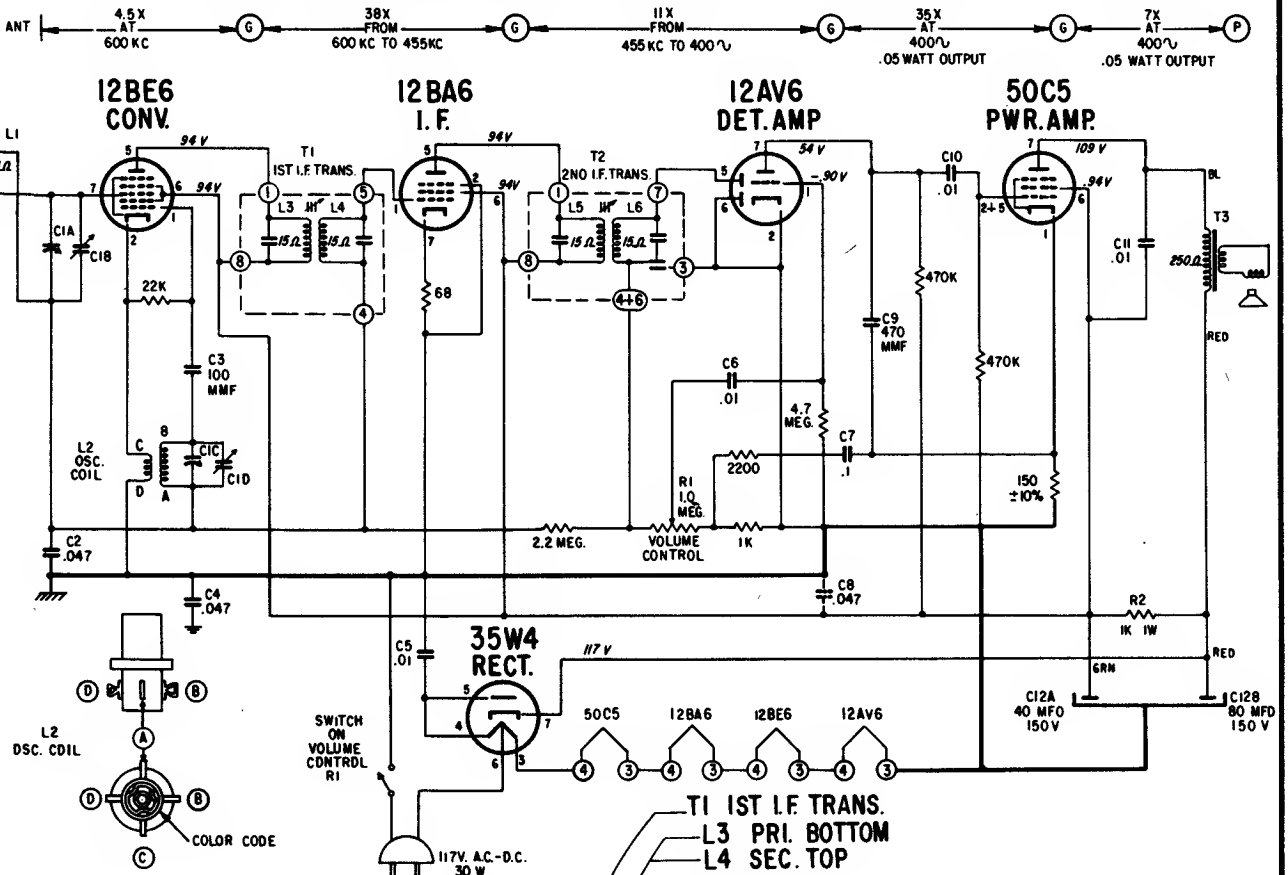


## ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

OPERATION	CONNECT OSCILLATOR TO	UMMY ANTENNA	INPUT SIG. FREQUENCY	SET DIAL AT	TRIMMERS	PURPOSE
1	Converter Grid	.5 Mfd.	455 Kc.	600 Kc.	L3,4,5,6	For I.F. Alignment.
2	One Turn Loop Coupled Loosely to Wave Magnet	—	1600 Kc.	1600 Kc.	CID	Set Oscillator to Dial Scale
3		—	1400 Kc.	1400 Kc.	CIB	Align Antenna Stage

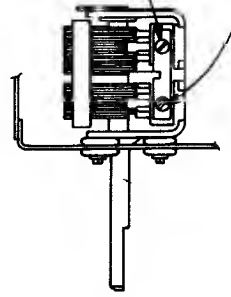
VOLUME R-21, MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED 1961 RADIO SERVICING INFORMATION

ZENITH RADIO CORPORATION MODELS XD50C, G, R, W, CHASSIS 5D12



NOTES:  
 ALL VOLTAGES MEASURED FROM COMMON RETURN TO POINTS INDICATED WITH AN A.C., O.C. OR VACUUM TUBE VOLTMETER.  
 ALL VOLTAGES ARE O.C. UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.  
 USE ONLY ZENITH NON-INDUCTIVE ELECTROLYTIC CONDENSERS FOR REPLACEMENT. IF ANY OTHER TYPE OF ELECTROLYTIC IS USED IT WILL BE NECESSARY TO ADD C8 SHOWN IN DOTTED LINES.  
 I.F. TRANSFORMER NUMBERING STARTS WITH #1 TERMINAL, AS 1ST TERMINAL CLOCKWISE AND ADJACENT TO MARKER AS VIEWED FROM BOTTOM OF CHASSIS.  
 ALL RESISTORS ±20% TOLERANCE, 1/2 WATT, CARBON UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.  
 I.F. FREQUENCY 455 KC.  
 TUNING RANGE 535-1620 KC.  
 ⏏ DENOTES CHASSIS    ⏏ DENOTES COMMON RETURN 8-

CID OSCILLATOR TRIMMER  
 CIB ANTENNA TRIMMER

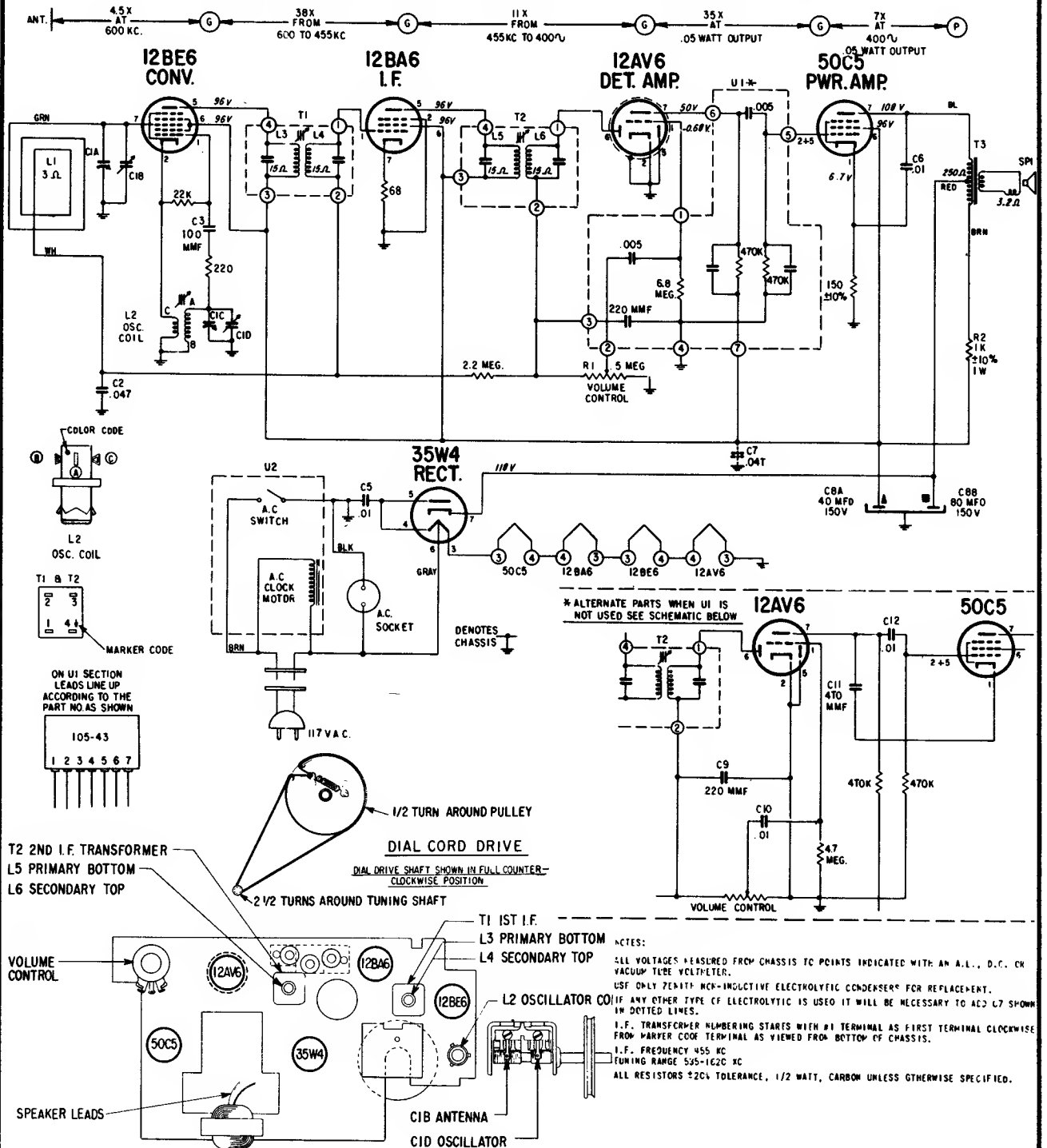


ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

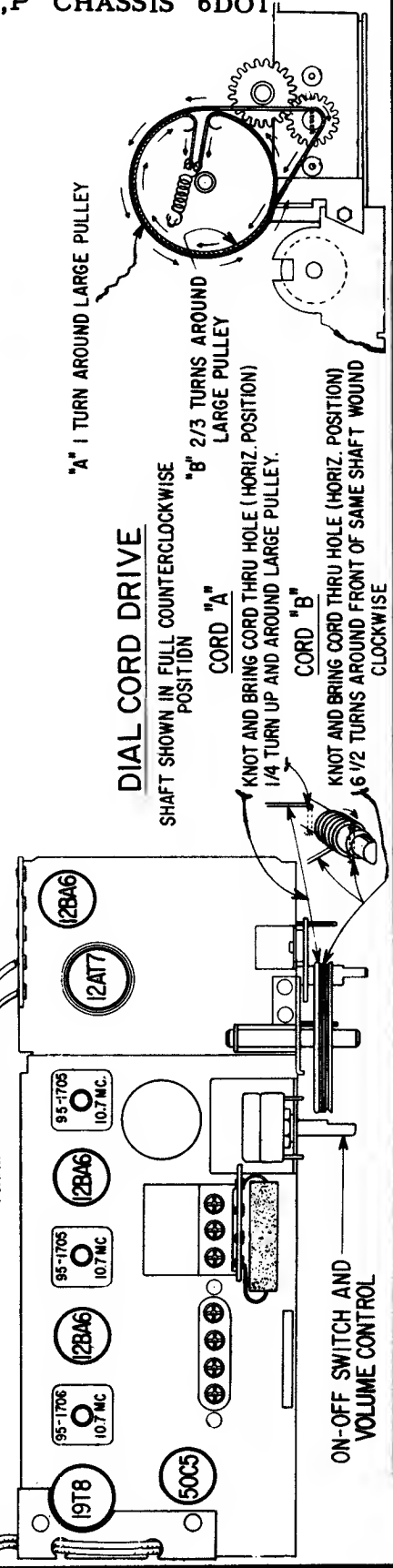
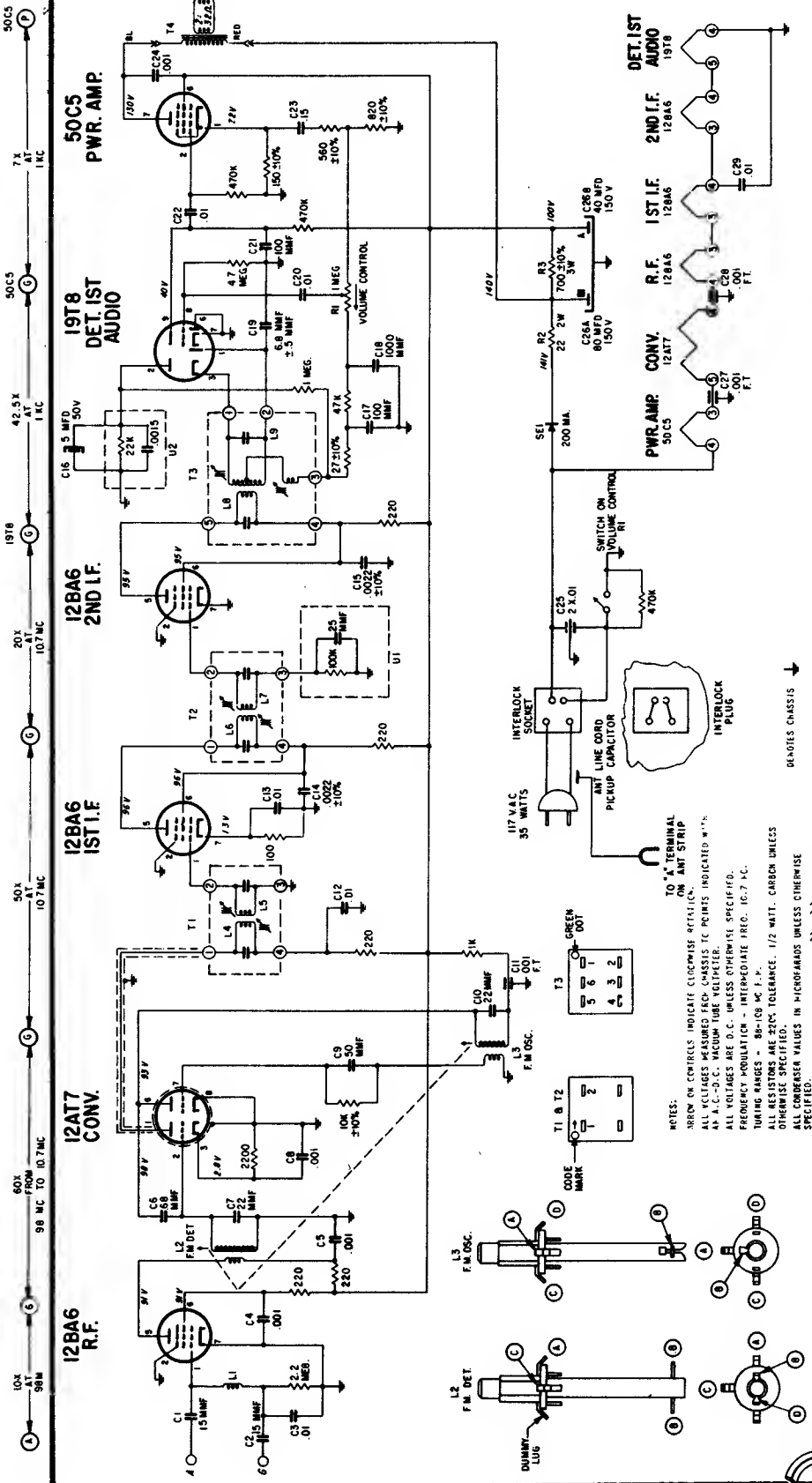
Operation	Connect Oscillator To	Dummy Antenna	Input Sig. Frequency	Set Dial At	Trimmers	Purpose
1	Converter Grid	.5 Mfd.	455 Kc.	600 Kc.	L3, L4, L5, L6	For I.F. Alignment.
2	One Turn Loop Coupled	—	1600 Kc.	1600 Kc.	C1D	Set Oscillator to Dial Scale
3	Loosely to Wave Magnet	—	1400 Kc.	1400 Kc.	C1B	Align Antenna Stage

VOLUME R-21, MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED 1961 RADIO SERVICING INFORMATION

ZENITH RADIO Chassis 5G09, Models G516C, L, V, W



ZENITH RADIO MODEL D720C,P CHASSIS 6D01



DIAL CORD DRIVE

SHAFT SHOWN IN FULL COUNTERCLOCKWISE POSITION

CORD "A"

KNOT AND BRING CORD THRU HOLE (HORIZ. POSITION) 1/4 TURN UP AND AROUND LARGE PULLEY.

CORD "B"

KNOT AND BRING CORD THRU HOLE (HORIZ. POSITION) 16 1/2 TURNS AROUND FRONT OF SAME SHAFT CLOCKWISE

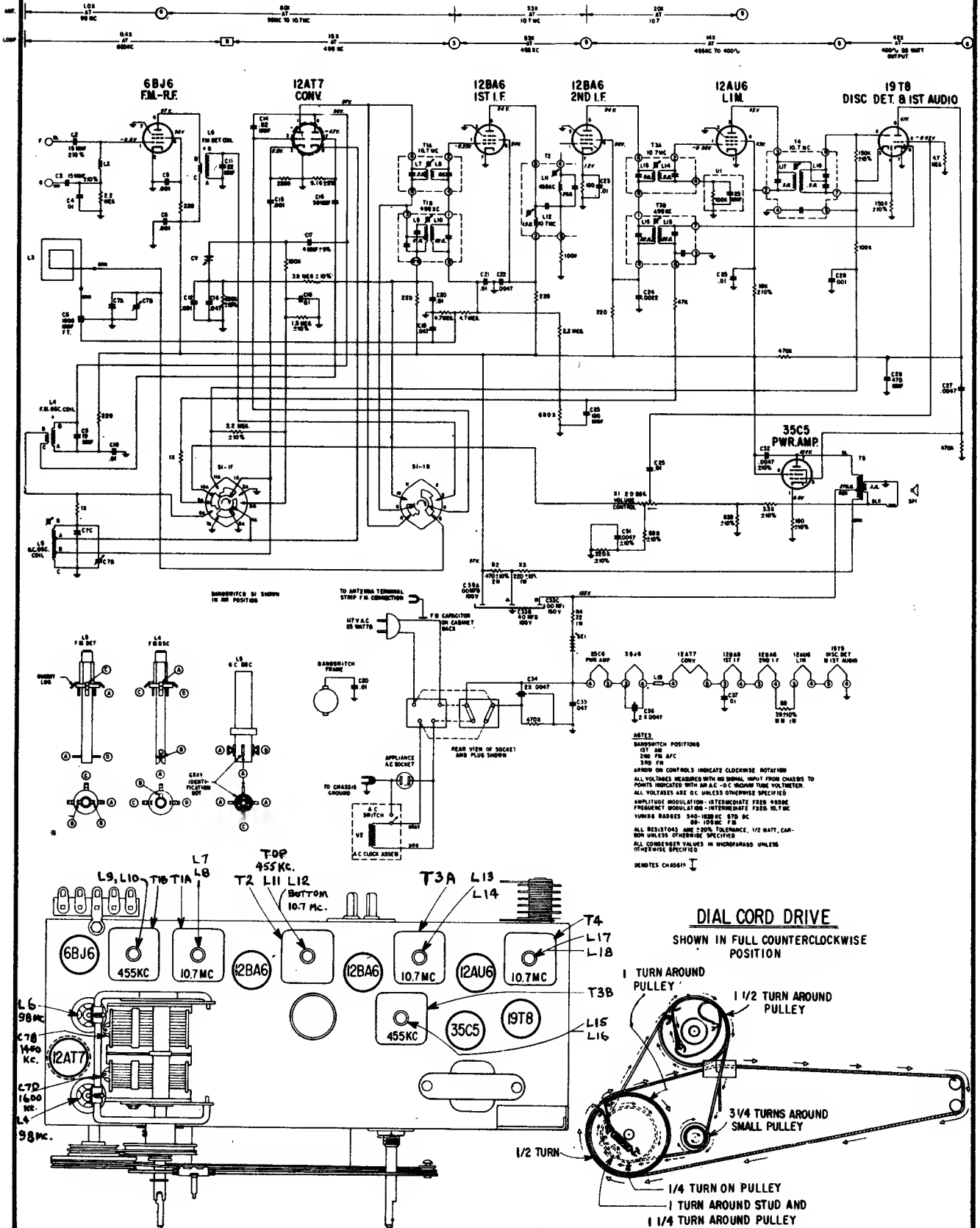
"A" 1 TURN AROUND LARGE PULLEY

"B" 2/3 TURNS AROUND LARGE PULLEY

NOTES:  
 100V ON CONTROLS INDICATE CLOCKWISE ROTATIONS.  
 ALL VOLTAGES MEASURED FROM CHASSIS TO POINTS INDICATED \*\*\*.  
 ALL A.C.-D.C. VACUUM TUBE VOLTMETER.  
 ALL VOLTAGES ARE D.C. UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.  
 FREQUENCY MODULATION - INTERMEDIATE FREQ. 10.7 MC.  
 TUNING RANGES - 88-108 MC. F.M.  
 ALL RESISTORS ARE 20% TOLERANCE, 1/2 WATT, CARBON UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.  
 ALL CONDENSER VALUES IN MICROFARADS UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.

60-VOLTS CHASSIS

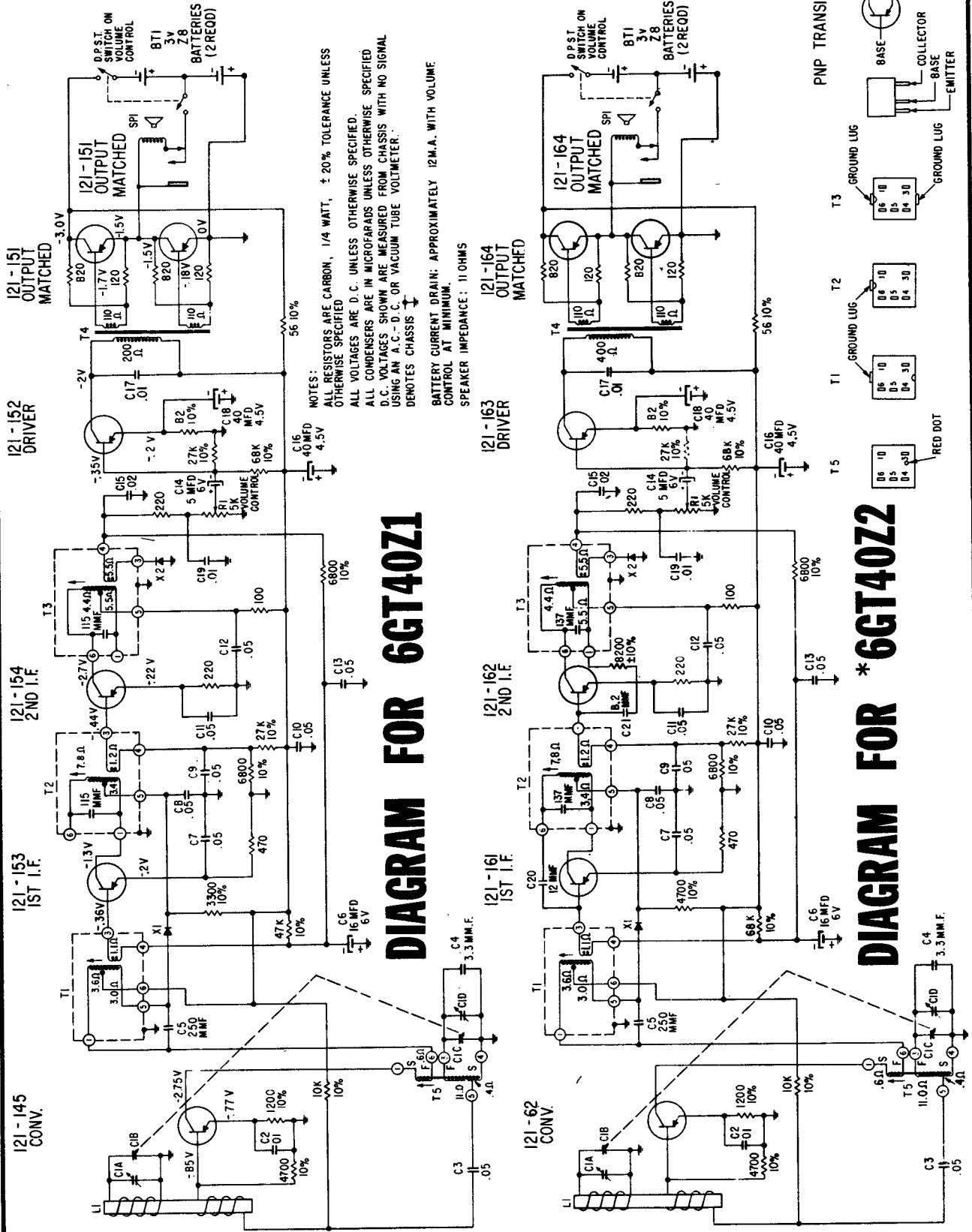
# ZENITH MODEL F728C, L & W, CHASSIS 7F03





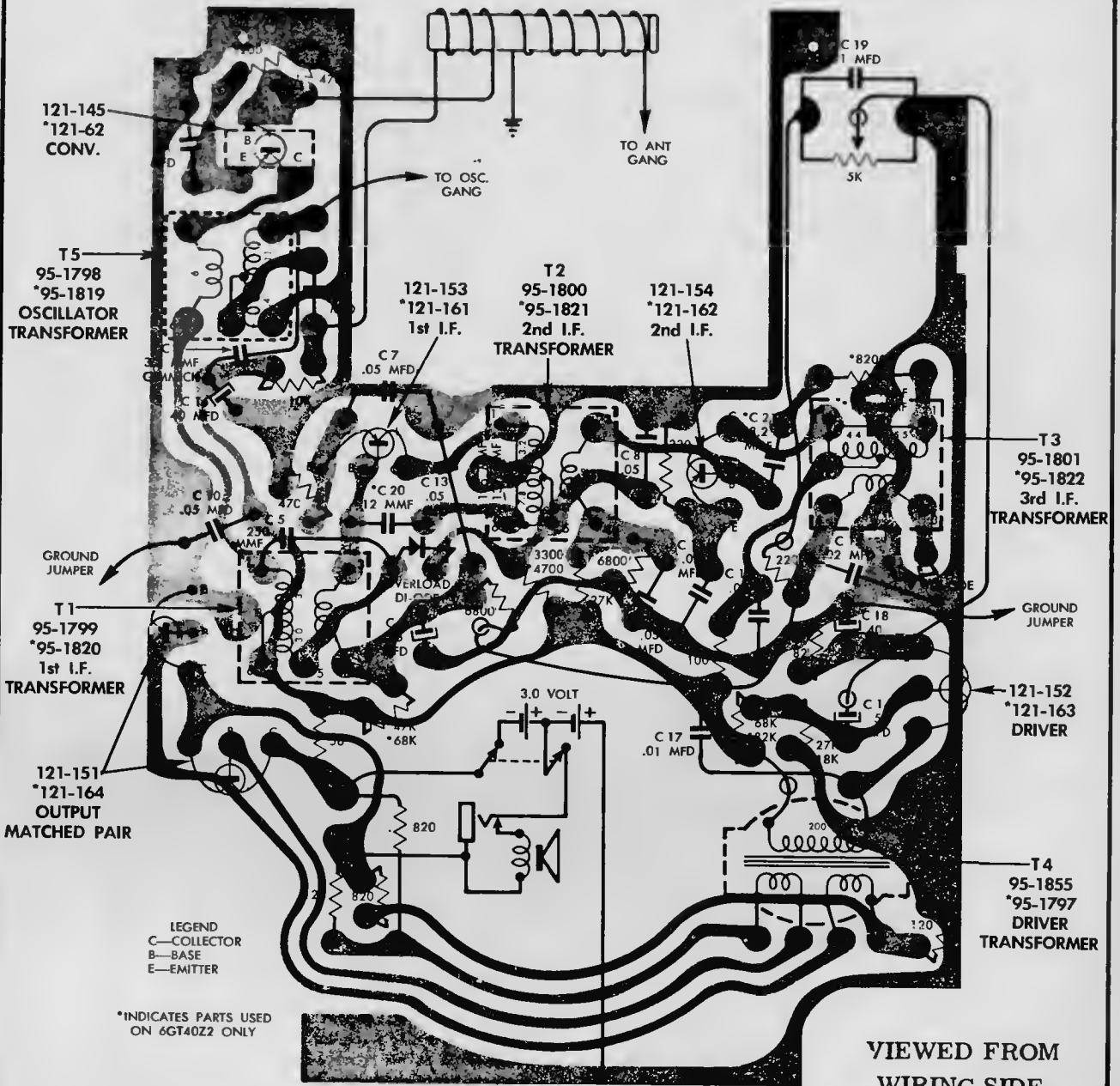


ZENITH Chassis 6GT40Z1 & 6GT40Z2, Model "Royal 50"  
 (Additional service material on page 187)



VOLUME R-21, MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED 1961 RADIO SERVICING INFORMATION

ZENITH Chassis 6GT40Z1 & 6GT40Z2, Model "Royal 50" Continued



ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

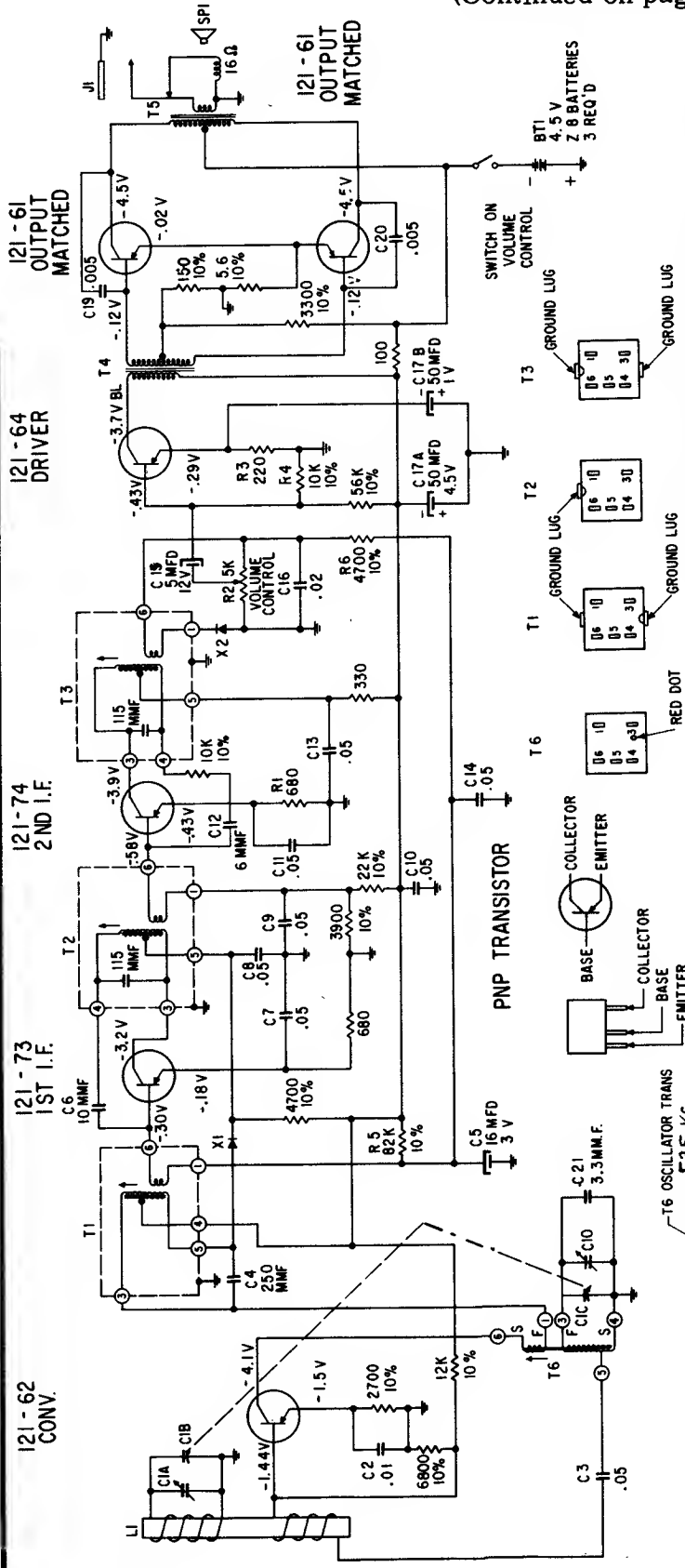
Operation	Input Signal Frequency	Connect Inner Conductor From Oscillator To	Connect Outer Shield Conductor From Oscillator To	Set Dial At	Trimmers	Purpose
1	455 KC	ONE TURN LOOSELY COUPLED TO WAVEMAGNET	Chassis	600 KC	Adj. T1, T2, T3 for maximum output.	For I.F. Alignment
2	1620 KC		—	Gang wide open.	C1D	Set Oscillator to dial scale.
3	600 KC		—	Near 600 KC	Adjust slug in T5	While rocking gang, adjust T5 for maximum output regardless of dial accuracy.
4	REPEAT STEPS 2 & 3		—	—	—	—
5	1260 KC		—	1260 KC	C1A	Align loop ant.

# DIAGRAM FOR 6ET42Z2

## VOLUME R-21, MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED 1961 RADIO

ZENITH Chassis 6ET42Z1 & 6ET42Z2, Model "Royal 100"

(Continued on page 189)

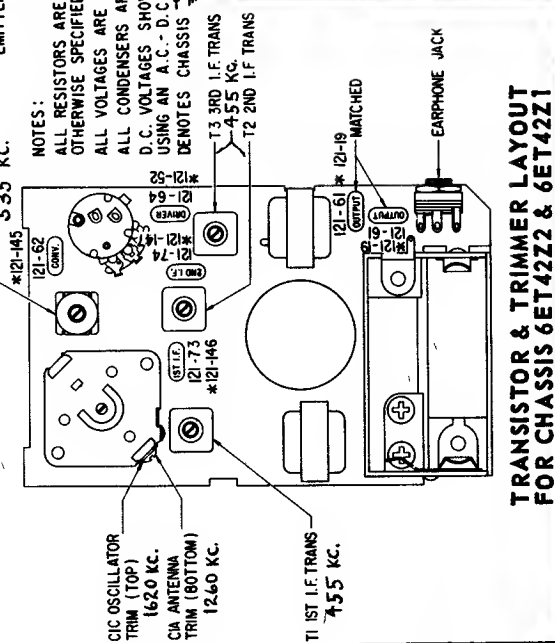


These transistor portable chassis are conventional superheterodyne receivers. Chassis 6ET42Z2 & 6ET42Z1 are virtually identical except for different transistors and a few other parts. The parts marked by asterisks on the chassis wiring and component drawing apply only to chassis 6ET42Z1. Both chassis have a converter to produce the 455 Kc intermediate frequency.

### CHASSIS INFORMATION CHART

Chassis	Transistor Layout Label Color	Part No.	Conv.	1st I.F.	2nd I.F.	Crystal Diode Detector	Driver	Output-Output	Supplier
*6ET42Z1	Red	Zenith RETMA Type	121-145 2N1108 PNP	121-146 2N1110 PNP	121-147 2N1111 PNP	103-19 IN87G	121-52 R120 PNP	121-19 R16 Matched Pair PNP PNP	Texas Instrument
6ET42Z2	102-7302	Zenith RETMA Type	121-62 2N411 PNP	121-73 2N409 PNP	121-74 2N409 PNP	103-19 IN87G	121-64 2N407 PNP	121-61 2N407 Matched Pair PNP PNP	R.C.A.

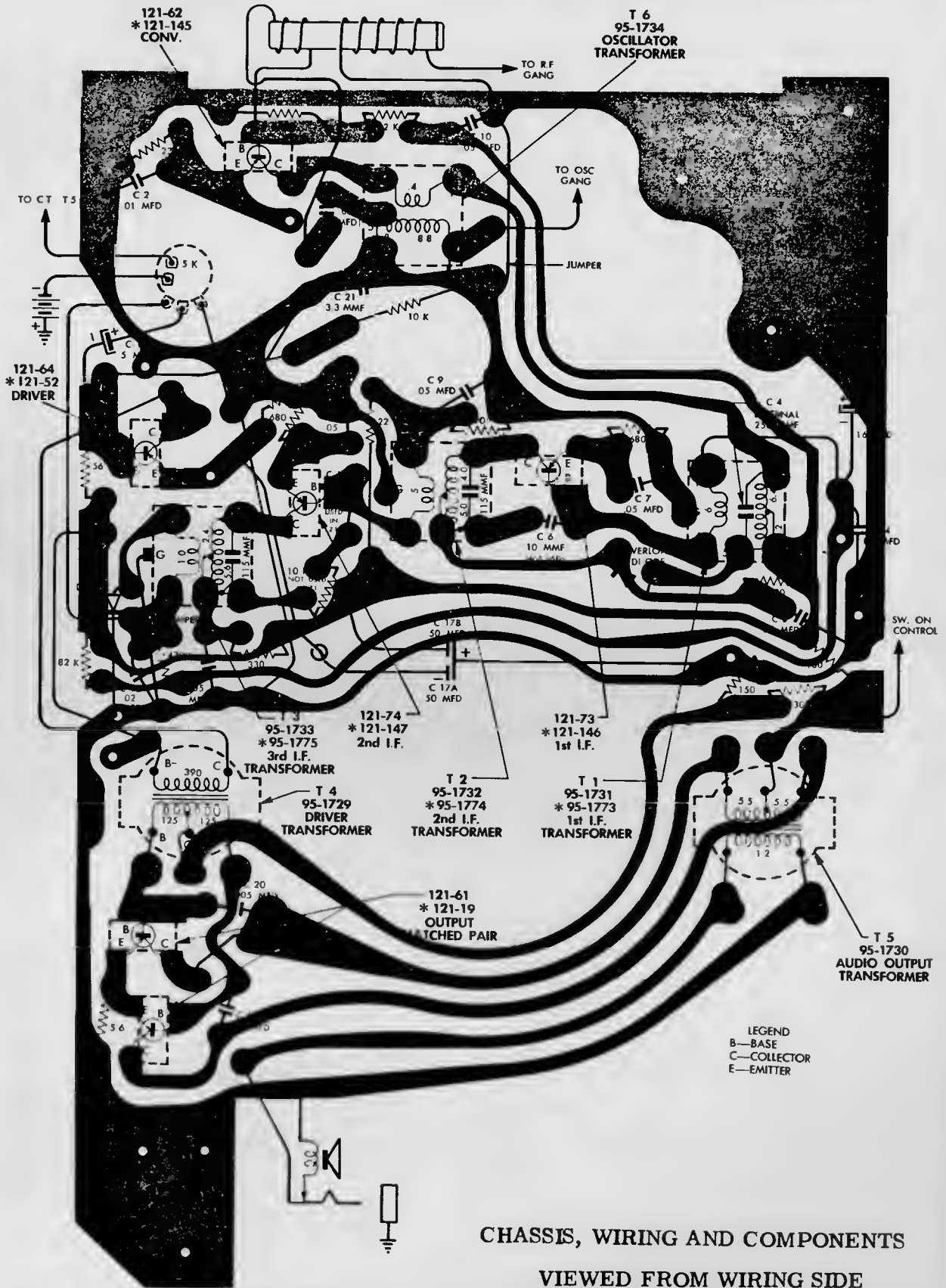
NOTES:  
 ALL RESISTORS ARE CARBON, 1/2 WATT, ±20% TOLERANCE UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.  
 ALL VOLTAGES ARE D.C. UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.  
 D.C. CONDENSERS ARE IN MICROFARADS UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.  
 D.C. VOLTAGES SHOWN ARE MEASURED FROM CHASSIS WITH NO SIGNAL USING AN A.C.-D.C. OR VACUUM TUBE VOLTMETER.  
 RED DOT DENOTES CHASSIS



TRANSISTOR & TRIMMER LAYOUT FOR CHASSIS 6ET42Z2 & 6ET42Z1

VOLUME R-21, MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED 1961 RADIO SERVICING INFORMATION

ZENITH Chassis 6ET42Z1 & 6ET42Z2, Model "Royal 100" Continued



CHASSIS, WIRING AND COMPONENTS  
VIEWED FROM WIRING SIDE



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4E3A 4	Y4073 3	988460 26	RA50-8231 47	A11W 97	111 80
4F3A 5	Y4081 5	988468 35	RA50-8232 47	C10N 95	113 80
4L2B 6	Y4082 5	<u>Coronado</u>		C10P 95	114 80
4L26B 6	Y4083 5	RA48-8182A 46	<u>General</u>	C10W 95	309 80
4L27B 6	Y4131 9	RA50-8231 47	<u>Electric</u>	C11B 95	310X 82
4L28B 6	Y4132 9	RA50-8232 47	T100A 48	C11G 95	311 80
4L29B 6	Y4159 9		T145A 49	C11S 95	311X 83
4N3 4		<u>Delco</u>	T146A 49	A12N 104	314L,V 80
4P3, -A 7	<u>American</u>	AC-2977 26	T150B 50	C12B 96	500X 79
5B5B 8	<u>Motors</u>	AC-2978 27	T151B 50	C12P 96	HS-746 85
5B5C 8	8990831 67	AC-3084 26	T165A 51	C12W 96	HS-775 86
5K5A 9	8990832 66	AC-3085 27	T166A 51	13MA 66	HS-776 86
5K5B 9	8990833 70	AC-3086 26	T210B 52	13MAM 67	HS-778 86
5M5 10		AC-3087 27	C403A 48	14MF 68	HS-795 88
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5T5 13	5R67 22	980132 31	P805A 54	X14B 88	HS-798 91
5V5 14	1OR16 19	980134 32	P806A 54	X14E 88	HS-799 92
7A2 16	1OR18 19	980135 29	P807A 54	X14R 88	HS-800 93
7D2 17	1OR32 20	988062 26	P807B 55	X14W 88	HS-802 94
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Y853C 8	1OR39 20	988276 30	P808B 55	SF15-2 110	HS-814 95
Y865B 8	3OR12 21	988413 33	P815A 56	X15A 89	HS-815 96
Y866B 8	3OR18 21	988414 34	P816A 56	X15E 89	HS-819 98
Y979 9	6OR23 23	988460 26	P830C 57	X15N 89	HS-820 100
Y1002 9	6OR28 23	988468 35	P830E 58	X16B 90	HS-821 102
Y1009 9	6OR29 23	989387 31	P831C 57	X16G 90	HS-824 97
Y1021 9	6OR47 23	989392 36	P831E 58	X16N 90	HS-825 104
Y1022 9	6OR49 23	989693 37	RP1100A 59	X17B 91	HS-827 105
Y1023 9	6OR58 24	989792 26	RP1112A 60	X17N 91	HS-828 105
Y1189A 4	6OR63 24	<u>Emerson Radio</u>	RP1127A 59	X17R 91	HS-829 106
Y2061 16	6OR69 24	907B 39	RP1128A 59	XT18B 94	HS-830 106
Y2063 16	6OR73 24	914B 44		XT18S 94	HS-831 107
Y2067 16	6OR79 24	920 40	<u>Hitachi, Ltd.</u>	SH19 111	HS-832 107
Y2068 16	90P53 25	925 40	TH-627R 61	X19A 92	HS-833 108
Y2119 17	90P58 25	926B 39	<u>Magnavox</u>	X19E 92	HS-835 109
Y2127 18	1.42202 19	933B 41	65-01 62	L20E 93	HS-860 110
Y2993 7	1.47001 22	935B 41	<u>Montgomery</u>	SH20 105	HS-861 111
Y2996 7	1.48101 21	937B 41	<u>Ward</u>	SH21 106	HS-869 111
Y2998 7	1.48102 21	938B 42	GEN-1667A 64	X21W 112	HS-876 112
Y2999 7	1.49201 23	944B 44	GEN-1668A 64	SH22 107	HS-898 110
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Y3027 11	1.49801 20	120478B 39	GEN-2030B 63	SK33W 86	1500 94
Y3037 4	1.50101 24	120482B 44		SK35W 86	<u>Oldsmobile</u>
Y3037A 7	1.50300 24	120483B 44	<u>Motorola, Inc.</u>	SK39MB 86	989387 31
Y3038 4	1.50401 23	120494B 40	BLJ 98	SK40, -1 108	989392 36
Y3046 12		120505B 39	B1W 98	SK41 108	
Y3048 12	<u>Buick</u>	120522B 44	B2G 100	SK43, -1 109	<u>Packard-Bell</u>
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Y3051 13	980052 29	120528B 43	B2W 100		5RC8 113
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Y4049 3	988062 26	<u>Ford</u>	10AX 65		T-52(124) 115
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Y4067 9	988276 30	CLAF-18805+ 68			T-62 116
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VOLUME R-21, MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED 1961 RADIO SERVICING INFORMATION

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T-76	120	RS-175B	138	45C14	146	BC1055	160	H-F1050B	171
J-769	121	RS-177A	140	45P19	156	MC1055	160	H-F1051B	171
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J-840	121	VC-272	136	651-3,-4	143	DC2172A	161	V-2401-3	167
J-842	121	VC-273	136	652-1	148	DC2173A	161	V-2404-1	168
J-845	121	RC-1192	140	653-1	148	DC3085C	162	V-2410-1	169
J-846	121	RC-1199	132	661-1	149	DC3160	162	V-2410-2	170
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989792	26	AC-2978	27	1212	143	H-66A CS2	176	<u>Zenith Radio</u>	
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VC-14	140	5P16	147	2700	147	H-749T5	163	E512C,+	180
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VC-17	140	5T13	144	60C301	158	H-756T5	169	D720C,P	183
PM-18	140	5T17	152	60C302	158	H-757T5	169	F728C,+	184
VC-22	140	6F17	153	60C303	158	H-759T6	170	SFF2503T	190
VP-33	136	6F18	154	60C320	158	H-760T6	170	SFF2505T	190
RS-34P	135	6T14	145	60C321	158	H-771P6,+	166	SFF2603	190
VP-34	135	7K10	155	60C322	158	H-772P6,+	166	SFF2605	190
VP-36	137	7K11	155	60C323	158	H-773P6,+	166	SFF2606	190
DK-109	139	8F15	148	1130	158	H-F1010A	171	SFF2607	190
DK-110	139								